

# DTPA

## Forward Placement Program

# Radioactive Contamination and Exposure

Radioactive exposure and contamination could occur if radioactive materials are released into the environment.

Such a release could expose people and contaminate their surroundings and personal property.

# What Is Radioactive Contamination?

- Radioactive contamination occurs when radioactive material is deposited on or in an object or person.
- A contaminated person has radioactive materials on or inside their body.

# What Is External Contamination?

- Occurs when radioactive material (dust, powder, liquid) comes into contact with a person's skin, hair, or clothing.
- The contact is external (outside) the person's body.
- Externally contaminated people can become internally contaminated if radioactive material gets into their bodies.

# What Is Internal Contamination?

- Occurs when people breathe or swallow radioactive materials.
- Can also occur when radioactive materials enter the body through an open wound.
- May occur if radioactive materials are absorbed through the skin.

# What Is Radiation Exposure?

- Radioactive materials give off energy in the form of waves or particles. This energy is called radiation.
- When a person is exposed to radiation, the energy may penetrate the body.

## Contamination vs. Exposure

- A person *exposed* to radiation is not necessarily *contaminated* with radioactive material.
- For a person to be *contaminated*, radioactive material must be on or in the person's body.
- A person who has been *exposed* to radiation has had high energy electromagnetic waves or particles penetrate pass through their body (x-rays and gamma rays).

# How Exposure Or Contamination Can Happen

Radioactive materials can be released into the environment in the following ways

- Intentional
  - Nuclear power plant sabotage
  - Atomic bomb explosion
  - Nuclear weapons testing
  - Intentional release of radioactive material as an act of terrorism.
- Unintentional
  - Nuclear power plant accident
  - Accidental release from a medical or industrial device

## How Radioactive Contamination Is Spread

- Externally contaminated people can contaminate other people or surfaces that they touch.
- Internally contaminated people can contaminate other people or the surfaces they touch if the isotopes are excreted in the sweat or if good hygiene practices are not used.

# How Your Home Could Become Contaminated

- Externally contaminated persons can spread the contamination by touching surfaces, sitting in a chair, or even walking through a home.
- Contaminants can easily fall from clothing and contaminate other surfaces.
- Homes can become contaminated with radioactive materials in body fluids from internally contaminated persons.
- To help prevent contamination of other persons in the household, make sure other persons do not come in contact with body fluids of an internally contaminated person.

# Limit Radiation Contact

- Radiation cannot be seen, smelled, felt, or tasted
- People at the site of an incident will not know immediately if radioactive materials were involved. Contact with radiation can be limited by:
  - *Decreasing time of exposure and/or contamination*
  - *Increasing distance from a source*
  - *Using adequate shielding between yourself and the source*
- Take the following steps to limit contact with radiation:
  - ***Leave the immediate area quickly***
  - ***Remove the outer layer of your clothing***
  - ***Place the clothing in a plastic bag***
  - ***Wash all exposed body parts with soap and water***

**For more information, visit:**

**CDC Web Site**

**[www.bt.cdc.gov/radiation](http://www.bt.cdc.gov/radiation)**

**New Mexico State SNS Web Site**

**[www.nmhealth.org/bhem/sns/index.shtml](http://www.nmhealth.org/bhem/sns/index.shtml)**

