Analysis of the Availability and Content of Housing Codes in Twenty Local Jurisdictions in New Mexico: How Do Local Codes Compare with National Healthy Housing Standard Provisions to Protect Respiratory Health?

Final Report for the New Mexico Department of Health

by

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Background

At the request of the New Mexico Department of Health, the National Center for Healthy Housing (NCHH) conducted an analysis of the housing codes in 10 counties within New Mexico. The analysis has two fundamental components:

- Assessment of the Use and Application of Local Housing Codes: Does the county and/or its largest local jurisdiction have a housing code by which it can enforce health and safety requirements for residential housing within its jurisdiction? If so, does the local code apply to all housing or a subset of housing (e.g., rental housing)?
- Analysis of Provisions of Local Housing Codes: For each jurisdiction that has a local housing code, how does its provisions compare to the National Healthy Housing Standard in the areas of:
 - Structures, facilities, plumbing, and space
 - Thermal comfort, ventilation, and energy efficiency
 - o Moisture control, solid waste, and pest management
 - Chemical and radiological agents

Housing Codes

For the purpose of this report, the term *housing code* is used to mean a local regulatory ordinance that defines the minimum standards for the condition and maintenance of residential housing. In some communities, the housing code may be called a *property maintenance code*, or a *sanitation code*. Some communities limit the application to rental housing. Whatever the term, the intent is to establish standards to protect the health and welfare of the occupant and, in some cases, create a safe environment that protects the welfare of the surrounding community. Key provisions of most housing codes include standards for structural soundness, minimum space, lighting, ventilation, heating, plumbing, kitchen facilities, and fire safety. Some codes have additional provisions covering sanitation, pest control, energy efficiency, and other elements to protect occupant health.

Housing codes differ from building and residential codes, which are established to set minimum standards for design, construction, and repair of building structures. Building and residential codes cover new construction and alterations that require the issuance of building permits. By contrast, housing codes apply to existing properties at all times regardless of whether alterations or renovations are being conducted.

The National Healthy Housing Standard

The National Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS – available at <u>http://bit.ly/AboutNHHS</u>) that was first published in 2014 by NCHH and the American Public Health Association (APHA) to translate the latest public health information on the impacts of housing on resident health and safety into housing code parlance. It is designed to complement the model International Property Maintenance Code of the International Code Council and other regulations and policies already in use by local and state governments and federal agencies for the upkeep of existing homes. The NHHS consists of seven sections with 209 provisions, 157 of which are mandatory and 52 of which are *stretch* or optional provisions.

Focus of This Report

The specific interest of the New Mexico Department of Health (Department) that prompted this assessment and analysis is the impact of the home environment on the health of residents with respiratory illnesses in general, with a special focus on asthma. The Department was interested to understand what housing codes exist in counties that have higher rates of asthma. Of those counties and large jurisdictions with housing codes, the Department also sought information about whether they contain provisions that may promote indoor environmental conditions that reduce triggers for asthma exacerbation. Therefore, NCHH limited its comparison to the housing code enforced by each jurisdiction against the four NHHS sections that were most closely connected with indoor environmental quality.

This review examined the ordinances adopted in each of the communities of interest and the language of each ordinance. This review did not assess the enforcement of these ordinances, nor did it attempt to assess how local officials interpret the code provisions. As an example, the housing code in some communities makes reference to the Uniform Plumbing Code and Uniform Mechanical Codes. These codes apply based on the code requirements that were in place at the time or installation *or* if the health and safety of the occupant is at risk. The latter condition is a matter of interpretation, so if the housing code did not specifically define a hazard, we did not assume it would be universally considered a hazard under the plumbing or mechanical codes.

We focused on housing codes that were adopted to protect the health and safety of dwelling occupants. Some localities have adopted nuisance codes that are primarily intended to protect the quality of life in a community. In some cases, there are elements of a nuisance code that are similar to housing code provisions, such as provisions that prohibit the accumulation of materials or vegetation that encourage rodent harborage on the exterior of buildings. While fewer pests in a community should benefit occupants as well as neighbors, we are not reporting the details of these nuisance provisions in this document. Their focus on property appearance is largely outside of the scope of this report.

The following counties and their largest communities were surveyed for an existing housing code

County	Largest Jurisdiction
Bernalillo	Albuquerque
Chaves	Roswell
Dona Ana	Las Cruces
Eddy	Carlsbad
Guadalupe	Santa Rosa
Lea	Hobbs
Rio Arriba	Española
San Juan	Farmington
Sandoval	Rio Rancho
Santa Fe	Santa Fe

Summary of Findings

Of the 10 counties selected for review and 10 largest municipal jurisdictions within these counties, five of these jurisdictions have adopted a housing code or property maintenance code. Of the five, four of the communities have adopted a version of the model International Property Maintenance Code of the International Code Council (ICC), and one adopted a version of the model Uniform Housing Code of the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO).

The five jurisdictions include:

- City of Albuquerque Uniform Housing Code (1974); *adopted 1986, amended 2018.*
- Bernalillo County 2009 International Property Maintenance Code; *adopted 2011*.
- Doña Ana County 2009 International Property Maintenance Code; *adopted 2012*.
- City of Carlsbad 2009 International Property Maintenance Code; *adopted 2011*.
- City of Española 2015 International Property Maintenance Code; adopted 2016.

The ICBO was founded in 1922 and prepared regular updates of the Uniform Housing Code through 1997. In 2003, ICBO merged with the ICC. The ICC prepared the first model International Property Maintenance Code (IPMC) in 1998 with amendments in 2000. The ICC has since updated the IPMC every three years. Although the model codes are regularly updated, it is up to the local jurisdiction to adopt the latest version. As documented here, Albuquerque's model code is over 35 years old, while three of the four jurisdictions that have maintained the versions of the IPMC from 10 years ago.

Although some of these model housing codes may appear dated, these codes tend to be fairly stable over time. There are primarily seven areas of focus of these codes: adequate space, lighting, ventilation, plumbing, mechanical systems, electrical, and fire safety. Many of the

standard provisions have not changed over the past 35 years. For example, the Uniform Housing Code of 1974 called for bedrooms to have at least 70 square feet of floor area and at least seven feet of vertical space. The 2018 IPMC continues to have the same size requirements although it now covers all habitable rooms. Of the 100 mandatory provisions of the National Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) that were reviewed in this report, the status of those provisions in relation to the IPMC did not change between 2009 and 2018. In 2009, 26 of the provisions were fully incorporated into the IPMC, 15 were partially incorporated, and 59 were not incorporated. Their status remains the same compared to the 2018 IPMC. While the ICC has amended the model IPMC between the two dates, these amendments have incorporated elements of the NHHS.

For the other 15 jurisdictions that were reviewed, none of them have a comprehensive housing code that defines minimum health and safety requirements of the existing housing. We anticipated that some communities might have requirements only for residential rental properties, but this was not the case. Instead of specific minimum health and safety requirements being delineated in local ordinances, the requirements of a landlord are broadly defined in state law. The landlord is required to:

- Keep the property in safe condition.
- Maintain all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and other facilities and appliances supplied by the landlord in good condition.
- Provide containers for removal of garbage/rubbish/other waste and arrange for their removal.
- Supply running water and a reasonable amount of hot water at all times (unless the tenant is responsible for the water bill).
- Supply heat (unless the tenant is responsible for utilities).

A limitation for a community without a housing code is that introduces some uncertainty about minimum requirements for all housing. As one example, bathroom sinks have been required for many years under building and plumbing codes that apply to new construction or bathroom renovations. Over time, fewer dwellings exist that were built when sinks were not required. Yet, without an explicit minimum standard that all dwellings should have a bathroom with a working sink, some occupants may still be legally living in homes without such facilities.

Furthermore, the definition of *safe condition* is subjective unless better defined in some other document. As reported in the *Albuquerque Journal* in 2016, "According to the site FindLaw.com, landlord tenant law requires your landlord keep the rental property in a habitable condition. But what exactly does that mean? The building must be structurally sound, have hot and cold

water, and safe plumbing, electrical and heating systems. At the same time, those renter's rights don't extend to leaky faucets, running toilets or torn window screens."¹

Given the main interest of this review are standards that protect the indoor environmental quality of home and reduce the chances of respiratory event triggers, Table 1 compares 37 housing provisions that could improve respiratory health across three levels of protection:

- The minimum standard for residential rental properties in New Mexico;
- The base standards of model housing codes (covering rental and owner occupied housing); and
- The aspirational standards of the National Healthy Housing Standard (also covering rental and owner-occupied housing).

For the 37 provisions that are highlighted in Table 1, New Mexico state law protects rental occupants on four of them, may provide protections for eight others (depending on legal interpretations), but does not address the remaining 25 issues. The model codes that have been adopted in five of the 20 jurisdictions analyzed require 11 of the provisions, may cover four others depending on the model code, but do not address 12 of the issues. The NHHS provides protections for all 37 provisions.

Conclusions

Communities in New Mexico have opportunities to strengthen the minimum standards for habitability of housing. These enhanced minimum standards can set enforceable expectations for the dwellings that can create living environments that reduce respiratory hazards. Looking only at asthma, and not other respiratory illnesses such as chronic bronchitis and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, the U.S. Center for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that the average medical costs of asthma are almost \$3,300 per year per person with active asthma.² Missed work and school days account for another \$200 annually in lost productivity per person with active asthma. Adopting and enforcing measures that create home environments with fewer respiratory event triggers would be one method to improve the lives of these people and also reduce medical/societal costs. Furthermore, other provisions within the model housing codes and the NHHS would offer additional benefits by reducing the housing hazards that increase the risks of injuries or other health conditions, such as lead poisoning.

¹ Tweddale, A. (2016, September 19). Expenses your landlord should be covering, *Albuquerque Journal*. Online. Edition. Retrieved from<u>https://www.abqjournal.com/848092/expenses-your-landlord-should-be-</u> <u>covering.html</u>

² Nurmagambetov, T., Kuwahara, R., & Garbe, P. (2018). The economic burden of asthma in the United States, 2008-2013. *Annuals of the American Thoracic Society*, *15*(3), 348-356.

Appendices

Respiratory Risk Factor	Provisions to Protect Resident Health	Minimum Standards (New Mexico State Law – Residential Rental)	Base Standards (Model Housing Codes)	Aspirational Standards (NHHS)
Dampness/ Mold	No Exterior Water Leaks/Weathertight Exterior	Not Clearly Required	Required	Required
	Good Exterior Drainage to Prevent Water Infiltration	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	No Interior Water Leaks	Not Clearly Required	Required	Required
	Water-Resistant Flooring	Not Required	Baths - UHS Only	Required
	Water-Resistant Walls in Bathroom	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	No Moisture in Crawl Spaces	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	No Visual Mold	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Mold Properly Removed	Not Required	Not Required	Required
Poor Ventilation	Existing Ventilation Systems Maintained	Required	Required	Required
	Adequate Ventilation Provided/Exhausted to Exterior	Not Required	Required	Required
	Ventilation Meets ASHRAE 62 Standard	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Air Sealing Between Garage and Living Space	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Air Sealing Between Dwellings in Multifamily Building	Not Required	Not Required	Required
Pests	Trash Receptacles Provided to Reduce Pest Harborage	Required	Required	Required
	Structure is Free of Pests	Not Clearly Required	Required	Required
	Landlord Responsible for Pest Extermination	Not Clearly Required	Required	Required
	No Large Holes/Open Joints on Exterior Surfaces	Not Required	IPMC Required	Required

Appendix A: Comparison of Housing Requirements by Level of Standard

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		New Mexico Departmen		
	Windows/Doors have	Not Required	IPMC Required	Required
	Screens			
Pests (cont.)	Vegetation at Least Six	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Inches from Building			
	Stored Materials at	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Least Six Inches from			
	Floors and Walls			
	Integrated Pest	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Management Used			
	Least Toxic, Effective	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Pesticides Used			
Exposure to	Existing Mechanical	Required	Required	Required
Exhaust	Systems Maintained			
Gases/	System Has Adequate	Not Clearly	Required	Required
Particles	Air Supply	Required		
	Systems Inspected/	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Serviced Annually			
	Post-1988 Wood Stoves	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Meet U.S. Regulations			
Exposure to	Products Used for	Not Required	Not Required	Required
Off-Gassing	Repairs Will Meet U.S.			
from Building	Formaldehyde			
Products and	Standards			
Materials	Products Used for	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Repairs Will Have Low/			
	No Volatile Organic			
	Compound Emissions	Net Demined	Net Desuised	Description
	Products Used for	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Repairs Will Have No			
	Halogenated Flame			
Secondhand	Retardants	Net Deguined	Net Deguined	Deguined
Smoke	Smoking Prohibited in	Not Required	Not Required	Required
SITIOKE	Common Areas and within 25 Feet of			
	Multifamily Buildings			
Asbestos	Maintained in Good	Not Required	Not Required	Required
ASDESIOS	Repair, Non-Friable	Not Nequileu	Not Required	Nequireu
	When Removal	Not Clearly	Not Clearly	Required
	Required, Licensed	Required	Required	Required
	Professionals Used	Required	nequired	
Radon	Radon Tested	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Elevated Radon Levels	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	Mitigated	Not nequired	Hot nequired	nequireu
Temperature	Heating Provided	Required	Required	Required
Extremes	Room Temperature of at	Not Required	Required	Required
Extremes	Least 68° F	not nequired	hequieu	Required
	Thermostat Provided	Not Required	Not Required	Required
	1			

Jurisdiction	Model Code	Ordinance Citation	Adopted
City of	Uniform Housing Code (1974)	http://library.amlegal.com/nxt/gateway.dll/New%20Mexico/alb	1986,
Albuquerque		uqwin/chapter14zoningplanningandbuilding/article3uniformhou	2018
		<pre>singcode?f=templates\$fn=default.htm\$3.0\$vid=amlegal:albuque</pre>	
		rque_nm_mc\$anc=JD_Chapter14Article3	
Bernalillo County	Int. Property Maintenance Code (2009)	https://library.municode.com/nm/bernalillo_county/codes/code	2011
		_of_ordinances?nodeId=BECOCO_CH10BUBURE	
Doña Ana County	Int. Property Maintenance Code (2009)	https://ecode360.com/9976698	2012
City of Carlsbad	Int. Property Maintenance Code (2009)	https://library.municode.com/nm/carlsbad/codes/code_of_ordi	2011
		nances?nodeId=COOR_CH8BUBURE	
City of Española	Int. Property Maintenance Code (2015);	https://www.ecode360.com/30818353?highlight=code,code%20	2016
	also has local housing standards	2015&searchId=409742202879497#30818353	

Appendix B: Detailed Findings – Communities with Housing Codes

Jurisdiction	Nuisance	Ordinance Citation
Eddy County	Vegetation/Debris/Junk	0-16-84, 0-91-18
City of Farmington	Weeds and Debris	https://library.municode.com/nm/farmington/codes/code_of_ordinances?n
		odeId=CICO_CH12EN
City of Hobbs	Weeds/Unsanitary Premises	https://library.municode.com/nm/hobbs/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeI
		<u>d=COOR_TIT8HESA</u>
City of Las Cruces	Weeds/Debris/Harborage	https://library.municode.com/nm/las_cruces/codes/code_of_ordinances?no
		deld=PTIIMUCO_CH18NU
City of Rio Rancho	Vegetation/Debris	https://www.codepublishing.com/NM/RioRancho/html/RioRancho90/RioRa
		ncho91.html
City of Roswell	Weeds and Junk	https://library.municode.com/nm/roswell/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodel
		<u>d=COOR_CH16NU</u>
Sandoval County	Weeds and Debris	https://library.municode.com/nm/sandoval_county/codes/code_of_ordinan
		<pre>ces?nodeId=CD_ORD_CH14EN_ARTIINU</pre>
Santa Fe County	Weeds/Unsanitary Premises	93.06:
		https://z2codes.franklinlegal.net/franklin/Z2Browser2.html?showset=santaf
		<u>ecountyset</u>
City of Sante Fe	Weeds/Debris	https://library.municode.com/nm/santa_fe/codes/code_of_ordinances?nod
		eld=CHXENRE_10-9NUABOR_10-9.3DE

Nation	al Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) Provisions:	Bernalillo	City of	Doña Ana	City of	City of
Structu	re, Facilities, Plumbing, and Space Requirements	County	Albuquerque	County	Carlsbad	Española
2.1	Structure	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Structure safe and capable of supporting design loads.					
2.2	Facilities	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	All plumbing/equipment are properly installed					
2.2.1	Facilities (Containment)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Mechanical equipment separate from habitable space.	No ³	No	No ³	No ³	No ³
	(b) Equipment Rooms in multifamily buildings are locked.	No	No	No	No	No
2.3	Plumbing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Properly installed and safe/functional.					
2.3.1	Plumbing (Potable Water)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Adequate supply and pressure.					
2.3.2	Plumbing (Hot Water)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Adequate supply and pressure for running heated water.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Water heaters capable of minimum temperature of 110° F.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(c) Tank-type water heaters have relief valve with proper	Yes	No ⁴	Yes	Yes	Yes
	discharge.	No	No	No	No	No
	(d) Tankless water heater discharge shall not exceed 140° F.	No	No	No	No	No
	(e) Bathroom faucet/shower discharge shall not exceed 120° F.					
2.3.3	Plumbing (Waste)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Waste pipes properly connected to public, private, or	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	graywater system.	No ⁴				
	(b) No toilet waste connected to graywater system.	No ⁴				
	(c) Drainage system has cleanout.					
2.3.4	Plumbing (Contamination)	Yes	No ⁴	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Faucet discharge above overflow rim.					
2.4	Kitchen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Residence has a kitchen or permanent cooking facility.					

Appendix D: Provisions of Local Housing Codes in Comparison to National Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) Provisions

³ Only gas-fueled hot water heaters must be kept separate from habitable space.

⁴ Administered under local Uniform Plumbing Code – code application based on date of installation and determination whether health and safety issue exists.

2.4.1	Kitchen (Sink)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Sink in good working order and properly connected to	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	plumbing.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) If provided, attachments (dishwasher/disposal/filtration) work					
2.4.2	Kitchen (Food Preparation and Storage)	PARTIAL	NO	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Counter for food prep and cabinets/shelves for food storage.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) If provided, cabinets have tight fitting doors and no gaps.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) All surfaces smooth and cleanable/impervious to water.	No	No	No	No	No
2.4.3	Kitchen (Range)	No	No	No	No	No
	Range provided and properly installed					
2.4.3.1	Kitchen (Cooking Requirements)	PARTIAL	NO	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Range has oven, unless separate oven provided.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Hot plate shall not count as cooktop.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) Vertical clearance of at least 30", unless less allowed by range	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	hood.					
2.4.3.2	Kitchen (Cooking Ventilation)	No	No ⁵	No	No	No
	Complies with ASHRAE 62.2.					
2.4.4	Kitchen (Refrigeration)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) If provided, working refrigerator has freezer.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Freezer capable of minimum temperature of 0° F.	No	No	No	No	No
2.4.4.1	Kitchen (Refrigeration)	No	No	No	No	No
	Connections for refrigerator provided.					
2.4.5	Kitchen (Floors)	No	No	No	No	No
	Good condition and has water-resistant seal.					
2.5	Bathroom	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Residence has a private bathroom.					
2.5.1	Bathroom (Toilet)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Good condition, properly attached and connected.					
2.5.2	Bathroom (Sink)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Good condition, properly attached and connected.					
2.5.3	Bathroom (Tub/Shower)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Good condition, properly attached and connected to	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	plumbing.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Tub/shower floor has nonslip surface.					

2.5.4	Bathroom (Moisture Resistance)	NO	PARTIAL	NO	NO	PARTIAL
	(a) Flooring has cleanable, water-resistant surface.	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
	(b) Walls at least 48" over tub and 72" over shower floor water	No	No	No	No	No
	resistant.					
2.5.5	Bathroom (Ventilation)	No	No⁵	No	No	No
	Complies with ASHRAE 62.2.					
2.6	Minimum Space	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Residence has adequate space for sleeping/living.					
2.6.1	Minimum Space (Bedroom/Bath)					
	Bedroom not only pathway to bath, if more than one bedroom.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.6.2	Minimum Space (Bath Egress)					
	Bath not only path to other habitable rooms/exterior.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.6.3	Minimum Space (Room Area)	Yes	Bedrms Only	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Minimum room floor area 70 ft ² .					
2.6.4	Minimum Space (Closet)	No	No	No	No	No
	Dwelling has closet space for clothing.					
2.6.5	Minimum Space (Ceiling Height)	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
	(a) Minimum ceiling height 84"; at least half of room has this	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	clearance.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) If ceiling height < 60", floor area under it doesn't count for					
	2.6.3.					
2.6.6	Minimum Space (Below-Grade Space)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Below-grade space has at least one natural light window or	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	skylight.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Below-grade space has ventilation from natural or mechanical	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	source.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) Below-grade space has clearance of at least 84" including beams, etc.					
	(d) Below-grade space has waterproof walls/floors free of dampness.					

⁵ Administered under local Uniform Mechanical Code – code application based on date of installation and determination whether health and safety issue exists

2.7	Flooring	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
	(a) Good condition and properly attached.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Carpeting has no tears, folds, or bumps.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.8	Noise	No	No	No	No	No
	Noise level from exterior sources is below 45 dB L _{dn} .					

Nationa	al Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) Provisions:	Bernalillo	City of	Doña Ana	City of	City of
Therma	l Comfort, Ventilation, and Energy Efficiency	County	Albuquerque	County	Carlsbad	Española
5.1	Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning (HVAC), Humidity Control	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Facilities provided are in good working condition.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Are operational to protect health and safety of occupants.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(c) If becomes inoperable, alternate facility provided within 48	No	No	No	No	No
	hours.					
5.2	Heating Systems	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Good condition and properly installed.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Sealed, cleaned, and maintained according to manufacturer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	specs.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) Inspected/serviced annually by licensed HVAC contractor.					
5.2.1	Heating (Venting and Air Supply)	YES	PARTIAL	YES	YES	YES
	(a) Combustion appliances properly vented to outside.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Has adequate air supply for complete combustion/no	Yes	No ³	Yes	Yes	Yes
	backdrafting.					
5.2.2	Heating (Minimum Heat Temperatures)					
	System can provide minimum temperature 68° F to habitable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	rooms/bath.					
5.2.3	Heating (Heating Supply - Rental)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) System will comply with 5.2.2.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) System will not exceed maximum temperature of 78° F.	No	No	No	No	No
5.2.4	Heating (Forced Air Systems)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Has working thermostat with set point between 55° F and 85°	No	No	No	No	No
	F	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Has clean air filter that maintained to manufacturer specs.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) Has at least a MERV 8 filter, unless system cannot handle this					
	filter.					

5.2.5	Heating (Steam/Hot Water Systems)					
51215	Protective covers/barriers provided on radiators when greater	No	No	No	No	No
	than 110° F.					
5.2.6	Heating (Wood Stoves)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Wood stove manufactured after 1988 complies with U.S.	No	No	No	No	No
	regulation.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) If heat shield present, clearance must comply with					
	manufacturer specs.					
5.3	Ventilation	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
	(a) Fresh air from natural/mechanical ventilation provided to all	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	rooms.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Natural/mechanical ventilation will remove moisture-laden					
	air.					
5.3.1	Ventilation (Mechanical)	No	No ³	No	No	No
	Complies with ASHRAE 62.2.					
5.3.2	Ventilation (Bath Ventilation)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Exhaust air must be vented outdoors and not to habitable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	space/attic.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Exhaust air outlet cannot be near intake air inlet.					
5.3.2.1	Ventilation (Dryer Ventilation)	No	No	No	No	No
	Dryer ductwork is rigid/semirigid.					
5.3.3	Ventilation (Outlets)	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
	(a) Exhaust air is not vented directly upon abutting property.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Vent pipe openings and screens will be free of debris.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.3.4	Ventilation (Inlets)	No	No	No	No	No
	Basement air is not source of air handler fresh air.					
5.4	Air Sealing	No	No	No	No	No
	Area by openings sealed to limit uncontrolled air movement.					
5.4.1	Air Sealing (Weathertight)					
	Doors, windows, other openings to exterior weathertight.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.4.1.1	Air Sealing (Sealing)					
	Pads, door sweeps, weather-stripping used to minimize air leaks.	No	No	No	No	No
5.4.2	Air Sealing (Garage)					
	Openings between garage and habitable rooms are sealed.	No	No	No	No	No

5.4.2.1	Air Sealing (Garage/Interior Doors)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Doors between garage and interior space are steel or solid	No	No	No	No	No
	wood.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Door will have automatic closing mechanism and weather-					
	stripping.					
5.4.2.2	Air Sealing (Garage/Bedroom)					
	No door/window/opening between garage and sleeping area.	No	No	No	No	No
5.4.3	Air Sealing (Garage/HVAC)					
	HVAC air handlers and ductwork in garage is properly	No	No	No	No	No
	insulated/sealed.					
5.4.3.1	Air Sealing (Garage/Vents)					
	No supply or return vent openings in garage connected to	No	No	No	No	No
	interior.					
5.4.4	Air Sealing (Multifamily)					
	Spaces between dwelling units in multifamily building sealed.	No	No	No	No	No

	National Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) Provisions: Moisture Control, Solid Waste, and Pest Management		City of Albuquerque	Doña Ana County	City of Carlsbad	City of Española
6.1	Moisture Control Exterior building surfaces are watertight, weathertight, free of dampness.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.1.1	Moisture Control (Drainage) Building drainage shall direct water away from structure.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.1.2	Moisture Control (Exterior Wood Surfaces) Exterior wood surfaces shall be coated with paint or protective coating.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.1.3	Moisture Control (Grading) Premises shall be graded to prevent accumulation of water.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.1.4	Moisture Control (Mold) No surfaces or surface coverings shall have visual mold.	No	No	No	No	No

6.1.5	Moisture Control (Mold Remediation)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Clean, dry, repair structurally sound surfaces covered with	No	No	No	No	No
	visible mold.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Remove surfaces covered with mold that are not structurally					
	sound.					
6.1.5.1	Moisture Control (Mold Removal)					
	Moldy material shall be removed in accordance with New York	No	No	No	No	No
	City guidelines.					
6.1.6	Moisture Control (Causes)	No	No	No	No	No
	Causes of moisture shall in investigated.					
6.1.7	Moisture Control (Cold Water Pipe Insulation)					
	Cold plumbing components in accessible locations shall be	No	No	No	No	No
	insulated.					
6.1.8	Moisture Control (Crawl Spaces)					
	Crawl spaces shall be free of high-moisture conditions or	No	No	No	No	No
	separated from habitable space with air sealing.					
6.2	Solid Waste	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Adequate facilities for temporary storage of trash.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	(b) Adequate facilities for temporary storage of recyclable	No	No	No	No	No
	materials.					
6.2.1	Solid Waste (Exterior Trash Containers)					
	Exterior containers provided for trash.	No	No	No	No	No
6.2.2	Solid Waste (Exterior Recycling Containers)					
	Exterior containers provided for recyclable materials.	No	No	No	No	No
6.3	Pest Management					
	Integrated pest management methods used to maintain pest-free	No	No	No	No	No
	dwelling.					
6.3.1	Pest Management (IPM Professionals)					
	Trained or certified IPM professionals develop program for	No	No	No	No	No
	multifamily.					

6.3.2	Pest Management (Property)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) Every structure/fence on property shall be in good repair/free	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	of pests.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Structures/fences shall be inspected for conditions that					
	support pests.					
6.3.2.1	Pest Management (Rodent Harborage-Materials)	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL	PARTIAL
	(a) No accumulation of trash/other materials that can harbor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	rodents.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Stored materials shall be at least 6" off ground/6" from wall.					
6.3.2.2	Pest Management (Rodent Harborage – Plantings)					
	No trees, shrubs, other plantings within 6" of building.	No	No	No	No	No
6.3.2.3	Pest Management (Rodent Harborage – Water)					
	No accumulation of water in or about dwelling/premises.	No	Yes	No	No	No
6.3.3	Pest Management (Screens)					
	Operable doors and windows shall have adequate screen to	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	prevent pests.					
6.3.4	Pest Management (Exterior Openings)					
	No holes or open joints on exterior surfaces equal/greater than	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	1/8".					
6.3.4.1	Pest Management (Use of Sealant)					
	When holes/joints repaired, sealant shall be closed-cell insulation	No	No	No	No	No
	or caulk that is low volatile organic compound emitting.					
6.3.5	Pest Management (Treatment)					
	Pests and their cause shall be treated with integrated pest	No	No	No	No	No
	management.					
6.3.5.1	Pest Management (Foggers/Organic Phosphates)					
	Foggers and organic phosphates shall not be used for pest	No	No	No	No	No
	control.					

Nationa	al Healthy Housing Standard (NHHS) Provisions:	Bernalillo	City of	Doña Ana	City of	City of
Chemic	al and Radiological Agents	County	Albuquerque	County	Carlsbad	Española
7.1	General Requirements All chemical and radiological agents shall be contained, stored, removed, or mitigated in a safe and healthy manner.	No	No	No	No	No
7.2.1	Lead Based Paint (Hazards) Paint, dust, and soil lead hazards shall be defined by U.S. regulations.	No	No	No	No	No
7.2.2	 Lead Based Paint (Paint Condition) (a) All paint shall remain intact. (b) Deteriorated paint shall be repaired following U.S. regulations. (c) Cause of any paint deterioration shall be corrected. 	PARTIAL Yes No No	PARTIAL Yes No No	PARTIAL Yes No No	PARTIAL Yes No No	PARTIAL Yes No No
7.2.3	Lead Based Paint (Renovations) (a) All renovation, repair, and painting shall comply with U.S. regulations. (b) Dust clearance testing shall be conducted at end of work.	NO No No	NO No No	NO No No	NO No No	NO No No
7.2.4	Lead Based Paint (Prohibited Removal Methods) (a) No open-flame burning or use of heat gun above 1100° F. (b) No power sanding, grinding, planing, or blasting unless shroud attached. (c) Shroud must release no visible dust or air.	NO No No No	NO No No No	NO No No No	NO No No No	NO No No No
7.2.5	Lead Based Paint (Application) Lead-based paint shall not be applied to interior or exterior of dwelling.	No	No	No	No	No
7.3	Asbestos Maintained in good repair, nonfriable, and free from any defects.	No	No	No	No	No
7.3.1	Asbestos (Abatement Contractors) Abatement shall be conducted by licensed asbestos professionals.	No	No	No	No	No
7.3.2	Asbestos (Renovation) Renovation that shall disturb asbestos will be preceded by abatement.	No	No	No	No	No
7.3.3	Asbestos (Abatement) Abatement shall comply with all regulations.	No	No	No	No	No

7.4.1	Toxic Substances/Building Materials (Formaldehyde)					
	Materials applied shall meet formaldehyde standards in U.S. law.	No	No	No	No	No
7.4.2	Toxic Substances/Building Materials (Other)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Materials applied shall contain no or low volatile organic	No	No	No	No	No
	compounds.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Materials applied shall have no halogenated flame retardants.					
7.5	Radon	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Radon levels determined by approved testing method.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Radon at or above EPA action level be deemed hazardous.	No	No	No	No	No
	(c) Radon at or above EPA action level be mitigated by contractor.	No	No	No	No	No
	(d) Contractor be certified by national radon proficiency program.	No	No	No	No	No
7.6	Pesticides					
	Only least toxic pesticide with demonstrated efficiency be used.	No	No	No	No	No
7.6.1	Pesticides (Application)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Only applied in locations/concentrations specified by	No	No	No	No	No
	manufacturer.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Pesticide hazard is mitigated if applied outside of					
	specifications.					
7.6.2	Pesticides (Storage)	No	No	No	No	No
	Stored/disposed as specified by manufacturer.					
7.7	Methamphetamine					
	Dwellings where methamphetamine made vacated until proven	No	No	No	No	No
	safe.					
7.8.1	Smoke in Multifamily Housing (Common Areas)					
	Smoking prohibited in all indoor common areas of multifamily	No	No	No	No	No
	buildings.					
7.8.2	Smoke in Multifamily Housing (Exterior Smoking)					
	Smoking prohibited within 25' of building entrances, windows, air	No	No	No	No	No
	intake.					
7.8.3	Smoke in Multifamily Housing (Smoke-Free Policies)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	(a) Tenants/prospective tenants informed of smoke-free policies.	No	No	No	No	No
	(b) Signs posted by designated smoking or nonsmoking areas.	No	No	No	No	No

7.8.4	Smoke in Multifamily Housing (Lease Provisions)					
	Tenants are exempt from early termination penalties if they	No	No	No	No	No
	terminate for incursion of tobacco smoke or at the inception of					
	smoke-free policy.					