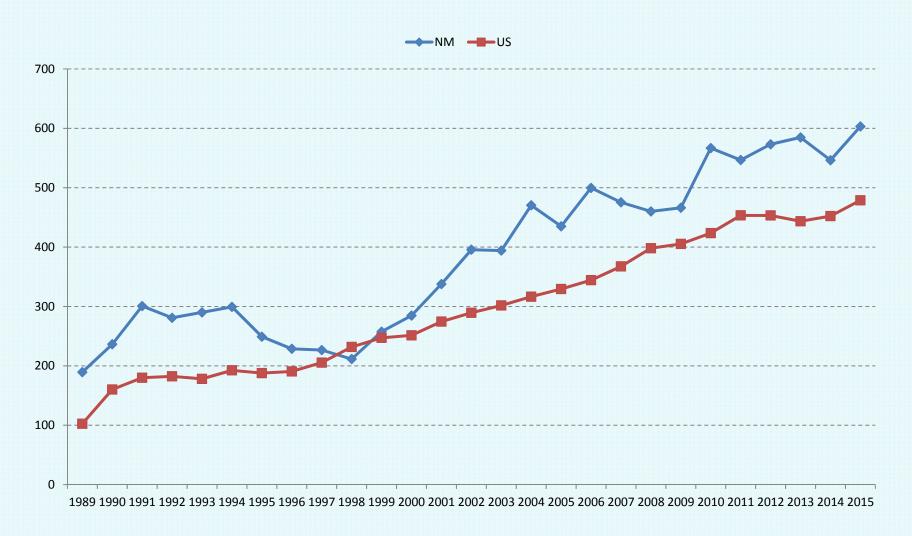


New Mexico STD Program Summary Slides 2015

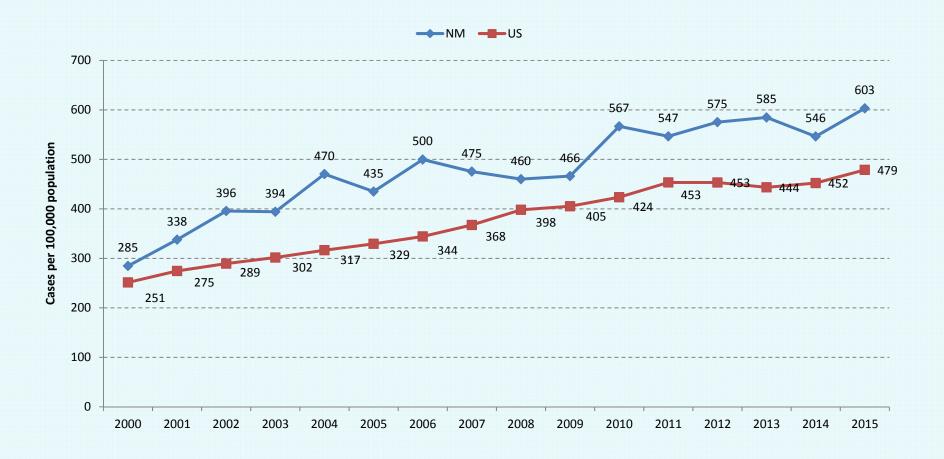
Janine Waters, STD Program Manager Angie Bartok, Epidemiologist Lewis Smith, Surveillance Coordinator Margo Yee, Surveillance Coordinator

Chlamydia Rates New Mexico and US, 1989 - 2015



Source: PRISM and IBIS for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates

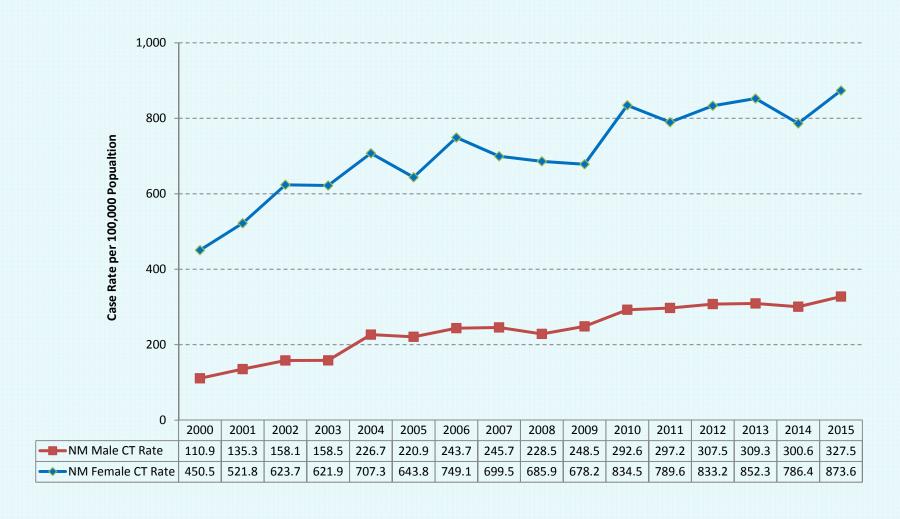
Chlamydia Rates, NM and US, 2000-2015



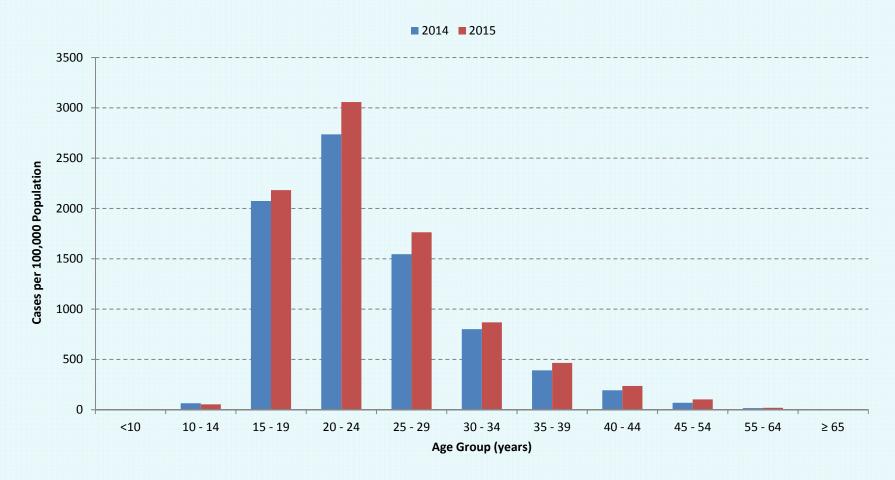
NM ranked 4th in the nation for chlamydia in 2015

Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates

Chlamydia Rates by Sex New Mexico, 2000 - 2015

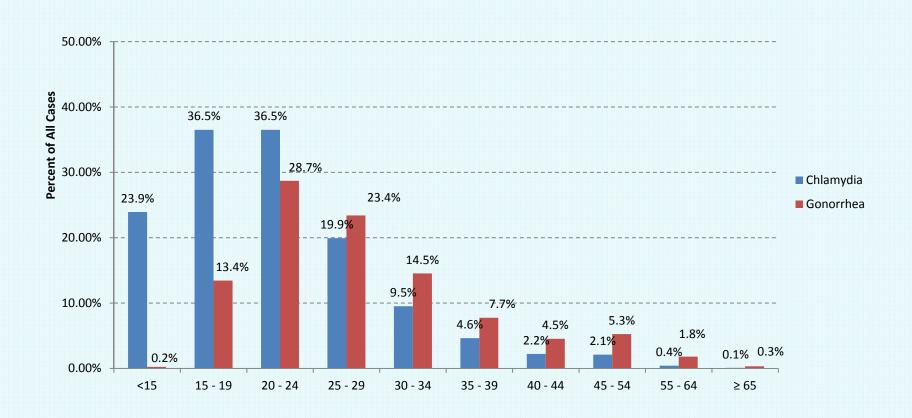


Chlamydia Rates by Age Group New Mexico, 2014 - 2015



Chlamydia predominantly affects adolescents and young adults, with rates of infection highest among 20-24 year olds followed by 15-19 year olds

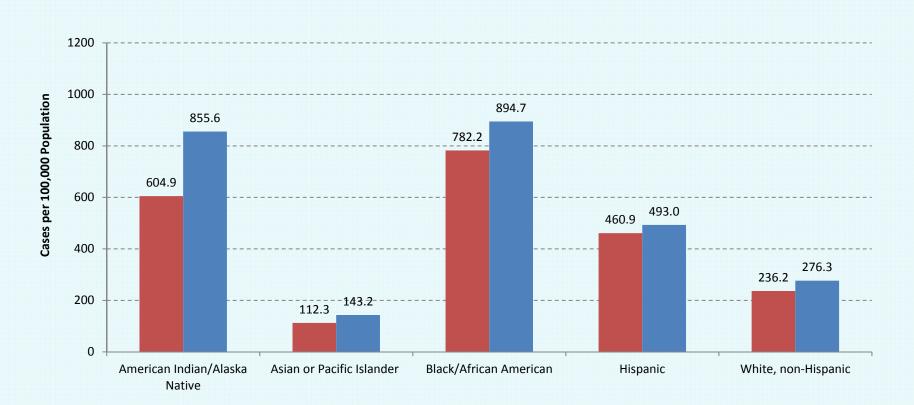
Percent of Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Cases by Age Group, New Mexico, 2015



- > 73% of reported chlamydia cases are among persons ages 15-24 years
- > 42% of reported gonorrhea cases are among persons age 15-24 years

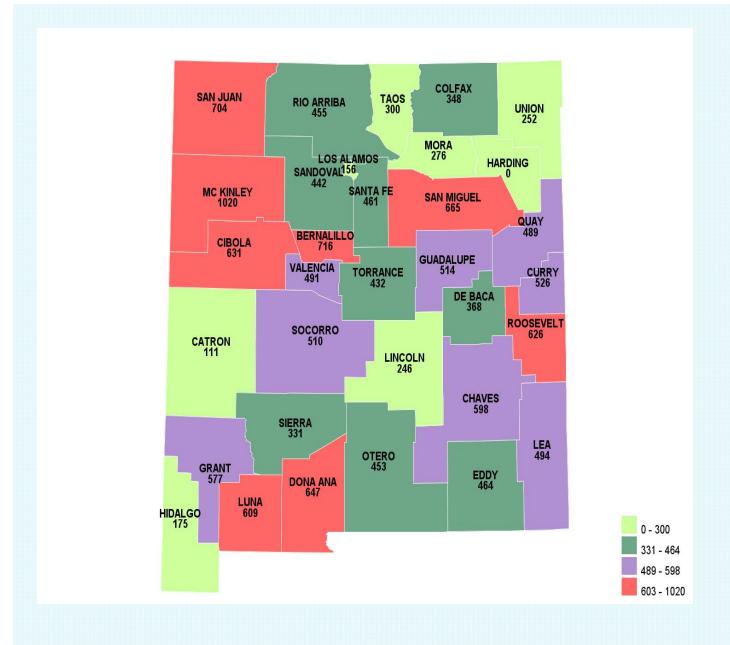
Chlamydia Rates by Race/ Ethnicity New Mexico, 2014 - 2015

■ 2014 ■ 2015



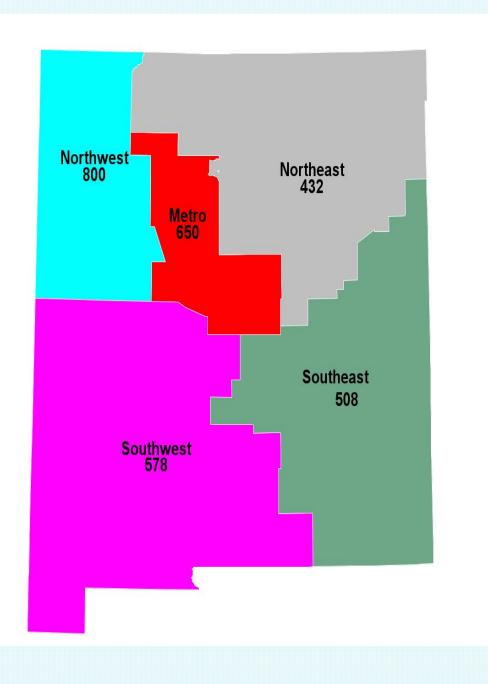
Similar to national level data, chlamydia rates show health disparities:

Chlamydia disproportionately affects African American, American Indian, and Hispanic populations in New Mexico



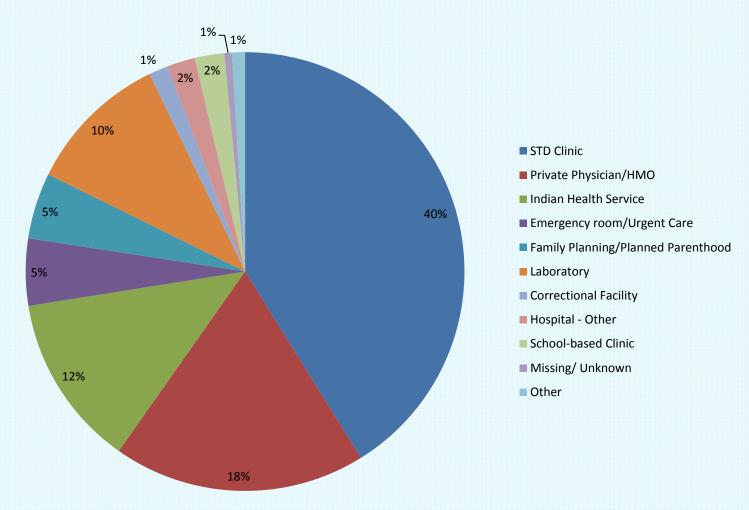
Chlamydia
Rate per
100,000
by County,
New
Mexico,
2015

Rates per 100,000 by Quartile

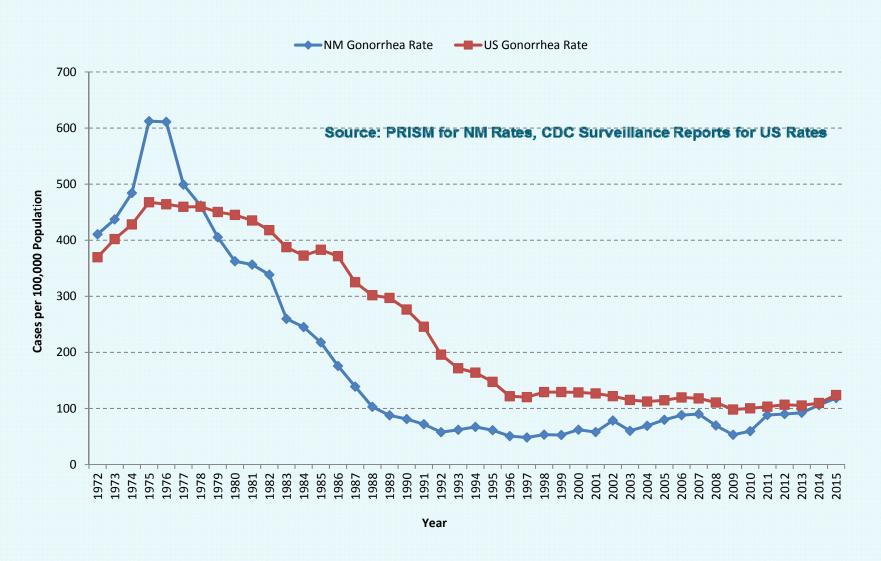


Chlamydia Rate per 100,000 by Region, New Mexico, 2015

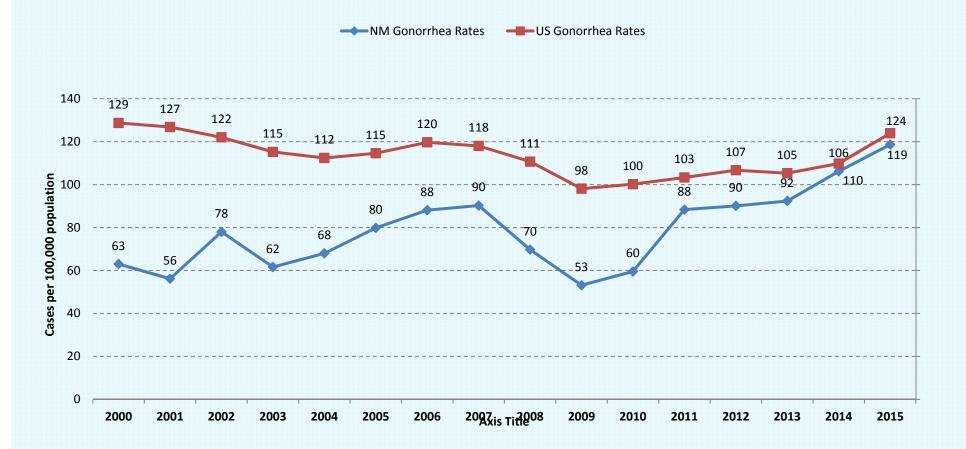
Percent of Chlamydia Cases by Diagnosing Provider Type, 2015



Gonorrhea Rates New Mexico and US, 1972 - 2015



Gonorrhea Rates, New Mexico and US, 2000-2015



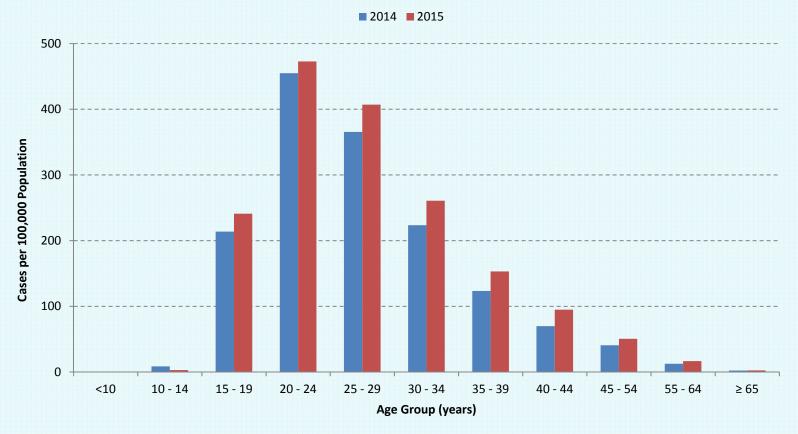
➤ New Mexico experienced a 12% increase in gonorrhea cases from 2014 to 2015; however ranked 22nd in the nation in 2015.

Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates

Gonorrhea Rates by Sex New Mexico, 2000-2015

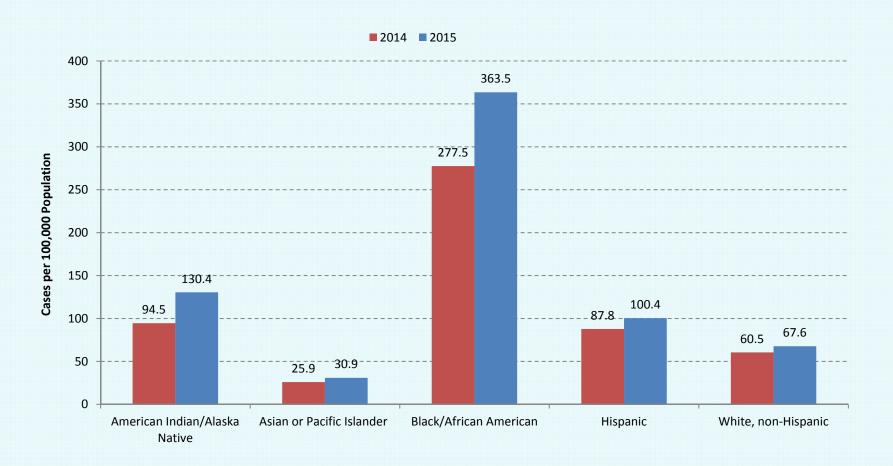


Gonorrhea Rates by Age Group New Mexico, 2014 - 2015



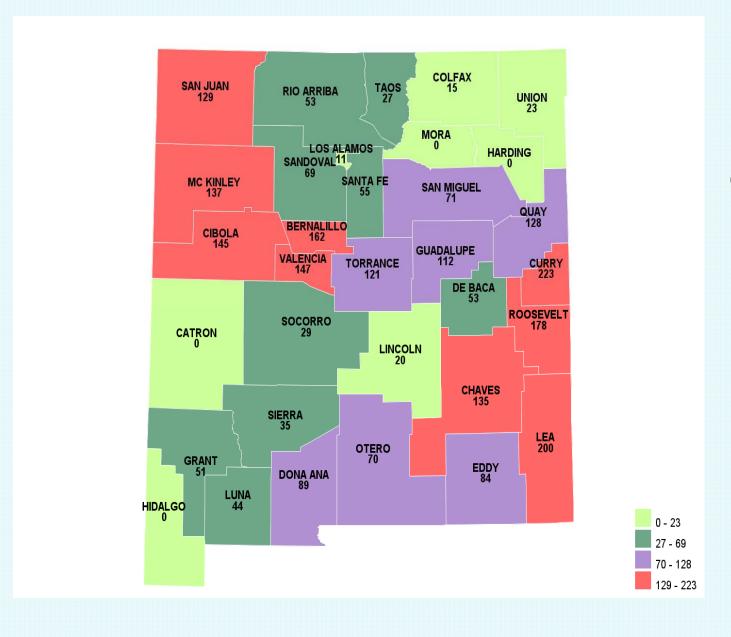
- Gonorrhea rates increased slightly overall from 2014 to 2015
 - ➤ Most striking changes from 2014 to 2015:
- > Rates in 2015 among women ages 25-29 increased by 15% compared to 2014
 - > Rates in 2015 among men ages 25-29 increased by 8% compared to 2014

Gonorrhea Rates by Race/ Ethnicity New Mexico, 2014 - 2015

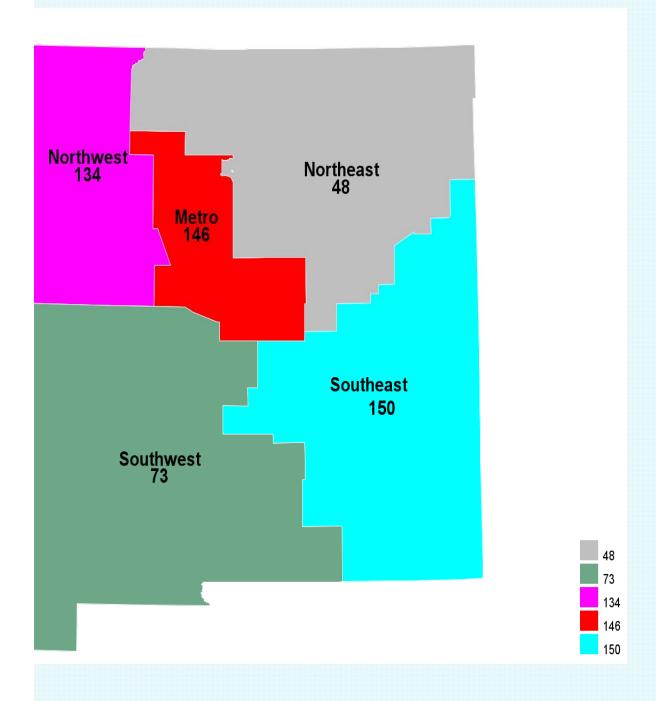


Similar to national level data, gonorrhea rates show health disparities:

Gonorrhea disproportionately affects African American, American Indian, and Hispanic populations in New Mexico

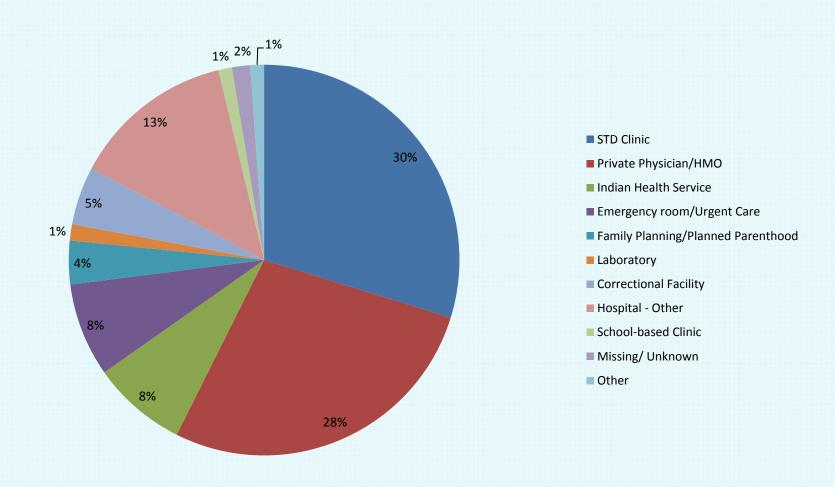


Gonorrhea
Rate per
100,000
by County,
New
Mexico,
2015

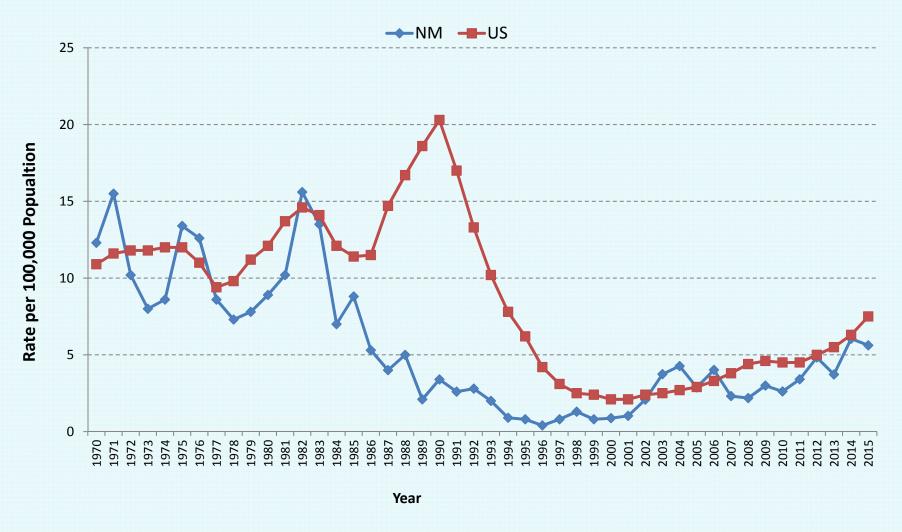


Gonorrhea Rate per 100,000 by Region, New Mexico, 2015

Percent of Gonorrhea Cases by Diagnosing Provider Type, New Mexico, 2015

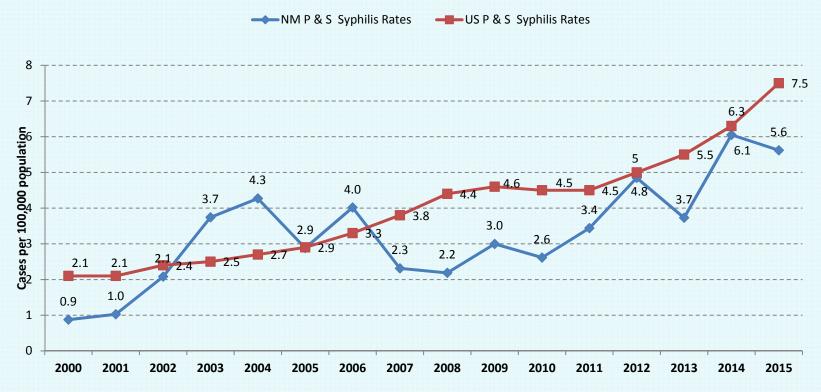


Primary and Secondary Syphilis Rates, New Mexico and US, 1970 - 2015



Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates

Rates of Primary and Secondary Syphilis New Mexico and US, 2000 - 2015

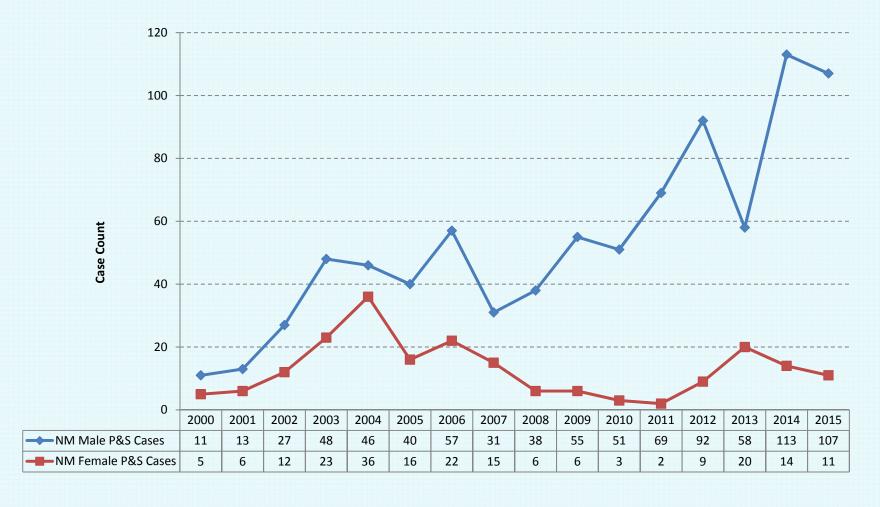


Rates of primary and secondary syphilis in New Mexico have varied over the past 2 years. Between 2013 and 2014 there was an case increase of 65%.

Then, between 2014 and 2015 there was a case decrease of 8%. By contrast, a steady increase has been seen in the US rate from 2010 to 2015. New Mexico ranked 20th in the nation for primary and secondary syphilis in 2015.

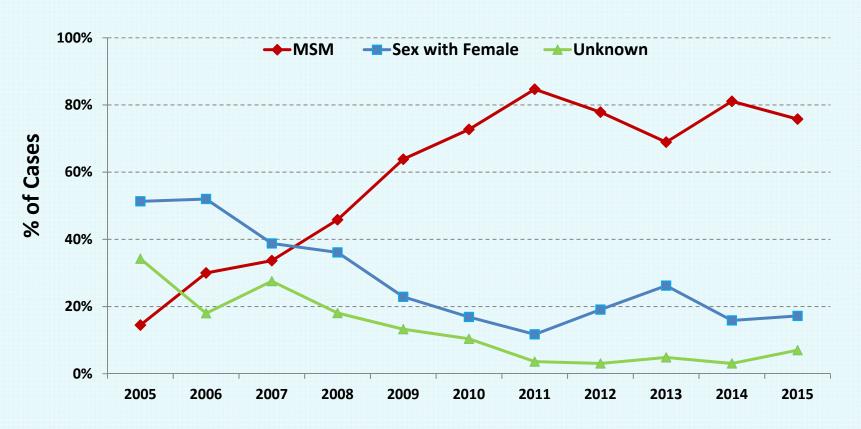
Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates

Primary and Secondary Syphilis Cases by Sex, New Mexico, 2000-2015



91% of all reported primary and secondary syphilis cases in 2015 were male

Percentage of cases of Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent Syphilis Among Men, by Gender of Partner New Mexico, 2005 - 2015

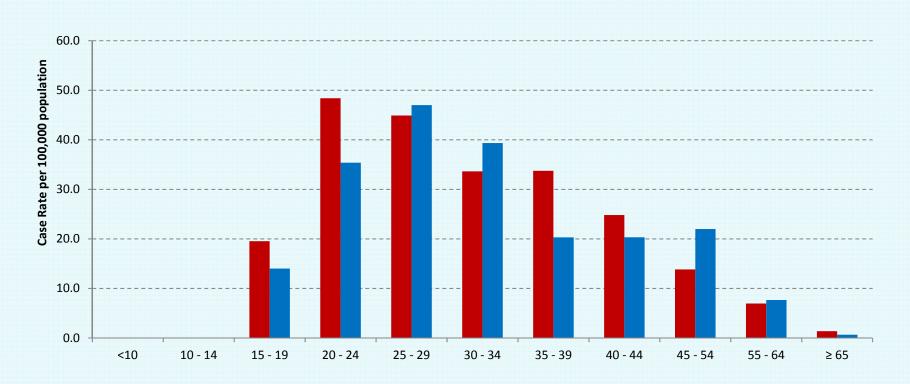


Of all male cases of syphilis in 2015, where gender of partner was known, 84% of cases were men with male sex partners (MSM).

The percent that had sex with female(s) increased in 2015 by 6% over 2014.

Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent Syphilis Rates by Age Group, Males New Mexico, 2014-2015

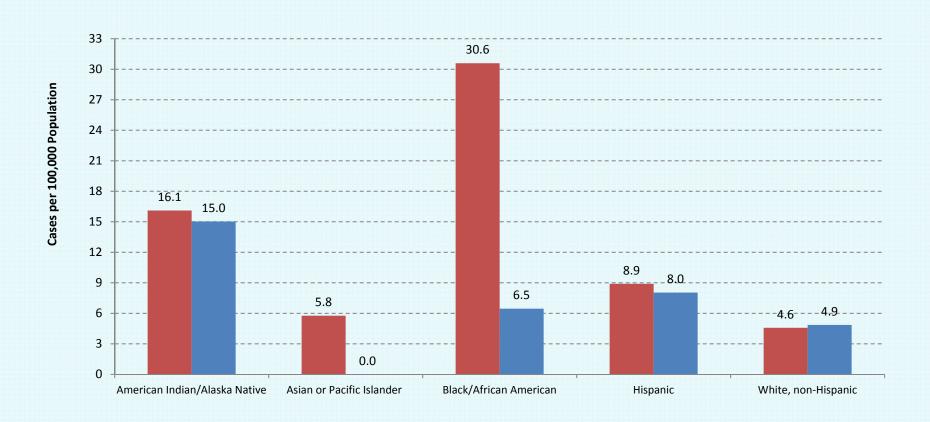
2014 2015

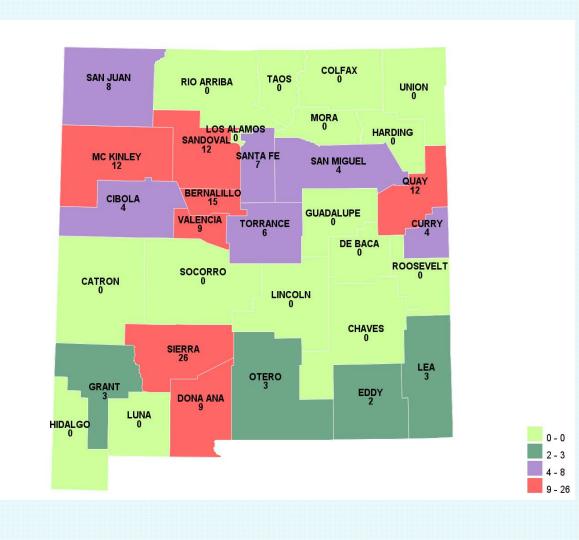


Compared to 2014, there was a decrease in P,S, and EL syphilis rates among men age 20-24 years old in 2015 and a slight increase in rates among men 25 - 29

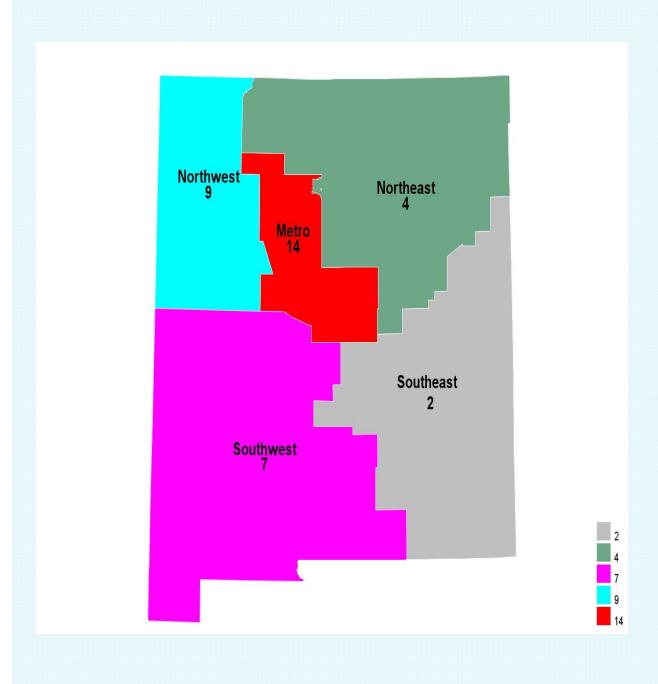
Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent Syphilis Rates by Race/Ethnicity, NM, 2014 – 2015





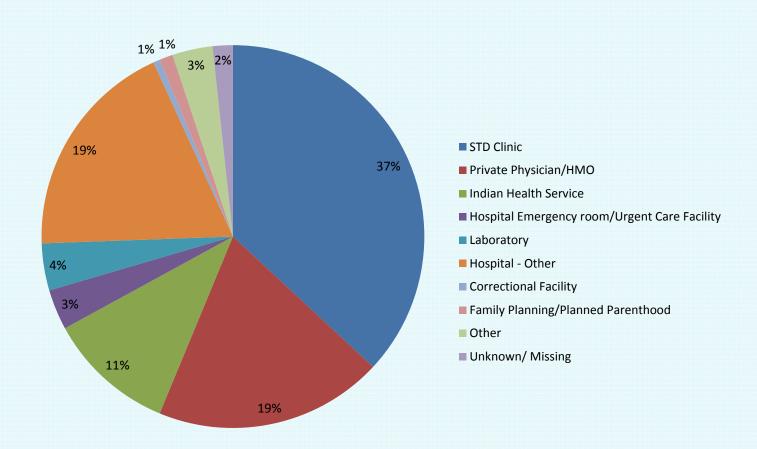


Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent **Syphilis** Rates by County, New Mexico, 2015



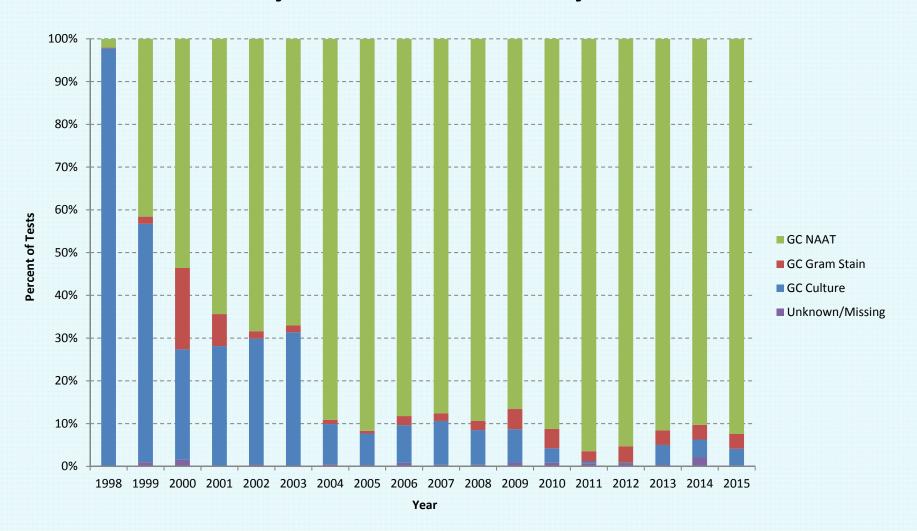
Syphilis Rate per 100,000 by Region, New Mexico, 2015

Percent of Primary, Secondary and Early Latent Syphilis Cases by Diagnosing Provider New Mexico, 2015

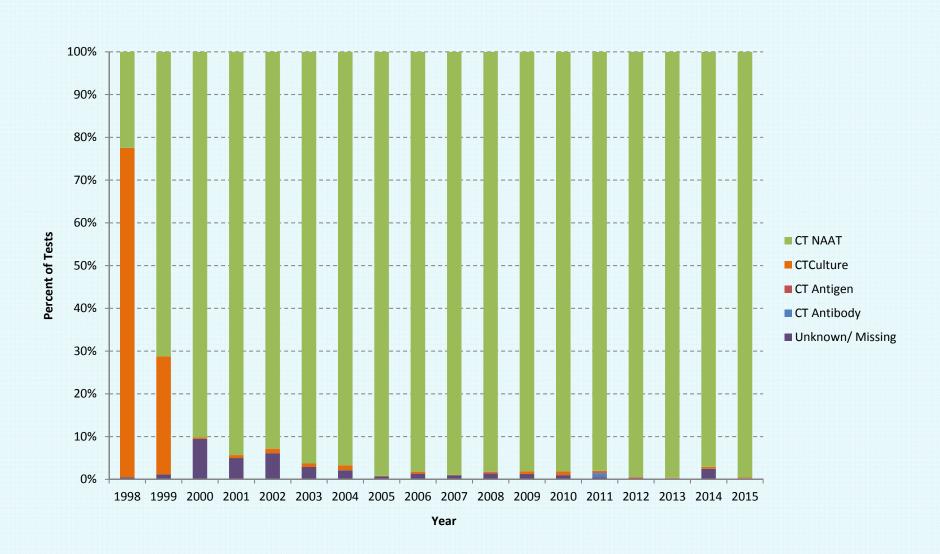


Gonorrhea and Chlamydia Testing Methods

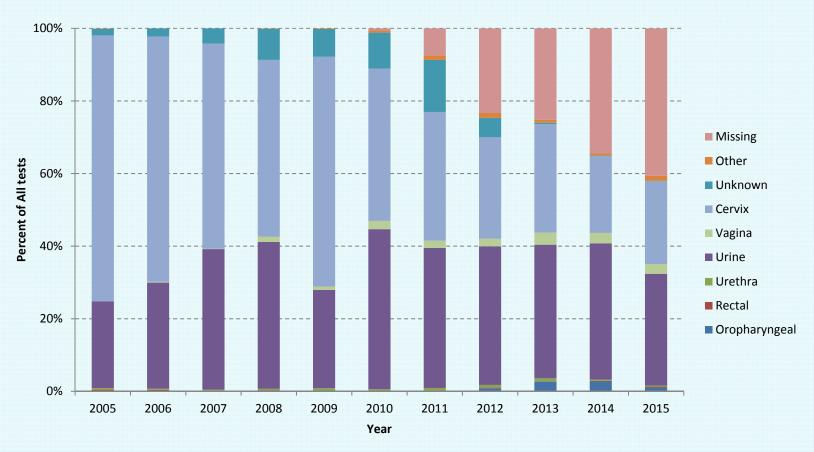
Changes in Gonorrhea Testing Methods, New Mexico, 1998 - 2015



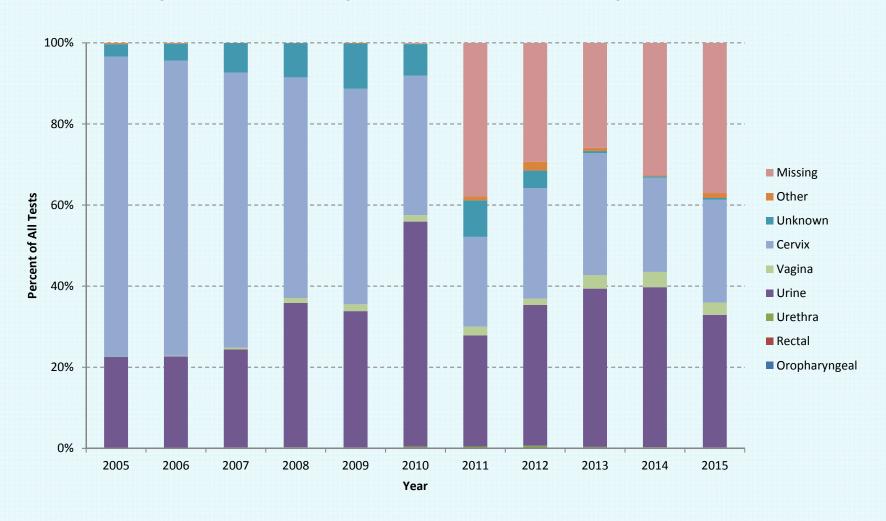
Changes in Chlamydia Testing Methods, New Mexico, 1998 - 2015



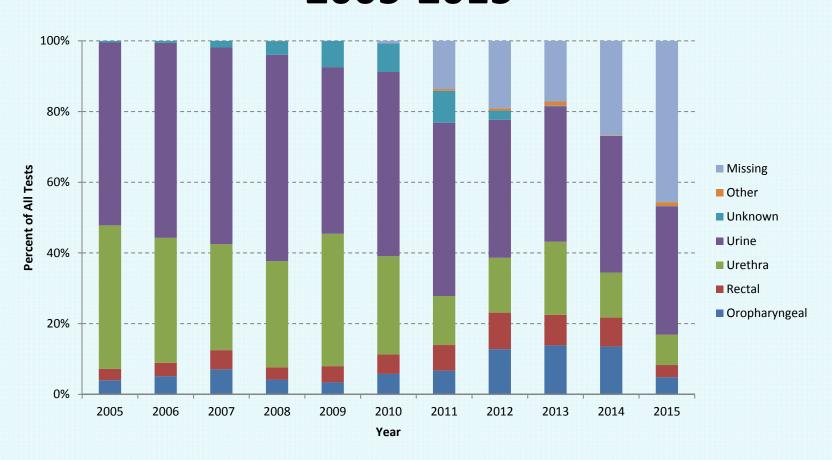
Specimen Source, All Gonorrhea Tests in PRISM, Females, New Mexico, 2005-2015



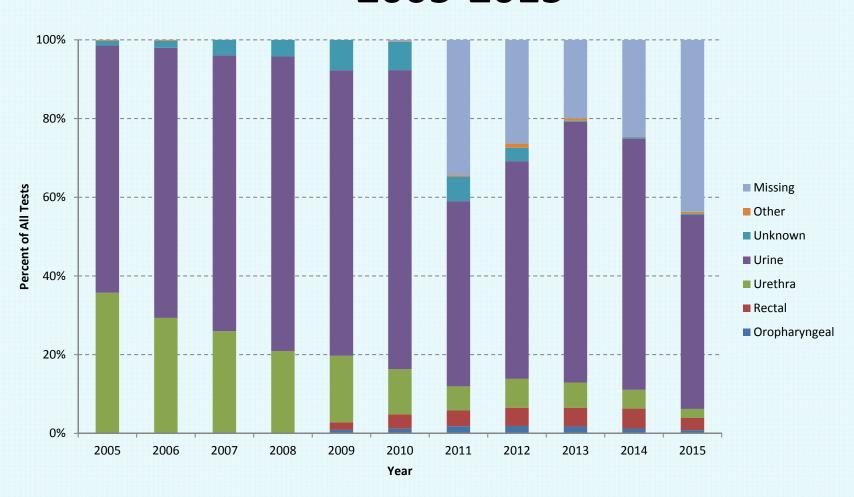
Specimen Source, All Chlamydia Tests in PRISM, Females, New Mexico, 2005-2015



Specimen Source, All Gonorrhea Tests in PRISM, Males, New Mexico, 2005-2015



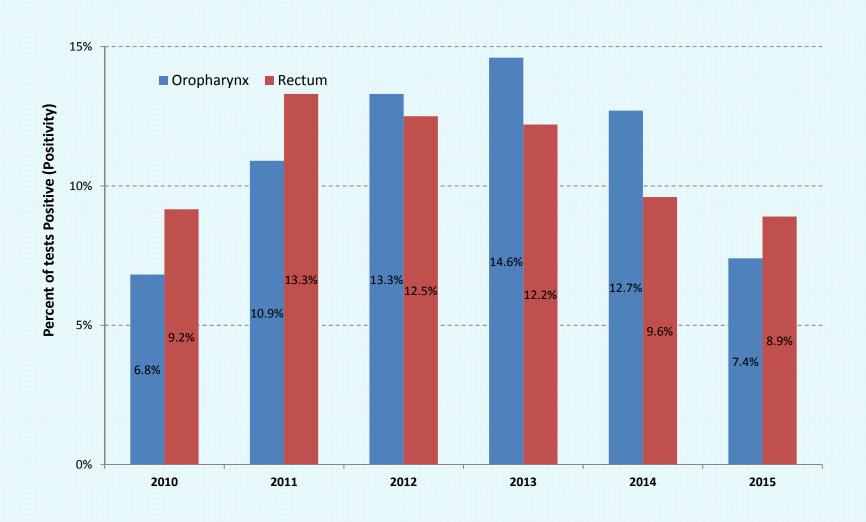
Specimen Source, All Chlamydia Tests in PRISM, Males, New Mexico, 2005-2015



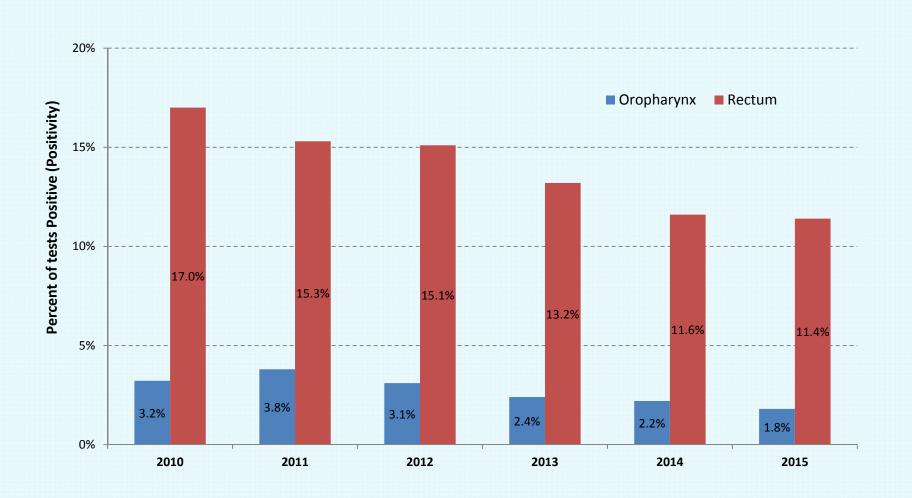
Special Populations

Men with Male Sex Partners (MSM)

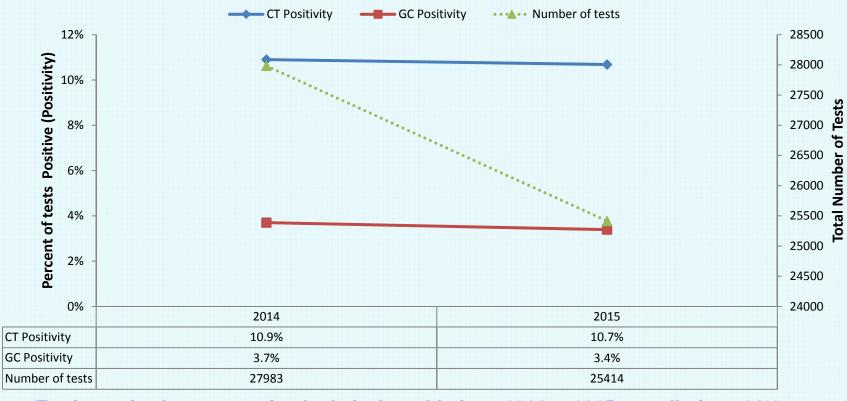
GC Positivity among Men Tested at Alternate Sites, New Mexico, 2010 - 2015



CT Positivity among Men Tested at Alternate Sites, New Mexico, 2010 - 2015



Streamlining DOH Testing Efforts CT and GC Positivity and Testing Volume, 2014-2015

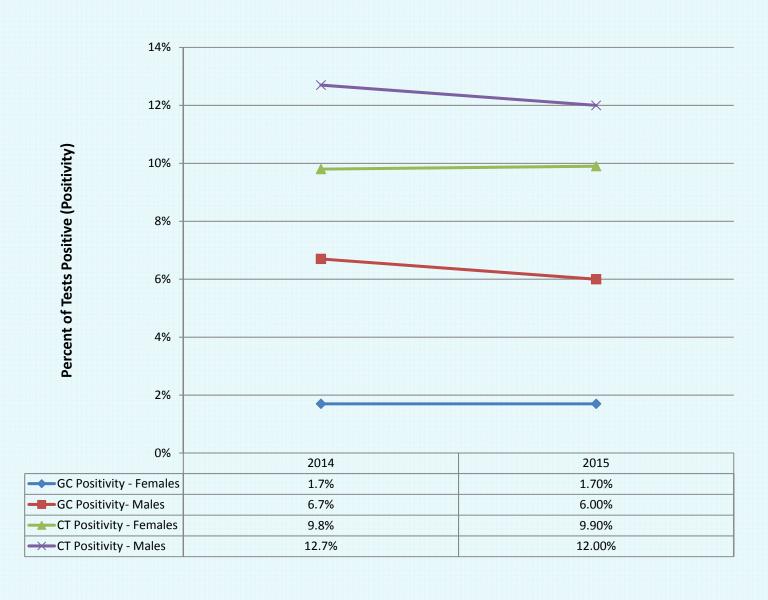


Testing ratios by sex remained relatively stable from 2014 to 2015 overall: from 61% female in 2014 to 60% female in 2015, in males from 39.2% in 2014 to 39.6% in 2015

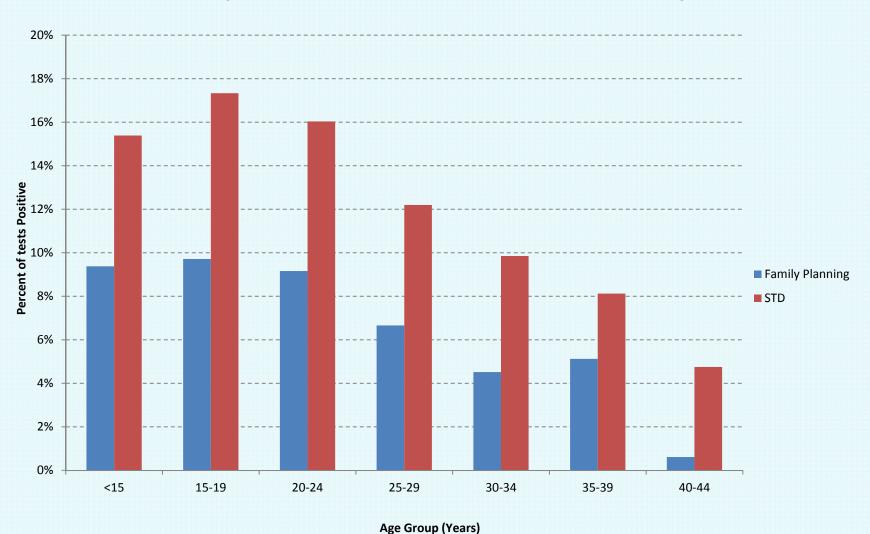
% of tests in women <age 25 remained fairly stable from 67% in 2014 to 66% in 2015; however in males <age 25 there was a slight decrease from 45% in 2014 to 42% in 2015

Gonorrhea and Chlamydia Testing in NM DOH Testing Programs

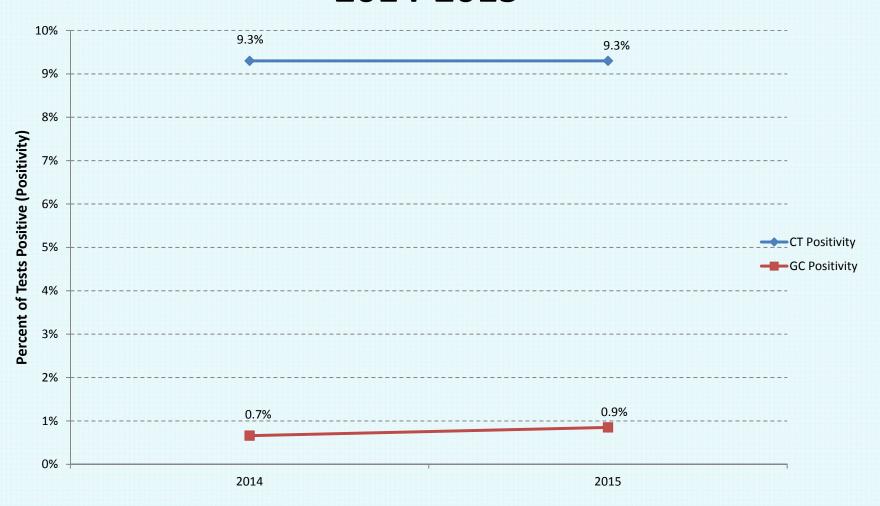
Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Positivity by Sex, all NMDOH Testing Sites, 2014-2015



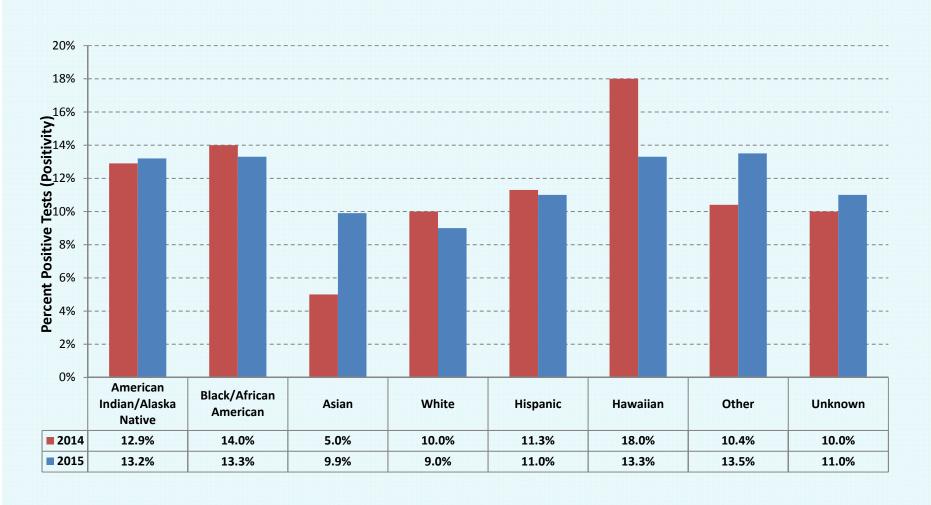
Chlamydia Positivity by Clinic Type, Females, all NM DOH Test Sites, 2015



Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Positivity, Females ≤25 years, Tested in NMDOH Family Planning Sites, 2014-2015



Chlamydia Positivity by Race/ Ethnicity, all NMDOH Test Sites, 2014-2015



Gonorrhea Positivity by Race/ Ethnicity, all NMDOH Test Sites, 2014-2015

