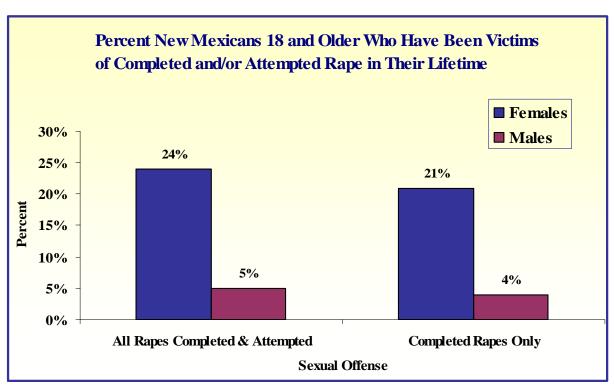
SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence*Victimization in New Mexico and The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005



Source: Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Funded by:

Office of Injury Prevention
Injury and Behavioral Epidemiology Bureau
Epidemiology and Response Division
New Mexico Department of Health
Through the

New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs and the Behavioral Health Services Division; New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission — Violence Against Women Act Grants Office; and the Violence Against Women Office, Office of Justice Programs, US Dept. of Justice

New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

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Letter from the Director...

The long anticipated findings from the first ever *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* are here! Among the many revealing findings, we learned that 1 in 4 adult women and 1 in 20 adult men in New Mexico have been the victims of rape or attempted rape in their lifetime. Perhaps the most startling revelation was the prevalence of *incapacitated rape* (unwanted, non-consensual sex when a person is very high, drunk or passed out). Among rape victims, 43% experienced an incapacitated rape in their lifetime. This translates into 1 in every 12 adult females and 1 in every 40 adult males.

More recently, the survey identified 8,027 victims of rape or attempted rape in 2005, of which 5,320 were victims of *completed* rapes. In the same time period, only 1400 incidents of rape were reported to law enforcement throughout the state.

Statewide law enforcement and service provider data have demonstrated that males are the offenders in approximately 85% of sexual assaults. What we did not know was that this is true even when the victim is *male*. Survey findings reported that 86% of female victims were sexually assaulted by a *male*.

Male and female victims of sexual assault are *two* times more likely to suffer from a serious disabling injury and approximately *six* times more likely to suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions in their lifetime than those who are not victimized. This is our first glance at health outcomes associated with sexual assault. We are pleased that the survey data offer us an opportunity to learn much more on violence and health issues.

The aforementioned is just a small sample of the valuable information you will find in this year's report. Additionally, the first trends analysis of statewide sexual assault data was conducted. This analysis examines sexual assault data from the Central Repository from 2002 through 2005 and is presented herein. As an added bonus, some of the important data have been analyzed by county and are conveniently presented in county tables in the back of the report.

We are confident you will find the information presented in this report to be informative and provocative, as well. We hope that it serves you well in your work throughout the year. On behalf of myself and the Office of Injury Prevention, we thank you for your constant vigilance in your efforts to prevent and effectively respond to sexual assault in our communities.

Sincerely,

Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Betty Caponer

Director

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence*Victimization in New Mexico and The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D. For the New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

Funded by:
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JANUARY 2007

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On behalf of the Central Repository, I would like to formally thank Governor Bill Richardson and First Lady Barbara Richardson for their unprecedented efforts as state leaders to prevent interpersonal violence in New Mexico and making possible, the first ever statewide survey of interpersonal violence in our state – the *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico*.

I would like to formally acknowledge the host of dedicated professionals who have lent their invaluable expertise to this surveillance initiative.

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FACT SHEET: SEXUAL ASSAULT IN NEW MEXICO

I. Lifetime Prevalence of Sexual Assault Among New Mexicans 18 and Older

► Completed Rapes and Attempted Rapes	15% (209,813)
Women	24% (175,184) 1 in 4
Men	5% (34,665) 1 in 20
► Completed Rapes	13% (183,078)
Women	21% (154,013) 1 in 5
Men	4% (29,065) 1 in 25
► Incapacitated Rape (Subset of Completed Rapes)	5.5% (78,347)
Women	8.5% (61,461) 1 in 12
Men	2.5% (16,886) 1 in 40

Rape and/or Attempted Rape Victims 2005 II.

► Completed Rape and Attempted Rape Victims, 2005		
Adult Women (18 and Older)	5,254	7 per 1000
Adult Men (18 and Older	2,773	4 per 1000
· ·	8,027	1
► Completed Rape Victims Only, 2005		
Adult Women	4,158	6 per 1000
Men	<u>1,162</u>	2 per 1000
Total Rape Incidents	5,320	_

1,400 1,474
1,545 948

Rape: Victim Gender, 2005

	Survey	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE
Females	78%	85%	88%	92%
Males	22%	15%	12%	8%

III. **Selected Rape Findings by Data Source**

Rape: Victim Ages

	Adults	Adolescents	Children
Law Enforcement 2005	40%	26%	33%
Service Providers 2005	30%	21%	49%
Survey Lifetime	33%	23%	44%

Rape: Victim Race/Ethnicity

	White (non- Hispanic)	Hispanic	Native American	Black	Asian	Other	Mixed
Law Enforcement 2005	44%	46%	6%	3%	0%	-	-
Service Providers 2005	41%	45%	7%	2%	-	-	5%
SANE 2005	35%	42%	14%	3%	-	2%	3%
Survey Lifetime	53%	33%	5%	2%	1%	2%	

Rape: Offender Gender

The port of the po						
Gender	Survey Lifetime	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE		
		2005	2005	2005		
Males	85%	93%	97%	97%		

Rape: Offender Ages

	Adults	Adolescents	Children
Law Enforcement 2005	78%	17%	5%
Service Providers 2005	84%	12%	3.5%
SANE 2005	84%	13%	3%
Survey Lifetime	78%	20%	<1%

Rape: Offender Race/Ethnicity, 2005

	White (non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Native American	Black	Asian	Mixed
Law	44%	46%	6%	3%	0%	
Enforcement						
Service	35.5%	49%	7.5%	5%		3%
Providers						

Rape: Victim/Offender Relationship

	Survey	2005	2005	2005
	Lifetime	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE
Stranger	13%	12%	14%	21%
Known Offender	87%	88%	86%	79%
Family	17%	28%	38%	19%
Current or Former	24%	18%	19%	8%
Intimate Partner				

Rape: Victim Injury

3.0	Survey	2005	2005
	Lifetime	Law Enforcement	SANE
Percent Rape Incidents			
with Victim Injury	25%	29%	78.5%

Rape: Alcohol/Drug Use

	Survey Lifetime	Law Enforcement 2005	Service Providers 2005	
Victim	23.5%	47%	29%	
Offender	45.5%	78%	70%	

Rape: Medical Care Sought for Victim Injuries

	Percent Rape Victims That Sought Medical Treatment
Survey Lifetime	33%
Service Providers 2005	31%

Rape: Suspect Arrests:

	Percent Rapes with a Suspect Arrest
Survey Lifetime	3% males (47% of those reported to police)
	7% females (37% of those reported to police)
Law Enforcement 2005	18%

IV. Select Survey Findings on Rape in New Mexico

► Percent Rapes Reported to Police	17%
► Percent Rape Victims Filing Criminal Charges	6%
► Percent Rape Victims Obtaining a Restraining Order	10% (3% males; 11% females)
▶ Percent Rape Offenders Violating a Restraining Order	49% (52% males; 49% females)

Dispositions for Offenders of Survey Victims:

▶ Percent Charges Dropped	25%
▶ Percent Acquitted	6%
▶ Percent Convicted	45%
▶ Percent Pled Guilty	11%
► Percent Convicted/Guilty Sentenced to Prison/Jail	88%
► Average Length Sentence for Rape Conviction	62.5 months

► Percent Rape Offenders Serving 48 Months or Less 54%

V. Select Sexual Assault Findings

▶ Percent Sexual Assault Victims with a Prior Assault:

Service Providers, 2005: 35%

Sexual Assault Survivors with a Disability:

	Percent Sexual Assault Survivors with a Disability
Service Providers 2005	31%
SANE 2005	28%

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

I. INTRODUCTION

Nationally, victimization surveys such as the National Crime Victims Survey and the National Violence Against Women Survey demonstrate more comprehensive reporting of crimes, and in particular, interpersonal violence crimes than those which are reported to law enforcement. While New Mexico law enforcement agencies have reported their incidents of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, stalking and sexual assault to the Central Repository, determining the rates of these crimes that were *never* reported to law enforcement was not possible. The long term goal to rectify this problem and make possible more accurate estimates of the prevalence and incidence of interpersonal violence in New Mexico was to conduct our own statewide victimization survey. To this end, in 2005 the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico (SVV) was conducted, asking 2000 adult men and 2000 adult women about their experiences of violence. While all data captured from this survey will be analyzed over the course of time, several discouraging realities are clear from the preliminary findings of this survey:

- 1. The rate of sexual assault (rape and attempted rape) in New Mexico is staggering; and higher than national comparable rates found in the National Violence Against Women Survey (NVAWS), the most comprehensive victimization survey to date;
- 2. Rape is significantly under-reported to law enforcement;
- 3. There are significantly more victims of sexual assault than ever identified by law enforcement or service providers statewide, especially in the case of incapacitated rape;
- 4. There are significant co-morbidity and healthcare utilization issues associated with interpersonal violence; and
- 5. There are significant differences between males and females in the experience and outcomes of sexual assault crimes.

This summary discusses selected findings regarding rape among males and females from the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico, together with selected findings on child sexual abuse derived from statewide law enforcement and service provider data submitted to the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository in 2005.

II. RAPE AMONG MALES

A. Prevalence and Incidence

In the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico, 5% or 1 in 20 adult males (18 and older) reported being the victim of rape or attempted rape in their lifetime compared to 3% nationally (NVAWS); 4% or 1 in 25 the victim of a *completed* rape. In 2005, there were 2,773 male victims of rape or attempted rape, 1,162 of these a completed rape.

B. The Circumstances of Male Rape

While female and male adolescents and young adults have similar rates of rape, over half (53%) of male rape victims were raped as children (ages <13) compared to 44% of females who were raped as children.

Although fewer males (1 in 40) are the victims of incapacitated rape (unwanted, non-consensual sex while very high, drunk or passed out) compared to females (1 in 12), males (43%) are significantly more likely than females (29%) to experience their incapacitated rapes as an adult.

The rape experience for males includes a greater likelihood of *being hit with an object* (10%) and having a *knife or other weapon used on them* (7%) compared to females (7% and 4%, respectively). Additionally, more *male* victims of rape use *alcohol* (28%), *drugs* (2%) or *both* (4%) at the time of the incident than *female* rape victims (18%, 1% and 2%, respectively).

When it comes to rape, males like females, experience rape most often (85%) at the hands of a male assailant.

C. Male Rape Outcomes

Fewer male rape victims reported being injured during their rape incidents (16%) compared to female rape victims (27%), and just under one-third (30%) of these obtained medical care for their injuries. However, male victims of rape are two times more likely than male *non-victims* to suffer from a *serious disabling injury* in their lives and seven times more likely to suffer *one or more chronic mental health conditions*.

Only 6% of male rape victims reported their rapes to police. Three quarters (74%) of male rape victims reported being *dissatisfied* with police response to their reported rapes, two-thirds of theses, *very dissatisfied*. Most male rape victims do not report to police because they consider the rape to be *too minor or not a crime* (19%); they *fear the offender* (13%); or will handle the situation themselves (12%). Six times more males than females report that they want the police to take their complaint more seriously, believe them and not laugh at them.

Male rape victims who report their rape to police are significantly more likely (47%) than female rape victims (37%) to have an officer *arrest the offender or take him/her into custody*. However, since only 6% of males report their victimization to police, this means that only 3% of all cases of male rape result in a suspect arrest. To make matters worse, male victims of rape are only half as likely as female victims to be *referred to services*, such as victim assistance, a medical clinic, legal aid or a shelter.

Only 3% of male rape victims obtained a restraining order against their offender and half (52%) of these were violated by the offender. A mere 1% of male rape victims filed criminal charges against their offender. This low number of criminal charges filed by male rape victims prohibited the examination of gender differences in rape case dispositions.

III. RAPE AMONG FEMALES

A. Prevalence and Incidence

As reported by adults 18 and older in the statewide victimization survey, 24% or 1 in 4 females are the victims of rape or attempted rape sometime in their lifetime compared to 18% (17.6%) nationally (NVAWS); 21% or 1 in 5 females the victim of a *completed* rape. In 2005, there were 5,224 female victims of rape and attempted rape, 4,158 of these, the victims of a completed rape.

Of all rapes reported by the survey respondents, 43% were incapacitated rapes. Female rape victims (8.5%) were three times more likely than male victims (2.5%) to experience incapacitated rape. Similar to male victims of incapacitated rape, most female victims are adolescents (39%), but unlike the rate for incapacitated rape of male children (17%), a significantly greater proportion of female victims of incapacitated rape (31%) have their experience as a child (ages <13).

B. The Circumstances of Female Rape

Forty-four percent of female rape victims were raped as children (ages <13), one-quarter (24%) as adolescents (ages 13-18) and one-third (34%) as adults. Eighty-six percent of female rape victims were raped by a male.

More female victims of rape, than males, reported being physically attacked: *pushed*, grabbed or shoved (44.5% vs. 37%); had their hair pulled (16% vs. 11%); were choked or had an attempted drowning (10% vs. 6%) and were beat up (14% vs. 9%). Similarly, twice as many female rape victims (32%) than male victims (16%) reported that their offenders threatened to harm or kill them or someone close to them; and nearly twice as many female rape victims (40%) than male victims (22%), believed that they or someone close to them would be seriously harmed of killed by their offenders.

C. Female Rape Outcomes

Slightly over one-quarter (27%) of female rape victims were injured during their rape incidents and one-third (34%) obtained medical care for their injuries. Like male rape victims, female rape victims are two times more likely than female *non-victims* to suffer from a *serious* disabling injury in their lives and six times more likely to suffer from *one or more chronic mental* health conditions.

Although a dismally low rate, female rape victims (19%) are three times more likely to report their incidents to police than male rape victims (6%). Most female rape victims who do not report to police say it is because they were too young/a child (17%); feared the offender/afraid offender would get even (17%); and felt shame/embarrassment or thought it was their fault (15.5%).

Twice as many female rape victims (33%), than male victims (16%) were *referred to services* (victim assistance, medical clinic, legal aid or shelter). Females were also significantly more likely than male rape victims to *have an officer see them in person* (67% vs. 53%) and *be referred to court or a prosecutor's office* (20% vs. 16%). However, female rape victims (13%)

were significantly more likely than male rape victims (8%) for *the police to do nothing* in response to a rape report.

Slightly over one-third (37%) of female rape victims' cases that were reported to police resulted in a suspect arrest. Since 19% of female rape victims reported their rape to police, this represents only 7% of all cases of female rape.

About half (49%) of female rape victims reported being *dissatisfied* with police response to their reported rape, over one-third of those, *very dissatisfied*. Most (19%) victims wanted the police to charge/arrest the offender or keep him/her locked up. Others (13%) wanted the police to take a report, follow through with an investigation and question the offender.

Three times as many female (11%) as male (3%) rape victims obtained a restraining order; and similar to male victims, about half (49%) were violated by the offender.

Seven percent of female rape victims *filed criminal charges against the offender*. One-quarter (25%) of the rape victims that filed criminal charges reported that their *charges were dropped*; 6% reported that the *offender was acquitted*; 45% reported that the *offender was convicted*; and 11% reported that the *offender entered a guilty plea*. Of those that were convicted or pled guilty, 88% were *sentenced to jail or prison* and the *average sentence* was 62.5 months. However, over half (54%) of the guilty offenders were sentenced to 48 months or less.

IV. SELECTED CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE FINDINGS

There were 1,545 victims of sexual assault who sought services from rape crises and mental health centers across New Mexico in 2005. Both, the *gender of the victim* and the *type of sexual offense* were documented in 1,241 of these cases.

There were 91 males and 362 females who were victims of *non-penetration* sex crimes that were reported to rape crisis and mental health centers in 2005. Of these, almost three-quarters (70%) of the males and over half (56%) of the females were children (ages 12 and under).

Similarly, there were 89 males and 699 females who were victims of *rape* that were reported to rape crisis and mental health centers in 2005. Of these, two-thirds (68%) of the males, and one-quarter (25%) of the females were children (ages 12 and under). In a trend analysis from 2002-2005, an average of 41% of the rapes reported to law enforcement were perpetrated upon those 12 and under. Over the same four years, an average of 31% of rapes was perpetrated upon *adults* and an average of 28% of rapes was perpetrated upon *teens* (ages 13-18).

There is a significant difference in ethnicity/race among child rape victims by gender. Over two-thirds (68%) of male rape victims 12 and under were *Hispanic*, followed by 14% *White* (non-Hispanic), 12% mixed ethnicity/race, 5% Native American, and 2% Black. Among female rape victims 12 and under, 49% were *Hispanic*, 35% White (non-Hispanic), 8% mixed ethnicity/race, 5% Native American, and 3% Black.

Of 172 female rape victims 12 and under who went for help in 2005, *prior sexual abuse* was documented on 121. Of these, 47% (57) were sexually abused prior to the most recent rape. Similarly, of 60 male rape victims 12 and under who went for help in 2005, prior sexual abuse was documented on 46. Of these, 43% (20) were sexually abused prior to the most recent rape.

While children 12 and under are the largest group of rape *victims* among those who went for help, adults (age 19 and older) comprised the largest group (73%) of rape *offenders*. Among these rape victims under 13 years old, only 2% were raped by a *stranger*. Of the 98% of child rapes perpetrated by someone known to the child, over three-quarters (77%) were raped by a *family member* and 21% raped by other *known offenders*. *Fathers* comprised the largest group of child rapists (30%), followed by *uncles* (15%), *cousins* (14%), *brothers* (12%) and *step-fathers* (9%). Among known *non-relative* rapists of children under 13 years of age, *friends* comprised the largest group (24%), followed by the *mom's boyfriend* (10%), *babysitters* (8%), *social acquaintances* (8%) and *teachers* (6%).

There is no difference in the rate of *incest* by gender among child rape victims. There were 171 female child rape victims who went for help in 2005 and documented the relationship of the perpetrator. Of these 76% (130) were victims of incest. Similarly, there were 60 male child rape victims who went for help in 2005 and documented the relationship of the perpetrator. Of these 75% (45) were victims of incest.

While one-third (35%) of male victims of sexual assault go for services within the first year of the assault, an analysis of sex crimes data from 2002 - 2005, found that males wait an average of 12.5 years after their sexual assault before seeking therapeutic services. Similarly, while 46% of female victims go for services within the first year of the sexual assault, females wait an average 9.4 years.

V. IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS

A. Implications for Prevention

When only 6% males and 19% females report their rapes to law enforcement, there needs to be a concerted effort to better identify rape victims by focusing on *why* they do not report. There are significant gender differences in why victims do not report. Most males in the statewide survey did not report because they considered the rape to be *too minor or not a crime*, while females *feared their offender or felt shame*. These differences must be taken into consideration for successful prevention education.

Perhaps one of the most startling findings from the statewide victimization survey was the proportion of incapacitated rapes among females and the proportion of these experienced as children. Of all rapes among females, 8.5% were incapacitated rapes; and unlike males, who most experienced incapacitated rapes as adults (43%) and adolescents (40%), female victims experienced incapacitated rapes most as adolescents (39%) and children (31%). Adult females experienced 29% of the incapacitated rapes. Interventions focused on preventing incapacitated rape should be a primary goal among statewide prevention programs.

If prevention efforts could dramatically reduce the number of females who perpetrate sexual offenses, the *reduction* in the number of victims and incidents of sexual assault would be negligible. All sources of data examined for this report demonstrate the overwhelming reality that males perpetrate rapes: law enforcement incidents (93%); service provider's cases (97%); SANE cases (97%) and survey findings (85%). Even when males are the rape victims, males are also the perpetrators 85% of the time. Until more prevention programs target males as the focus of their interventions, little will be accomplished to reduce the incidence of rape and sex crimes, overall.

Similarly, much prevention is focused on children because children comprise so many of those victimized: 44% of the rape victims identified in the statewide survey; 33% of rape victims identified by law enforcement and 49% of rape victims identified by service providers. However, these same sources of data reveal that rape *offenders* are overwhelmingly *adults* (law enforcement 78%, service providers 84%, and SANE units 84%). Children have little power to counter the sophisticated coercion techniques, verbal threats, physical intimidation and physical force of adult offenders. Therefore, more prevention should be focused on working with *adults*, and especially *male adults*, to stop sexual assault and abuse.

What is it that makes *male Hispanic children* (68%) dramatically more susceptible to rape compared to male children of other races/ethnicities? The prevention implication is unclear but the need to study this issue is most evident.

Who are the primary perpetrators of the sexual abuse of children? They are family members, chiefly their fathers, step-fathers, uncles, cousins and brothers. Prevention programs should be two-fold: 1) prevention aimed at helping a child guard against family members as perpetrators and what to do in the event of sexual abuse by a family member; and 2) prevention aimed at helping the family members examine their own sexual behaviors and boundaries, identify healthy and unhealthy sexual behaviors/practices by relatives (and others that their children may come into contact with), learn how to protect their children from sexual abuse by relatives (and others) and access available resources.

B. Implications for Law Enforcement

The statewide survey identified 5,320 rape victims in 2005. In the same time period, law enforcement reported 1400 rape incidents. An explanation for the disparity in identifying rape incidents is the scope of rape (penetration) crimes captured. While the survey captured many forms of criminal sexual penetration and incapacitated rape, law enforcement codes restrict the types of penetration crimes captured and do not capture incidents of incapacitated rape, a type of rape that comprised 43% of the rapes identified by the survey. To this end, much consideration should be made by law enforcement and the FBI which guides law enforcement, to expand the types of criminal sexual penetration captured to include more types of penetration, especially incapacitated rape.

Both male and female rape victims from the statewide survey reported being *dissatisfied*, most *very dissatisfied* with the law enforcement response to their complaint. The most common reason given for their dissatisfaction was that they wanted the police to *charge/arrest the offender* or *keep the offender locked up* (18%) and to *take a report and follow through with an investigation, to question the offender* (13%). When victim dissatisfaction was examined by gender of the victim, there were dramatically more very dissatisfied males (66%) compared to females (38%). The implications are unclear. Perhaps this is more a matter of policy change, regarding officer response to alleged rape victims rather than the actions of individual officers. Perhaps it is a matter of officer sensitivity training responding to male complaints of rape. Finally, perhaps there is an implication for the role of victim advocacy and an examination of protocol for referral of rape victims by responding officers to advocacy services.

C. Implications for Healthcare

Slightly over one-quarter of rape victims (29%) are injured during their rape incidents, and approximately one-third of these go for medical treatment. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner units capture information regarding sexual assault patients that present to their facilities and offer

forensic evidence collection and sometimes a physical exam. However, no standardized monitoring system currently exists to reliably document the number of rape victims that go to emergency departments or doctor's offices as a result of a sexual assault. Further, twice as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from serious disabling injury and approximately six times as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions. Without identifying these patients, it is impossible to determine healthcare utilization due to sexual assault or to more effectively treat these patients by offering them appropriate referral services. The implication to improve public health is to consider the need for universal screening for lifetime exposure to sexual assault and other forms of violence.

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence*Victimization in New Mexico and The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D. For the New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

Funded by:

State of New Mexico: Department of Health — Office of Injury Prevention; Behavioral Health Services Division; New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission — Violence Against Women Act Grants Office; and the Violence Against Women Office,

Office of Justice Programs, US Dept. of Justice

INFORMATION PRESENTED

This report has four sections: Section One presents sexual assault findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico which offers statewide rates of the incidence and prevalence of rape, attempted rape and incapacitated rape, together with a discussion of the findings on selected elements of sexual assault crimes. Section Two presents an analysis of 2005 sex crimes data from the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, which includes findings from law enforcement, service providers and statewide Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) units. Section Three presents a four-year trends analysis (2002-2005) of selected sexual assault demographic and crime characteristics from statewide law enforcement agencies and service providers and a discussion of the implications of the findings. Section Four offers county tables to present important trends information specific to each county.

SECTION ONE: SURVEY OF VIOLENCE VICTIMIZATION IN NEW MEXICO

I. Background

In 2005, the Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention secured funds to conduct a statewide violence victimization survey (see **Appendix A**: *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico*). The survey was conducted by Schulman, Ronca and Bucuvalas, Inc. (SRBI) a national research organization with over 25 years experience conducting national and statewide surveys on health and trauma issues.

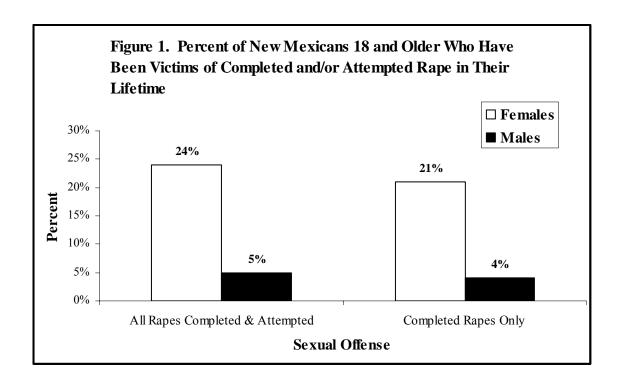
The purpose of the survey was to determine state estimates of the prevalence and nature of victimization among adults in New Mexico. The sample for the victimization survey was drawn from a statewide sample of telephone households developed by random digit dialing (RDD). A statewide random sample of 4,000 adults aged 18 and older: 2000 males and 2000 females, were interviewed. Interviewing for the survey was conducted between December 6, 2005 and January, 22, 2006. Comprehensive information regarding the survey methods used (sample construction, instrument design, programming, testing, interviewer selection, training, monitoring, conducting the interviews, response rates, field outcomes, data preparation and processing) is found in the *Survey Methods Report* available upon request from the Central Repository.

II. Prevalence of Rape and Attempted Rape

Of all persons 18 and older in New Mexico, 15% (209,813) have been a victim of *rape or attempted rape* in their lifetime and 13% (183,078) of these have been the victims of a *completed* rape. The following presents: 1) both completed rape and attempted rape lifetime prevalence; and 2) the lifetime prevalence of completed rapes.

A. Prevalence of Rape and Attempted Rape by Gender:

- ▶ 5% (34,665) or 1 in 20 adult males
- ▶ 24% (175,148) or 1 in 4 adult females (see **Figure 1**)



B. Prevalence of Completed Rapes by Gender

- ▶4% (29,065) or 1 in 25 adult males
- ►21% (154,013) or 1 in 5 adult females

When survey respondents were asked on how many different occasions they were raped in their lifetime, *males* reported experiencing an average of 2 (2.3) rapes each. *Females* who were ever rape victims in their lifetime experienced an average of 6.5 rapes each. However, since the *mean* or *average* calculation must consider all extremes, a more telling measure of rapes experienced by each rape victim would be a *median* calculation, the number of rapes for each victim marking the point at which exactly 50% of the victims fell below (experienced less than) and exactly 50% of the victims fell above (experienced more than). The *median* number of times *male* rape victims were raped in their lifetime was one (1.0). The *median* number of times *female* victims were raped in their lifetime was two (2.0).

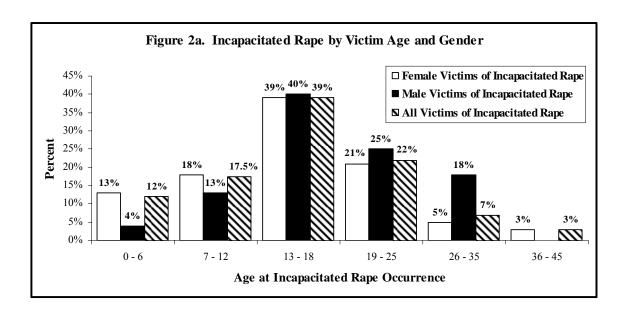
C. Prevalence of Incapacitated Rapes

- ► 2.5% (16,886) or 1 in 40 adult males
- ► 8.5% (78,347) or 1 in 12 adult females

When the circumstances of a rape (unwanted, non-consensual sex) involve incapacitation of the victim due to alcohol and/or drug intake that renders the victim very high, drunk or passed out, it is considered *incapacitated rape*. Of the completed rapes reported by adults 18 and older in New Mexico (183,078), 43% (78,347) were *incapacitated rapes*: 78% (61,461) perpetrated against women, 22% perpetrated against men (16,886). Therefore, 5.5% of all adults in New

Mexico have been a victim of *incapacitated rape* in their lifetime: 8.5% (1 in 12) adult women and 2.5% (1 in 40) adult men.

An examination of the ages of victims at the time of their incapacitated rapes found that most (39%) occurred when victims were *adolescents* (ages 13-18), followed by *young adults* (ages 19-25), 22% and *children ages* 7-12 (17.5%). More victims of incapacitated rape were *children under* 7 *years old* (12%) than *adults over* 25 *years old* (10%). Therefore, the total proportion of *children* (ages <13) who experienced incapacitated rape (29.5%) is greater than the proportion of *young adults* (22%) and only slightly less than the proportion of *all adults* (32%) who experienced incapacitated rape. See **Figure 2a**.



When examined by gender, significantly more *females* (31%) experience incapacitated rape as *children* (ages <13), than males (17%). Conversely, more *males* (43%) experience incapacitated rape as *adults* (ages >18) than females (29%). Male and female *adolescents* (ages 13-18) experience incapacitated rape at virtually the same rate (40% males, 39% females). Refer to Figure 2a.

III. Rape and Attempted Rape in New Mexico in the Last 12 Months (2005)

A. Rape and Attempted Rapes, 2005

There were 8,027 victims of completed rape and attempted rape in the last year, or 6 victims per 1000 persons 18 and older. Adult *females* comprise 65% (5,254) of these victims for a rate of 7 victims per 1000 adult females. There were 2,773 male victims of rape and attempted rape last year, for a rate of 4 victims per 1000 adult males. See **Table 1**.

B. Completed Rapes, 2005

There were 5,320 adult victims of rape in New Mexico in the last year, which is roughly 4 (3.8) rape victims per 1000 adults 18 and older. Adult females comprise 78% (4,158) of these victims and the rate of *rape* among adult women last year was 6 (5.7) per 1000. There were 1,162 adult male victims of rape last year, for a rate of 2 (1.7) per 1000 adult males. Refer to Table 1.

Table 1. Number of Adult Victims of Rape and Attempted Rape in 2005

Crime	Total Victims	Rate per 1000 Persons 18 and Older	Adult Female Victims	Rate per 1000 Females 18 and Older	Adult Male Victims	Rate per 1000 Males 18 and Older
Completed Rape	5,320	4	4,158	6	1,162	2
Rape and	8,027	6	5,254	7	2,773	4
Attempted Rape						

C. Demographics

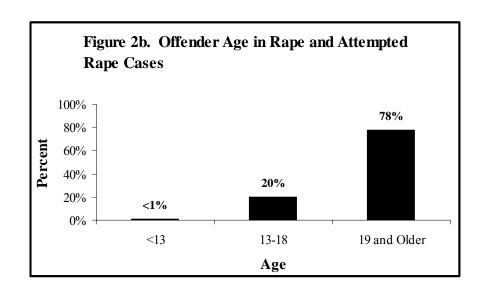
1. Offenders

a. Sexual Assault Offenders Are Mostly Males

While *males* comprise 16.5% (34,665 of 209,813) of all adults who were ever victims of sexual assault (*rape and attempted rape*), their offenders were frequently *male*, as well. Eighty-five percent of male *sexual assault* victims were victimized by a male. Conversely, only 14% of sexual assaults (*rape and attempted rape*) with a *female* victim were victimized by a *female*.

b. Age of Offenders

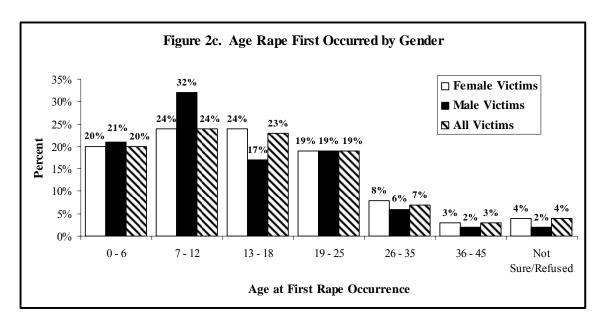
Over three-quarters (78%) of rape offenders are *adults* (age 19 and older). *Adolescents* (ages 13-18) comprise 20% of rape offenders and <1% of rape offenders were children (age <13). See **Figure 2b**.



2. Victims

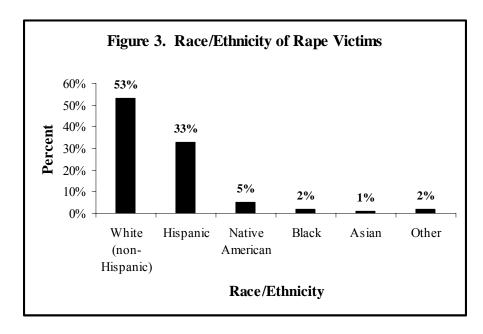
a. Age of Rape Victims

In general, most victims (24%) of rape were *children* ages 7-12, followed by *adolescents* ages 13-18 (23%), *children* ages 0-6 (20%) and young *adult* victims ages 19-25 (19%). When examined by gender, more *males* (53%) than *females* (44%) were raped by age 12. See **Figure 2c**.



b. Ethnicity/Race of Rape Victims

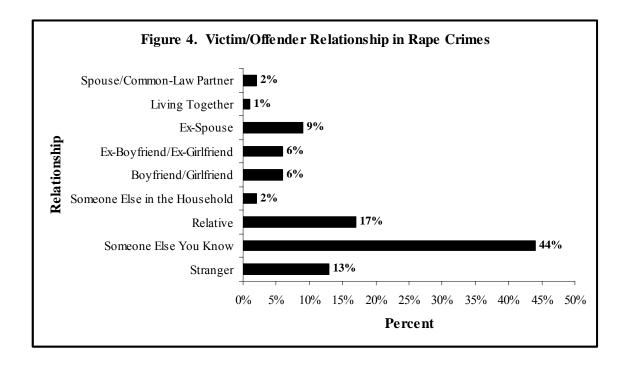
Slightly over half (53%) of all rape victims were *White (non-Hispanic)* and one-third (33%) of rape victims were *Hispanic. Native Americans* comprised 5% of rape victims. *Blacks* and those of *Other race/ethnicity* comprised 2% of rape victims, respectively. *Asians* comprised 1% of all rape victims. See **Figure 3.**



D. Elements of Rape Crimes

1. Victim/Offender Relationship

Most rape victims were raped by *someone they knew* (44%) who was not a relative or intimate partner. Seventeen percent were raped by a *relative* and 13% by a *stranger*. Nine percent of rape victims were raped by a romantic partner: 6% *boyfriend/girlfriend*, 2% *spouse/commonlaw partner*, and 1% *living together*. Fifteen percent of rape victims were raped by an ex-intimate partner: 9% *ex-spouse*, 6% *ex-boyfriend/girlfriend*. Two percent of victims were raped by *someone else in the household* who was not a partner or relative. See **Figure 4**.

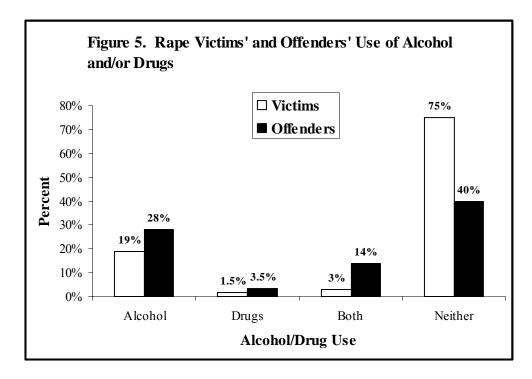


Since an ex-intimate offender (ex-spouse, ex-partner, ex-boyfriend/girlfriend) could have raped the victim while still in a relationship with the victim, victims were asked if the rape occurred while they were romantically involved, after they were involved, or during and after they were involved. Almost two-thirds (61%) of rape victims raped by a current or ex-romantic partner reported that they were raped while they were still involved. One-quarter of rape victims raped by a current or ex-romantic partner reported that they were raped during and after the time they were involved with the offender, and 12% reported that the rape occurred after their involvement with the offender was over. Therefore, 37% of rape victims who were raped by a romantic partner experienced a rape after the romantic relationship was over.

2. Rape and Alcohol/Drug Use

Over one-quarter (28%) of rape victims reported that their offenders were using *alcohol*, 3.5% reported that their offenders were using *drugs* and 14% reported that their offenders were using both *alcohol* and *drugs*. See **Figure 5**. Therefore, 45.5% of victims were raped by someone using alcohol and/or drugs. Forty percent of respondents reported that their offenders were

neither using alcohol nor drugs and another 14% reported that they were *unsure*. An examination by gender showed negligible differences in offender alcohol/drug use.

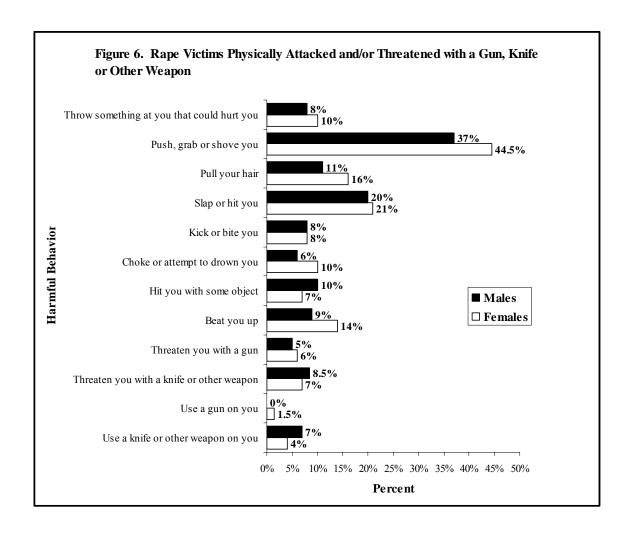


Three-quarters (75%) of rape victims reported that they were <u>not</u> using alcohol or drugs at the time of the rape incident. Of those victims who were using, 19% were using *alcohol*, 1.5% were using *drugs*, and 3% were using both *alcohol and drugs*. Refer to Figure 5. When examined by gender, significantly more *male* victims were using *alcohol* (28%) than *female* victims (18%). Slightly more *male* victims (2%) than *female* victims (1%) were using *drugs* and slightly more *male* victims were using both *alcohol and drugs* (4%) than *female* victims (2%).

3. Rape and Physical Violence and/or Threat of Violence

Slightly over half (53.5%) of all *male* rape victims and 47% of all female victims reported that they were <u>not</u> also a victim of physical attack. However, significantly more *female* rape victims than male rape victims were *pushed*, *grabbed or shoved* (44.5% vs. 37%); had their *hair pulled* (16% vs. 11%); were *choked or had an attempted drowning* (10% vs. 6%); and were *beat up* (14% vs. 9%). Conversely, significantly more *male* rape victims than female victims were *hit with an object* (10% vs. 7%) and *had a knife or other weapon used on them* (7% vs. 4%). See **Figure 6**.

Similarly, over one-quarter (29%) of rape victims reported that their offenders *threatened* to harm or kill them or someone close to them. However, when examined by gender of the victim, female rape victims (32%) experienced a threat to be harmed or killed or have someone close to them harmed or killed at twice the rate of male victims (16%). Not surprisingly, 40% of female victims and 22% of male victims believed that they or someone close to them would be seriously harmed or killed by their offenders.

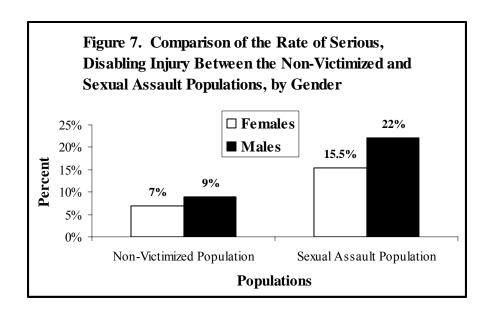


4. Rape and Victim Injury

In general, one-quarter (25%) of rape victims were *physically injured* during their rape incident. When examined by gender, however, significantly more *females* (27%) than *males* (16%) were injured during their rape incidents.

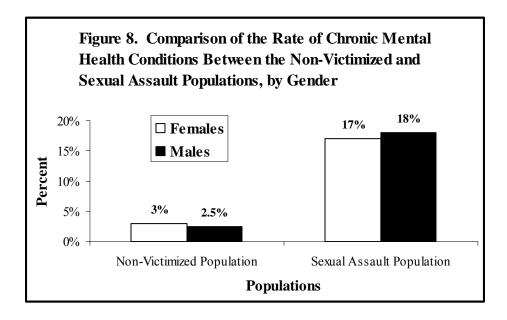
5. Rape and Serious Disabling Injury

Adult victims of rape are more than twice as likely (16.5%) to *sustain serious, disabling injury* than adults not victimized (non-victimized population) by any type of interpersonal violence (8%). When examined by gender, *female victims* (15.5%) of rape were 2.2 times more likely to have serious disabling injury than females in the *non-victimized* population (7%) at some point in their lives. Similarly, *male rape victims* (22%) were 2.4 times more likely to have a serious disabling injury than *males in the non-victimized population* (9%) at some point in their lives. See **Figure 7**.



6. Rape and Chronic Mental Health Problems

In general, adult victims of rape (17%) are *six* times more likely to suffer from one or more *chronic mental health conditions* than individuals who have not experienced any type of interpersonal violence (non-victimized population), 3%. Unlike other interpersonal violence crimes that revealed a significantly greater prevalence of chronic mental health conditions among female victims than male victims, *male* rape victims reported a slightly higher rate of chronic mental health conditions (18%) than *female* victims (17%). Similarly, the difference in the rate of chronic mental health conditions between the *victimized* and *non-victimized populations* when examined by gender is slightly greater for males. *Female rape victims* are *six* times more likely to suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions (17%) than *non-victimized females* (3%). *Male rape victims* are *seven* times more likely to suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions (18%) than *non-victimized males* (2.5%). See **Figure 8**.



7. Rape Victims Receiving Medical Care

One-third (33%) of injured rape victims *obtained medical care* for their injuries. There was a slight difference between the proportion of injured males and females that obtained medical care. Thirty-four percent of *injured female* rape victims obtained medical care for their injuries, compared to 30% of *injured male* rape victims.

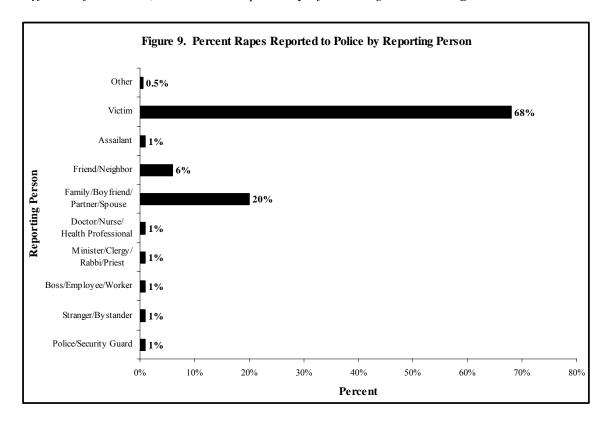
While rape victims could have gone to more than one place for treatment for injuries incurred during a rape, most rape victims (55%) reported going to an *emergency room or SANE* unit to be treated. Slightly over one-third (37%) of victims reported going to a doctor's office or clinic to be treated and 27% reported they were treated in a hospital.

When rape victims were asked how satisfied they were with the medical care they received, 80% said they were *satisfied*, 41% of these *very satisfied* with the treatment they received. Fifteen-percent of victims reported that they were *dissatisfied*, 8% of these *very dissatisfied*, with the treatment they received and 5% reported that they were *not sure*.

8. Rape Crimes Reported to Police

Similar to results obtained in the *National Violence Against Women Study* which found that 16% of rape victims reported their victimization to police, 16.6% of those in New Mexico who were raped at least once in their lifetime reported their rape to police. *Female* rape victims (19%) were *three* times more likely than *male* rape victims (6%) to report their rape to police.

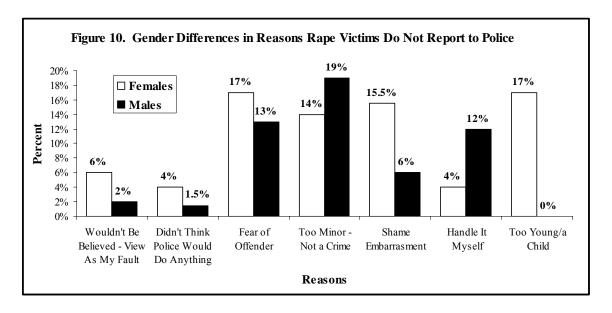
Of the approximately 17% of rapes that were reported to police, over two-thirds (68%) were reported by the *victim*, 20% were reported by *family* (spouse, partner, children, relative) or *boyfriend of the victim*, and 6% were reported by a *friend/neighbor*. See **Figure 9**.



9. Reasons Rape Victims Did Not Report to Police

Of the 83% of rape victims that did not report their victimization to the police, most said they did not report because they were too young/a child (17%), followed by those that reported fear of offender/afraid offender would get even/scared (16%), thought that the crime was too minor/not a police matter/not serious enough/not a crime (15%), and those that felt shame/embarrassment or thought it was their own fault (14%). See **Table 2**.

A comparison between male victims and female victims of the most mentioned reasons for not reporting their rape to police found that significantly more *females* than males did not report because they were *too young* (17% vs. 0%); *felt shame/embarrassment/thought it was their own fault* (15.5% vs. 6%); and *fear of offender/afraid he/she would get even/scared* (17% vs. 13%). Conversely, significantly more *males* than females did not report their rape because the incident was *too minor/not a police matter/not serious enough/not a crime* (19% vs. 14%); and because they *handled it themselves/got revenge/family handled it* (12% vs. 4%). See **Figure 10**.

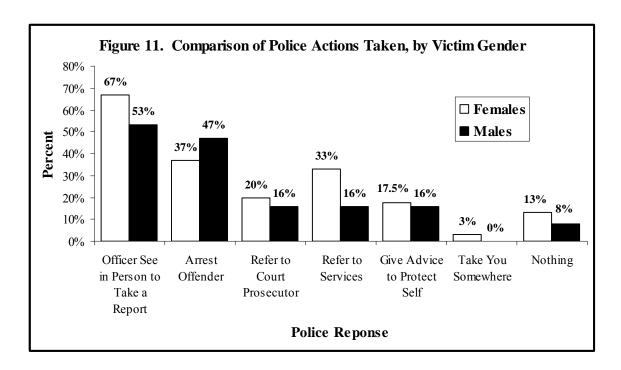


10. Police Response to Reported Rapes

Approximately two-thirds (66%) of the rape victims that reported their rape to police reported that an officer saw them in person to take a report. Slightly over one-third (37%) reported that the officer arrested the offender or took him into custody. Almost one-third (32%) reported that the officer referred them to services, such as victim assistance, medical clinic, legal aide or a women's shelter. One-fifth (20%) of the rape victims reported that the officer referred them to court or a prosecutor's office. Seventeen percent of rape victims who reported their rape to police were given advice on how to protect themselves and 3% were taken somewhere by the police officer. Of all victims that reported their rapes to police, 12.5% reported that the police did nothing.

When examined by gender, twice as many *female* rape victims (33%) were *referred to* services, such as victim assistance, medical clinic, legal aide or a women's shelter than male rape victims (16%). Females, were also significantly more likely than males to have an officer see them in person and take a report (67% vs. 53%); and be referred to court or a prosecutor's office

(20% vs. 16%). Unfortunately, female rape victims were also significantly more likely than male rape victims for the *police to do nothing* in response to a rape report (13% vs. 8%). Conversely, *male* rape victims were significantly more likely to have the officer *arrest the offender or take him/her into custody* (47% vs. 37%). See **Figure 11**.



11. Sexual Assault Rate of Suspect Arrest

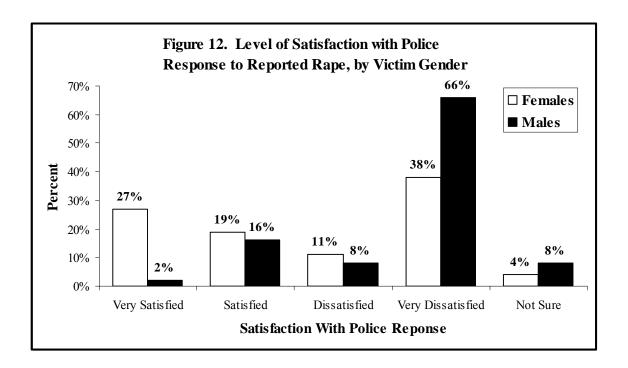
Of the *male* victims that reported their rape to police, 47% resulted in a suspect arrest. However, since only 6% of male rape victims reported their rapes to police, this represents only 3% of all cases of male rape. Similarly, 37% of female rape victims' cases reported to police resulted in a suspect arrest. However, since only 19% of female rape victims reported their rapes to police, this represents only 7% of all cases of female rape.

12. Rape Victims' Satisfaction with Police Response to A Reported Rape

In general, half (51%) of rape victims were dissatisfied, 40% of these very dissatisfied, with the way the police handled their rape cases. Conversely, 19% of rape victims were satisfied and 25% very satisfied with the way the police handled their rape cases. When examined by gender, significantly more male rape victims (66%) than female rape victims (38%) were very dissatisfied with the way the police handled their rape cases. See **Figure 12**.

When rape victims were asked what else the police should have done to help them, one-third (36%) reported *nothing*. Of those that wanted more done by police, 18% wanted the police to *charge/arrest/commute offender or keep offender locked up*. Another 13% wanted the police to *take a report/follow through with an investigation/question offender*. Yet another 15% were *not sure* what else the police should have done.

When examined by gender, twice as many *females* (37%) than males (18%) reported that there was *nothing* else they wanted the police to do. Significantly more *males* than females wanted the police to *take the complaint more seriously/believe them/not laugh at them* (19% vs. 3%) and to be *referred/took to services/shelter* (8% vs. 3%). Significantly more *females* wanted the *offender charged/arrested/commuted/kept locked up* (19% vs. 0%) and wanted *to know how to protect themselves/have surveillance provided* (6% vs. 0%). See **Table 3**.



13. Rape Victims and The Courts

a. Obtaining A Restraining Order

Of all rape victims identified in the statewide survey, 10% *obtained a restraining order* against their offender. When examined by gender, 3% of male rape victims and 11% of female rape victims obtained a restraining order.

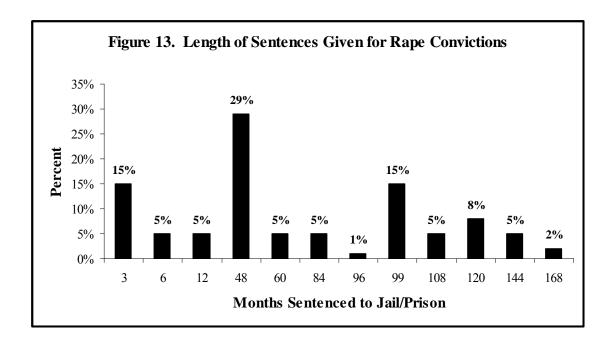
b. Violating A Restraining Order

Almost half of the victims (49%) reported that the *restraining order was violated by the offender*. When examined by gender, half (52%) of *male* rape victims and 49% of *female* rape victims reported that the restraining order was violated by the offender.

c. Criminal Charges and Dispositions

Six percent of rape victims filed criminal charges against the offender. One-quarter (25%) of the rape victims that filed criminal charges reported that their charges were dropped; 6% reported that the offender was acquitted; 45% reported that the offender was convicted; and 11% reported that the offender entered a guilty plea. Of those that were convicted or pled guilty,

88% were *sentenced to jail or prison* and the *average sentence* was 62.5 months. However, over half (54%) of the guilty offenders obtained a sentence of 48 months or less. See **Figure 13**.



When examined by gender, more *female* rape victims (7%) filed criminal charges than male rape victims (1%). Because so few *male* rape victims in the survey population filed rape criminal charges, no comparison in dispositions could be made by victim gender.

d. Satisfaction with the Court Process

When rape victims were asked how satisfied they were with the way they were treated during the court process, half (53%) reported that they were *satisfied*, 15% of these *very satisfied*, with the court process. One-third (34%) reported being *dissatisfied*, 25% of these *very dissatisfied*, with the court process and 12% were *not sure*.

SECTION TWO: Analysis of 2005 Sex Crimes Data from the Central Repository

I. ABOUT THE CENTRAL REPOSITORY

The Central Repository is supported by the State of New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention and Behavioral Health Services Division and the Violence Against Women Act. It was established in 1998 to house data submitted from a variety of agencies statewide (law enforcement, district and magistrate courts, and domestic violence service providers) that deal with the issue of domestic violence. In 2001, the Central Repository began capturing statewide sexual assault data, as well. To this end, sexual assault data from law enforcement agencies and the courts, as well as data from rape crisis centers, mental health centers, and SANE Programs that provide services for sexual assault victims, are also submitted to the Central Repository.

Data from all district and magistrate courts statewide are obtained through the Administrative Office of the Courts. Currently, standardized data from each aforementioned discipline, are submitted to the Central repository on a quarterly basis. The data analyzed for this report covers sexual assault law enforcement, service provider and SANE data for the period 1/1/05 - 12/31/05.

II. LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED SEX CRIMES

A. **DEFINITIONS**

Sexual assault incidents captured in New Mexico include the following statutes regarding sexual offenses. These statutes are presented in brief. Full definitions are found in **Appendix B**.

30-9-11 Criminal sexual penetration

A. Criminal sexual penetration is the unlawful and intentional causing of a person to engage in sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse or the causing of penetration, to any extent and with any object, of the genital or anal openings of another, whether or not there is any emission.

30-9-12 Criminal sexual contact

A. Criminal sexual contact is the unlawful and intentional touching of or application of force, without consent, to the unclothed intimate parts of another who has reached his eighteenth birthday, or intentionally causing another who has reached his eighteenth birthday to touch one's intimate parts.

30-9-13 Criminal sexual contact of a minor

Criminal sexual contact of a minor is the unlawful and intentional touching or applying force to the intimate parts of a minor or the unlawful and intentional causing of a minor to touch one's intimate parts. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.

30-9-14 Indecent exposure

A. Indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons publis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.

30-10-3 Incest

Incest consists of knowingly intermarrying or having sexual intercourse with persons within the following degrees of consanguinity: parents and children including grandparents and grandchildren of every degree, brothers and sisters of the half as well as of the whole blood, uncles and nieces, aunts and nephews.

30-9-1 Enticement of child

Enticement of child consists of:

- A. Enticing, persuading or attempting to persuade a child under the age of sixteen years to enter any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 (30-9-1 to 30-9-9 NMSA 1978) of the Criminal Code; or
- B. Having possession of a child under the age of sixteen years in any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 of the Criminal Code.

30-6A-2 Sexual Exploitation of Children

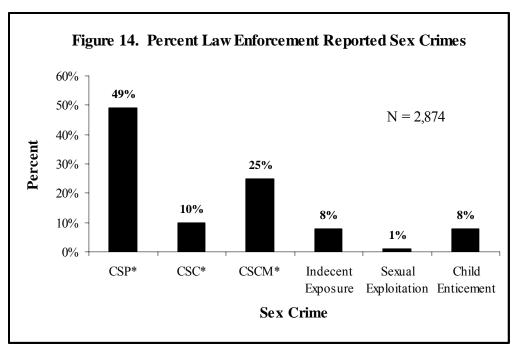
- A. and B. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally *possess* or *distribute* any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally cause or permit a child under eighteen years of age to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows, has reason to know or intends that the act may be recorded in any obscene visual or print medium or performed publicly.
- D. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally manufacture any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.

B. LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED INCIDENCE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT

There were 99 law enforcement agencies that submitted sexual assault data to the Central Repository during 2005 (see **Appendix C**). Presently, these agencies represent 94% of the New Mexico population. Data from each participating agency was extracted from police offense incident reports and submitted in aggregate form on the standardized *Law Enforcement Sexual Violence Data Collection Form* (see **Appendix D**).

1. All Law Enforcement Reported Sex Crimes

In 2005, there were 2,874 sex crimes reported by participating law enforcement agencies. For a list of sex crime reports by law enforcement agency, see **Table 4**. For a list of sex crime reports by county, see **Table 5**. Of the reported sex crimes, 49% (1,400) were cases of *criminal sexual penetration*, 25% (711) *criminal sexual contact of a minor*, 10% (281) *criminal sexual contact*, 8% (221) *indecent exposure*, 8% (232) *child enticement* and 1% (29) *sexual exploitation*, see **Figure 14**.



CSP = Criminal Sexual Penetration

CSC = Criminal Sexual Contact

CSCM = Criminal Sexual Contact of a Minor

2. Law Enforcement Reported Criminal Sexual Penetration (Rape) Incidents

The number of criminal sexual penetration (rape) cases per county that were reported to law enforcement in 2005 is shown in **Appendix E**. As expected considering the size of their respective populations, the *rate* of law enforcement reported *criminal sexual penetration* (LER-CSP) incidents in New Mexico was calculated based on counties with complete reporting (those counties with the law enforcement agency from the largest city(s) reporting). The rate of law enforcement reported criminal sexual penetration for New Mexico is .76 per 1000 persons, which is similar to the .77 rate reported in 2004.

The 1,400 law enforcement reported rapes in 2005 represent rapes among persons of all ages in New Mexico. The 5,320 victims in 2005 identified by the statewide survey represent only rapes perpetrated on those 17 and older. Therefore, the total number of rapes from all age groups that came to the attention of law enforcement (1,400) is equal to 1 in 4 of the number of adult rape victims identified by the survey (5,320).

C. CHARACTERISTICS OF CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION CASES

1. Type of Criminal Sexual Penetration

Of the 1,400 cases of criminal sexual penetration (CSP), the type of penetration was specified in 444. Of these, 31% (138) were *sodomy*, 19% (84) were with an *object*, and 50% (222) met the statutory definition of *incest*.

2. Victim and Offender Gender

There were 131 criminal sexual penetration cases from 40 agencies that did not document the *number of victims* involved. Of the 1,269 cases that did document the number of victims, 1,366 victims were identified. Victim *gender* was documented in 1,338 of these cases. Of these, 1,143 (85%) were *female* victims and 195 (15%) *male* victims.

Of the 1,400 cases of criminal sexual penetration, 1,234 cases documented the number of offenders involved. Of these cases, 1,243 offenders were identified. The ratio of offenders to CSP reported cases overall, was 1 to 1, meaning for every one case of criminal sexual penetration, there was approximately one offender identified.

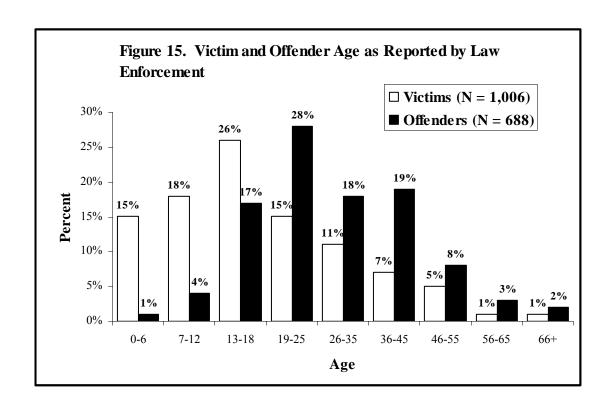
Of the 1,201 CSP reports identifying the gender of the offender, 93% (1,115) had a *male* offender.

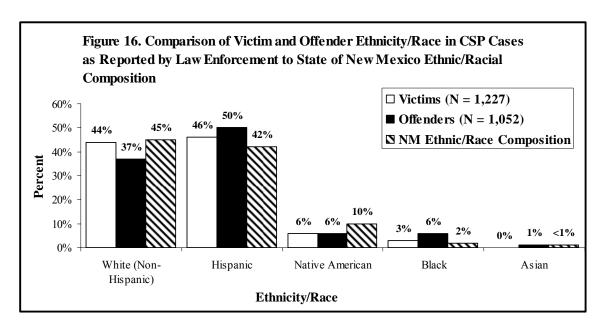
3. Victim and Offender Age

Of the 1,006 reports of criminal sexual penetration that identified *victim age*, the greatest proportion of all victims were in the age group 13-18 (26%), followed by victims age 7-12 (18%) and victims 0-6 and 19-25, with 15%, respectively. Conversely, of the 688 reports that identified *offender age*, the greatest proportion of all offenders were in the age group 19-25 (28%), followed by offenders 36-45 (19%) and 26-35 (18%). See **Figure 15**.

4. Victim and Offender Ethnicity/Race

Of the 1,227 CSP cases that identified victim ethnicity/race, 46% (567) were Hispanic, 44% (543) were White (non-Hispanic), 6% (78) Native American, 3% (34) Black, and 0% (5) Asian. Likewise, of the 1,052 CSP cases that identified offender ethnicity/race, 50% (529) were Hispanic, 37% (392) White (non-Hispanic), 6% (61) Native American, 6% (61) Black, and 1% (9) Asian. For a comparison of victims and offender ethnicity/race to ethnic/racial compositions in New Mexico, see Figure 16. As illustrated, Hispanics have greater representation among victims and offenders than their representation in the New Mexico population. Blacks have a significantly greater representation among offenders and slightly higher representation among victims than their representation in the New Mexico population. White (non-Hispanics) have greater representation among victims than their representation in the New Mexico population. Native Americans have less representation among victims and offenders than their representation in the New Mexico population.





5. Victim/Offender Relationship

The *victim/offender relationship* was not documented in 562 of the 1,400 reported cases of criminal sexual penetration. Of the 838 cases of CSP where *victim/offender relationship* was documented, 12% (99) were perpetrated by a *stranger* to the victim and 88% (739) were perpetrated by someone *known* by the victim.

All of the cases for almost half (47%) of the law enforcement agencies reporting criminal sexual penetration crimes, involved a *known* offender. See **Table 6**. There were 739 cases which documented whether or not the known perpetrator was a *relative*. Of these, 30% (225) were *relatives*.

While law enforcement agencies report whether the offender was a stranger or known to the victim, they do not further report the *type of relationship* among *known* offenders. However, such documentation is available from Bernalillo County in the reported cases of criminal sexual penetration submitted by the *Albuquerque Police Department* and the *Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office*. Of the 484 cases of criminal sexual penetration reported by law enforcement agencies in Bernalillo County, the *victim/offender relationship* was documented in 467 cases. Of these, 36 (8%) were perpetrated by a *stranger* and 431 (92%) by *someone known* to the victim. Of those known to the victim, 121 (28 %) were a *relative* of the victim. **Figure 17** illustrates the percent of each type of *victim/offender relationship*.

Among specified *known* offenders, *acquaintances* (27%) comprised the greatest number, followed by *boyfriends/girlfriends* (13%). "*Other*" known offenders comprised the greatest number of *unspecified* offenders (15%). Among *known-relative* offenders, a *parent* was the perpetrator in 6% of cases, *step-parent* in 3%, and *grandparent* in 1% of cases. *Siblings* were the perpetrator in 3% of cases. *Spouses* were the perpetrator in 1% of cases, and "*Other*" family members in 10% of cases. Refer to Figure 17.

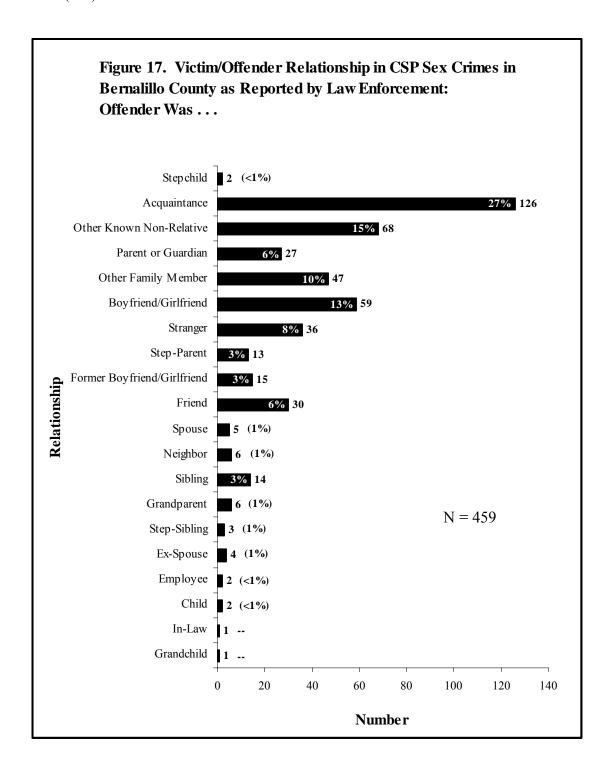
6. Weapon Use and Injury

There is a parallel between weapon use in sexual assault incidents and its use in domestic violence incidents, though there is a reluctance among professionals in the field of sexual violence prevention and prosecution to report this observation. Because the intent in a domestic assault or battery is to physically harm the victim, an offender's fists and feet used in kicking, slapping, or punching a victim are considered "personal weapons". Applying this liberal definition of a *weapon* to CSP crimes would result in 83% or 509 of 613 cases in New Mexico, involving a weapon. However, while this demonstrates comprehensive and accurate reporting, there is great reluctance in reporting such high rates of weapon use in sexual assault incidents. Sexual assault advocates and prosecutors have been working for years to dispel the long held social myth that unless there is a "non-personal" or deadly weapon involved, the victim consented too easily and must have freely engaged in the sexual activity. In truth, a very small proportion of CSP cases nationally, involve a "non-personal" weapon, such as a gun, knife, bat, etc. The same is true in New Mexico, as only 2% or 10 of 481 cases documenting *type of weapon used* involved "non-personal" weapons.

While it is most appropriate to include "personal weapons" in a weapon count in sex crimes and in domestic violence crimes, it is crucial to argue that sexual assault victims are raped, i.e. forced against their will, even without the presence of a weapon of *any* kind. The law states clearly, that just the presence of a *threat* of physical harm that the victim believes can be

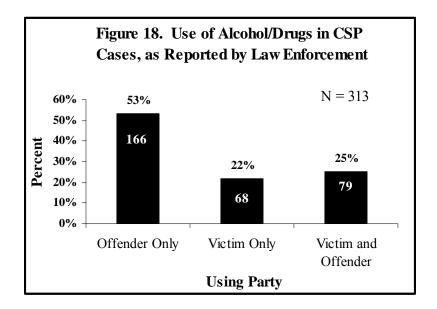
presently executed, is all that is required to demonstrate force or coercion. The requirement of "personal", "non-personal" and/or deadly weapon-use to justify that victim resistance occurred during a sexual assault incident must be eliminated.

Of the 700 cases that documented whether the victim was injured, victim injury occurred in 29% (202) of the cases.



7. Alcohol and Drug Use

There were 807 cases of CSP where *alcohol/drug use* was documented. Of these, alcohol and/or drugs were used in 43% (345) of cases. Of the 345 cases where alcohol or drugs were used, 313 documented the using party(s). *Offender-only* use of alcohol/drugs was reported in 53% (166) of cases. *Victim-only* use was found in 22% (68) of cases, and both the *victim* and *offender* used alcohol/drugs in 25% (79) of cases. See **Figure 18**. The total cases then, in which *offenders* used alcohol/drugs was 78% compared to the total cases in which *victims* used alcohol/drugs, which was 47%.



8. Children Witnesses to Criminal Sexual Penetration

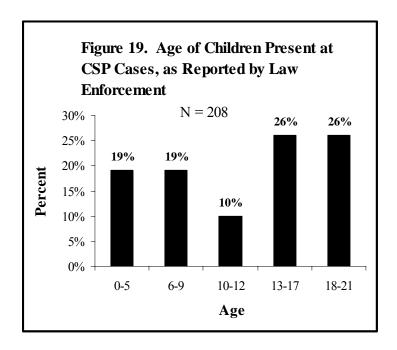
When analyzing data regarding children, two variables are analyzed: 1) the *number of incidents* that at least one child was present; and 2) the total *number of children* present. In 2005, 99 law enforcement agencies reported to the Central Repository. Of these, 88 reported at least one case of criminal sexual penetration but 47 of these agencies did not report how many incidents had children present, or how many total children were present during their reported CSP incidents. There were 148 cases that documented the *number of incidents* where at least one child was present. Of these, 41 (28%) cases had at least one child present. There were 80 children present at these 41 incidents, or 1.95 children per incident. There were 815 reports that documented the *total number of children present*. Of these, the total number of children present was 216 (a number that represents 26.5% of the number of CSP reports).

Of the 216 children present during the CSP incidents, the age of the child was documented in 208. Of these 19% (39) were age 0-5; 19% (39) 6-9; 10% (21) 10-12; 26% (54) 13-17; and 26% (55) 18-21. See **Figure 19**.

9. Suspect Arrests for Criminal Sexual Penetration Incidents

There were 777 cases of criminal sexual penetration that documented whether there was a suspect arrest. Of these, 137 (18%) cases had a suspect arrest. Among agencies with 10 or more

reported CSP cases, the *Las Vegas Police Department* had the most incidents with a suspect arrest at 38% or 5 of 13 reported cases, followed by the *Alamagordo Police Department*, 36% or 5 of 14 cases, and the *Gallup Police Department* 33%, or 5 of 15 cases. See **Table 7**.



D. CHARACTERISTICS OF OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED SEX CRIMES

While participating law enforcement agencies throughout the state report on the number of non-penetration sex crimes, including criminal sexual contact, criminal sexual contact of a minor, indecent exposure, sexual exploitation, and child enticement cases, they do not provide details about the nature of these crimes. However, data are available from the Albuquerque Police Department and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office that assist in characterizing these non-penetration crimes.

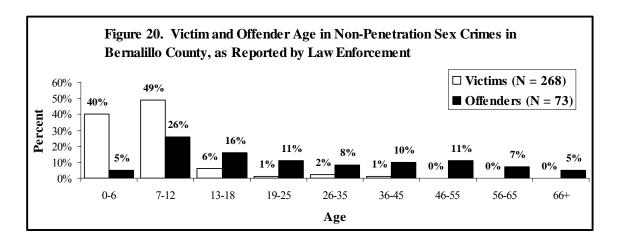
1. Victim and Offender Gender

There were 474 non-penetration sex crimes in Bernalillo County. There were 504 victims identified in these crimes. Victim *gender* was documented in 491 of the victims identified. Of these, 79% were female. This is less than the 85% of female victims in criminal sexual penetration (CSP) crimes. There were 413 offenders identified in the non-penetration sex crimes. The suspect gender was documented in 409. Of these, 93% (382) were male. This equals the 93% of male offenders in CSP crimes.

2. Victim and Offender Age

The *victim age* was documented in 268 of the 474 victims identified in Bernalillo County sex crimes. Of these, 89% were not yet adolescents: 40% were age 0-6 and 49% were age 7-12. Another 6% of victims were age 13-18, 1% were age 19-25, and 2% were age 26-35. See **Figure 20**. Offender age was documented in 73 of the 413 offenders identified. Of these, 26% were age 7-12, and 16% were 13-18. Offenders 19-25 and 46-55, comprised 11% of all offenders

of non-penetration crimes, respectively. Offenders 36-45 comprised 10% percent of all offenders, followed by offenders 26-35 (8%) and 56-65 (7%). Five percent of offenders of non-penetration sex crimes were 0-6 and 66 and over, respectively. Refer to Figure 20.



3. Victim and Offender Ethnicity/Race

Victim and offender *ethnicity/race* variables from the Albuquerque Police Department and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office shared records database were unreliable. Since this shared database is the only one that captures specifics on *non-penetration* sex crimes, no other ethnicity/race data on these crimes were available for analysis.

4. Weapon Use and Injury

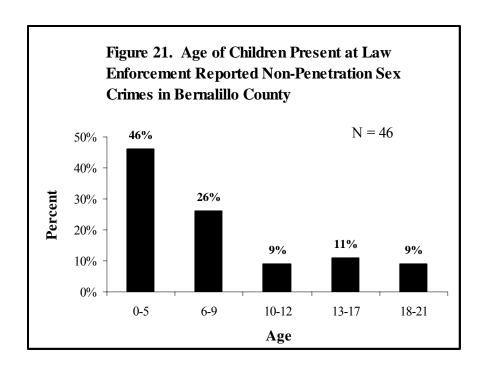
Bernalillo County law enforcement agencies reported 82% or 391 cases out of 474 *involved a weapon*. However, among these non-penetration cases, there was only 1 report which included a "non-personal" or deadly weapon. Although 29% of *CSP* cases involved injury, only 9% (44) of *non-penetration* sex crimes involved injury.

5. Alcohol/Drug Use

Similar to the injury findings, while 43% of *CSP* cases involved alcohol/drug use, only 14.5% of *non-penetration* cases involved alcohol/drug use.

6. Children Witnesses to Non-Penetration Sex Crimes

There were 46 children who witnessed an unknown number of the reported 474 non-penetration sex crimes (the number of *incidents* which had a child present was not documented, only the total number of children present for all incidents). Of these, 46% (21) were age 0-5, 26% (12) were 6-9, and 9% (4) were age 10-12. See **Figure 21**. A comparison of the age of children present at CSP crimes versus non-penetration sex crimes, illustrates that more (81%) young children (< 13 years of age), were present during *non-penetration* crimes compared to the proportion (48%) present during *criminal sexual penetration* crimes. Refer to Figure 19.



7. Suspect Arrest in Non-Penetration Sex Crimes

Of the 474 *non-penetration* sex crimes in Bernalillo County, there was no arrest made in 423 or 89%. This is higher than the 82% of *CSP* crimes where no arrest was made.

III. SEXUAL ASSAULT SERVICE PROVIDERS AND REPORTED SEX CRIMES

There were 29 sexual assault service provider agencies that submitted data to the Central Repository in 2005 (see **Appendix F**). Therapists from participating agencies complete the *Sexual Assault History* form, a standardized data collection instrument used by mental health and rape crisis centers throughout New Mexico to capture information on each client who presents for therapy for a recent or past sexual offense (see **Appendix G**). The data presented herein represent clients who presented for therapy between 1/1/05 and 12/31/05 for a recent or past sexual assault. Completed *Sexual Assault History* forms are submitted to the Central Repository on a monthly basis. There were 1,545 clients who received services for a sexual assault victimization. This represents a 14% decrease from that reported in 2004. Completed forms on these survivors were analyzed for this report.

The Albuquerque Rape Crisis Center served 33% (518) of all sex crimes survivors seen in 2004, followed by La Pinon Sexual Trauma Recovery (Las Cruces)162 (10.5%), Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center 125 (8%) and Sexual Assault Services of North West New Mexico 113 (7%). See **Table 8**. For an examination of survivors served by county, see **Table 9**.

It is difficult to make a meaningful comparison between the number of sexual assault cases reported by *service providers* per county and the number of sex crimes reported by *law*

enforcement per county because only 60% of all survivors who sought treatment in 2005 experienced the sexual assault in 2005. However, one may make a comparison simply based on a 12 month interval basis, i.e. in the same period of time that law enforcement reported 2,874 sex crimes, therapists served 1,545 survivors. The number of survivors seen represents 54% of the number reported by police in the same time frame. See **Table 10**.

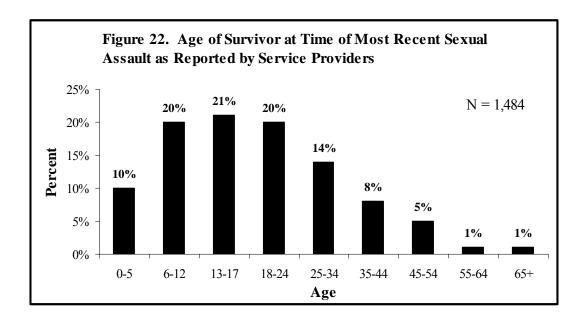
A. SURVIVOR DEMOGRAPHICS

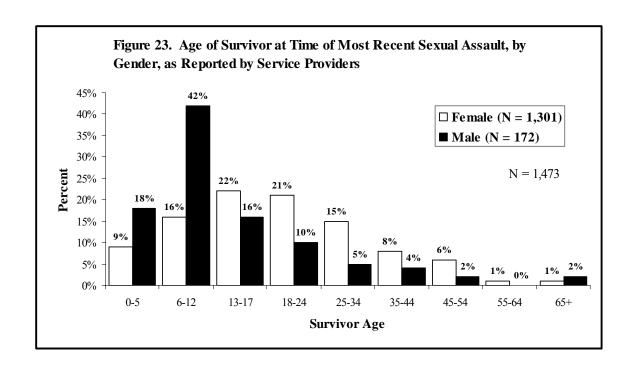
1. Gender of Survivor

Of the 1,545 sexual offense reports, 1,529 documented the *gender of the survivor*, 88% (1,346) of which were *female*. This is lower than the 91% of female survivors of sexual offenses reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, Sex Offenses and Offenders, 1997). *Southern New Mexico Human Development, Inc.* (27%) served the most males among survivors served followed by *The Counseling Center Alamogordo* (24%) and *Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center* (21%). See **Table 11**.

2. Age of Survivor At Time of Current (Presenting) Sexual Assault

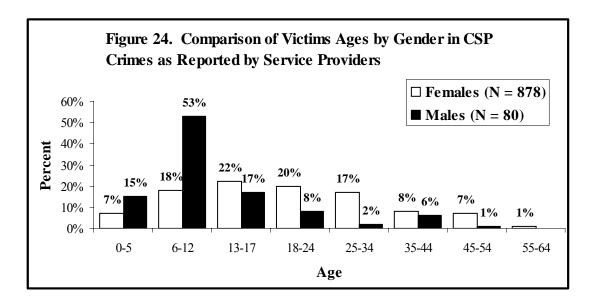
Of the 1,484 reports where age of survivor at the time of the current assault was documented, the greatest percentage of victimizations occurred between the ages of 13 and 17 (21%), followed closely by victimizations occurring from ages 6-12 (20%). See **Figure 22**. A comparison of age at the time of the current sexual assault between males and females reveals that more males (76%) of all males assaulted, were victims before age 18, compared to the percent of females among female survivors who were assaulted before age 18 (47%). See **Figure 23**.



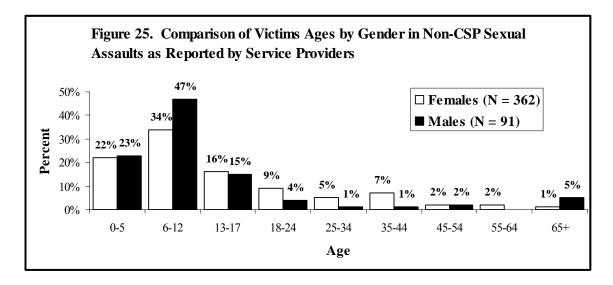


Since there is a significant difference between genders with regard to the age of the survivor at the time of the most recent assault when examining all types of assault, an analysis was conducted to compare the age of survivor for males and females between criminal sexual penetration crimes and non-penetration sex crimes.

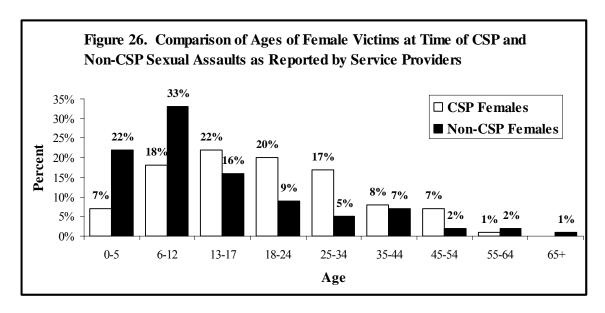
In *criminal sexual penetration crimes*, the proportion of *male children* raped (68%) among all males who were raped is significantly more than the proportion of *female children* raped (25%) among all females who were raped. Beyond age 12, a greater proportion of *females* than males were raped in every age group. See **Figure 24**.



Similarly, in *non-penetration sex crimes* (criminal sexual contact, criminal sexual contact of a minor, sexual exploitation, child enticement, indecent exposure) the proportion of *male children* victimized (70%) among all males victimized is also significantly greater than the proportion of female children victimized (56%) among all females victimized. See **Figure 25**.

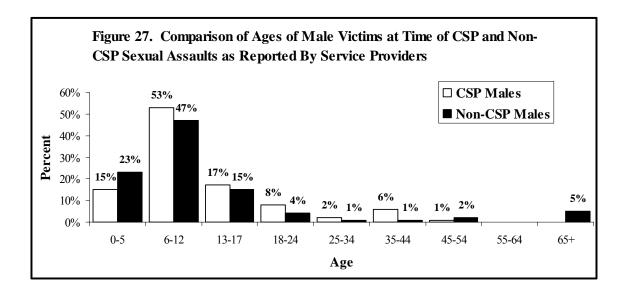


An examination of *female* sexual assault victims of *criminal sexual penetration* and *non-penetration sex crimes* shows that a greater proportion of female victims experience non-penetration sex crimes as children (age 12 and under) 55% than criminal sexual penetration (25%), but they experience criminal sexual penetration at higher rates in all other age groups until the age of 55. See **Figure 26**.



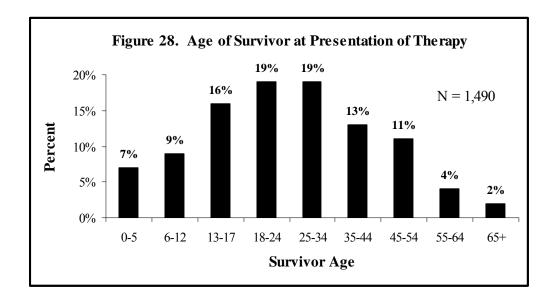
An examination of *male* sexual assault victims of *criminal sexual penetration* and *non-penetration sex crimes* shows that a greater proportion of male victims experience non-penetration sex crimes before the age of 6 (23%), than criminal sexual penetration (15%), but

they experience more criminal sexual penetration at higher rates in virtually all other age groups. See **Figure 27**.

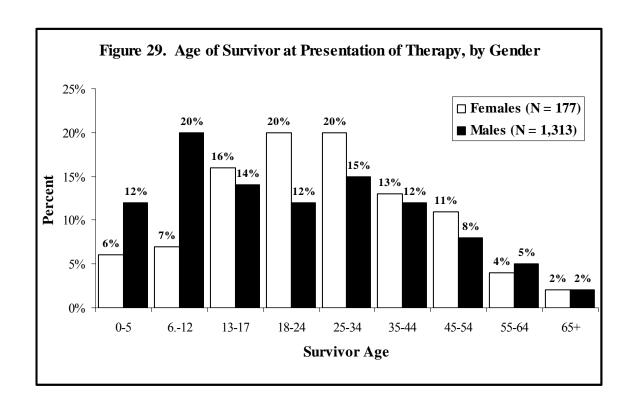


3. Age of Survivor At Presentation For Therapy

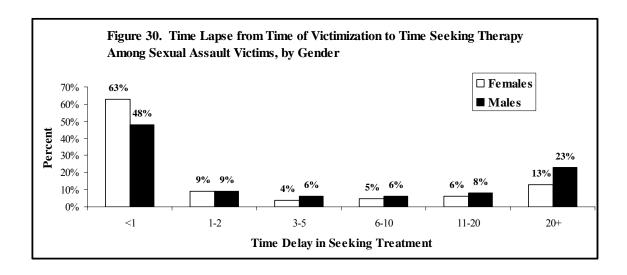
The age of the survivor when presenting for therapy was documented in 1490 (96%) of the sexual offenses reported. Of these cases, the age groups with the most presentations was 25-34 and 18-24 with 19%, respectively, closely followed by the age group 13-17 (16%). There was a slightly greater representation by those 35-44 (13%) than those 45-54 (11%). See **Figure 28**.



Males presented for therapy most often during the ages of 6-12 (20%), followed closely by the ages 25-34 (15%) and 13-17 (14%). *Females* presented for therapy most often between the ages of 18-24 and 25-34 (20%, respectively), followed by 13-17 (16%). See **Figure 29**.

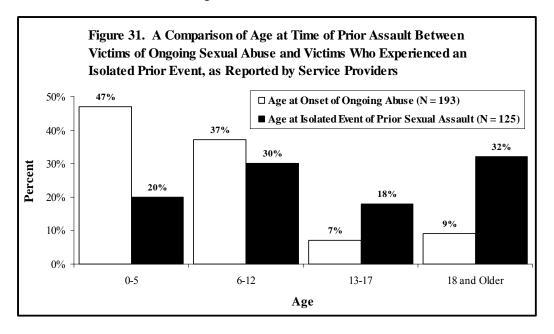


The 2005 sexual assault reports from service providers were analyzed to determine the proportion of victims who sought therapeutic services for their sexual assault within one year of the assault, and the proportion of victims who waited longer than one year. While almost two-thirds (63%) of male victims and half (48%) of *female* victims sought therapy within one year of their sexual assaults, after one year, more males (23%) and females (13%) were likely to wait over 20 years to seek services than any other length of time. See **Figure 30**.



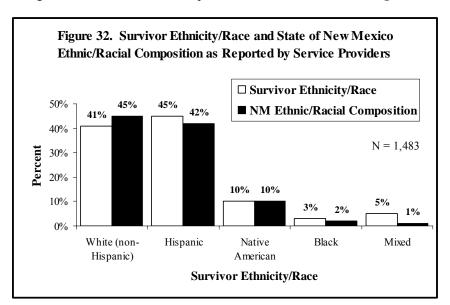
4. Survivor History of Prior Sexual Assault/Abuse

Prior sexual assault/abuse was documented in 1,206 service provider reports. Of these, 426 (35%) were sexually assaulted prior to the current assault. The age of the survivor at the time of the prior assault was documented in 318 of the 426 cases. Of these, 193 were survivors who were victims of *on-going sexual abuse*. The age at onset of abuse is shown in **Figure 31**. Eighty-four percent of these prior victimizations occurred by age 12, with the greatest proportion occurring between the ages of birth and 5 years (47%). Of the 125 cases of *isolated prior sexual assault incidents*, 50% occurred by age 12, 18% between the ages of *13 and 17*, and 32% were individuals *18 and older*. Refer to Figure 31.

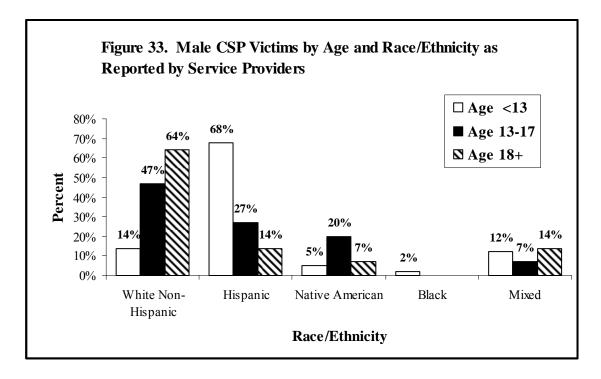


5. Ethnicity/Race of Survivor

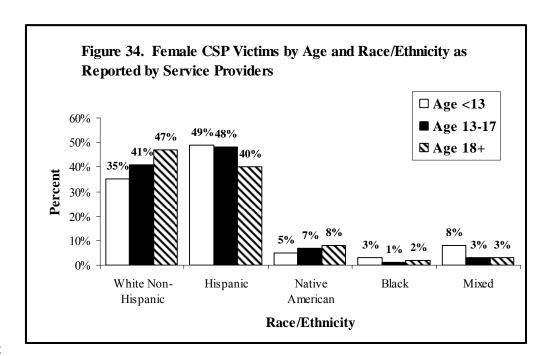
Ethnicity/race of the survivor was documented in 1,483 of reported sexual offenses. Forty-one percent of the reported survivors were White (non-Hispanic), 45% were Hispanic, 10% were Native American, 5% were of mixed ethnicity, and 3% were Black. For a comparison of these percentages to the ethnic/racial composition of New Mexico, see **Figure 32**.



When race/ethnicity was examined among male rape victims seeking services, more White (non-Hispanic) male rape victims (64%) and victims of mixed race/ethnicity (14%) were adults (18 and older). Conversely, significantly more Hispanic male rape victims (68%) and Black victims (2%) were children 12 and under; and more Native American male rape victims were adolescents (ages 13-17), 20%. See Figure 33.

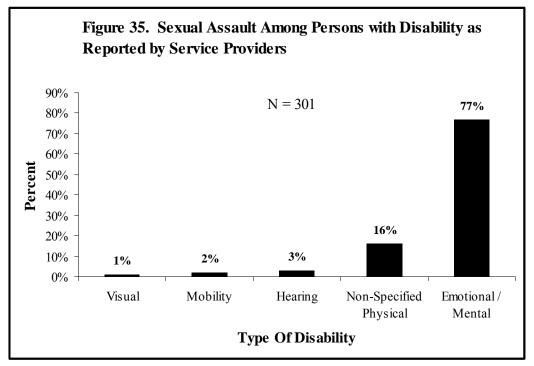


When race/ethnicity was examined among female rape victims seeking services, more White (non-Hispanic) female rape victims (47%) and Native American victims (8%) were adults, while more Hispanic (49%) and Black (3%) female rape victims and victims of mixed race/ethnicity (8%) were children. See **Figure 34**.

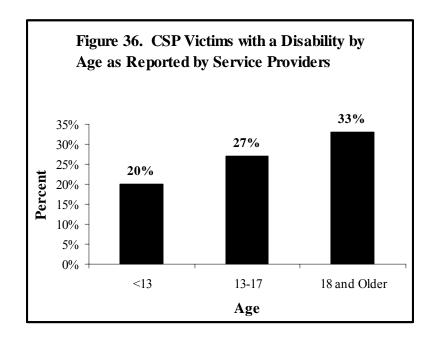


6. Survivor Disability

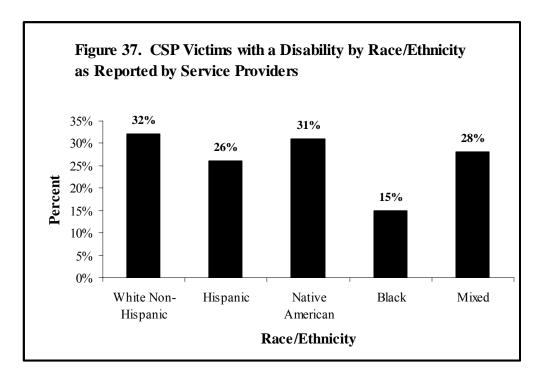
Of the 998 reports that documented *disability of the survivor*, 31% (301) had a disability. The highest reported disability among the 301 survivors with a disability was *emotional/mental disability prior to the sexual offense incident*, accounting for 233 (77%) of the 301 documented cases of disability. Twenty-three percent (68) of cases reported a *physical disability*: 3% *hearing*,1% *visual*,2% *mobility* and 16% *non-specified physical disability* (see **Figure 35**).



When *disability* was examined among *rape victims*, by *age*, more *adult* (18 and older) rape victims (33%) had a disability than *adolescent* (ages 13-17) victims (27%) or *child* (12 and under) victims (20%). See **Figure 36**.



When *race/ethnicity* was examined among rape victims with a disability, slightly more *White (non-Hispanic)* victims (32%) had a disability than *Native American* rape victims (31%) and victims of *mixed race/ethnicity* (28%). Approximately one-quarter (26%) of *Hispanic* rape victims and 15% of *Black* victims had a disability. See **Figure 37**.



B. OFFENDER DEMOGRAPHICS

1. Gender of the Offender

Of the 1,459 sexual offense cases where *gender of the offender* was documented, 1,394 (95.5%) were *male* and 65 (4.5%) *female*. Among rape cases, the proportion of male offenders was slightly higher, 97%.

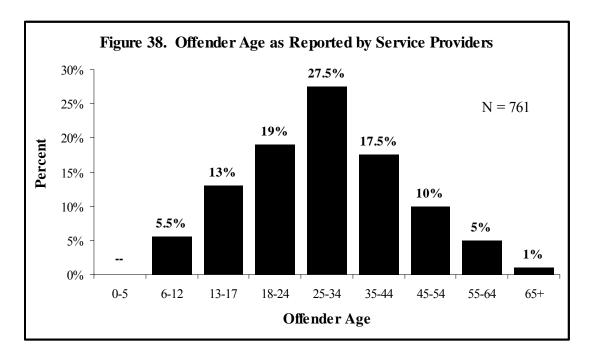
2. Age of Offender

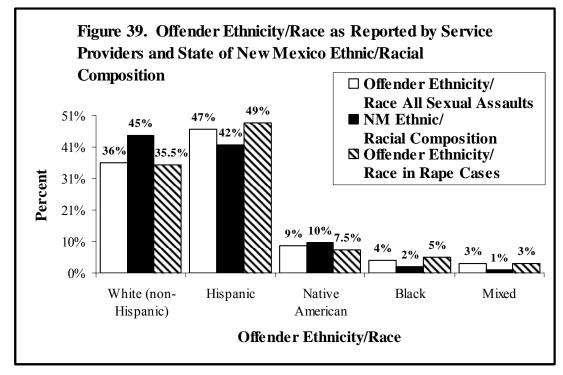
Age of the offender was documented in 761 of the offense reports submitted. The age group with the greatest number of offenders was 25-34 with 209 reports (27.5%), followed by the 18-24 age group with 146 (19%) offenders. Those offenders 35-44 comprised 17.5% (133) of all offenders. See **Figure 38**. The 18.5% of offenders represented in the <18 age groups are significantly higher than the percent of *single offenders* (10.9%) and *multiple offenders* (4.4%) younger than 18, that was reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1997).

3. Offender Ethnicity/Race

Of the 1,545 reported sexual assault cases, there were 807 cases where *offender ethnicity/race* was documented. Of these, 36% were *White* (*non-Hispanic*), 47% *Hispanic*, 9% *Native American*, 4% *Black*, and 3% *mixed ethnicity*. *Black* and *Hispanic* offenders and offenders of *mixed ethnicity* as reported by survivors in therapy, have greater representation than

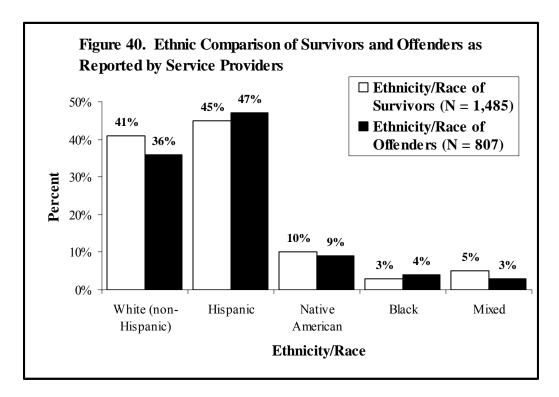
their representation in the state population. *White* (*non-Hispanic*) offenders have less representation among offenders than their representation in the state population. See **Figure 39**.





Similarly offender ethnicity among rape cases showed negligible differences in the proportion of each: *White* (non-Hispanic) 35.5%; *Hispanic* 49%; *Native American* 7.5%; *Black* 5%; and offenders of mixed ethnicity 3%. Refer to Figure 39.

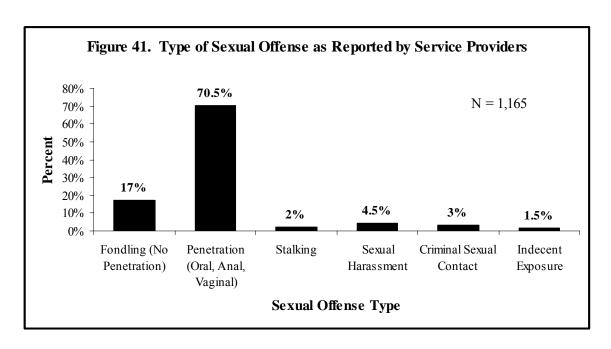
It is interesting to note that in 79% (767 of 964) of documented cases, the offender was the same ethnicity/race as the survivor. However, an ethnic/racial comparison of offenders and survivors as reported by those who seek services reveals that there are more *Hispanic* and *Black* offenders than *Hispanic* and *Black* survivors and conversely, there are more *White* (non-Hispanic), Native American and mixed ethnicity survivors than offenders of each race/ethnicity, respectively. See **Figure 40**.



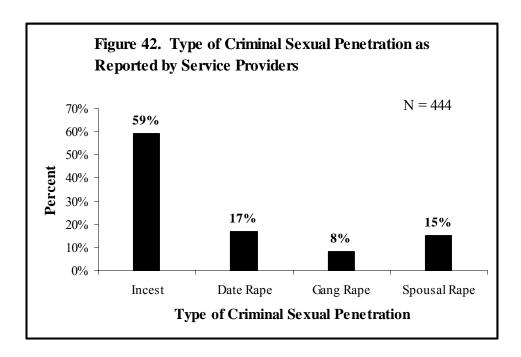
C. SEXUAL OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Type of Sexual Offense

There were 1,313 sex crimes reported by the 1,151 of the survivors who sought therapeutic services. In 148 of these, the exact nature of the sex crimes was not documented. Of the 1,165 sex crimes that documented the type of offense, 70.5% (378) were *criminal sexual penetration* (CSP – oral, anal, and/or vaginal penetration), 17% (200) *fondling*, 4.5% (52) *sexual harassment*, 2% (21) *stalking*, 3% (39) *criminal sexual contact* and 1.5% (31) *indecent exposure*. See **Figure 41.**

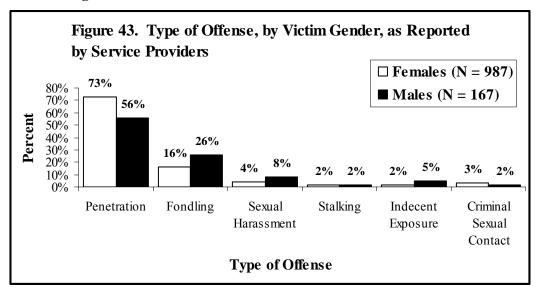


Of the 822 cases involving CSP, 378 did not specify the circumstance of the rape. In the 444 cases of CSP that specified the assault circumstances, *incest* accounted for 59% (264). *Date/Acquaintance rape* comprised 17% (75) of the specified CSP cases. Spousal rape comprised 15% (68) of the specified assaults and gang rape, 8%. See **Figure 42**.



There were 1,154 sexual assault cases where both the *survivor gender* and *type of offense* were known. When examined by *gender*, a significantly greater proportion of *females* (73%) among female survivors experienced CSP than *males* experienced CSP (56%) among male

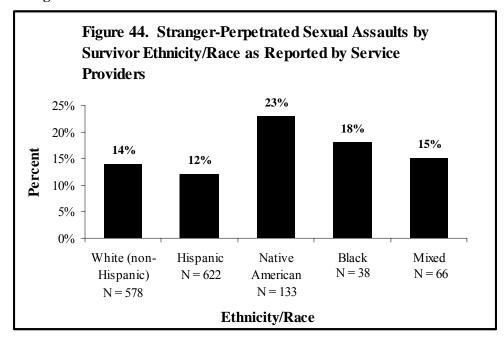
survivors. Conversely, a significantly greater proportion of *males* among male survivors experienced *fondling* (26%), *sexual harassment* (8%) and *indecent exposure* (5%), than females experienced *fondling* (16%), *sexual harassment* (4%) and *indecent exposure* (2%) among female survivors. See **Figure 43.**



2. Survivor/Offender Relationship

Survivor/Offender relationship was documented in 1,488 of the reported cases of sexual assault. In general, 14% (211) were perpetrated by a stranger and 86% (1,277) by someone known to the victim.

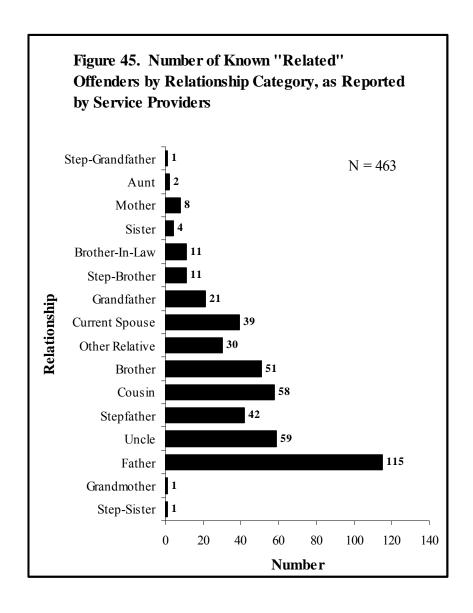
There were 1,437 cases that documented both *stranger-perpetrated* sexual offenses and the *ethnicity/race of the survivor*. Of the 578 cases with *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors, 14% (80) experienced *stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault. Likewise, of the 622 cases with *Hispanic* survivors, 12% (75) experienced *stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault. *Stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault was experienced by 23% (31) of the 133 *Native American* survivors, and by 15% (10) of the 66 survivors of *mixed ethnicity*. There were 38 reports on *Black* survivors that documented the relationship of the offender. Of these, 18% (7) were *stranger-perpetrated* rapes. See **Figure 44**.



There were 1,474 cases that documented both *stranger-perpetrated* sexual offenses and *survivor gender*. Of these documented cases, 174 were *male* survivors and 1,300 *female* survivors. Of the cases with *male* survivors, 10% (18) were *stranger-perpetrated*, compared to 15% (191) of the cases of with *female* survivors.

Of the sexual offenses reported to service providers, 86% (1,207) were committed by someone known to the survivor. Of those offenders *known to the survivor*, 38% (463) were *family members/relatives*.

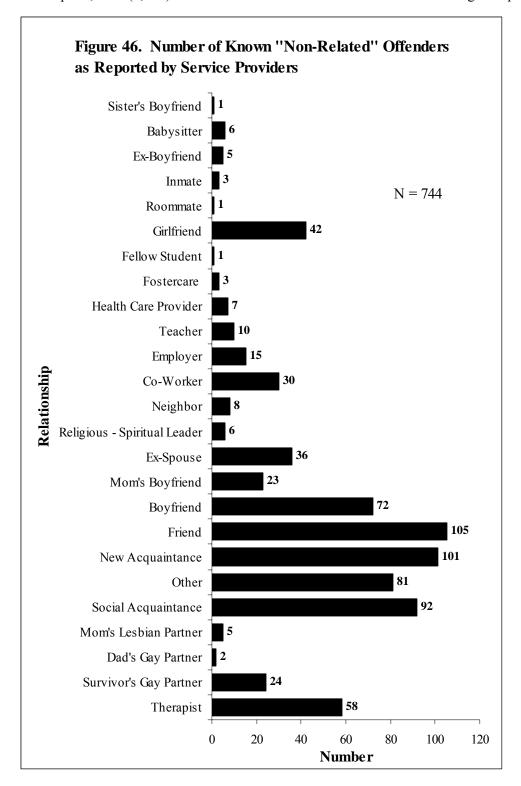
Of the sexual offenses committed by *family members/relatives*, *fathers* were the highest group of reported offenders, committing 115 (25%) of all *family member* sexual offenses. *Uncles* 59 (13%) and *cousins* 58 (12.5%) represented the relatives next most likely to offend, followed by *brothers* 51 (11%), *step-fathers* 42 (9%) and *current spouses* 39 (8%). See **Figure** 45.



Of the 744 non-family offenders known to the survivor, friends 105 (14%), new acquaintances 101 (13%), social acquaintances 92 (12%) and boyfriends 72 (10%) comprised half (49%) of these offenders. Therapists comprised the next highest reported category of known offenders, committing 58 (8%) of known offender sexual offenses. See **Figure 46**.

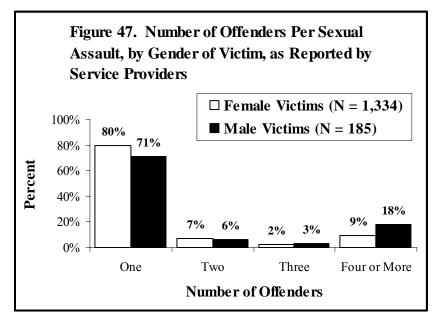
3. Number of Offenders Involved Per Sexual Assault

The *number of offenders* was documented in 1,532 of reported sexual offenses. Of the documented reports, 79% (1,207) involved *one* offender. The 21% of cases involving *multiple*

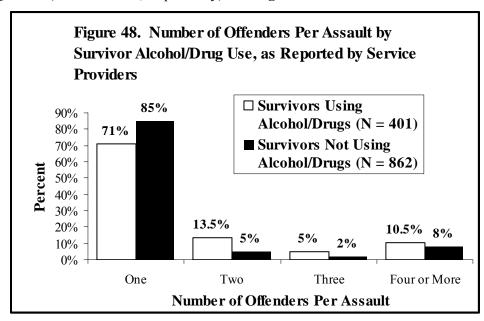


offenders as reported by therapists, is higher than the 9.4% of multiple-offender sexual assaults reported in national victimization surveys (Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1994). Of the multiple-offender assaults reported, 7% (113) involved two offenders, 3% (42) involved three offenders, and 11% (170) involved four-or-more offenders.

An examination by *gender* found negligible differences in the number of *multiple-offender* sexual assaults, with the exception of four or more offenders. Twice as many males (18%) were assaulted by four or more offenders than females (9%) See **Figure 47**.



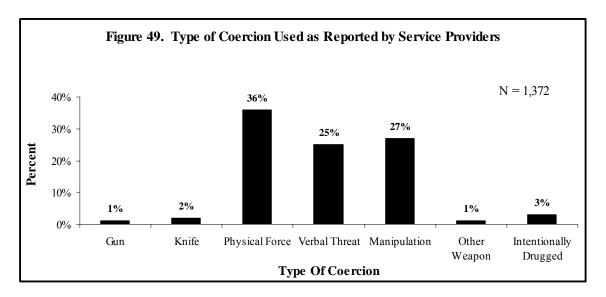
The number of offenders per sexual assault was inconclusively correlated with survivor alcohol use. There were 1,263 cases that documented both survivor use of alcohol and number of offenders. Of these, 401 survivors used alcohol and 862 did not. One-offender sexual assaults were significantly more common among non-using alcohol/drug survivors (85%), than alcohol/drug using survivors (71%). Conversely, multiple-offender sexual assaults were more prevalent among alcohol/drug users than non-alcohol/non-drug users when two offenders were involved (13.5% and 5%, respectively), three offenders (5% and 2%, respectively) and four-ormore offenders (10.5% and 8%, respectively). See **Figure 48**.



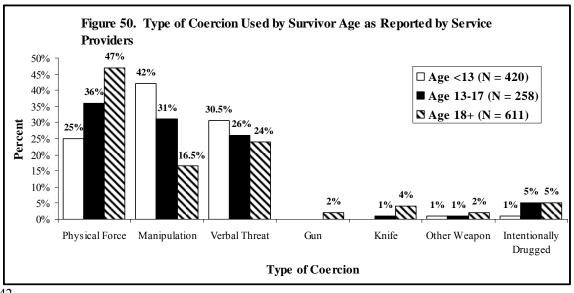
There was no correlation found between the *number of offenders* involved in an assault and the ethnicity/race of the survivor.

4. Type of Coercion Used

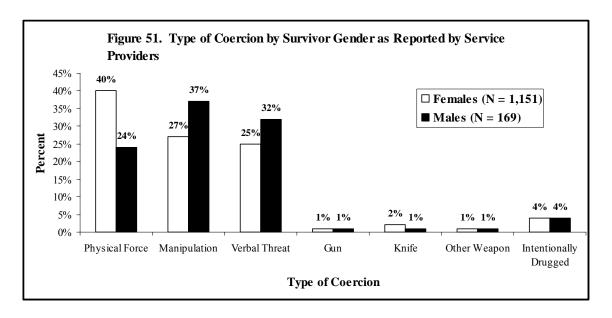
Because more than one type of coercion was used with some survivors, there were 1,672 reports of coercion in 1,387 reported sexual assaults. Of these, the type of coercion used most was physical force (36%), followed by manipulation (27%), and verbal threat (25%). Weapons accounted for 4% of the type of coercion used: knives (2%), guns (1%) and other weapons (1%). Intentional drugging of the victim by the perpetrator accounted for 3% of the total types of coercion used. See Figure 49.



Physical force (47%) was used on adult (ages 18 and older) victims more than any other type of coercion. Manipulation (42%) was used on child victims (ages 12 and under) more than any other type of coercion, followed by verbal threat (30.5%). Intentional drugging of the victim by the perpetrator was used equally and most often on adolescents (ages 13-17) and adults, (5%, respectively). Guns (2%), knives (4%) and other weapons (2%) were used most on adult victims. See Figure 50.



When examined by gender, significantly more *females* (40%) experienced *physical force* among female survivors, than *males* experienced *physical force* (24%) among male survivors. Similarly, more *females* experienced *knife use* (2%) among female survivors, than *males* experienced *knife use* (1%) among male survivors. *Males* among male survivors were more likely to experience *manipulation* (37%) and *verbal threat* (32%) than *females* among female survivors (27% and 25%, respectively). Males and females were equally likely to be *intentionally drugged* by the perpetrator (4%), or have a *gun* (1%) or other weapon (1%) used during their assault. See **Figure 51**.

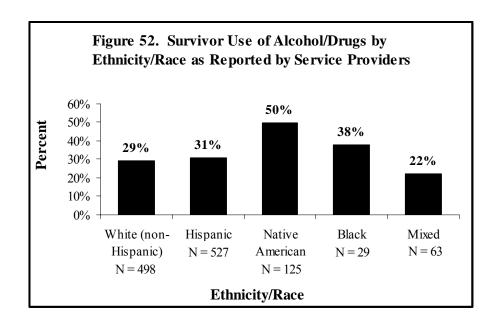


5. Use of Alcohol/Drugs

a. Survivor

Of the 1,517 reports that documented *alcohol/drug use*, 24% (367) of survivors used alcohol or other drugs during the reported (current) *assault*. There were 364 of these cases that documented the survivor/offender relationship. Of these 364 cases involving *survivor alcohol/drug use*, 22% were committed by a *stranger*. Conversely, of 1,150 cases where the survivor did <u>not</u> use alcohol/drugs, there were 1,134 that documented the survivor/offender relationship. Of these, 11% were committed by a *stranger*. This suggests that *alcohol/drug use* presents a vulnerability to *stranger* rape: those who use alcohol/drugs are *two times* more likely to experience rape by a stranger than those who avoid alcohol/drugs.

There were 1,242 sexual assault cases where both *survivor alcohol/drug use* and *ethnicity/race* were documented. Of these, *Native American* survivors were most likely to use alcohol or other drugs at the time of their sexual assault, with 50% *Native American* survivors reporting *alcohol/drug use*. Over one-third (38%) of *Black* survivors used alcohol/drugs at the time of their sexual assault, followed by *Hispanic* survivors (31%), *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors (29%) and survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* (22%). Both *ethnicity/race* and *survivor alcohol/drug use* was documented in too few cases (4) with *Asian* survivors to allow for meaningful analysis. See **Figure 52**.



b. Offender

Use of alcohol or other drugs by offenders was documented in only 649 of the 1,545 sexual offense reports. Of these, 66% (429) of offenders used alcohol or other drugs during the reported (current) assault.

6. Location and Time of Sexual Offenses

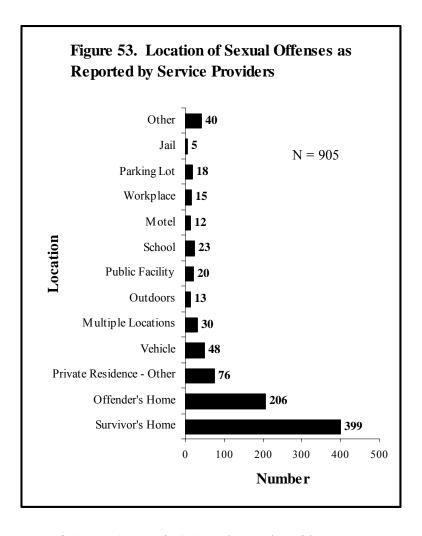
a. Physical Location

Of the 905 reports from therapists that documented *location of the sexual assault*, 44% (399) were committed in the *survivor's home*. This is higher than the reported 34% of sexual assaults committed in the survivor's home as reported in national victimization surveys (Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1994). The *offender's home* represented the location of the second highest category of reported offenses, 23% (206) followed by a *residence other than the survivor or offender's home* 8% (76). Five percent (48) of the assaults occurred in a *vehicle* and 3% (30) in *multiple locations*. See **Figure 53**.

b. Geographic Location

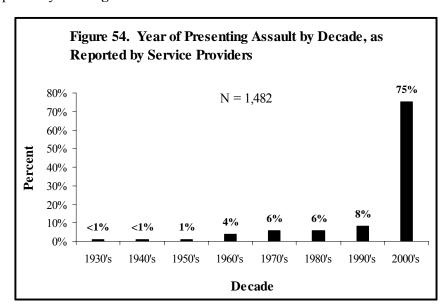
The geographic location of the sexual assault as reported by therapists was documented in 1,265 cases. This includes 1,252 cases from 32 states, and 13 cases from 5 countries outside of the United States. Of all the cases reported, 90% (1,144) took place in *New Mexico* and another 9% in surrounding states. Those states with the most sexual assaults for which the victims sought services in New Mexico include: *Texas* (23), *Arizona* (12), *California* (12) and *Colorado* (8). See **Table 12**. Victims from the following countries outside the United States sought help in New Mexico: *Mexico* (9); *Canada* (1), *China* (1), *Germany* (1), *Portugal* (1).

There were 1,122 survivor reports from New Mexico that documented the county in which the sexual assault occurred. As expected, the greatest proportion of sexual assaults occurred in *Bernalillo County* (35.5%), followed by *San Juan County* (12%), *Dona Ana County* (10.5%) and *Grant County* (10%). See **Table 13**.



c. Year of Current (Presenting) Sexual Assault Incidents

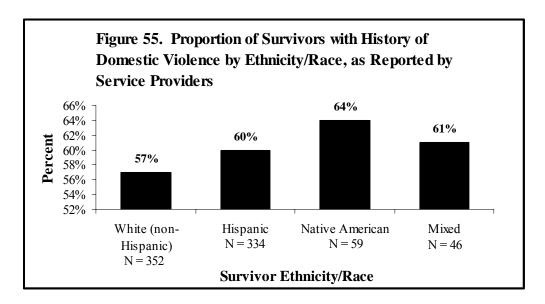
There were 1,482 reports from service providers that documented the year that the sexual assault incident occurred. Almost two-thirds (60%) of those who sought therapeutic services in 2005 for a sexual assault actually experienced the assault in 2005. Those seeking services in 2005 that experienced the assault from 2000-2004 comprised 15% of victim reports. An examination of the data by date of the presenting assault by decade, shows that 8% occurred in the 1990's, 6% in the 1980's, 6% in the 1970's, 4% in the 1960's, 1% in the 1950's and < 1% in the 1940's and 1930's, respectively. See **Figure 54**.



7. Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault

Domestic violence history among survivors was documented in 790 of the sexual offense reports. Of the cases where domestic violence among survivors was documented, 60% (475) of survivors reported a history of domestic violence.

There were 800 reports that documented both *survivor ethnicity/race* and *survivor history* of domestic violence. When examined by *survivor ethnicity/race*, 64% (38) of *Native American* survivors, 61% (28) of survivors of *mixed ethnicity*, 57% (200) of *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors and 60% (201) of *Hispanic* survivors reported a history of domestic violence. See **Figure 55**. There were too few cases (9) among *Black* survivors where history of domestic violence was documented to allow for meaningful analysis.



Domestic violence history among offenders was understandably reported in a fewer number of cases, since many survivors of assault do not know this information about their offender. However, of the 280 cases where survivors knew and reported the domestic violence history of the offender, 76% (214) of offenders had a history of domestic violence.

Of the 280 cases where the domestic violence history of the *offender* was known, there were 264 cases that also documented the *survivor's* history of domestic violence. Of 85 survivors with *no history* of domestic violence, 41% (35) were offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence. Conversely, of 179 survivors *with a history* of domestic violence, 93% (167) were offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence. This suggests that a survivor *with a history* of domestic violence is significantly (2 times) more likely to be offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence than a survivor who does <u>not</u> have a history of domestic violence.

8. Sexually Transmitted Disease, Pregnancy, and Sexual Assault

a. Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD's)

Of the 665 cases where *contraction of a sexually transmitted disease* was documented, 24 (4%) of the survivors contracted a sexually transmitted disease during the reported (current) sexual assault.

There is a significant correlation between *survivor use of alcohol* and the likelihood of *contracting a sexually transmitted disease*. Those survivors who *used alcohol/drugs* were *five times* (5.5) more likely to contract an STD than those who did <u>not</u> use alcohol/drugs. Of the total reported sexual assaults that documented whether *alcohol was used* and whether there was *the contraction of a sexually transmitted disease*, 11% or 1 in 9 (10 of 90) of those survivors who did use alcohol contracted an STD, compared to 2% or 1 in 44 (12 of 527) among survivors who did not use alcohol.

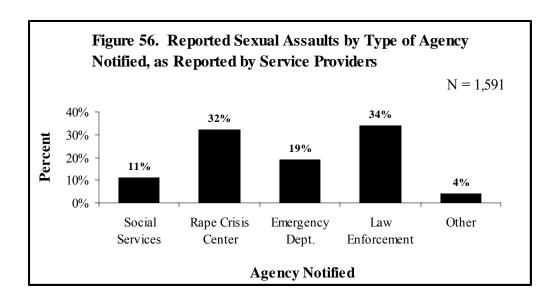
b. Pregnancy

There were 910 cases that documented whether or not a pregnancy resulted from the presenting sexual assault incident. Of the 910 cases, 24 (3%) resulted in a pregnancy.

9. Reported Sexual Assault

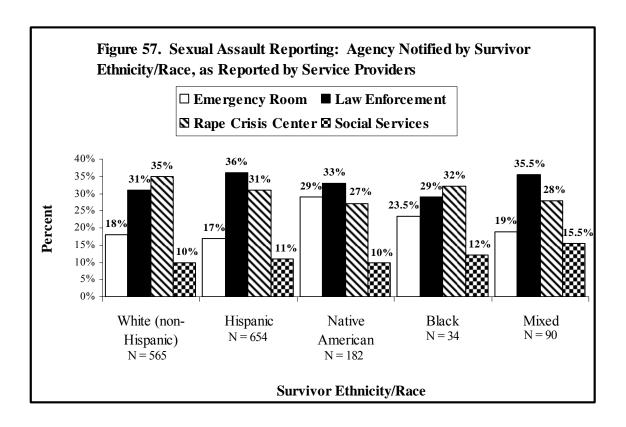
Of the 1,545 sexual assault offenses, there were 1,402 which documented whether the assault was reported to a professional agency. Of these, 283 (20%) were *not reported*. Of the 1,119 that were reported, 84.5% (946) were reported by the *survivor*, 2% (19) by the *therapist*, and 14% (154) by *others* not specified.

There were 1,591 reports made on 863 sexual assaults, as each assault may have been reported to more than one type of agency. Of the 1,591 reports made, 538 (34%) were reported to *law enforcement*, 513 (32%) were reported to a *rape crisis center*, 303 (19%) to an *ER or SANE*, 171 (11%) to a *social service agency*, and 66 (4%) to *other* agencies not specified. See **Figure 56**.

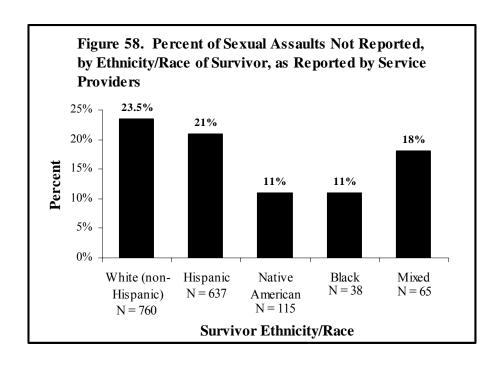


The 34% of reports made to *law enforcement* mirrors the 33% reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1997). However, this data may be skewed as those survivors who seek treatment for sexual assault may be more likely to report than those survivors who do not seek treatment.

More White (non-Hispanic) survivors (35%) and Black survivors (32%) reported their sexual assaults to rape crisis centers than to law enforcement or other agencies. Conversely, more Hispanic survivors (36%), Native American survivors (33%) and survivors of mixed ethnicity (35.5%) reported their assaults to law enforcement than to other agencies. A greater proportion of survivors from each ethnic group/race were significantly more likely to report to an emergency department than to social services. See Figure 57.



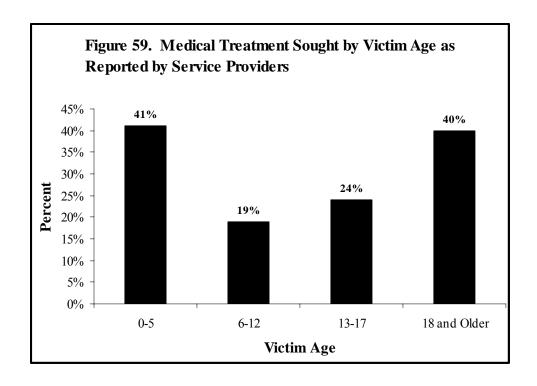
There were 1,352 cases that documented both, whether a *report was made* and the *ethnicity/race of the survivor. White (non-Hispanic)* survivors had the greatest percentage of unreported sexual assaults (23.5%), followed closely by *Hispanic* survivors (21%) and survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* (18%). *Black* survivors and *Native American* survivors had the fewest unreported sexual assaults (11%, respectively). See **Figure 58**.



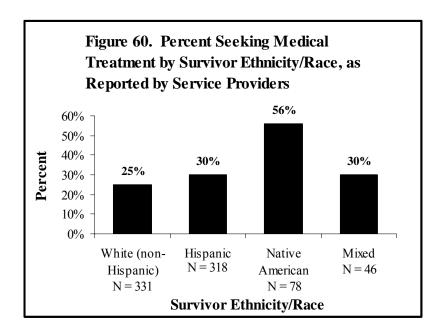
10. Medical Treatment Sought

There were 795 sexual assault offenses that documented whether medical treatment was sought by the survivor. Of these, 31% (244) *sought medical treatment*. There were 784 reports that documented *medical treatment sought* and *survivor gender*. One-third (33%) of *female* sexual assault survivors and 18% of *male* sexual assault survivors *sought medical treatment*.

An examination of medical treatment sought by *survivor age* revealed that *child* (age birth to 5) survivors (41%) and *adult* (age 18 and older) survivors (40%) were more likely than *children 6-12* (19%) and *adolescents* 13-17 (24%) to seek medical treatment. See **Figure 59**.



An examination of *medical treatment sought* by *survivor ethnicity*, revealed that in 781 documented reports, 56% (44 of 78) of *Native American* survivors sought medical treatment. This represents the ethnic group/race with the greatest proportion of survivors seeking medical treatment among all ethnic groups/races represented by survivors. Approximately one-third (30%, respectively) of *Hispanic* survivors (95 or 318) and *survivors of mixed ethnicity* (14 of 46) sought medical treatment, as well as one-quarter (25%) of *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors (82 of 331). *Black* survivors had too few cases (8) to allow for meaningful analysis. See **Figure 60.**



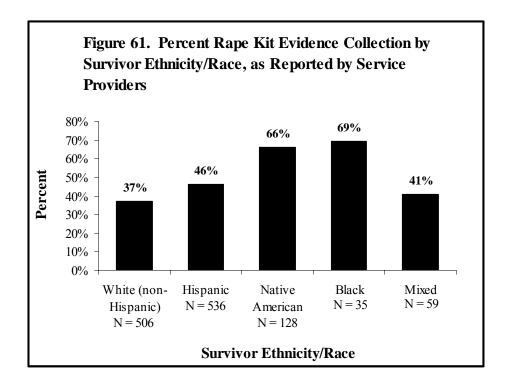
11. Rape Kit Evidence Collection

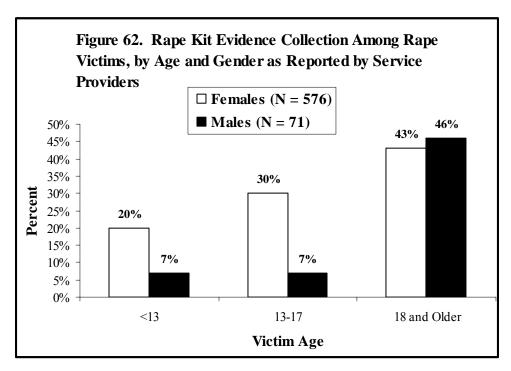
There were 1,303 service provider reports that documented whether *rape kit evidence* was collected (within 5 days of the assault). Of these 45% (593) reported rape kit evidence collection. When examined by *gender*, significantly more *females* (48%) among female survivors obtained rape kit evidence collection, than *males* among male survivors (27%)

An examination of *rape kit evidence collection* (within 5 days of the assault) by *survivor ethnicity/race* revealed that *Black* survivors (69%) were most likely to have rape kit evidence collected, followed by *Native American* survivors (66%). *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors were least likely to have rape kit evidence collection performed (37%), followed closely by survivors of *mixed ethnicity* (41%). Less than half (46%) of *Hispanic* survivors had rape kit evidence collected. See **Figure 61**.

A analysis was conducted to compare *rape kit evidence collection* among male and female *rape victims* by *gender* and *age*. Of the 1,545 sexual assault victims who sought services in 2005, 822 were victims of criminal sexual penetration (rape). The *gender* of the victim was documented in 814 reports: 88% (720) were *female* rape victims and 12% (94%) were *male* rape victims. Of the 814 reports identifying *rape victims by gender*, 647 documented both *victim age* and *rape kit evidence collection*. Significantly more male and female *adult* (age 18 and older) rape victims obtained rape kit evidence collection than male and female rape victims of other age groups; and among *adult* rape victims, a greater proportion of *males* (46%) obtained rape kit

evidence collection than the proportion of *females* (43%). Conversely, a greater proportion of *female adolescent* (30%) and *child* (20%) rape victims obtained rape kit evidence collection than their male counterparts (7%, respectively). See **Figure 62**.





IV. SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EXAMINER (SANE) PROGRAMS

A. OVERVIEW OF SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EXAMINERS (SANE)

The purpose of a SANE program is to provide medical treatment to sexual assault victims of all ages and genders. The value of a SANE program is the use of advanced trained nurses who provide prompt, professional medical treatment and care in a private setting, objectively document injuries using special equipment, ensure that evidence is collected properly and backed by chain of custody, and provide quality testimony through legal proceedings – all at no cost to the victim.

All New Mexico SANE Programs use the New Mexico Sexual Assault Evidence Kit (SAEK) within five (5) days of an assault. Overarching principles of SANE include patient confidentiality and informed consent. SANE services are presented as options so that the patient has control over what happens. For example, services offered by SANE programs may include comfort care, medications to prevent sexually transmitted diseases, emergency contraception, evidence collection, documentation and photography of injuries, and referrals for aftermath care. One distinct advantage of the SANE response is its physical environment. SANE units offer a safe, private and quiet environment where the sexual assault victim can influence the pace of the exam and has the time to have services presented as options, both of which are effective tools in re-powering the patient.

One key component of any SANE exam is collaboration with co-responding partners. A coordinated or multi-disciplinary team approach recognizes the dual purpose of the sexual assault exam: to address the patient needs and the justice system needs. In New Mexico, every SANE unit actively coordinates with law enforcement, district attorney offices, crime lab, and crisis services/advocacy.

Fiscal year 2004 was the first year that standardized data from the SANE Programs were available to the Central Repository. Initial data submitted to the Central Repository was in aggregate format. Since the data variables captured were so valuable, an effort was made by each of the SANE Programs in 2005 to submit individual records, similar to the data submitted by statewide mental health centers and rape crisis centers. All but two agencies were able to standardize and submit a full year of individual records. The individualized data submitted by the *Las Cruces* and *Santa Fe* programs represent less than a full year. For a list of statewide SANE Programs, see **Appendix H**. The standardized individualized data collection form used by SANE Programs is found in **Appendix I**. The data analyzed for this report covers the 12-month period 1/1/05 to 12/31/05.

B. SANE PROGRAM FINDINGS

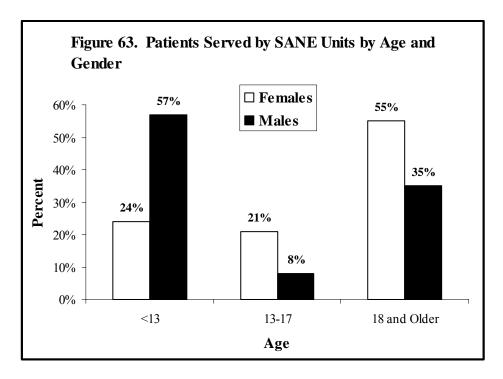
There were 948 patients served by SANE Programs in fiscal year 2005. As expected, most (40% or 376) of all SANE patients were served by the *Albuquerque SANE Collaborative*, followed by the *Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program* 27% (261). The number of patients served by each SANE Program is found in **Table 14**.

1. Patient Gender

Of all the patients served by SANE Programs in fiscal year 2005, 92% (754) were females.

2. Patient Age

There were 753 records documenting *patient age*. Most (53%) patients served were *adults* (ages 18 and older). *Adolescents* (ages 13-17) comprised 20% of all patients served. *Children* (ages 12 and under) comprised 27% of all patients served. When examined by *gender*, most (57%) *male* patients were *children*, while most *female* patients (55%) were *adults*. See **Figure 63**.

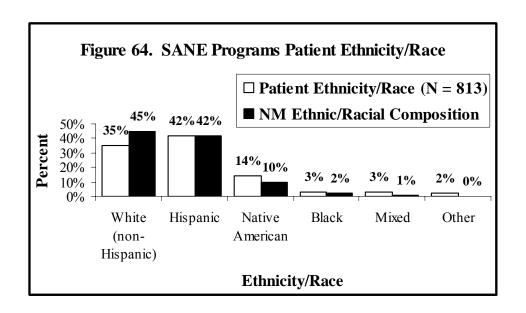


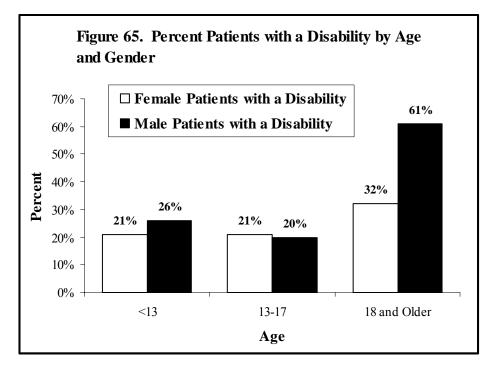
3. Patient Ethnicity/Race

Of 813 records documenting *patient ethnicity/race*, 42% were *Hispanic*, 35% *White (non-Hispanic)*, 14% *Native American*, 3% *Black*, 3% *Mixed Ethnicity*, and 2% *Other. Whites (non-Hispanics)* are represented significantly more in the New Mexico population than among patients seen at SANE Programs. See **Figure 64**.

4. Patient Disability

All 820 individual reports documented whether or not the patient had a disability. Of these, 28% (230) had a disability. There were significantly more *male* patients *with a disability* (38%) than female patients with a disability (27%). Further, while *adult* patients (18 and older) had the highest proportion of disability (34%) compared to *adolescents* (ages 13-17, 21%) and *children* (12 and under, 22%), there were twice as many *male adult* patients with a disability (61%) than *female adult* patients with a disability (32%). Similarly, there were more *male child* patients (26%) than *female child* patients (21%). See **Figure 65**.





Of the 230 patients with a disability, the type of disability was documented in 147. Of these, 56% (83) had a *mental/cognitive* disability, 25 (17%) unspecified *physical* disability, 11 (7%) *visual* disability, 9 (6%) hearing disability and 19 (13%) *other* unspecified impairment.

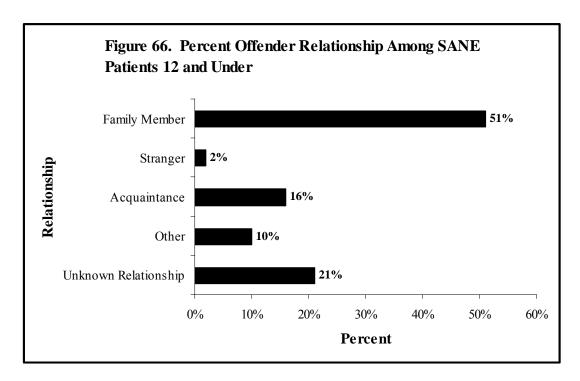
5. Offender Gender and Age

Of 679 individual reports where *gender of the offender* was documented, there was a *male* offender in 656 (97%). The *age of the offender* was documented in 585 of the individual reports submitted. Of these, 84% were *adults* (ages 18 and older), 13% were *adolescents* (ages 13-17) and 3% were *children* (12 and under).

C. OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Victim/Offender Relationship

Of 218 SANE *child* patients (ages 12 and under), 51% (111) were victimized by a *family member*, 16% (34) by an *acquaintance*, and 2% (5) by a stranger. In 46 (21%) of the cases involving *children*, the relationship of the offender was not documented. Ten percent (22) of the cases involving children were committed by *others*. Among *others* which were specified, most were *neighbors* (4) followed by the *mother's intimate partner/boyfriend* (3) and those associated with *daycare* (3). See **Figure 66**.



By contrast, SANE patients *over age 12* were significantly more likely to be victimized by an *acquaintance* or a *stranger*, than by a *family member*. *Family* offenders comprised 7% of SANE adolescent (ages 13-17) patients and 4% of SANE adult (18 and older) patients. *Stranger* offenders comprised 25% of adolescent SANE patients and 24% of adult SANE patients. *Acquaintance* offenders comprised 47% of adolescent SANE patients and 40% of adult SANE patients. See **Figure 67**.

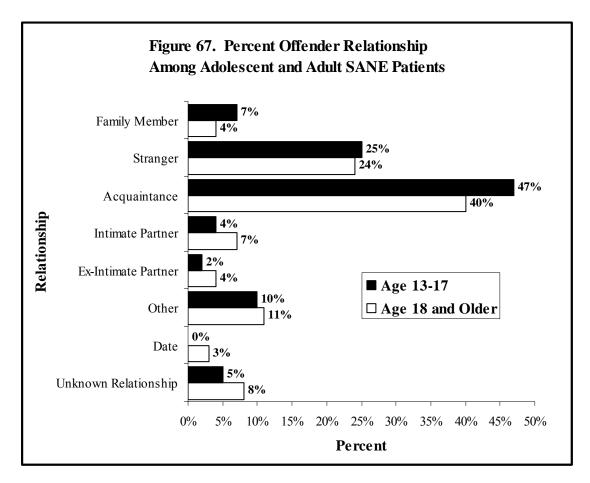
2. Number of Offenders

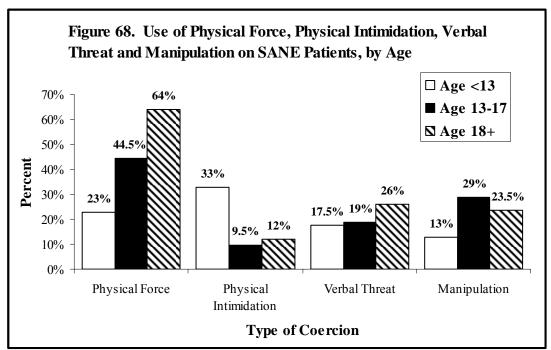
Of 659 reports that documented the number of offenders per sexual assault, 565 (86%) sexual assaults were perpetrated by *one* offender, 64 (10%) by *two* offenders, 19 (3%) by *three* offenders, and 11 (2%) were perpetrated by *four or more* offenders.

3. Type of Coercion

The *type of coercion* used by the perpetrator was documented in 708 cases. The patient's *age* was documented in 654 of these. In 97 cases involving *child* SANE patients (ages 12 and

under), most (33%) were coerced by *physical intimidation*, followed by *physical force* (23%), *verbal threat* (17.5%) and *manipulation* (13%). See **Figure 68**.

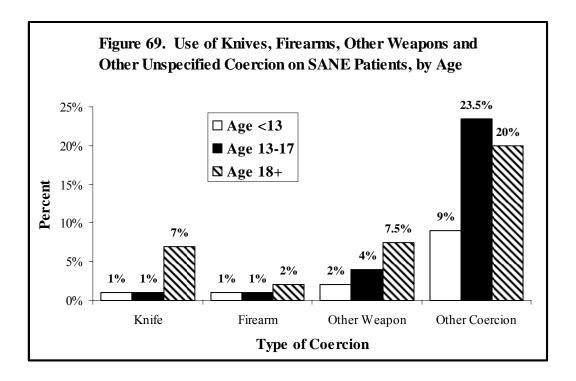




In 157 cases involving *adolescents* (ages 13-17), most 44.5% were coerced by *physical force*, followed by *manipulation* (29%) and *verbal threat* (19%). Almost one-quarter (23.5%) were coerced by *other unspecified* types of coercion. Refer to Figure 68.

In 400 cases involving *adult* patients (18 and older) most (64%) were coerced by *physical* force, followed by *verbal threat* (26%) and *manipulation* (23.5%). Refer to Figure 68.

Weapons of all types were used most on *adult* SANE patients (18 and older): *knives* (7%), *firearms* (2%) and *other unspecified weapons* (7.5%); and used least on *children* (ages 12 and under): *knives* (1%), *firearms* (1%) and *other unspecified weapons* (2%). See **Figure 69**.

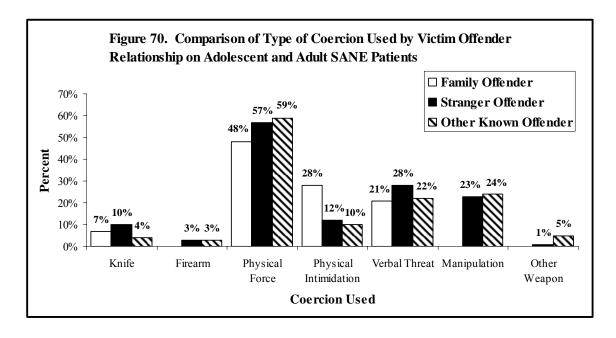


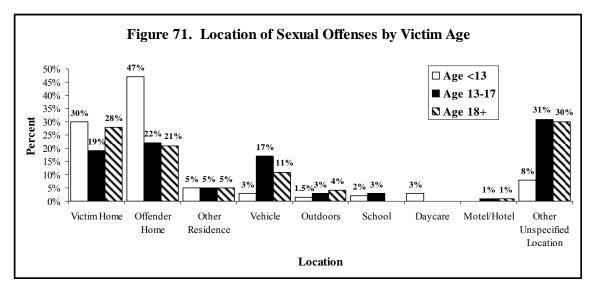
The type of coercion used on *adolescent* and *adult* SANE patients was examined by *offender relationship to the victim*, either *family*, *other known offender* or *stranger*. Ten percent of offenses committed by *strangers* involved a knife, compared to 7% of those committed by *family* and 4% of those committed by *other known offenders*. *Family* offenders did not use *firearms* during their offenses, and *strangers* and *other known offenders* used *firearms* in equal proportion (3%, respectively). Over half (59%) of sexual offenses with a *known offender* and those offended by a *stranger* (57%) involved the use of *physical force*, compared to 48% of sexual offenses by a *family member*. Conversely, over one-quarter (28%) of sexual offenses committed by a *family member* involved *physical intimidation* compared to 12% of those committed by a *stranger* and 10% committed by *other known offenders*. See **Figure 70**.

4. Location of Sexual Offenses

Almost half (47%) of SANE *child* patients (12 and under) were victimized in the *offender's home*. Almost one-third (30%) were victimized in the *victim's home* and another 5% in some *other residence* (babysister's, foster parent's or friend's). An equal proportion were

victimized in a *vehicle* or *daycare* (3%, respectively) and 2% were victimized at *school*. See **Figure 71**.



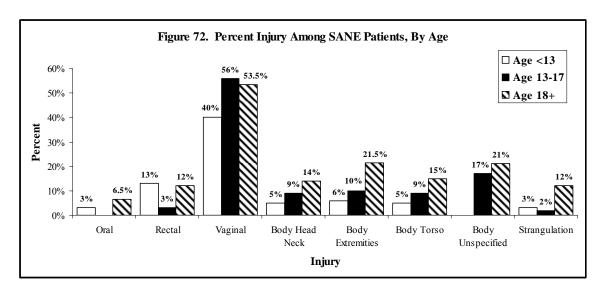


While 19% of *adolescent* (ages 13-17) SANE patients were victimized in their *own homes*, *offender's home* (22%) or *other residence* (5%), most (31%) were victimized in *other* unspecified locations. Another 17% were victimized in a *vehicle*. Refer to Figure 71.

Similarly, 28% of *adult* (18 and older) SANE patients were victimized in their *own homes, offender's home* (21%) or *other residence* (5%) and 30% were victimized in *other* unspecified locations. Another 11% were victimized in a *vehicle*. Refer to Figure 71.

5. Patient Injury

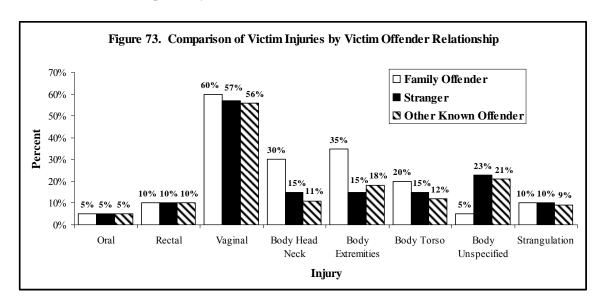
Victim injury was observed in 78.5% of SANE patients. When examined by *age*, victim injury occurred in 92% of *adult* (18 and older) SANE patients, 86% of *adolescent* (ages 13-17) SANE patients, and 46% of SANE *child* patients (ages 12 and under). *Vaginal* injuries were the type of injuries most observed by SANE practitioners for victims of all ages: 53.5% *adult* victims, 56% *adolescent* victims, and 40% *child* victims. *Rectal* injuries were observed among 13% of *child* victims, 12% of *adult* victims and 3% of *adolescent* victims. While injury to *unspecified body* parts comprised 21% of *adult* victim injuries and 17% of *adolescent* victim injuries, no injuries to unspecified body parts were observed among *child* victims. See **Figure 72**.

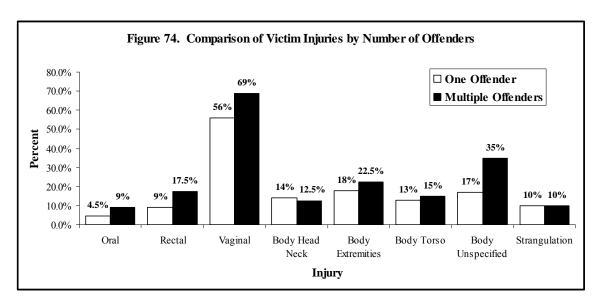


When adolescent and adult victim injury was examined by victim/offender relationship. sexual offenses committed by *strangers* involved the highest rate of victim injury (94%). followed by sexual offenses committed by known non-family offenders (81.5%) and sexual offenses committed by family members (69%). Sexual offenses committed by family members involved the highest rate of vaginal injuries (60%) compared to those committed by strangers (57%) and other known offenders (56%). Similarly, sexual offenses committed by family members involved the highest rate of head and neck injuries (30%) compared to those committed by strangers (15%) and other known offenders (11%). Additionally, sexual offenses committed by family members involved the highest rate of torso injuries (20%) compared to those committed by strangers (15%) and other known offenders (12%). Conversely, sexual offenses committed by strangers (23%) and other known offenders (21%) involved higher rates of other unspecified body injuries compared to those committed by family members (5%). The proportion of sexual offenses involving *oral* injuries (5%, respectively) and *rectal* injuries (10%, respectively) was equal among family, stranger and other known offenders. Similarly, there was a negligible difference in the proportion of sexual offenses involving strangulation among family (10%), stranger (10%) and other known offenders (9%). See **Figure 73**.

Of 80 SANE patients who were victimized by *multiple* offenders, 99% were injured compared to 89% of the 427 SANE patients that were victimized by *one* offender. The proportion of *oral* injuries among SANE patients victimized by *multiple* offenders (9%) is twice that of those victimized by *one* offender (4.5%). Similarly, the proportion of *rectal* injuries among SANE patients victimized by *multiple* offenders (17.5%) is twice that of those victimized by *one*

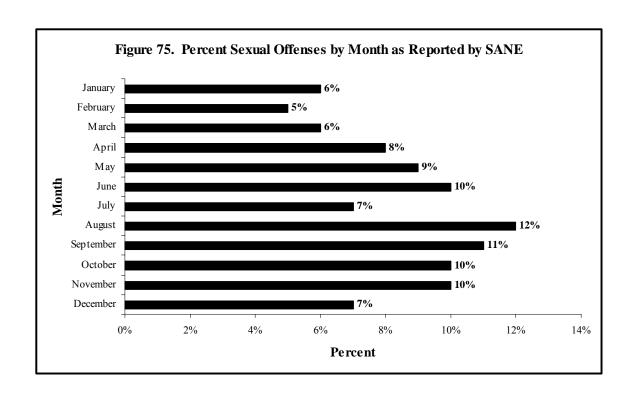
offender (9%). Additionally, the proportion of *unspecified other body* injuries among SANE patients victimized by *multiple* offenders (35%) is twice that of those victimized by *one* offender (17%). Only the proportion of *head and neck* injuries was slightly higher among those victimized by *one* offender (14%) than those victimized by *multiple* offenders (12.5%). An equal proportion of those victimized by *one* offender and those victimized by *multiple* offenders experienced *strangulation* (10%, respectively). See **Figure 74.**





6. Time (Month) of Sexual Offenses

An examination of sexual assault by *month of occurrence*, found that most sexual assaults occurred in *August* (12%), followed closely by *September* (11%). *June*, *October* and *November* had an equal proportion of sexual offenses with 10%, respectively. *February* was the month with the fewest reported sexual assaults (5%). See **Figure 75**.



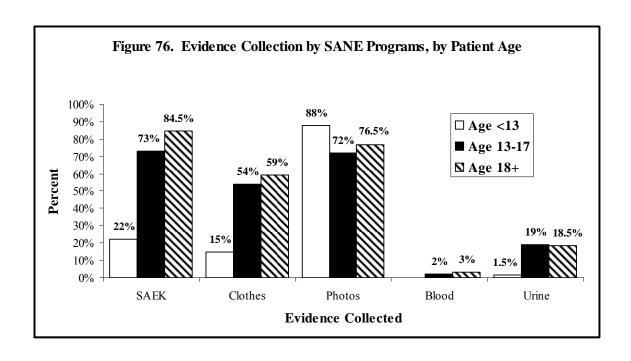
D. SANE PROGRAMS SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Referral Source

There were 841 referral sources documented for the 820 SANE cases. Most referrals for victims of all ages came from *law enforcement: adults* (18 and older) 40%, *adolescents* (13-17) 41.5% and *children* (32%). *Hospitals/EMS Services* comprised the second most referrals for victims of all ages: *adults* (33%), *adolescents* (34%) and *children* (22%). More *child* victims were referred to SANE by a *relative* (16%), than adolescent (5%) and adult victims (1%). Conversely, more *adult* victims (8%) and *adolescent* victims (6%) were referred to SANE by a *rape crises center*, than child victims (3%). See **Table 15**.

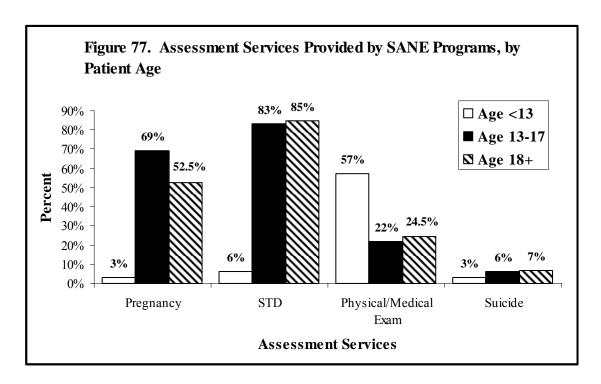
2. Evidence Collection

As expected, a greater proportion of SANE *child* patients (age 12 and under) received *no evidence collection* (10.5%), than *adolescent* (13-17) patients (3%) and *adult* (18 and older) patients (2%). Equally as expected, while most *adult* patients (84.5%) and *adolescent* patients (73%) completed the *sexual assault evidence kit*, less than one-quarter of *child* patients (22%) had this type of evidence collected. Similarly, while most *adult* patients (59%) and *adolescent* patients (54%) had *clothes collected* for forensic evidence, only 15% of *child* patients had their clothes collected. A great proportion of SANE patients of all ages had *photos taken* as a part of evidence collection: 76.5% of *adults*, 72% of *adolescents* and 88% of *children*. Very few SANE patients of any age had *blood collected*: 3% *adults*, 2% *adolescents* and no *child* patients. **See Figure 76.**



3. Assessment Services

While all *adolescent* SANE patients (ages 13-17) received *assessment services*, 3% of *child* patients (ages 12 and under) and 1% of *adult* patients did *not* receive assessment services. *Treatment of sexually transmitted diseases* was the service conducted most on *adult* patients (85%) and *adolescent* patients (83%), while *physical assessment/medical exam* was the service most conducted on *child* patients (57%). *Psychological/suicide assessment* was conducted on a small proportion of SANE patients of all ages: 7% *adults*, 6% *adolescents* and 3% *children*. See **Figure 77.**



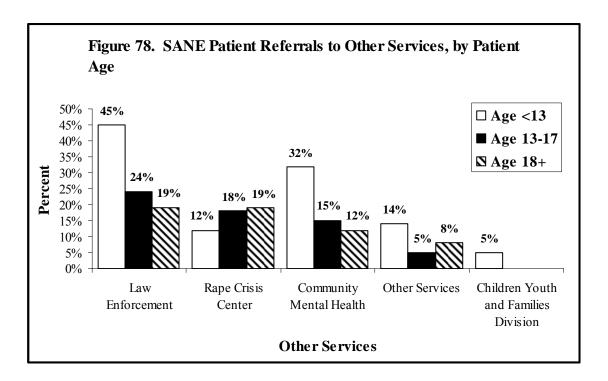
4. Reports to Law Enforcement

At least three quarters of all SANE cases were reported to police at the time of the SANE exams. As expected, significantly more *child* patients of SANE had their sexual offenses reported to police at the time of the exam (87%) than *adolescent* patients (79%) and *adult* patients (75%).

5. SANE Referrals to Other Services

Sometimes during and after SANE services are provided, the patient is also referred to other services for assistance beyond the scope of SANE Programs. There were 815 patients who received referrals to other services. Overall, slightly over one-quarter (27%) were referred to *law enforcement*, 17% to *rape crisis centers*, 18% to *community mental health centers*, and 12% to *other* services, such as a primary healthcare provider, CYFD or domestic violence advocate.

When examined by *patient age*, significantly more *child* patients (ages 12 and under) were referred to *law enforcement* (45%), than *adolescent* (ages 13-17) patients (24%) or *adult* (18 and older) patients (19%). Similarly, significantly more *child* patients were referred to *community mental health centers* (32%), than *adolescent* (15%) or *adult* (12%) patients. While patients of all ages were referred to *rape crisis centers*, *adult* patients (19%) and *adolescent* patients (18%) were referred more often than *child* patients (12%), and 5% of *child* patients were referred to CYFD. See **Figure 78**.

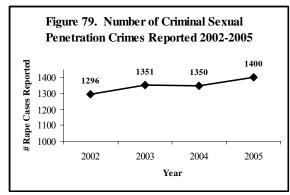


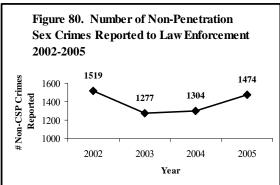
6. Patient County of Residence

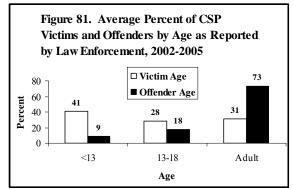
The patient's county of residence was documented in 708 of 820 SANE patients. As expected, most SANE patients (35%) reside in *Bernalillo County*, followed by *San Juan* (12%) and *Santa Fe* (11%) counties. See **Table 16**.

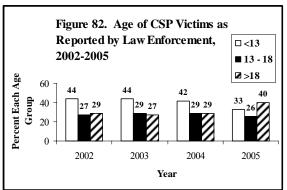
SECTION THREE: STATEWIDE TRENDS IN SEXUAL ASSAULT, 2002-2005

I. SEXUAL ASSAULT TRENDS REPORTED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT









A. Number of Sexual Assaults Reported to Law Enforcement 2002-2005

Between 2002 and 2005, an average of 1,349 cases of *rape* each year has been reported to statewide law enforcement agencies. See **Figure 79**. The average number of *non-penetration* sex crimes reported each year over the same time period was slightly higher, 1,394. See **Figure 80**.

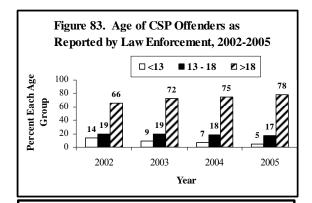
B. Age of Rape Victims and Offenders As Reported by Law Enforcement, 2002-2005

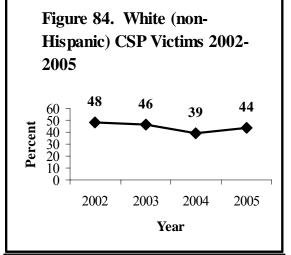
From 2002 to 2005, the age group with the highest average proportion of rape victims was *children* under 13 years old (41%), followed by *adults* 18 and older (31%) and *adolescents* ages 13-17, with 28%. **See Figure 81**.

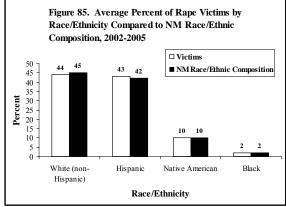
The age of rape victims remained consistent from 2002 to 2004, but in 2005 *child* rape victims decreased 9% and *adult* rape victims increased 11% from the previous year. See **Figure 82**.

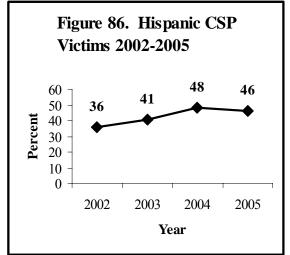
From 2002 to 2005, the age group with the highest average proportion of *rape offenders* was *adults* (73%), followed by *adolescents* (18%) and *children* (9%). Refer to Figure 81

The age of *adult rape offenders* from 2002 to 2005 steadily increased each year from 66% in 2002 to 78% in 2005, while the age of *child rape offenders* decreased steadily each year from 14% in 2002 to 5% in 2005. See **Figure 83.**







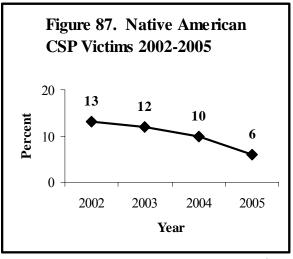


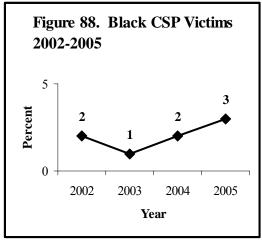
C. Race/Ethnicity of Rape Victims 2002-2005

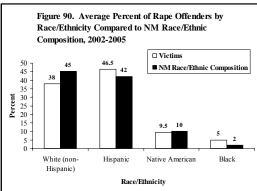
In 2002, White (non-Hispanic) rape victims comprised 48% of all rape victims in New Mexico. This proportion decreased in 2003 (46%) and to a low in 2004 (39%) but increased to 44% in 2005. See **Figure 84**. The four-year average for White (non-Hispanic) rape victims was 44% which approximates their representation in the state population (45%). See **Figure 85**.

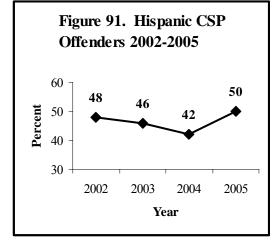
By contrast, *Hispanic* rape victims comprised 36% of all rape victims in New Mexico in 2002, increased to 41% in 2003 and to a high in 2004 (48%) before decreasing slightly to 46% in 2005. See **Figure 86.** The four-year average for *Hispanic* rape victims was 43%, second to *White non-Hispanic* victims, and approximates their representation in the state population (42%). Refer to Figure 85.

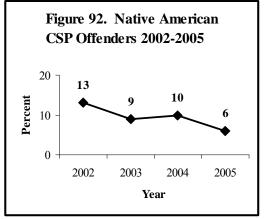
Native American rape victims comprised 13% of all rape victims in New Mexico in 2002 and steadily decreased each year until 2005 (6%), comprising less than half their 2002 rate. See **Figure 87.** The four-year average of Native American rape victims was 10%, a rate equal to their representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 85.

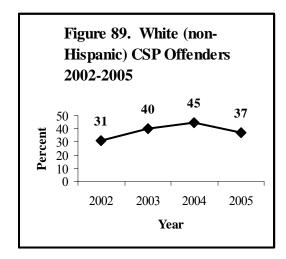












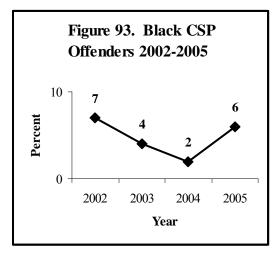
Black rape victims comprised 2% in 2002 and remained within one percentage point through 2005 (3%). See **Figure 88**. The four-year average of *Black* rape victims was 2%, and similar to *Native Americans*, their rate is equal to their representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 85.

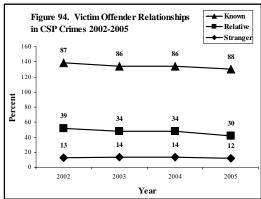
D. Race/Ethnicity of Rape Offenders, 2002-2005

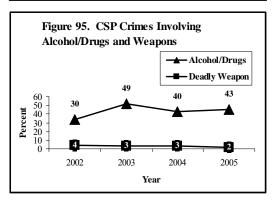
In 2002, White (non-Hispanic) rape offenders comprised 31% of all rapists, increased in 2003 (40%) to a high in 2004 (45%) before decreasing to 37% in 2005. See **Figure 89**. The four-year average of White (non-Hispanic) rape offenders was 38%, a rate significantly lower than White (non-Hispanic) representation in the state population (45%). See **Figure 90**.

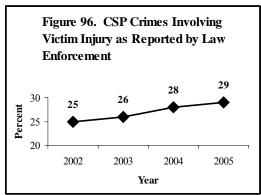
Hispanic rape offenders comprised 48% of all rapists in 2002, decreased in 2003 (46%) and 2004 (42%) and rose to a high of 50% in 2005. See **Figure 91**. The four-year average of Hispanic rape offenders was 46.5%, a rate greater than the Hispanic representation in the state population (42%). Refer to Figure 90.

Native American rape offenders comprised 13% of all rapists in 2002, decreased to 9% in 2003, and reached a low of 6% in 2005, less than half their rate in 2002. See **Figure 92**. The four-year average of Native American rape offenders was 9.5, a rate equal to Native American representation in the state population (10%). Refer to Figure 90.









In 2002, *Black* rape offenders comprised 7% of all rapists, decreased steadily each year to 4% in 2003 and 2% in 2004 before spiking again in 2005 (6%). See **Figure 93**. The four-year average of *Black* rape offenders was 5%, a rate more than twice the representation of *Blacks* in the state population (2%). Refer to Figure 90.

E. Victim/Offender Relationship, 2002-2005

There was negligible change reported from 2002-2005 in the proportion of law enforcement reported rapes by *victim/offender relationship*. An average of 13% of rapes were perpetrated by a *stranger*, 87% of rapes perpetrated by *someone known to the victim*, and 34% of rapes with a known offender were perpetrated by a *family member*. See **Figure 94**.

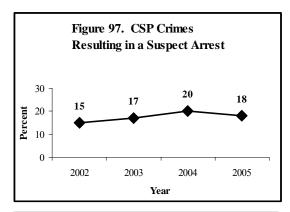
F. Rapes Involving Alcohol/Drugs and Weapons

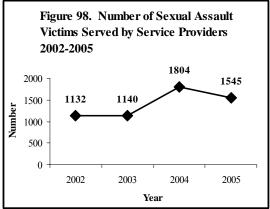
In 2002, 30% of law enforcement reported rapes *involved alcohol/drugs*. This increased dramatically in 2003 (49%) before decreasing in 2004 (40%) and then increasing again in 2005 to 43%. See **Figure 95**. The four-year average of rapes involving *alcohol/drugs* was 40.5%.

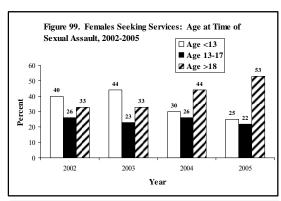
The use of a deadly weapon in rapes decreased from 4% in 2002, to 3% respectively in 2003 and 2004, to a low of 2% in 2005. Refer to Figure 95. The four-year average for rapes involving a deadly weapon was 3%.

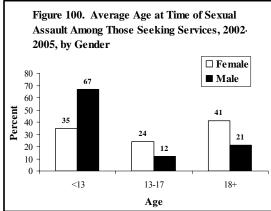
G. Rapes Involving Victim Injury

The proportion of law enforcement reported rapes involving *injury to the victim* steadily increased each year from 25% in 2002, to 29% in 2005. See **Figure 96**. The four-year average of rapes *involving victim injury* was 27%.









H. Rapes Resulting In A Suspect Arrest

In 2002, 15% of law enforcement reported rapes resulted in a *suspect arrest*. This increased to 17% in 2003, 20% in 2004 before decreasing slightly in 2005 (18%). See **Figure 97**. The four-year average for rapes resulting in a *suspect arrest* was 17.5%.

II. SEXUAL ASSAULT TRENDS REPORTED BY SERVICE PROVIDERS

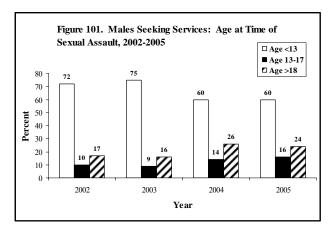
A. Number of Sexual Assault Victims Served

Between 2002 and 2005, an average of 1,405 victims of sexual assault sought therapeutic services from statewide sexual assault service providers. In 2002, the fewest sexual assault victims sought services (1,132) but this number rose to 1,140 in 2003 and to its highest level in 2004 (1,804) before decreasing in 2005 (1,545). See **Figure 98**.

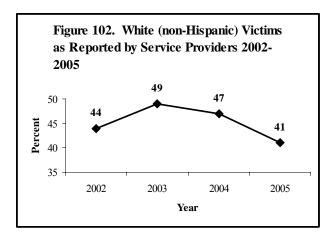
B. Age of Sexual Assault Survivors at Time of Sexual Assault

In 2002, 40% of *female* sexual assault survivors seeking therapy were *children* (<13 years) when they were sexually assaulted. This proportion increased to 44% in 2003, but decreased to 30% in 2004 and to its lowest rate in 2005 (25%). See **Figure 99**. The four-year average of female sexual assault victims seeking services who were *children* at the time of their sexual assault was 35%. See **Figure 100**.

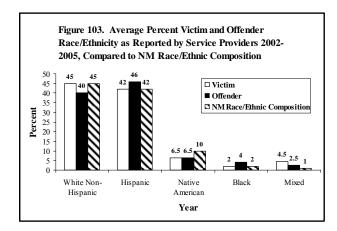
The proportion of *female* sexual assault survivors seeking therapy who were *adults* at the time of their sexual offenses comprised one-third of the female survivors in 2002 and 2003 respectively, but rose sharply to 44% in 2004 and by 2005 comprised over one-half (53%) of the female survivors. Refer to Figure 99. The four-year average of *female* sexual assault survivors who were *adults* at the time of their sexual assaults was 41%. Refer to Figure 100.



Similarly, in 2002, 72% of *male* sexual assault survivors seeking therapy were *children* (<13 years) when they were sexually assaulted. This proportion rose slightly in 2003 (75%), but decreased dramatically to 60% in 2004 and stayed the same in 2005. See **Figure 101**. The four-year average of *male* sexual assault victims seeking services who were *children* at the time of their sexual assault was 67%, almost twice that of the average for *female* survivors in this age group. Refer to Figure 100.



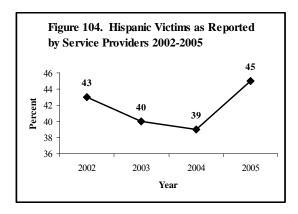
Male survivors seeking services who were *adolescents* (ages 13-17) at the time of their sexual assaults comprised approximately 10% of male survivors in 2002 and 2003, but rose to 14% in 2004 and to 16% in 2005. Refer to Figure 101. The four-year average of *male* sexual assault survivors who were *adolescents* at the time of their sexual assaults was 12%, which is half the average for *female* survivors in this age group (24%). Refer to Figure 100.

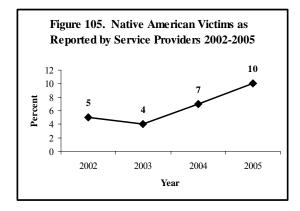


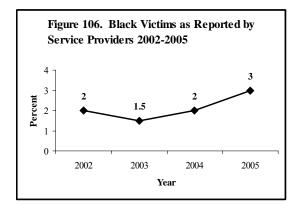
The proportion of *male* sexual assault survivors seeking therapy who were *adults* at the time of their sexual offenses comprised 17% of male survivors in 2002 but rose to 24% in 2005. Refer to Figure 101. The four-year average of *male* sexual assault survivors who were *adults* at the time of their sexual assaults was 21%, a rate half that of the average for *female* survivors in this age group (41%). Refer to Figure 100.

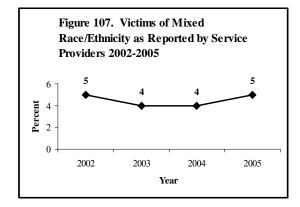
C. Race/Ethnicity of Victims Seeking Services 2002-2005

In 2002, White (non-Hispanic) victims comprised 44% of all sexual assault victims seeking services. This rate increased to 49% in 2003, decreased to 47% in 2004 and dropped significantly to 41% in 2005. See **Figure 102**. The four-year average for White (non-Hispanic) victims seeking services was 45% which equals White (non-Hispanic) representation in the state and is the most of any race/ethnicity represented among victims seeking services. See **Figure 103**.









Hispanic victims comprised 43% of all sexual assault victims seeking services in 2002, dropped to a low 39% by 2004, and rose significantly to 45% in 2005. See **Figure 104**. The four-year average for *Hispanic* victims seeking services was 42%, second to *White* (non-Hispanic) victims and equals Hispanic representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 103.

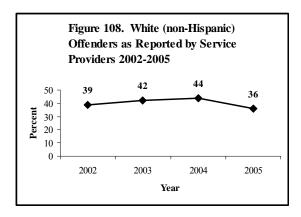
Native American victims doubled their representation among all sexual assault victims seeking services from a 2002 rate of 5% to a rate of 10% in 2005. See **Figure 105.** The four-year average for Native American victims seeking services was 6.5%. This means that Native American representation among sexual assault victims seeking services is less than their representation in the state population (10%). Refer to Figure 103.

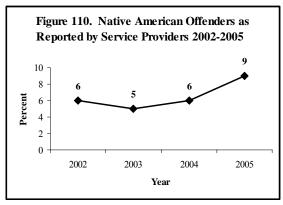
There was little change in the proportion of *Black* victims seeking services from 2002 (2%) to 2005 (3%). See **Figure 106**. The four-year average was 2% which equals *Black* representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 103.

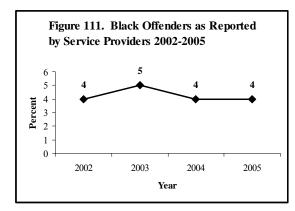
Similarly, sexual assault victims of *mixed ethnicity* comprised 5% of those seeking services in 2002 and saw little change in 2003 and 2004 with 4%, respectively and returned to 5% in 2005. See **Figure 107**. The four-year average for victims of *mixed ethnicity* was 4.5%, which means that their representation among sexual assault victims seeking services is significantly greater than their representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 103.

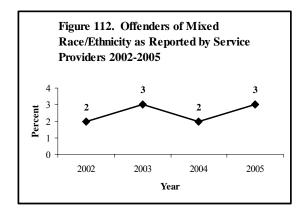
D. Race/Ethnicity of Offenders As Reported by Victims Seeking Services, 2002-2005

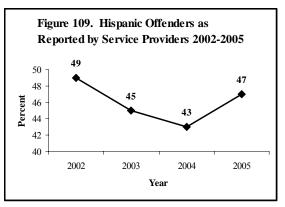
Over one-third (39%) of sexual assault offenders as reported by victims seeking services in 2002, were *White* (non-Hispanic). This rate increased to 42% in 2003, 44% in 2004 and then fell to 36% in 2005. See **Figure 108.** The four-year average of *White* (non-Hispanic) sexual assault offenders was











40%, significantly less than *White (non-Hispanic)* representation in New Mexico (45%). Refer to Figure 103.

Almost half (49%) of all sexual assault offenders as reported by victims seeking services in 2002, were *Hispanic*. This rate decreased to 45% in 2003 and to 43% in 2004, then increased to 47% in 2005. See **Figure 109**. The four-year average of *Hispanic* sexual assault offenders was 46%, a rate greater than *Hispanic* representation in New Mexico (42%). Refer to Figure 103..

Native American sexual assault offenders as reported by victims seeking services, stayed around 6% from 2002 to 2004, then rose to 9% in 2005. See **Figure 110**. The four-year average of Native American sexual assault offenders was 6.5%, a rate less than Native American representation in New Mexico (10%). Refer to Figure 103.

Similar to findings with *Black* victims seeking services, there was little change in the proportion of *Black* offenders as reported by victims seeking services from 2002 (4%) to 2005 (4%). See **Figure 111**. The four-year average was 4% which is twice that of *Black* representation in the state population. Refer to Figure 103.

Likewise, sexual assault offenders of *mixed ethnicity* comprised 2% of those seeking services in 2002 and saw little change in 2003 (3%) and 2004 (2%) and reported a one percent increase in 2005 (3%). See **Figure 112**. The four-year average for offenders of *mixed*

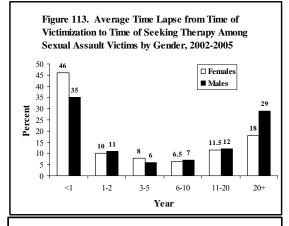
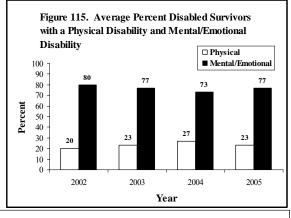
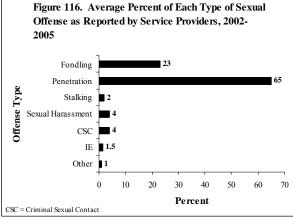


Figure 114. Percent Sexual Assault Survivors with a Disability, 2002-2005 40 35 31 30 30 26 25 20 15 10 5 0 2002 2003 2004 2005 Year





ethnicity as reported by victims seeking services was 2.5% which means that their representation among sexual assault offenders is greater than their representation in the state population. Refer to Refer to Figure 103.

E. Length of Time Between Sexual Assault Occurrence and Seeking Services As Reported by Service Providers, 2002-2005

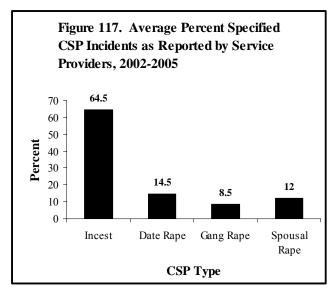
While an average of 46% of *female* sexual assault victims and 35% of *male* sexual assault victims sought therapy within one year of their sexual assaults, after one year, an average of 29% males and 18% females were more likely to wait over 20 years to seek services than any other length of time. The average delay in seeking therapy among *male* sexual assault victims is 12.5 years compared to 9.4 years for *females*. See **Figure 113**.

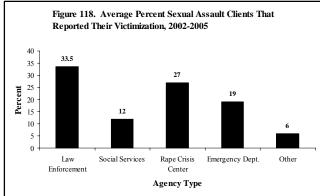
F. Sexual Assault Survivors with A Disability Who Sought Services, 2002-2005

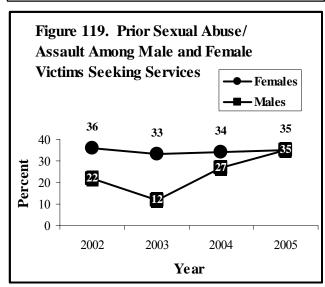
Almost one-third (31%) of sexual assault survivors in 2002 had a disability. This rate changed slightly in 2003 to 30%, dropped to 26% in 2004 and rose to 30% again, in 2005. See **Figure 114**. Sexual assault survivors with a disability comprised an average of 29% of all survivors seeking services from 2002-2005. Among sexual assault survivors with a disability, an average of 77% had a mental/emotional disability and 23% had a physical disability for the four-year period. See **Figure 115**.

G. Type of Sexual Offense As Reported by Service Providers, 2002-2005

From 2002-2005, an average of approximately two-thirds (65%) of victims seeking services for sexual assault were *raped*. Just over one-quarter (27%) sought services for *fondling* (23%) and *criminal sexual contact* (4%). *Sexual harassment* comprised an average of 4% of those seeking services for sexual offenses and *stalking* comprised an average of 2%. See **Figure 116**.







The *type of rape* most represented by those seeking services from 2002-2005 was *incest*, as an average of 64.5% of rape victims were *incest* victims. *Date rape* victims comprised an average 14.5% of victims seeking services, *spousal rape* victims an average 12%, and *gang rape* victims an average 8.5%. See **Figure 117**.

H. Sexual Assault Victims That Reported Their Victimization, As Reported by Service Providers, 2002-2005

Between 2002 and 2005, an average of 30% of sexual assault victims seeking services did <u>not</u> report their victimization to anyone. Of those that did report, an average of one-third (33.5%) reported their victimization to *law enforcement*, slightly over one-quarter (27%) reported their victimization to a *rape crisis center*, 19% reported to an *emergency department*, 12% reported to *social services* and 6% reported to *others* unspecified. **See Figure 118**.

I. Prior Abuse/Assault Among Sexual Assault Victims Seeking Services, 2002-2005

In 2002, slightly over one-third (36%) of females seeking services for sexual offenses said they experienced a prior sexual assault/abuse. This rate remained relatively unchanged with one-third of these females in 2003 (33%), 2004 (34%) and 2005 (35%) reporting a prior sexual assault/abuse. See **Figure 119**. The four-year average of prior assault/abuse among sexual assault female victims seeking services was 38.5%

While *male* sexual assault victims reported lower rates of experiencing a *prior sexual* assault/abuse than female victims, the four-year average of prior assault/abuse among sexual assault *male* victims seeking services was 25.5%. The rates decreased from 22% in 2002 to 12%

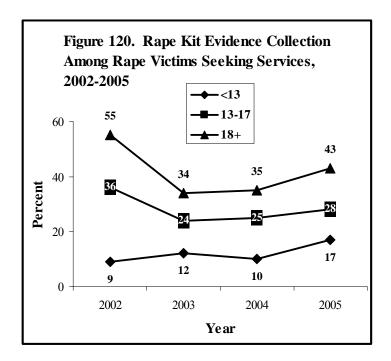
in 2003 only to rise dramatically in 2004 (27%) and to a high of 35% among male sexual assault victims seeking services in 2005. Refer to Figure 119.

J. Medical Treatment Sought for Victim Injuries Related to Sexual Assaults, 2002-2005, As Reported by Service Providers

In 2002, one-third (34%) of victims seeking services *sought medical treatment for injuries* suffered during their sexual assault. This rate dropped to 21% in 2003, rose dramatically to 24% in 2004 and reached its present level of 31% in 2005. The four-year average of sexual assault victims seeking services who *sought medical treatment for their injuries related to the assault* was 27.5%.

K. Rape Kit Evidence Collection Among Rape Victims Seeking Services, 2002-2005

In 2002, 9% of rape victims who sought services that were *children* (<13 years old) at the time of their rapes, obtained *rape kit evidence collection*. This rate increased to 12% in 2003, dropped slightly to 10% in 2004 and rose to 17% in 2005. See **Figure 120**. The four-year average of rape victims seeking services who were *children* at the time of their rape was 12%.



One-third (36%) of rape victims who sought services that were *adolescents* (ages 13-17) at the time of their rapes, obtained *rape kit evidence collection* in 2002. This rate decreased to 24% in 2003, increased slightly to 25% in 2004 and rose to its highest rate in 2005 (28%). Refer to Figure 120. The four-year average of rape victims seeking services who were *adolescents* at the time of their rapes was 28%, over twice the rate of *child* rape victims.

Slightly over half (55%) of rape victims who sought services that were *adults* (ages 18 and older) at the time of their rapes, obtained *rape kit evidence collection* in 2002. This rate decreased significantly in 2003 (34%), increased slightly in 2004 (35%) and rose to 43% in 2005. Refer to Figure 120. The four-year average of rape victims seeking services who were adults at the time of their rapes was 43%.

III. IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS

A. Implications for Prevention

When only 6% males and 19% females report their rapes to law enforcement, there needs to be a concerted effort to better identify rape victims by focusing on *why* they do not report. There are significant gender differences in why victims do not report. Most males in the statewide survey did not report because they considered the rape to be *too minor or not a crime*, while females *feared their offender or felt shame*. These differences must be taken into consideration for successful prevention education.

Perhaps one of the most startling findings from the statewide victimization survey was the proportion of incapacitated rapes among females and the proportion of these experienced as children. Of all rapes among females, 8.5% were incapacitated rapes; and unlike males, who most experienced incapacitated rapes as adults (43%) and adolescents (40%), female victims experienced incapacitated rapes most as adolescents (39%) and children (31%). Adult females experienced 29% of the incapacitated rapes. Interventions focused on preventing incapacitated rape should be a primary goal among statewide prevention programs.

If prevention efforts could dramatically reduce the number of females who perpetrate sexual offenses, the *reduction* in the number of victims and incidents of sexual assault would be negligible. All sources of data examined for this report demonstrate the overwhelming reality that males perpetrate rapes: law enforcement incidents (93%); service providers cases (97%); SANE cases (97%) and survey findings (85%). Even when males are the rape victims, males are also the perpetrators 85% of the time. Until more prevention programs target males as the focus of their interventions, little will be accomplished to reduce the incidence of rape and sex crimes, overall.

Similarly, much prevention is focused on children because children comprise so many of those victimized: 44% of the rape victims identified in the statewide survey; 33% of rape victims identified by law enforcement and 49% of rape victims identified by service providers. However, these same sources of data reveal that rape *offenders* are overwhelmingly *adults* (law enforcement 78%, service providers 84%, and SANE units 84%). Children have little power to counter the sophisticated coercion techniques, verbal threats, physical intimidation and physical force of adult offenders. Therefore, more prevention should be focused on working with *adults*, and especially *male adults*, to stop sexual assault and abuse.

What is it that makes *male Hispanic children* (68%) dramatically more susceptible to rape compared to male children of other races/ethnicities? The prevention implication is unclear but the need to study this issue is most evident.

Who are the primary perpetrators of the sexual abuse of children? Their family members, chiefly their fathers, step-fathers, uncles, cousins and brothers. Prevention programs should be two-fold: 1) prevention aimed at helping a child guard against family members as perpetrators and what to do in the event of sexual abuse by a family member; and 2) prevention aimed at helping the family members examine their own sexual behaviors and boundaries, identify healthy and unhealthy sexual behaviors/practices by relatives (and others that their children may come into contact with), learn how to protect their children from sexual abuse by relatives (and others) and access available resources.

B. Implications for Law Enforcement

The statewide survey identified 5,320 rape victims in 2005. In the same time period, law enforcement reported 1400 rape incidents. An explanation for the disparity in identifying rape incidents is the scope of rape (penetration) crimes captured. While the survey captured many forms of criminal sexual penetration and incapacitated rape, law enforcement codes restrict the types of penetration crimes captured and do not capture incidents of incapacitated rape, a type of rape that comprised 43% of the rapes identified by the survey. To this end, much consideration should be made by law enforcement and the FBI which guides law enforcement, to expand the types of criminal sexual penetration captured to include more types of penetration, especially incapacitated rape.

Both male and female rape victims from the statewide survey reported being *dissatisfied*, most *very dissatisfied* with the law enforcement response to their complaint. The most common reason given for their dissatisfaction was that they wanted the police to *charge/arrest the offender* or *keep the offender locked up* (18%) and to *take a report and follow through with an investigation, to question the offender* (13%). When victim dissatisfaction was examined by gender of the victim, there were dramatically more very dissatisfied males (66%) compared to females (38%). The implications are unclear. Perhaps this is more a matter of policy change, regarding officer response to alleged rape victims rather than the actions of individual officers. Perhaps it is a matter of officer sensitivity training responding to male complaints of rape. Finally, perhaps there is an implication for the role of victim advocacy and an examination of protocol for referral of rape victims by responding officers to advocacy services.

C. Implications for Healthcare

Slightly over one-quarter of rape victims (29%) are injured during their rape incidents, and approximately one-third of these go for medical treatment. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner units capture information regarding sexual assault patients that present to their facilities and offer forensic evidence collection and sometimes a physical exam. However, no standardized monitoring system currently exists to reliably document the number of rape victims that go to emergency departments or doctor's offices as a result of a sexual assault. Further, twice as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from serious disabling injury and approximately six times as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions. Without identifying these patients, it is impossible to determine healthcare utilization due to sexual assault or to more effectively treat these patients by offering them appropriate referral services. The implication to improve public health is to consider the need for universal screening for lifetime exposure to sexual assault and other forms of violence.

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SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* and The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005

TABLES

Table 2. Survey: Reasons Rape Victims Did Not Report to Police

Reason	Survey Rape Respondents That Did Not Report to Police	Percent
Too young/a child	92	17
Fear of offender/afraid he/she would get even/scared	85	16
Too minor/not a police matter/not serious enough/ not a crime	78	15
Shame/embarrassment/thought it was my fault	73	14
Didn't want anyone to know/no one knows/keep it private	36	7
Not Sure	31	6
Wouldn't be believed/be viewed as my fault	30	6
Handled it myself/ got revenge/family handled it	28	5
Other	27	5
Didn't want involvement with police/courts	20	4
Didn't think police could do anything	18	3
Was my spouse/didn't want relationship to end/children's sake	12	2
Wouldn't turn in family member/friend/was my dad	9	2
One time incident/last incident/he stopped	7	1
Reported to someone else (lawyer, hospital, employer)	6	1
Didn't want him/her arrested or jailed/deported/hurt/stressed out	5	1
Refused	5	1
Distance/moved to another state or country/moved away	4	1
Afraid I would lose my job	4	1
Afraid children would be taken from me/would lose kids	3	0.5
Was police officer/justice officer	2	0.5
Afraid he would harm my children, other family members or pets	2	0.5

Table 3. Survey: What Police Should Have Done to Help as Reported by Rape Victims

Police Response	Survey Rape Respondents' Comments Regarding Police Response	Percent All	Percent Females	Percent Males
Nothing	38	36	37	18
Charge/arrest/commute him/her; keep locked up	19	18	19	0
Not Sure	16	15	13	39
Take report/follow thru with investigation/question him	1	13	13	16
Be more supportive/positive/provide moral support	7	6	6.5	0
Protect me/provide surveillance/tell me how to protect myself	6	6	6	0
Take complaint more seriously/believe me/not laugh at me	5	4	3	19
Refer/Take me to services/shelter	4	3.5	3	8
Respond more quickly	3	3	3	0
Other	3	3	3	0
Refused	3	3	3	0
Make him/her leave/keep him/her away	2	2	2	0
Follow through with court/pretrial/restraining order	2	2	2	0
Enforce protection order	2	2	2	0
Give warning to him/her	0	0	0	0

Table 4. Law Enforcement Reported Sex Crimes in 2005

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP*	Total CSC**	Total CSC of a	Total Indecent	Total Exploitation	Total Enticement	Total Sex
	Reports		Minor	Exposure	of Children	of Child	Crimes
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	15	4	6				25
Albuquerque Police Department	408	63	256	61	9	0	797
Angel Fire Police Department	0						0
Artesia Police Department	13	1	7	0	0	0	21
Aztec Police Department	4	1	6	0	0	0	11
Bayard Police Department	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Belen Police Department	5	3	2	0	0	0	10
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	76	13	64	8	0	0	161
Bernalillo Police Department	2	0	5	0	0	0	7
Bosque Farms Police Department	2	0	0	2	0	0	4
Carlsbad Police Department	23	1	11	5	1	1	42
Carrizozo Police Department	0						0
Catron County Sheriff's Department	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	15	2	5	3	1	1	27
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
Cimarron Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clayton Police Department	4	2	2	0	0	0	8
Clovis Police Department	35	0	24	1	1	0	61
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Corrales Police Department	0						0
Cuba Police Department	0						0
Curry County Sheriff's Office	3	5	1	0	0	1	10
Dexter Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dona Ana County Sheriff's Department	72	6	29	7	1	1	116
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	10		5				15
Estancia Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eunice Police Department	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Farmington Police Department	68	52		4	5	0	129
Gallup Police Department	22	3	14	8	0	6	53
Grant County Sheriff's Department	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Grants Police Department	19	8	11				38
Hatch Police Department	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hobbs Police Department	26	1	20	0	0	0	47
Hurley Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Isleta Tribal Police	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Jal Police Department	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Laguna Police Department	2	0	1	0	0	0	3
Las Cruces Police Department	171	18	22	29	0	2	242
Las Vegas Police Department	15	2	7	4	0	1	29
Lea County Sheriff's Department	7	0	2	0	0	0	9

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP* Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of a Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Sex Crimes
Logan Police Department	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Lordsburg Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Los Alamos Police Department	4	2	4	2	0	0	12
Los Lunas Police Department	5	3	5	3	0	1	17
Lovington Police Department	3	1	4				8
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	11	4	3	0	0	0	18
Mora County Sheriff's Department	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Moriarty Police Department	4	1	1	0	0	0	6
Otero County Sheriff's Department	10	7	3	0	0	0	20
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	0						0
Quay County Sheriff's Office	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Questa Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ramah Navajo Police Department	4	0	2	0	0	0	6
Raton Police Department	12						12
Red River Marshal's Office	1	1	1	3	0	0	6
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	18	0	11	4	2	0	35
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	3	0	1	0	0	0	4
Roswell Police Department	8		29	10			47
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	2	1	1	1	0	1	6
Ruidoso Police Department	7	1	1	0	0	0	9
San Juan County Sheriff's Office	35	16	9	1	3	0	64
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	11	0	6	2	1	1	21
Santa Clara Police Department	0						0
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	37	2	1	2	1		43
Santa Fe Police Department	52	4	30	31	2	6	125
Santa Rosa Police Department	0	0	0	2	0	24	26
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Socorro County Sheriff's Department	2	1	2	0	0	1	6
Socorro Police Department	9	2	11	7	0	0	29
Springer Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Alamogordo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Albuquerque	16	2	7	0	0	23	48
State Police Clovis	3	2	1	0	1	6	13
State Police Deming	3	1	2	0	0	6	12
State Police Espanola	21	3	9	0	0	33	66
State Police Farmington	8	2	6	0	0	15	31
State Police Gallup	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
State Police Grants	5	1	0	0	0	5	11
State Police Hobbs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Las Cruces	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
State Police Las Vegas	5	1	4	0	0	10	20
State Police Moriarty	3	0	4	1	0	8	16

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP* Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of a Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Sex Crimes
State Police Raton	3	0	3	. 2	0	7	15
State Police Roswell	8	2	5	2	0	18	35
State Police Santa Fe	16	5	12	0	0	33	66
State Police Santa Rosa	2	0	2	0	0	4	8
State Police Socorro	2	2	1	0	0	5	10
State Police Taos	6	0	2	0	0	9	17
State Police Tucumcari	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Taos Police Department	2	1	3				6
Taos Pueblo Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tatum Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	2	0	2	0	0	0	4
Tularosa Police Department	3	0	1	0	1	0	5
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	20	22	10	0	0	0	52
Vaughn Police Department	0						0
Zuni Police Department	6	1	5	15	0	0	27
Total	1400	281	711	221	29	232	2874
Percent	49	10	25	8	1	8	100

^{*} CSP = criminal sexual penetration **CSC = criminal sexual contact

Table 5. Law Enforcement Report Sex Crimes by County, 2005

County Name	Total CSP* Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of a Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Sexual Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Non- Penetration	Total Sex Crimes
Bernalillo	500	78	328	69	9	23	507	1007
Catron	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Chaves	31	4	39	15	1	19	78	109
Cibola	31	11	14	0	0	5	30	61
Colfax	15	0	4	2	0	7	13	28
Curry	41	7	26	1	2	7	43	84
Dona Ana	244	24	53	36	1	4	118	362
Eddy	46	2	23	5	1	1	32	78
Grant	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2
Guadalupe	2	0	2	2	0	28	32	34
Hidalgo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lea	38	3	27	0	0	0	30	68
Lincoln	9	2	2	1	0	1	6	15
Los Alamos	4	2	4	2	0	0	8	12
Luna	3	1	2	0	0	6	9	12
McKinley	39	8	23	23	0	7	61	100
Mora	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Otero	28	11	10	0	1	0	22	50
Quay	4	1	0	0	0	1	2	6
Rio Arriba	21	3	9	0	0	33	45	66
Roosevelt	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	4
San Juan	115	71	21	5	8	15	120	235
San Miguel	20	3	11	4	0	11	29	49
Sandoval	31	0	22	6	3	1	32	63
Santa Fe	105	11	43	33	3	39	129	234
Sierra	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Socorro	13	5	14	7	0	6	32	45
Taos	9	2	6	3	0	9	20	29
Torrance	9	1	7	1	0	8	17	26
Union	4	2	2	0	0	0	4	8
Valencia	32	28	17	5	0	1	51	83
Total	1400	281	711	221	29	232	1474	2874
	49	10	25	8	1	8	51	100

^{*} CSP = criminal sexual penetration
**CSC = criminal sexual contact

Table 6. Percent CSP Crimes With Known Perpetrators by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP* Cases Documenting Victim/Offender Relationship	Number CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator	Percent CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	12	12	100
Albuquerque Police Department	371	343	92
Angel Fire Police Department	0		
Artesia Police Department	8	8	100
Aztec Police Department	4	3	75
Bayard Police Department	0		
Belen Police Department	2	1	50
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	113	105	93
Bernalillo Police Department	0		
Bosque Farms Police Department	2	2	100
Carlsbad Police Department	3	3	100
Carrizozo Police Department	0		
Catron County Sheriff's Department	1	1	100
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	13	11	85
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	0		
Cimarron Police Department	0		
Clayton Police Department	0		
Clovis Police Department	15	12	80
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	0		
Corrales Police Department	0		
Cuba Police Department	0		
Curry County Sheriff's Office	0		
Dexter Police Department	0		
Dona Ana County Sheriff's Department	0		
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	0		
Estancia Police Department	0		
Eunice Police Department	1	1	100
Farmington Police Department	0		
Gallup Police Department	16	9	56
Grant County Sheriff's Department	0		
Grants Police Department	18	14	78
Hatch Police Department	0		
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	0		
Hobbs Police Department	24	17	71
Hurley Police Department	0		
Isleta Tribal Police	0		
Jal Police Department	1	1	100
Laguna Police Department	2	2	100
Las Cruces Police Department	0		
<u> </u>			

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP* Cases Documenting Victim/Offender Relationship	Number CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator	Percent CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator
Las Vegas Police Department	15	13	87
Lea County Sheriff's Department	7	6	86
Logan Police Department	1	1	100
Lordsburg Police Department	0		
Los Alamos Police Department	4	2	50
Los Lunas Police Department	0		
Lovington Police Department	3	2	67
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	0		
Mora County Sheriff's Department	1	1	100
Moriarty Police Department	5	5	100
Otero County Sheriff's Department	0		
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	0		
Quay County Sheriff's Office	0		
Questa Police Department	0		
Ramah Navajo Police Department	7	3	43
Raton Police Department	0		
Red River Marshal's Office	0		
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	0		
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	7	6	86
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	2	2	100
Roswell Police Department	0		
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	2	1	50
Ruidoso Police Department	6	4	67
San Juan County Sheriff's Office	35	31	89
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	2	1	50
Santa Clara Police Department	0		
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	33	30	91
Santa Fe Police Department	52	44	85
Santa Rosa Police Department	0		
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	1	1	100
Socorro County Sheriff's Department	0		
Socorro Police Department	0		
Springer Police Department	0		
State Police Alamogordo	0		
State Police Albuquerque	1	1	100
State Police Clovis	1		
State Police Deming	1	1	100
State Police Espanola	3	3	100
State Police Farmington	1		
State Police Gallup	0		

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP* Cases Documenting Victim/Offender Relationship	Number CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator	Percent CSP Cases With Known Perpetrator
State Police Grants	1		
State Police Hobbs	0		
State Police Las Cruces	0		
State Police Las Vegas	1	1	100
State Police Moriarty	1	1	100
State Police Raton	1	1	100
State Police Roswell	3	2	67
State Police Santa Fe	4	2	50
State Police Santa Rosa	0		
State Police Socorro	0		
State Police Taos	2	2	100
State Police Tucumcari	0		
Taos Police Department	1	1	100
Taos Pueblo Police Department	0		
Tatum Police Department	0		
Torrance County Sheriffs Department	2	2	100
Tularosa Police Department	3	3	100
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	17	15	88
Vaughn Police Department	0		
Zuni Police Department	6	6	100
Total	838	739	88%

Table 7. Percent CSP* Incidents With A Suspect Arrest by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP Reports Documenting Suspect Arrest	Total CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest	Percent Incidents With A Suspect Arrest
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	14	5	36
Albuquerque Police Department	408	29	7
Artesia Police Department	4	1	25
Aztec Police Department	4	3	75
Belen Police Department	5	2	40
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	76	18	24
Bosque Farms Police Department	2	1	50
Carlsbad Police Department	23	5	22
Catron County Sheriff's Department	1	1	100
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	3	1	33
Clovis Police Department	21	4	19
Eunice Police Department	1	1	100
Gallup Police Department	15	5	33
Grants Police Department	14	3	21
Hobbs Police Department	20	3	15
Jal Police Department	1	1	100
Laguna Police Department	1	1	100
Las Vegas Police Department	13	5	38
Lea County Sheriff's Department	3	1	33
Logan Police Department	1	1	100
Los Lunas Police Department	5	4	80
Lovington Police Department	1	1	100
Mora County Sheriff's Department	1	1	100
Ramah Navajo Police Department	4	2	50
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	2	2	100
San Juan County Sheriff's Office	33	7	21
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	2	1	50
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	10	2	20
Santa Fe Police Department	52	7	13
State Police Espanola	2	1	50
State Police Farmington	2	1	50
State Police Las Vegas	2	1	50
State Police Raton	2	1	50
State Police Roswell	3	3	100
State Police Santa Fe	5	1	20
Torrance County Sheriffs Department	1	1	100
Tularosa Police Department	2	2	100
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	12	2	17
Zuni Police Department	6	6	100
Total CSP - criminal sexual penetration	777	137	18%

Table 8. Percent Sexual Assault Survivors Served by Participating Agencies, 2005

Agency Name	County	Number of All Survivors Served	Percent of All Survivors Served
Albuquerque Rape Crisis Center	Bernalillo	518	33
Border Area Mental Health	Grant	30	2
Carlsbad Mental Health Associates	Eddy	10	1
Cibola Counseling	Cibola	8	0.5
Community Against Violence	Taos	67	4
Community Counseling Center-PMS	San Juan	43	3
Counseling Associates	Chaves	7	
Daybreak Center	San Juan	24	1.5
El Refugio, Inc.	Grant	146	9
La Buena Vida	Sandoval	1	
La Pinon Sexual Trauma Recovery	Dona Ana	162	10.5
Mental Health Resources-Clovis	Curry	18	1
Mental Health Resources-Portales	Roosevelt	12	1
Mental Health Resources-Tucumcari	Quay	2	
Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	Sandoval	4	
San Miguel/Mora Guadalupe Mental Health/CBS	San Miguel	75	5
Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	Santa Fe	125	8
Sexual Assualt Services of North West New Mexico	San Juan	113	7
Socorro Mental Health	Socorro	23	1.5
Southern New Mexico Human Development, Inc.SNMHD	Dona Ana	22	1.5
Southwest Counseling Center	Dona Ana	18	1
START La Pinon	Sierra	13	1
Taos Colfax Community Services, Inc-Taos	Taos	19	1
Taos Colfax Community Services-Raton	Colfax	11	1
The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	Otero	47	3
The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	Lincoln	16	1
Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	Valencia	4	
Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	McKinley	6	
Western NM Counseling-PMS Thoreau	McKinley	1	
Total		1,545	100%

Table 9. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County, 2005

County	Number of Survivors Served
Bernalillo	518
Chaves	7
Cibola	8
Colfax	11
Curry	18
Dona Ana	202
Eddy	10
Grant	176
Lincoln	16
McKinley	7
Otero	47
Quay	2
Roosevelt	12
San Juan	180
San Miguel	75
Sandoval	5
Santa Fe	125
Sierra	13
Socorro	23
Taos	86
Valencia	4
Total	1,545

Table 10. Number Sex Crimes Survivors Served by Rape Crises/Mental Health Centers and Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement by County, 2005

County	Number of Survivors Served	Number of Sex Crimes Reported by Law Enforcement
Bernalillo	518	1,007
Catron	NR	1
Chaves	7	109
Cibola	8	61
Colfax	11	28
Curry	18	84
Dona Ana	202	362
Eddy	10	78
Grant	176	2
Guadalupe	NR	34
Hidalgo	NR	0
Lea	NR	68
Lincoln	16	15
Los Alamos	NR	12
Luna	NR	12
McKinley	7	100
Mora	NR	2
Otero	47	50
Quay	2	6
Rio Arriba	NR	66
Roosevelt	12	4
San Juan	180	235
San Miguel	75	49
Sandoval	5	63
Santa Fe	125	234
Sierra	13	1
Socorro	23	45
Taos	86	29
Torrance	NR	26
Union	NR	8
Valencia	4	83
Total	1,545	2,874

Table 11. Percent Male Victims by Service Provider Agency (Percents Are Calculated on Agencies with 20 or More Reported Cases)

County	Agency Name	Number of Sexual Assault Reports Documenting Victim Gender	Number of Male Victims Served	Percent Male Victims Served
Bernalillo	Albuquerque Rape Crisis Center	516	33	6
Chaves	Counseling Associates	7		
Cibola	Cibola Counseling	7	2	
Colfax	Taos Colfax Community Services-Raton	9	2	
Curry	Mental Health Resources-Clovis	18		
Dona Ana	La Pinon Sexual Trauma Recov.	161	18	11
Dona Ana	Southern New Mexico Human Development, Inc.SNMHD	22	6	27
Dona Ana	Southwest Counseling Center	18	4	
Eddy	Carlsbad Mental Health Associates	10	3	
Grant	Border Area Mental Health	30	6	20
Grant	El Refugio, Inc.	146	24	16
Lincoln	The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	16	3	
McKinley	Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	6		
McKinley	Western NM Counseling-PMS Thoreau	1		
Otero	The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	45	11	24
Quay	Mental Health Resources-Tucumcari	1		
Roosevelt	Mental Health Resources-Portales	12		
San Juan	Community Counseling Center-PMS	42	8	19
San Juan	Daybreak Center	23	3	13
San Juan	Sexual Assualt Services of North West New Mexico	113	14	12
San Miguel	San Miguel/Mora Guadalupe Mental Health/CBS	73	14	19
Sandoval	La Buena Vida	1		
Sandoval	Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	4		
Santa Fe	Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	125	26	21
Sierra	START La Pinon	13	1	
Socorro	Socorro Mental Health	22	2	9
Taos	Community Against Violence	66	2	3
Taos	Taos Colfax Community Services, Inc-Taos	18	3	
Valencia	Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	4		
Total		1,529	183	12%

Table 12. Geographic Location of Sexual Assaults Among Victims Who Sought Services in New Mexico in 2005

State	Number of Sexual Assault Victims
AK	1
AZ	12
CA	12
СО	8
СТ	1
FL	3
GA	3
IA	1
IL	3
IN	1
KS	2
KY	1
LA	2
MD	1
ME	2
MI	1
MO	1
MS	1
ND	1
NE	1
NJ	1
NM	1,144
NY	5
ОН	3
OK	4
OR	3
SD	2
TN	2
TX	23
UT	4
WA	2
WY	1
Total	1,252

Table 13. Number of Service Provider Cases Documenting The New Mexico County In Which The Sexual Assaults Occurred In 2005

County	Number of Sexual Assault Victims	Percent
Bernalillo	398	35.5
Catron	12	1
Chaves	9	1
Cibola	9	1
Colfax	9	1
Curry	13	1
Dona Ana	118	10.5
Eddy	7	1
Grant	116	10
Guadalupe	1	
Hidalgo	3	
Lincoln	6	0.5
Los Alamos	1	
Luna	8	1
McKinley	9	1
Mora	4	
Otero	9	1
Quay	2	
Rio Arriba	16	1
Roosevelt	6	0.5
San Juan	137	12
San Miguel	48	4
Sandoval	20	2
Santa Fe	68	6
Sierra	12	1
Socorro	6	0.5
Taos	37	3
Torrance	9	1
Valencia	29	2.5
Total	1,122	100%

Table 14. Percent SANE Patients by SANE Program, 2005

Agency Name	SANE Sexual Assault Patients	Percent
Albuquerque SANE Collaborative	376	40
Las Cruces La Pinon SANE Project	63	7
Otero County SANE Unit (Alamagordo)	25	3
Plains Regional Medical (PRMC) SANE Unit (Clovis)	38	4
Roosevelt County SANE Project	23	2
Roswell Esperanza House SANE Project	50	5
Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program	261	27
Sexual Assault Services of NW NM (Farmington SANE)	112	12
Total	948	100

Table 15. Percent Referrals to SANE Programs from Each Referral Source, by Victim Age

Referral Source	Childre	en (Age <13)	Adolescents	s (Age 13-17)	Adults (A	Age 18-24)
Law Enforcement	73	32%	69	41.5%	181	40%
Rape Crisis	6	3%	10	6%	36	8%
Hospital	51	22%	57	34%	152	33%
Friend	6	3%	9	5%	13	3%
Relative	37	16%	9	5%	5	1%
School			5	3%	1	
CYFD	28	12%	2	1%		
Medical Practitioner	11	5%			5	1%
Safehouse	6	3%				
DV Services	4	2%			1	
District Attorney	1		1		1	
Social Services			1		7	1.5%
Other Unspecified	6	3%	10	6%	24	5%
Total	230		176		435	

Table 16. SANE Patients' County of Residence

County of Residence	Number of SANE Patients	Percent
Bernalillo	263	35
Chaves	39	5.5
Cibola	6	1
Curry	20	3
DeBaca	1	
Dona Ana	33	5
Dulce	2	
Eddy	4	
Guadalupe	1	
Lea	2	
Lincoln	5	1
Los Alamos	6	1
Luna	3	
Otero	21	3
Rio Arriba	29	4
Roosevelt	22	3
San Juan	85	12
San Miguel	13	2
Sandoval	27	4
Santa Fe	81	11
Sierra	2	
Socorro	2	
Taos	11	1.5
Torrance	8	1
Valencia	22	3
Total	708	

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* and The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: SURVEY OF VIOLENCE VICTIMIZATION IN NEW MEXICO

145 E	JLMAN, RONCA AND BUCUVALAS, INC. AST 32nd STREET YORK, NEW YORK 10016	STUDY NO. 3618F December 5, 2005 FINAL Draft
RESF	P. ID	
RESF	P. TELEPHONE NUMBER:	
Interv	iewer:	
Interv	iew Date:/ 2005	
Time	Interview Began:: AM/PM Time	Interview Ended:: AM/PM
	PLE READ-IN: Replicate Number Zip Code FIPS Code State Wave code	
S1.	Coalition against Violence.	from SRBI (the national research organiurvey on personal safety for the New Mexico red under a grant from the State of New Mexico,
S2.	How many persons, age 18 and older, live	e in this household?
	Number of 18+ persons (VOL) NoneTHANK AND SCREEN	DUT
S3.	How many of those adults are (women/me	en)?
	a women (VOL) (VOL) b men (VOL) (VOL)) None00) None00
S4.	In order to select just one person to intervale) in your household, age 18 or older,	view, may I please speak to the GENDER (48% who has had the most recent birthday?
	Designated Respondent on line1 Someone else	TO QS5
S5. Hello,	[IF NEW RESPONDENT COMES TO PHO	ONE:]
from S perso	SRBI (the national research organization). \	inst Violence. (I F NEEDED: This study is being
S6.	answer any questions you don't want to a	experiences and opinions. You don't have to nswer. All of your answers will be treated as completely voluntary, but very important to the
	[You can confirm the authenticity of the su and asking for the New Mexico Safety Sui	 irvey by calling our 800 number-1-800-772-7066 vev Coordinator.l

	Can we begin?			
	Yes	GET NAME AND AI GET NAME AND AI	RRANGE CALLBA RRANGE CALLBA	CK CK
S7	CALLBACK: When wou have had	ld be a good time for r I an opportunity to (co		
	Date:		Time:	AM/PM
	Thanks. We will	call back, then.		
** NC	OTE: NOT SURE AND RE	FUSED PUNCHES W	ILL BE INCLUDEI	D IN EVERY QUESTION.
S8.	Thank you for your time study?	. Could you please te	ll me why you do r	not wish to participate in the

SECTION 1: FEAR OF VIOLENCE AND ACCOMMODATION BEHAVIOR

1. I'd like to begin by asking...Overall, would you say that personal safety for women in this country has improved since you were a child, gotten worse since you were a child, or is about the same?

Improved	1
Gotten worse	2
About the same	3
(VOL) Not sure	4
(VOL) Refused	5

2. Specifically, do you think the following things are more of a problem for women today, less of a problem, or about the same? Do you think (ITEM) is more of a problem, less of a problem or about the same?

		More	Less	About	NS	Refuse
		Problem	Problem	Same		
a.	Violent crime	1	2	3	4	5
b.	Domestic violence	1	2	3	4	5
C.	Sexual harassment	1	2	3	4	5
d.	Sexual assault	1	2	3	4	5
e.	Stalking	1	2	3	4	5

3. How concerned are you about your own personal safety? Are you...?

Very concerned	1
Somewhat concerned	2
Just a little concerned, or	3
Not really concerned	4
(VOL) Not sure	5
(VOL) Refused	6

4. Do you ever carry something with you to defend yourself or to alert other people?

Yes	1	
No	2	SKIP TO QD1
(VOL) Not sure	3	SKIP TO QD1
(VOL) Refused	4	SKIP TO QD1

4a.. How often do you carry something with you to defend yourself or to alert other people? Would you say...READ LIST

Always	1
Usually, or	2
Sometimes	3
(VOL) Not sure	4
(VOL) Refused	5

4b. What do you carry? DO NOT READ/MULTI-PUNCH

Whistle/noise-maker/personal alarm	1
Mace/tear gas/other spray	2
Knife/sharp object	3
Gun	4
Keys/keychain	5
Stick/bat/club/hammer/flashlight/other blunt object	6
Dog	7
Martial arts/fist	8
Phone/cellular phone	9
Other	10
(VOL) Not sure	11
(VOL) Refused	12

SECTION 2: RESPONDENT CHARACTERISTICS

D1. Now I'd like to ask you some questions for background purposes.

How old are you?

____ AGE 97+=97 (VOL) Not sure=98 (VOL) Refused=99

D2. Are you currently employed full-time, part-time, in the military, unemployed and looking for work, retired, a student, a homemaker or something else? MULTI RECORD

Employed full-time, 1 Employed part-time, 2 3 In the military Unemployed and looking for work, 4 Retired and not working, 5 A student, 6 7 A homemaker or 8 Something else? (VOL) Not sure 9 (VOL) Refused 10

D3. What is the highest level of education you have completed? DO NOT READ LIST

No schooling	1
1st-8th grade	2
Some high school	3
High school graduate	4
Some college	5
4 year college degree (BA/BS)	6
Post graduate	7
(VOL) Not sure	8
(VOL) Refused	9

D5.	Are you Hispanic or Latino?	
	Yes, Hispanic Not Hispanic (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4
D4.	Which of the following categor	ories best describes your racial background?
	White or Caucasian Black or African American Asian or Pacific Islander American Indian or Alaskan I Mixed Race (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused (VOLI) Other	1 2 3 Native 4 5 6 7
IF S4= D6.	1, SKIP TO D7, ELSE ASK D Including yourself, how many	persons 18 years of age and older live in this household?
	Number of adults in how (VOL) Not sure=98	
D7.	How many children under 18	years of age live in this household?
	Number of children in h (VOL) Not sure=98	
D8.		irces, such as work, child support, AFDC, how much income 2004 before taxes? Stop me when I get to the category that
	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$25,000 \$25,000 to \$35,000 \$35,000 to \$50,000 \$50,000 to \$80,000 \$80,000 to \$100,000 Over \$100,000 (VOL) None (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

[IF QD6 or S2 > 1 & < 97, ASK QD9. ELSE SKIP TO Q5.]

D9. Including income from all sources, how much <u>income did your entire household</u> receive in 2004 before taxes? Stop me when I get to the category that applies.

Less than \$5,000	1
\$5,000 to \$10,000	2
\$10,000 to \$15,000	3
\$15,000 to \$20,000	4
\$20,000 to \$25,000	5
\$25,000 to \$35,000	6
\$35,000 to \$50,000	7
\$50,000 to \$80,000	8
\$80,000 to \$100,000	9
Over \$100,000	10
(VOL) None	11
(VOL) Not sure	12
(VOL) Refused	13

Section Timing 1

5. Have you ever sustained a serious injury, such as a spinal cord, neck or head injury that is disabling or interfered with your normal activities?

Yes	1	
No	2	SKIP TO Q6
(VOL) Not sure	3	SKIP TO Q6
(VOL) Refused	4	SKIP TO Q6

5a. Could you please tell me the nature of that injury? DO NOT READ MULTIPLE RESPONSE

Concussion/head injury/coma		1
Back/disc/vertebrae	2	
Neck/whiplash/shoulders	3	
Spinal cord/paralysis	4	
Pelvis/hip	5	
Stroke/Aneurysm/bleeding head	6	
Carpel tunnel	7	
Extremities/eyes/arms/knee/foot	8	
Other	10	
(VOL) Not sure	11	
(VOL) Refused	12	

5b.. How old were you when you sustained this injury (or "the first injury" if more than one)?

AGE	(VOL) Not sure=98	(VOL) Refused=99

ASK Q5c if Age is less than current Age else skip to Q6

5c. Does this still interfere with your normal activities?

	Yes No		1 2	Skip to Q6		
	(VOL	.) Not sure .) Refused	3	SKIP TO Q6 SKIP TO Q6		
	5d. norma	How old were l activities?	you wh	nen this injury (or "the f	irst injury") stopped interferir	ng with your
		AGE		(VOL) Not sure=98	(VOL) Refused=99	
6.					ondition, such as high blood or interfered with your norma	
		.) Not sure .) Refused	1 2 3 4	SKIP TO Q7 SKIP TO Q7 SKIP TO Q7		
		ould you please ONSE)	tell me	what this condition is?	P DO NOT READ (MULTIPLE	≣
		Arthritis/rheur Diabetes Asthma/emph Cancer (other Muscular or n disease (CF Stroke/brain h Ulcers/persist Severe heada Osteoporosis, Chronic pain/Blindness/eye HIV/AIDs Other (VOL) Not si (VOL) Refus	natism/onysema/onysema/onysema/onysema/onysemorrhent von aches/m/orittle bechronice proble	nigraines pones/other bone disea fatigue m	e disease in/leukemia ehrigs)/developmental aralysis/wheelchair ase (hip replacement)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 19 20 21
	6b.		•		his disease/condition (or whe re you had it since birth)?	en you
		AGE (VOL)		birth00 re=98 (VOL) Refuse	d=99	
ASK C	Q6c if A	ge is less than	current	Age else skip to Q7		

6c. Does this still interfere with your normal activities?

IF YFS	S TO O	AGE 5. Q6. OR Q7 a	and YF	,		(VOL) Refused=99 ASK Q8. ELSE GO TO Q9.
	7d. stoppe			en this disease/co normal activities?		on (or "the first disease/condition"
	(VOL) Not sure) Refused	3 4	SKIP TO Q8 SKIP TO Q8		
	Yes No		1 2	Skip to Q8		
	7c.	Does this still	interfer	e with your norma	l activ	vities?
ASK Q	7c if A	ge is less than	current	Age else skip to C	28	
		AGE (VOL)		birth00 e=98 (VOL) Re	fusec	d=99
	7b.					nis disease/condition (or when you e you had it since birth)?
		Depression Anxiety (nervo Bipolar/schizo Chronic fatigu Other (VOL) Not so (VOL) Refus	phrenia ie ure		3	
	7a. WI	nat type of cond	dition? [OO NOT READ (M	/IULTI	IPLE RESPONSE)
		_) Not sure _) Refused	1 2 3 4	SKIP TO Q8 SKIP TO Q8 SKIP TO Q8		
7.						or condition, such as chronic erfered with your normal activities
		AGE		(VOL) Not sure=9	98	(VOL) Refused=99
	6d. stoppe			nen this disease/co normal activities?		on (or "the first disease/condition"
) Not sure) Refused	2 3 4	SKIP TO Q7 SKIP TO Q7		
	Yes		1	Skip to Q7		

8. To what extent did this (any of these) disability(s)/condition(s) interfere with your normal activities in the past week? **READ LIST**

1
2
3
4
5
6
7

Section Timing 2

SECTION 3: RELATIONSHIPS

9. Are you currently married, divorced, separated, widowed, or single and never married?

Married	1
(VOL) Common-law relationship	2
Divorced	3 SKIP TO Q10
Separated	4 SKIP TO Q10
Widowed	5 SKIP TO Q10
Single, never married	6 SKIP TO Q10
(VOL) Not sure	7 SKIP TO Q10
(VOL) Refused	8 SKIP TO Q10

9a. Are you living with your spouse (common law partner) at least part time?

1	SKIP TO Q12
2	
3	
4	
	1 2 3 4

10. Are you currently living as a couple with a man (woman) who is not your spouse, at least part of the time? (IF ASKED: By couple, we mean romantically involved, not just roommates.)

Yes	1	SKIP TO Q12
No	2	
(VOL) Not sure	3	
(VOL) Refused	4	

10a. Are you currently romantically involved with any (other) men (women), with whom you are not living with?

Yes	1	SKIP TO Q13
No	2	
(VOL) Refused	3	

IF R IS MALE Q11 SHOULD READ "MAN"; IF R IS FEMALE Q11 SHOULD READ WOMAN

11. Are you currently living as a couple with a <u>woman (man)</u>? (IF ASKED: By couple, we mean romantically involved, not just roommates.)

Yes 1

No 2 SKIP TO Q13 (VOL) Not sure 3 SKIP TO Q13 (VOL) Refused 4 SKIP TO Q13 IF Q9 = 1 OR 2 THEN SHOULD READ "SPOUSE;" ELSE SHOULD READ "PARTNER" How many years have you lived with your spouse/partner? **YEARS** LESS THAN 1 YEAR = 00 (VOL) Not sure=98 (VOL) Refused=99 IF Q9=1-2, ASK Q13. ELSE SKIP TO Q14.; IF Q9 =1 Q13 SHOULD READ "MARRIED; IF Q9 = 2 Q13 SHOULD READ "IN YOUR COMMON-LAW RELATIONSHIP" How long have you been married/common-law relationship? **YEARS** (VOL) Not sure=98 (VOL) Refused=99 LESS THAN 1 YEAR = 00

SECTION 4: ASSAULT/VIOLENCE INCIDENTS

SEXUAL ASSAULT

We are particularly interested in learning more about violence women (men) experience, either from strangers, friends, relatives, or even by spouses and partners. I'm going to ask you some questions about unwanted sexual experiences you may have had either as an adult or as a child. You may find the questions upsetting, but it is important that we ask them this way so that everyone is clear about what we mean. Remember, the information you are providing is confidential. Regardless of how long ago it happened,...

14. Has a man (woman) or boy (girl) ever made you have sex **by using force or threatening to harm** you or someone close to you? Just so there is no mistake, by sex we mean putting a penis in your vagina (putting your penis in a vagina).

Yes	1
No	2
(VOL) Not sure	3
(VOL) Refused	4

15. Has anyone, male or female, ever made you have oral sex by using force or threat of harm? Just so there is no mistake, by oral sex we mean that a man or boy put his penis in your mouth or someone male or female, penetrated your (vagina) or anus with their mouth or tongue.

Yes		1
No		2
(VOL)	Not sure	3
(VOL)	Refused	4

16. Has anyone ever made you have anal sex by using force or threat or harm? Just so there is no mistake, by anal sex we mean that a man or boy put his penis in your anus?

Yes		1
No		2
(VOL)	Not sure	3
(VOL)	Refused	4

17. Has anyone, male or female, ever put fingers or objects in your (vagina) or anus against your will by using force or threats?

Yes		1
No		2
(VOL)	Not sure	3
(VOL)	Refused	4

18. Has anyone, male or female, ever ATTEMPTED to make you have vaginal, oral or anal sex against your will, but intercourse or penetration did not occur?

Yes	1
No	2
(VOL) Not sure	3
(VOL) Refused	4

19.	Has anyone ever had sex with you when you didn't want to after you <u>drank so much ALCOHOL</u> that you were very high, drunk, or passed out? By having sex, we mean that a someone put his/her private sexual part in/on your private sexual part, your rear end, or your mouth? Yes1 No2
	Not sure3 Refused4
20.	Has anyone ever had sex with you when you didn't want to after <u>someone gave you or you had taken enough DRUGS</u> to make you very high, intoxicated, or passed out?
	Yes1 No2 Skip to 22 Not sure3 Skip to 22 Refused4 Skip to 22
	20a Did someone give you the drugs without you knowing it?
	Yes1 No2 Not sure3 Refused4
21. De	leted
22	Do you know any one who has been transported across state or international borders and forced to work against their will?
	Yes1 No2 (Skip to Q24) Not sure3 (Skip to Q24) Refused4 (Skip to Q24) Refused4 (Skip to Q24)
	Have you been transported across state or international borders and forced to work against your will?.
	Yes1 No2 Not sure3 Refused4
23. De	leted
24.	STATION AND ATTEMPTED RAPE Not counting the incidents that you have already told me about, has anyone ever touched rivate sexual part or made you touch his/her private sexual part by force or threat of force?
	Yes1 No2

PHYSICAL ASSAULT

25. Another type of stressful event women (men) sometimes experience is being physically
attacked by another person. Not counting any incidents you have already described to me, has
anyone including family members and friends ever attacked you with a gun, knife or some
other weapon, regardless of when it happened or whether you ever reported it?

Yes	 1	
No		2

26. Has anyone --- including family members and friends --- ever attacked you without a weapon, but with the intent to kill or seriously injure you? Again, do not include any incidents you have already reported to me.

Yes	1
NIA	2

27. Not counting any incidents you've already mentioned, <u>after you became an adult</u> did any other adult -- male or female -- ever...?

Yes	No	NS	REF	
	1	2	3	4
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
1	2	3	4	
	Yes 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	1 2 3 1 2 3	1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 <

28.	Now I'd like to ask you some questions about stalking, following or harassment you may
	have experienced on more than one occasion by strangers, friends, relatives or even
	spouses and partners. Has anyone, male or female ever READ LIST. MULTIPLE
	RECORD. (Not including bill collectors, telephone solicitors, or other sales people)

a.	Followed you or spied on you	1
b.	Sent you unsolicited letters or written correspondence	2
C.	Made unsolicited phone calls to you	3
d.	Stood outside you home, school or workplace	4
e.	Showed up at places you were even though he or she had no business	
	being there	5
f.	Left unwanted items for you to find	6
g.	Tried to communicate with you in other ways against your will	7
ĥ.	Vandalized your property or destroyed something you love	8
(\	/OL) Not sure	9
(\	VOL) Refused	10
(۱	VOL) None	11

29. Has ANYONE, male or female, ever <u>threatened to harm or kill you or someone else you love?</u>

Yes 1 No 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4

q208 tally

- 1. made you have sex (q14=1)
- 2. made you have or give oral sex (q15=1)
- 3. made you have anal sex (q16=1)
- 4. put fingers or objects in private parts (q17=1)
- 5. attempted to make you have sex (q18=1)
- 6. made you have sex when you were drunk or passed out (q19=1)
- 7. made you have sex when you were high or passed out (q20=1)
- 8. someone touched or made you touch them (q24=1)
- 9. physical assault with weapon (q25=1)
- 10. physical assault without a weapon (q26=1)
- 11. other physical assault (any q27=1)
- 12. stalked (q28=1-8)
- 13. threaten to kill (q 29=1)

SECTION 5: INCIDENT LOOPS

Now I would like to ask you some follow-up questions about the events you just told me about. You said that someone [Q30 READ IN]

Q30 READ INS:

SEXUAL ASSAULT LOOP: IF Q208=1-7, Q30 Read in = forced or tried to force you to have sex (or forcibly penetrated you with his/her fingers or other objects).

MOLESTATION LOOP: IF Q208=8, Q30 Read-in = touched your private parts using force or forced you to touch their private parts, or attempted to force you into unwanted sexual contact.

PHYSICAL ASSAULT LOOP: IF Q208 EQ 9-11, Q30 Read in = has physically attacked you or been physically violent towards you.

STALKING LOOP: IF Q208 EQ 12, Q30 Read in = has stalked, followed or harassed you on more than one occasion.

THREAT LOOP: IF Q208 EQ 13, Q30 Read in = has threatened to harm or kill you.

	IHKE	EAT LOOP: IF Q208 E	Q 13, Q30 Read in =	nas threatened to	narm or kill you.
30. H	ow mar	ny different occasions d	lid this happen?		
		_ Number of times	97=97 OR MORE (\	/OL) Not sure=98	(VOL) Refused=99
IF MC 31.		AN ONE ASK 31. Else old were you when this		ne?	
		AGE AT FIRST OC	CCURRENCE		
	31a.	When was the most	recent time that this o	ccurred?	
	Withir Not s	_ years (range 0-97) S n the past 12 months=0 uresed.) SKIP TO Q32 98		
	31b.	Has this happened w	rithin the past 12 mon	th or more than a y	/ear ago?
	More (VO	past 12 months1 than a year ago2 L) Not sure3 L) Refused4	SKIP TO Q32b		
32.	How	many times has this ha	ppened in the past 12	? months?	
			(VOL) Not sure=98	(VOL) Refused=9	99
IF ON	ILY 1 IN 32a.	NCIDENT WAS REPORE Now I would like to a	RTED IN Q30, SAY, sk you some questior	s about that incide	ent. SKIP TO Q33.
ELSE	IF MO	RE THAN 1 INCIDENT	WAS REPORTED (Q30=2-97), SAY,	

OOk - Loopedal Place for your to think about online of the analysis because in

32b. I would like for you to think about which of these incidents happened MOST RECENTLY, and I would like to ask you a few questions about that most recent incident.

33.	Was this a single incident or a series of incidents where the same person did the same things over a period of days, weeks, or months?
	Single event1 Series of events2 Not sure8 Refused9
	ASK 33a If Q30 >1 & <98, Else skip to Q33b. 33a. In this most recent incident, how old were you when this (IF SERIES, Q33=2: first) happened?
	[RECORD AGE, Not sure=98; Refused=99]
	[IF Q33=1,8,OR 9, SKIP TO Q34] 33b. How old were you the last time this happened?
	[RECORD AGE, Not sure=98; Refused=99]
34.	Was it one person, an organized gang or a group of people who did this to you?
	One1 Skip to 35 Gang 2 Group3 Not sure 8 Refused9
	34a. How many people were there?
	Not sure8 Refused9
35	Was the person who did this male or female? [IF THE INCIDENT HAD MORE THAN ONE PERPETRATOR, ASK ABOUT THE ONE WHO DID THE MOST OR WORST ACTS, THE ONE THEY CONSIDER TO BE THE MAIN PERPETRATOR.]
	Male1 Female2 Not sure8 Refused9
36.	Was the person who did this an adult (19 or older), a teenager (13 to 18), or a child (12 or younger)? [IF THE INCIDENT HAD MORE THAN ONE PERPETRATOR, ASK ABOUT THE ONE WHO DID THE MOST OR WORST ACTS, THE ONE THEY CONSIDER TO BE THE MAIN PERPETRATOR.]
	Adult1 Teenager2 Child3 Not sure8 Refused9

37. What was that person's relationship to you?[DO NOT READ]

Your current spouse/common-law p	partner
An ex-spouse	2
A male live-in partner	3
A female live-in partner	4
A boyfriend or girlfriend (romantic)	5
An ex-boyfriend or ex-girlfriend	6
Someone else in the household	7
A relative	8
Someone else you knew	9
A stranger	10
(VOL) Not sure	18
(VOL) Refused	19

IF Q37 = 1-5, ASK Q38. ELSE GO TO Q39

38. Did this incident/these incidents happen while you were still involved with this man/woman, or after your relationship with him/her ended or both?

1

While involved	1
After	2
During and after	3
(VOL) Not sure	4
(VOL) Refused	5

39. Was the person who did this to you using drugs or alcohol at the time of this incident?

Yes, alcohol	1
Yes, drugs	2
Yes, both	3
No, neither	4
(VOL) Not sure	5
(VOL) Refused	6

40. Were you using drugs or alcohol at the time of this incident?

Yes, alcohol	1
Yes, drugs	2
Yes, both	3
No, neither	4
(VOL) Not sure	5
(VOL) Refused	6

Ask Q40a, IF Q208 EQ 13 (Threat Loop), Else skip to 41

40a. Did you ever use or threaten to use physical force on him/her on more than one occasion?

1	
2	SKIP TO Q42
3	SKIP TO Q42
4	SKIP TO Q42
	3

40b.	Who was the first to use or t	hreaten to use physical force, you or the other	er person?
	You Assailant (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4	
Ask C	041 if Q208 = Q208=1-7 (Sex	ual Assault); Else skip to 42	
41.	Did this incident result in inte	ercourse or penetration?	
	Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4	
42.	During this incident did he o	r she also (READ LIST. MULTIPLE RECO	
	b. Push, grab or sh c. Pull your hair d. Slap or hit you e. Kick or bite you f. Choke or attemp g. Hit you with som h. Beat you up i. Threaten you wi j. Threaten you wi k. Use a gun on yo	ot to drown you ne object th a gun th a knife or other weapon ou ther weapon on you	Y N NS R 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
43.	Did he/she threaten to harm	or kill you or someone close to you during th	is incident?
	Yes 1 No 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4		
44.	Did you believe you or some killed during this incident?	eone close to you would be seriously harmed	or
	Yes 1 No 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4		

Ask Q44a-Q44o, If Q208 EQ 12 (STALKING), Else skip to Q45

44a. What exactly did he/she do? Did he/she ... READ LIST. MULTI-PUNCH

	Follow you Spy on you Stand outside your home, school Send you unsolicited letters, or of Leave unwanted items for you to Make unsolicited phone calls to Vandalize your personal propert Threaten to kill your pet Kill your pet Showed up at places you were of Tried to communicate with you in Other (SPECIFY) (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	other written correspondence of find you y even though he/she had no business there of the	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 20 23 24
44b.	Did you think he/she was stalkin	g you when he/she did these things to you?	
	Yes 1 No 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4		
44c.	How frightened were you by the	se things he/she did to you? Were you(REA	.D)?
	Very frightened Somewhat frightened Just a little frightened or Not really frightened (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4 5 6	
44d.	Did you ever follow or harass hir	n/her on more than one occasion?	
	(VOL) Not sure 3 Sk	CIP TO Q44f CIP TO Q44f CIP TO Q44f	
	44e. Who was the first to follo	w or harass the other person, you or him/her?	
	You 1 Assailant 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4		
44f.	Did he/she ever get someone els	se to help him/her follow or harass you?	
	Yes 1 No 2 (VOL) Not sure 3 (VOL) Refused 4	SKIP TO Q44i SKIP TO Q44i SKIP TO Q44i	
44g.	Who was this person/were these	people who helped him/her? (Multiple record)

Mother	1
Father	2
Sister	3
Brother	4
Friend/neighbor/acquaintance	5
Lover	6
Child	7
Other relative	8
Co-worker	9
Other (Specify)	17
(VOL) Not sure	18
(VOL) Refused	19

44h. Did your stalker ever approach you (make herself/himself visible to you) when he/she followed or harassed you?

1
2
3
4

44i. Did you ever talk to a psychologist, psychiatrist, or other type of mental health professional about these incidents?

Yes	1
No	2
(VOL) Not sure	3
(VOL) Refused	4

44j. Did you take any (other) measures to protect yourself from him/her?

Yes 1
No 2 SKIP TO Q44I
(VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused 4 SKIP TO Q44I

44k. What measures did you take? Do not read (Multiple Record)

Talked to an attorney/got legal advice	1	
Changed addresses/moved out/left	2	
Moved to a different city or state or country	3	
Got telephone number changed/unlisted/stopped answering phone	4	4
Got official records sealed/asked people not to release info	5	
Varied driving habits/routines/routes home	8	
Moved to a shelter/went into hiding/stayed with friends or family	9	
Changed cars	10	
Stopped going to work/school/classes/church/stopped going out	11	
Hired a private investigator	14	
Got a gun/other weapon/mace/spray/attacked him or her	15	
Avoided contact with perp/Refused to talk to him,her	16	
Enlisted help of friend/family to talk with him/stay with me	17	
Took extra precautions/locked windows and doors/pulled curtains	18	
Called police/filed complaint/got a restraining order	19	

Other (SPECIFY)	25
(VOL) None	26
(VOL) Not sure	27
(VOL) Refused	28

If Q44i = 1 Read-in "Aside from people you already mentioned, did you ever talk to anyone else about this incident?" Else, read-in as is.

44I. Did you ever talk to anyone else about this incident?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2
 SKIP TO Q44n

 (VOL) Not sure
 3
 SKIP TO Q44n

 (VOL) Refused
 4
 SKIP TO Q44n

44m. To whom did you talk about this incident? (DO NOT READ--MULTIPLE)

Crisis center/hot line	1
Battered women's shelter	2
Homeless shelter	3
Attorney/legal aide/lawyer	4
Community/family center	4 5
Social services/welfare	6
Victim advocacy center/services	7
In-laws/his family	8
Your family of origin/resp. family/parents/kids	9
Friend/neighbor	11
Doctor/nurse/other health professional	12
Minister/clergy/priest/rabbi	13
Law enforcement	14
Court officer/juvenile officer	15
Spouse/boyfriend/fiancé	16
Co-worker/boss/employer	17
Counselor/support group/A.A.	18
Phone company	19
Teacher	20
Other (SPECIFY)	26
(VOL) Not sure	27
(VOL) Refused	28

44n. Has he/she stopped following or harassing you?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2
 SKIP TO Q45

 (VOL) Not sure
 3
 SKIP TO Q45

 (VOL) Refused
 4
 SKIP TO Q45

44o. Why do you think he/she stopped following or harassing you? (Do Not Read)

The police warned him,her/he was afraid of being caught/received a restraining order

	He/she was arrested I moved/quit my job/got away/changed phone number I (or someone else) talked to him/her confronted him/threatened him He/she got a new boyfriend or partner/lost interest/got tired He/she moved/left/moved out I got a new spouse/partner He/she died It was random/kids/pranksters He/she got help/counseling/stopped drinking or drugs Other (SPECIFY) (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused							
45.	Were you physically	injured	during this incident?					
46.	Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused Did you ever receive	1 2 3 4 e medica	SKIP TO Q48 SKIP TO Q48 SKIP TO Q48 all care for (any of) the	injuries/diseases you sustained during	g			
	this incident?		, ,					
	Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4	SKIP TO Q48 SKIP TO Q48 SKIP TO Q48					
Ask Q	47 if Q208=1-7 (Sex	ual Assa	ault) OR If Q208 = 8 (Molestation); Else skip to 47a				
47.			Unit (Sexual Assault or clinic? [MULTIPLE	Nurse Examiner), hospital, emergenc RECORD]	У			
	SANE Unit (Sexual A Hospital Emergency room Doctor's office, or cli (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused (VOI) None of thes	inic	Nurse Examiner)	1 SKIP TO Q47b 2 SKIP TO Q47b 3 SKIP TO Q47b 4 SKIP TO Q47b 5 SKIP TO Q47b 6 SKIP TO Q47b 7 SKIP TO Q47b				
47a.	. Were you treated in a hospital, emergency room, or in a doctor's office or clinic? [MULTIPLE RECORD]							
	Hospital Emergency room Doctor's office, or cli (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused (Vol) None of thes 47b. How satisfied	e	ou with vour medical o	2 3 4 5 6 7				
	47b. How satisfied were you with your medical care?							

Very satisfied

	Dissatisfied Very dissatisfi (VOL) Not su (VOL) Refus	ure	3 4 5 6		
48.	Was this incident repe	orted to	the police?		
	Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	3	SKIP TO Q54 SKIP TO Q55 SKIP TO Q55		
49.	Who reported this inc	cident to	the police? (DO NOT READ)		
	Doctor/nurse/other he Minister/clergy/priest/	ealth pro /rabbi elor/other ner schoo orker	r mental health professional ol staff	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 17 18 19	
50.	How soon after the in	ncident w	as the report made? Was it.		
	Within 24 hours Within a week Within a month Within 6 months Within a year Over a year (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		
51.	What did the police d	o in resp	oonse? Did they(READ) M	ULTIPLE RES	PONSE
	See you in person to Arrest him/her or take Refer you to court or Refer you to services	e him/hei prosecut	r into custody	clinic,	1 2 3
	legal aide, or a				4 5

Give you advice on how to protect yourself

Take you somewhere (SPECIFY)_____

Nothing (VOL) Not sure

Satisfied

(VOL) Refused 25

52. How satisfied were you with the way the police handled the case?

Very satisfied	1
Satisfied	2
Dissatisfied	3
Very dissatisfied	4
(VOL) Not sure	5
(VOL) Refused	6

53. Is there anything else the police should have done to help you? DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RESPONSE

No/nothing	1
Charge/arrest him,her/commuted him,her/kept locked up	2
Give warning to him/her	3
Respond more quickly	4
Refer/take me to services/shelter	5
Be more supportive/positive/provide moral support	6
Take complaint more seriously/believed me/not laughed at me	7
Take report/followed thru with investigation/question him	8
Protect me/provide surveillance/tell how to protect myself	9
Make him/her leave/keep him/her away	10
Follow thru with court/pretrial/restraining order	11
Enforce protection order	12
Other (SPECIFY)	18
(VOL) Not sure	19
(VOL) Refused	20

Ask Q53a If Q208 EQ 12 (STALKING), Else Skip to 55

53a. After he/she was reported to the police, did the situation get worse, get better, or stay about the same?

```
Get worse 1 -|
Get better 2 -|
Stayed about the same 3 -| SKIP TO Q55
(VOL) Not sure 4 -|
(VOL) Refused 5 -|
```

54. Is there a reason why you didn't report this incident to the police? DO NOT READ. MULTIPLE RESPONSE

Wouldn't be believed/be viewed as my fault	1
Didn't think police could do anything	2
Fear of offender/afraid he/she would get even/scared	3
Too minor/not a police matter/not serious enough/not a crime	4
Shame/embarrassment/thought it was my fault	6
Didn't want anyone to know/no one knows/keep it private	7
Didn't want involvement with police/courts/	8
Didn't want him/her arrested or jailed/deported/hurt/stressed out	9
Distance/moved to another state or country/moved away	10
Handled it myself/got revenge/family handled it	14
Was my spouse/didn't want relationship to end/children's sake	15
Was police officer/justice officer	16
Too young/a child	17
Wouldn't turn in family member/friend/was my Dad	18
One time incident/last incident/he stopped	19
Military handled it	20
Reported to someone else (Lawyer, hospital, employer)	21
Afraid children would be taken from me/would lose kids	27
Afraid he would lose his job	28
Afraid I would lose my job	29
Afraid we would lose our housing	30
Afraid of INS/deportation	31
Afraid he would harm my children, other family members or pets	32
I DID REPORT IT TO THE POLICE	22 (SKIP TO Q49)
Other (SPECIFY)	24
(VOL) Not sure	25
(VOL) Refused	26

55. Did you get a restraining order against him/her as a result of this incident?

Yes	1	
No	2	SKIP TO Q57
(VOL) Not sure	3	SKIP TO Q57
(VOL) Refused	4	SKIP TO Q57

56. To your knowledge, did he/she ever violate this restraining order?

Yes	1
No	2
(VOL) Not sure	3
(VOL) Refused	4

57. Were criminal charges ever filed against him/her as a result of this incident?

Yes, filed	1	
No	2	SKIP TO 59
(VOL) Not sure	3	SKIP TO 59
(VOL) Refused	4	SKIP TO 59

58.		happened with arges dropped		charges	? Was	he/she c	onvicted, _[oled guilty	, acquitted o	r were
	Other (VOL	uilty	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	SKIP SKIP SKIP SKIP SKIP	TO 59 TO 59 TO 59					
	58a.	Did this convi	ction re	sult in h	is/her	being sen	tenced to	jail or pris	son?	
		Yes No (VOL) Not so (VOL) Refus		1 2 3 4	SKIP	TO Q59 TO Q59 TO Q59				
	58b.	How long was	s he/she	e senter	ced to	jail or pri	son?			
			(montl	hs)		(years) (VOL) Not	sure=98	(VOL) Refus	sed=99
IF Q55 59. you		Q57=1, ASK of atisfied were year.		the way	you v	vere treate	ed during t	he court	process? We	ere
	Satisfi Dissat Very o (VOL			1 2 3 4 5 6						

Section Timing 3

SECTION 6: INTIMATE ABUSE SERIES

[IF CURRENT SPOUSE/PARTNER EVER VIOLENT (37=1 in any loop), ASK 60. ELSE SKIP TO 76 (WRAP UP)]

60. I understand that it may be difficult to discuss, but I would like to ask you a few more questions about the violence/abuse you have experienced by your current spouse/partner in general.

Did the most recent incident happen within the past 12 month or more than a year ago?

	In the	past 12 months1 YEARS AGO 2	SKIP	TO Q61		
	60a.	How many times ha	s this ha	appened in the past 12	months?	
				(VOL) Not sure=98	(VOL) Refused=99	
61.		ou ever leave your cur en I say leave, I mean			ne/she was violent towards yo	u
		Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4	SKIP TO Q64 SKIP TO Q64 SKIP TO Q64		
	Ask 6 61a.	1a if 60=1; Else skip to How many different		d you leave in the pas	t 12 months?	
			(VOL) Not sure98 (VC	L) Refused 99	
62.		king about the last time non law partner?	e you le	ft,) how many days dic	I you stay away from your spo	use
		days (VOL) 97=97	or more Not sure	98 (VOL) Refused 99	
62a.	Where	e did you stay? DO N	OT REA	AD. MULTIPLE RECC	RD.	
		Safe house Homeless shelter Friends Spouse/partner's rel Your relatives Hotel, motel, etc. Hostel (Salvation and		1 2 3 4 5 6 7		
		Got her own place		9		

10

11

12

21

Other

He/she left/I stayed

(VOL) Not sure

Domestic Violence Shelter

22

62b. What was the main reason you returned home? Do Not Read Multiple Record

Court ordered him,her away Resolved problem/counseling worked/he/she changed No money Nowhere to go Sake of children Shame of divorce Lack of housing Wanted to give relationship another chance/make it work I got sick/hurt/disabled Pastor/friend/relative etc. counseled me to return We are separated/divorce pending Never returned Afraid he would harm my children, other family members or pets Afraid he would take my kids Other (VOL) Not sure	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 SKIP TO 64 13 14 20 21
(VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	21
(102) 110.000	

63. After you returned, did your spouse/common law partner's violence towards you...?

Increase 1
Decrease, or 2
Stay the same 3
(VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused 5

64. Did your current spouse/common law partner ever leave you because he/she was violent towards you?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2
 SKIP TO Q65

 (VOL) Not sure
 3
 SKIP TO Q65

 (VOL) Refused
 4
 SKIP TO Q65

64a. How many different times did he/she leave?

_____ (VOL) Not sure.....98 (VOL) Refused.... 99

65. Did you have any children living with you when your spouse/common law partner was violent towards you?

 Yes
 1

 No
 2
 SKIP TO Q69

 (VOL) Not sure
 3
 SKIP TO Q69

 (VOL) Refused
 4
 SKIP TO Q69

66. Was your spouse (or common law partner) the biological parent of any of these children?

Yes No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1 2 3 4		
Did any of these children ev		ess the	e violence?
Yes No, (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1	2	
Were any of these children	physica	ally hur	t or sexually abused by your spouse/partner?
Yes, physically hurt Yes, sexually abuse Yes, both No (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	d	1 3 5 6	2 4
Has your partner ever threat	tened to	hurt o	r kill any of your animals?
Yes No, (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1	2	
Has your partner ever harm	ned or k	illed ar	ny of your animals?
Yes No, (VOL) Not sure (VOL) Refused	1	2	
Did concern over your anim shelter?	nals' we	lfare ev	ver keep you from leaving home or going to a
Yes No, (VOL) Not sure	1	2	

72. Did your spouse/partner ever receive counseling for his/her violent behavior?

4

 Yes
 1

 No
 2
 SKIP TO Q73

 (VOL) Not sure
 3
 SKIP TO Q73

 (VOL) Refused
 4
 SKIP TO Q73

(VOL) Refused

72a. Was the counseling voluntary or mandatory (Court-ordered)?

67.

68.

69.

70.

71.

		Voluntary Mandatory (VOL) Not s (VOL) Refus		1 2 3 4	
73.	Do you think	your current sp	ouse/pa	artner's violent behavior	towards you has stopped?
		L) Not sure L) Refused	1 2 3 4		
74.				v told me about) Have yo by your current spouse/p	ou ever received counseling for partner?
		L) Not sure L) Refused	1 2 3 4		
75.		er the first to us non law partne		eaten to use physical for	ce against your current
		L) Not sure L) Refused	1 2 3 4	SKIP TO Q76 SKIP TO Q76 SKIP TO Q76	
	75a. How	many different t	imes we	ere you the first to use or	threaten to use physical force?
				(VOL) Not sure98	(VOL) Refused 99
<u>SECT</u>	ION 7: WRAP	<u>UP</u>			
76	Have you reamonths?	ad or heard any	informa	ation about intimate partr	ner violence in the last 12
	Yes1 No2 SI NS3 S Ref4 SI	KIP TO Q77			
76a	Where did yo	ou hear this info	rmation	? (DO NOT READ) MUI	LTIPLE RECORD
	Church Bus sign Poster8	2 3 4 oresentation, sp 6 7	oeaker, d	conference5	

Have you been involved in a conversation about intimate partner violence in the last 12

77.

	months?
	Yes1 No2 SKIP TO q78 NS3 SKIP TO q78 Ref4 SKIP TO q78
77a.	About how often?
	Once or twice1 Several times2 More often than that3
78.	Do you personally know anyone, male or female, who has been the victim of intimate partner violence in the past 12 months?
	Yes1 NO2 SKIP TO Q79
78a.	Was the victim male or female?
	Male1 Female2 Both3
78b.	Was the victim under age 19?
	Age 19 or older1 Under 192 Both3
79.	In your community, are you aware of any organizations or agencies that provide assistance or services for the victims of intimate partner violence?
	Yes1 No2 SKIP TO Q80 NS3 SKIP TO Q80 Ref4 SKIP TO Q80
	79a Which ones?
80.	I would like to thank you very much for helping us out and I appreciate the time you have taken to complete this survey. Is there anything else you would like to add or that you feel we may have missed regarding women's (men's) safety?

Q81 Deleted

82.	32. Is this the only telephone <u>number</u> for this household?			
		Yes No	1 2	SKIP TO Q83
	82a.	How many dif	ferent te	elephone <u>numbers</u> does this household have?
			_ differe	ent numbers
83. on intir		you like the na artner violence?		d phone number of a place to call to get advice or assistance
		Yes No	1 2	Skip to CLOSE

(INTERVIEWER NOTE: Please inform respondent that you have numbers for sexual assault, domestic violence and the child abuse hotline and ask which number he/she would like.)

Sexual Assault 1-800-656-Hope (4673) Domestic Violence 1-800-773-3645 Child Abuse Hotline 1-800-797-3260

That completes the interview. Thank you again for your participation.

Respondent ASKS FOR A COPY OF FINDINGS, OR HOW THE RESULTS WILL BE USED, READ:] The study is being conducted with funds from the state government. The study findings will be made available to the state and the public next year.

Appendix B: New Mexico Sex Crime Statutes

Chapter 30 Criminal Offenses Article 9: Sexual Offenses

30-9-10. Definitions.

As used in Sections 30-9-10 through 30-9-16 NMSA 1978:

- A. "force or coercion" means:
 - (1) the use of physical force or physical violence;
 - (2) the use of threats to use physical violence or physical force against the victim or another when the victim believes that there is a present ability to execute the threats;
 - (3) the use of threats, including threats of physical punishment, kidnapping, extortion or retaliation directed against the victim or another when the victim believes that there is an ability to execute the threats;
 - (4) the perpetration of criminal sexual penetration or criminal sexual contact when the perpetrator knows or has reason to know that the victim is unconscious, asleep or otherwise physically helpless or suffers from a mental condition that renders the victim incapable of understanding the nature or consequences of the act; or
 - (5) the perpetration of criminal sexual penetration or criminal sexual contact by a psychotherapist on his patient, with or without the patient's consent, during the course of psychotherapy or within a period of one year following the termination of psychotherapy;

Physical or verbal resistance of the victim is not an element of force or coercion.

- B. "great mental anguish" means psychological or emotional damage that requires psychiatric or psychological treatment or care, either on an inpatient or outpatient basis, and is characterized by extreme behavioral change or severe physical symptoms;
- C. "patient" means a person who seeks or obtains psychotherapy;
- D. "personal injury" means bodily injury to a lesser degree than great bodily harm and includes, but is not limited to, disfigurement, mental anguish, chronic or recurrent pain, pregnancy or disease or injury to a sexual or reproductive organ;
- E. "position of authority" means that position occupied by a parent, relative, household member, teacher, employer or other person who, by reason of that position, is able to exercise undue influence over a child;
- F. "psychotherapist" means a person who is or purports to be a:
 - (1) licensed physician who practices psychotherapy;
 - (2) licensed psychologist;
 - (3) licensed social worker;
 - (4) licensed nurse;
 - (5) counselor;
 - (6) substance abuse counselor;
 - (7) psychiatric technician;
 - (8) mental health worker;
 - (9) marriage and family therapist;
 - (10) hypnotherapist; or

- (11) minister, priest, rabbi or other similar functionary of a religious organization acting in his role as a pastoral counselor;
- G. "psychotherapy" means professional treatment or assessment of a mental or an emotional illness, symptom or condition; and
- H. "school" means any public or private school, including the New Mexico military institute, the New Mexico school for the visually handicapped, the New Mexico school for the deaf, the New Mexico boys' school, the New Mexico youth diagnostic and development center, the Los Lunas medical center, the Fort Stanton hospital, the Las Vegas medical center and the Carrie Tingley crippled children's hospital, that offers a program of instruction designed to educate a person in a particular place, manner and subject area. "School" does not include a college or university; and
- I. "spouse" means a legal husband or wife, unless the couple is living apart or either husband or wife has filed for separate maintenance or divorce.

30-9-11. Criminal sexual penetration.

- A. Criminal sexual penetration is the unlawful and intentional causing of a person to engage in sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse or the causing of penetration, to any extent and with any object, of the genital or anal openings of another, whether or not there is any emission.
- B. Criminal sexual penetration does not include medically indicated procedures.
- C. Criminal sexual penetration in the first degree consists of all sexual penetration perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child under thirteen years of age; or
 - (2) by the use of force or coercion that results in great bodily harm or great mental anguish to the victim.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the first degree is guilty of a first degree felony.

- D. Criminal sexual penetration in the second degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the child and uses this authority to coerce the child to submit;
 - (2) on an inmate confined in a correctional facility or jail when the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the inmate;
 - (3) by the use of force or coercion that results in personal injury to the victim;
 - (4) by the use of force or coercion when the perpetrator is aided or abetted by one or more persons;
 - (5) in the commission of any other felony; or
 - (6) when the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the second degree is guilty of a second degree felony.

E. Criminal sexual penetration in the third degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated through the use of force or coercion.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the third degree is guilty of a third degree felony.

- F. Criminal sexual penetration in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration:
 - (1) not defined in Subsections C through E of this section perpetrated on a child thirteen to sixteen years of age when the perpetrator is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than and not the spouse of that child; or
 - (2) perpetrated on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when the perpetrator, who is a licensed school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a school contract employee, a school health service provider or a school volunteer, and who is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than the child and not the spouse of that child, learns, while performing services in or for a school that the child is a student in a school.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-9-12. Criminal sexual contact.

- A. Criminal sexual contact is the unlawful and intentional touching of or application of force, without consent, to the unclothed intimate parts of another who has reached his eighteenth birthday, or intentionally causing another who has reached his eighteenth birthday to touch one's intimate parts.
- B. Criminal sexual contact does not include touching by a psychotherapist on his patient that is:
 - (1) inadvertent;
 - (2) casual social contact not intended to be sexual in nature; or
 - (3) generally recognized by mental health professionals as being a legitimate element of psychotherapy.
- C. Criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual contact perpetrated:
 - (1) by the use of force or coercion that results in personal injury to the victim;
 - (2) by the use of force or coercion when the perpetrator is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
 - (3) when the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

- D. Criminal sexual contact is a misdemeanor when perpetrated with the use of force or coercion.
- E. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.

30-9-13. Criminal sexual contact of a minor.

Criminal sexual contact of a minor is the unlawful and intentional touching or applying force to the intimate parts of a minor or the unlawful and intentional causing a minor to touch one's intimate parts. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.

- A. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the third degree consists of all criminal sexual contact of a minor perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child under thirteen years of age; or
 - (2) on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when:
 - (a) the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the child and uses this authority to coerce the child to submit;
 - (b) the perpetrator uses force or coercion which results in personal injury to the child;
 - (c) the perpetrator uses force or coercion and is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
 - (d) the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact in the third degree is guilty of a third degree felony.

- B. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual contact;
 - (1) not defined in Subsection A of this section, of a child thirteen to eighteen years of age perpetrated with force or coercion.
 - (2) perpetrated on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when the perpetrator, who is a licensed school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a school contract employee, a school health service provider or a school volunteer, and who is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than the child and not the spouse of that child, learns, while performing services in or for a school that the child is a student in a school.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-6-3. Contributing to delinquency of minor.

A. Contributing to the delinquency of a minor consists of any person committing any act or omitting the performance of any duty, which act or omission causes or tends to cause or encourage the delinquency of any person under the age of eighteen years. Whoever commits contributing to the delinquency of a minor is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-9-14. Indecent exposure.

- A. Indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view.
- B. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons pubis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.
- C. Whoever commits indecent exposure is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted for committing indecent exposure to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at his own expense.

30-9-14.3. Aggravated indecent exposure.

- A. Aggravated indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view in a lewd and lascivious manner, with the intent to threaten or intimidate another person, while committing one or more of the following acts or criminal offenses:
 - (1) exposure to a child less than eighteen years of age;
 - (2) assault, as provided in Section 30-3-1 NMSA 1978;
 - (3) aggravated assault, as provided in Section 30-3-2 NMSA 1978;
 - (4) assault with intent to commit a violent felony, as provided in Section 30-3-3 NMSA 1978;
 - (5) battery, as provided in Section 30-3-4 NMSA 1978;
 - (6) aggravated battery, as provided in Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978;
 - (7) criminal sexual penetration, as provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; or
 - (8) abuse of a child, as provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978.
- B. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons pubis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.
- C. Whoever commits aggravated indecent exposure is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted for committing aggravated indecent exposure to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at his own expense.

30-4-1. Kidnapping.

- A. Kidnapping is the unlawful taking, restraining, transporting or confining of a person, by force, intimidation or deception, with intent:
 - (1) that the victim be held for ransom;
 - (2) that the victim be held as a hostage or shield and confined against his will;
 - (3) that the victim be held to service against the victim's will; or
 - (4) to inflict death, physical injury or a sexual offense on the victim.
- B. Whoever commits kidnapping is guilty of a first degree felony, except that he is guilty of a second degree felony when he voluntarily frees the victim in a safe place and does not inflict great bodily harm upon the victim.

30-10-3 Incest.

Incest consists of knowingly intermarrying or having sexual intercourse with persons within the following degrees of consanguinity: parents and children including grandparents and grandchildren of every degree, brothers and sisters of the half as well as of the whole blood, uncles and nieces, aunts and nephews.

Whoever commits incest is guilty of a third degree felony.

ARTICLE 6A SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN

30-6A-2. Definitions.

As used in the Sexual Exploitation of Children Act [30-60A-1 to 30-60A-4 NMSA 1978]:

A. "prohibited sexual act" means:

- (1) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital or oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or opposite sex;
- (2) bestiality;
- (3) masturbation;
- (4) sadomasochistic abuse for the purpose of sexual stimulation; or
- (5) lewd and sexually explicit exhibition with a focus on the genitals or pubic area of any person for the purpose of sexual stimulation;

B. "visual or print medium" means:

- (1) any film, photograph, negative, slide, computer diskette, videotape, videodisc or any computer or electronically generated imagery; or
- (2) any book, magazine or other form of publication or photographic reproduction containing or incorporating any film, photograph, negative, slide, computer diskette, videotape, videodisc or any computer generated or electronically generated imagery;
- C. "performed publicly" means performed in a place which is open to or used by the public; and
- D. "manufacture" means the production, processing, copying by any means, printing, packaging or repackaging of any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.
- E. "obscene" means any material, when the content if taken as a whole:
 - (1) appeals to a prurient interest in sex, as determined by the average person applying contemporary community standards:
 - (2) portrays a prohibited sexual act in a patently offensive way; and
 - (3) lacks serious literary, artistic, political or scientific value."

30-6A-3. Sexual exploitation of children.

(Effective 7-1-01)

- A. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally possess any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- B. It is unlawful for a person to intentionally distribute any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows

- or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally cause or permit a child under eighteen years of age to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows, has reason to know or intends that the act may be recorded in any obscene visual or print medium or performed publicly. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony, unless the child is under the age of thirteen, in which event the person is guilty of a second degree felony.
- D. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally manufacture any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a second degree felony.
- E. The penalties provided for in this section shall be in addition to those set out in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978.

30-6A-4. Sexual exploitation of children by prostitution.

- A. Any person knowingly receiving any pecuniary profit as a result of a child under the age of sixteen engaging in a prohibited sexual act with another is guilty of a second degree felony, unless the child is under the age of thirteen, in which event the person is guilty of a first degree felony.
- B. Any person hiring or offering to hire a child over the age of thirteen and under the age of sixteen to engage in any prohibited sexual act is guilty of a second degree felony.
- C. Any parent, legal guardian or person having custody or control of a child under sixteen years of age who knowingly permits that child to engage in or to assist any other person to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act for the purpose of producing any visual or print medium depicting such an act is guilty of a third degree felony.

30-9-1. Enticement of child.

Enticement of child consists of:

- A. enticing, persuading or attempting to persuade a child under the age of sixteen years to enter any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 [30-9-1 to 30-9-9 NMSA 1978] of the Criminal Code; or
- B. having possession of a child under the age of sixteen years in any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 of the Criminal Code.

Whoever commits enticement of child is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Appendix C. Participating Law Enforcement Agencies

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Alamogordo Dept.of Public Safety	700 Virginia Avenue	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Albuquerque Police Department	400 Roma NW	Albuquerque	NM	87102
Angel Fire Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Angel Fire	NM	87710
Artesia Police Department	702 W. Chisum	Artesia	NM	88210
Aztec Police Department	201 W. Chaco	Aztec	NM	87410
Bayard Police Department	P.O. Box 788	Bayard	NM	88023
Belen Police Department	607 Becker Avenue	Belen	NM	87002
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 25927	Albuquerque	NM	87125
Bernalillo Police Department	P.O. Box 638	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Bosque Farms Police Department	P.O. Box 660	Peralta	NM	87042
Carlsbad Police Department	405 S. Halagueno	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Carrizozo Police Department	P.O. Box 828	Carrizozo	NM	88301
Catron County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 467	Reserve	NM	87830
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	One St. Marys Place, East	Roswell	NM	88203
	Wing			
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	115 W. High St.	Grants	NM	87020
Cimarron Police Department	P.O. Box 654	Cimarron	NM	87714
Clayton Police Department	112 North Front Street	Clayton	NM	88415
Clovis Police Department	P.O. Box 862	Clovis	NM	88102
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 39	Raton	NM	87740
Corrales Police Department	P.O. Box 707	Corrales	NM	87048
Cuba Police Department	P.O. 426	Cuba	NM	87013
Curry County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1043	Clovis	NM	88102
Dexter Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Dexter	NM	88230
Dona Ana County Sheriffs Office	750 Motel Blvd, Suite A	Las Cruces	NM	88007
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1240	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Estancia Police Department	P.O. Box 166	Estancia	NM	87016
Eunice Police Department	P.O. Box 147	Eunice	NM	88231
Farmington Police Department	800 Municipal Drive	Farmington	NM	87401
Gallup Police Department	451 State Road 564	Gallup	NM	87301
Grant County Sheriff's Department	201 N. Cooper St.	Silver City	NM	88061
Grants Police Division, DPS	105 E. Roosevelt	Grants	NM	87020
Hatch Police Department	P.O. Box 220	Hatch	NM	87917
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	305 South Pyramid	Lordsburg	NM	88045
Hobbs Police Department	301 N. Dalmont	Hobbs	NM	88240
Hurley Police Department	P.O. Box 65	Hurley	NM	88043
Isleta Tribal Police Department	P.O. Box 699	Isleta	NM	87022
Jal Police Department	P.O. Drawer W	Jal	NM	88252
Laguna Police Department	P.O. Box 194	Old Laguna	NM	87026
Las Cruces Police Department	P.O. Box 20000	Las Cruces	NM	88001
Las Vegas Police Department	318 Moreno Street	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Lea County Sheriff's Department	215 East Central	Lovington	NM	88260
Lincoln County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 278	Carrizozo	NM	88301
Logan Police Department	P.O. Box 7	Logan	NM	88426
Lordsburg Police Department	206 S. Main	Lordsburg	NM	88045

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Los Alamos Police Department	P.O. Box 30	Los Alamos	NM	87544
Los Lunas Police Department	P.O. Box 1209	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Lovington Police Department	213 S. Love	Lovington	NM	88260
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	2105 East Aztec	Gallup	NM	87301
Mora County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 659	Mora	NM	87732
Moriarty Police Department	P.O. Drawer 130	Moriarty	NM	87035
Otero County Sheriff's Department	3208 N. White Sands Blvd.	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	Route 11, Box 71	Santa Fe	NM	87501
Quay County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 943	Tucumcari	NM	88401
Questa Police Department	P.O. Box 260	Questa	NM	87556
Ramah-Navajo Police Department	Rt.2 Box 13	Ramah	NM	87321
Raton Police Department	P.O. Box 397	Raton	NM	87740
Red River Marshal's Office	P.O. Box 410	Red River	NM	87558
Rio Arriba County Sheriff	P.O. Box 1256	Espanola	NM	87532
Rio Rancho DPS	500 Quantum Road	Rio Rancho	NM	87124
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	1700 N. Boston`	Portales	NM	88130
Roswell Police Department	P.O. Box 1994	Roswell	NM	88201
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	P.O. Box 1560	Ruidoso	NM	88346
1		Downs		
Ruidoso Police Department	1085 Mechem Drive	Ruidoso	NM	88345
San Juan County Sheriff's Office				
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 5219	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Santa Clara Police Department	P.O. Box 316	Santa Clara	NM	88026
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	#35 Camino Justicia	Santa Fe	NM	87508
Santa Fe Police Department	2515 Camino Entrada	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Santa Rosa Police Department	141 South 5th Street	Santa Rosa	NM	88435
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	311 Date Street	T or C	NM	87901
Socorro County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 581	Socorro	NM	87801
Socorro Police Department	P.O. Box 992	Socorro	NM	87801
Springer Police Department	P.O. Box 746	Springer	NM	87747
State Police Alamogordo	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Albuquerque	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Clovis	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Deming	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Espanola	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Farmington	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Gallup	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Grants	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Hobbs	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Las Cruces	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Las Vegas	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Moriarty	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Raton	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Roswell	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Santa Fe	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Santa Rosa	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Socorro	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Taos	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
State Police Tucumcari	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Taos Police Department	107 Civic Plaza Drive	Taos	NM	87571
Taos Pueblo Police Department	P.O. Box 1846	Taos	NM	87571
Tatum Police Department	P.O. Box 691	Tatum	NM	88267
Torrance County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 498	Estancia	NM	87016
Tucumcari Police Department	P.O. Box 1336	Tucumcari	NM	88401
Tularosa Police Department	703 St. Francis Drive	Tularosa	NM	88352
Valencia County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1585	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Vaughn Police Department	P.O. Box 278	Vaughn	NM	88353
Zuni Police Department	P.O. Box 339	Zuni	NM	87327

1. Agency Name
3. Total Number of criminal sexual penetration (CSP) incidents: (Add State Statutes 30-9-11 and 30-10-3) (If the offense incident report your officers use does not document sexual crimes by state statute, enter instead, the total number of CSP incidents perpetrated [add male and female adults and children])
4. If known, of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3 , how many were: a) Sodomy b) with an Object c) Incest d) Gang Related e) Resulted in Homicide _
5.a) Of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3, how many <i>victims</i> were there?b) Of these, how many were: a) Female victimsb) Male victims
6. Of the total number of CSP <i>victims</i> in q.5a , give the number per <i>age group</i> : 0-6 7-12 13-18 19-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65 66+ # Victim age unknown
7. Of the total number of CSP <i>victims</i> in q.5a , give the number of each <i>ethnicity</i> : Caucasian Hispanic Native American Asian/Pacific Islander Black Other # Victim Ethnicity Unknown
B.a) Of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3 , how many total <i>offenders</i> were there? b) Of these, how many were: a) Female offenders b) Male offenders
9. Of the number of CSP offenders in q.8a , give the number per age group: 0-6 7-12 13-18 19-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65 66+ # Offender age unknown
10. Of the number of CSP offenders in q.8a , give the number of each <i>ethnicity</i> : Caucasian Hispanic Native American Asian/Pacific Islander Black Other # Offender Ethnicity Unknown
11.a) Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many were perpetrated by a stranger to the victim? b) How many CSP incidents in q.3 were perpetrated by someone who knew the victim? c) Of the number in 11b , how many were a relative?
12. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many involved a weapon? # with weapon use unknown
13. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many involved injury to the victim? # injury unknown
14. a) Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many involved drugs/alcohol use? b) Of these, how many involved: Offender use only Victim use only Offender and Victim use
15. a) Of the number of CSP <i>incidents</i> in q.3 , in how many of these did at least one child witness the event? b) Number of CSP <i>incidents</i> in q.3 where it is unknown if a child was present
16. a) What is the <i>total number of children</i> who witnessed the CSP incidents counted in q.3 ? b) Of these, number per age group: 0-5 6-9 10-12 13-17 18-21 # age unknown
17. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3, how many included a suspect arrest?
For the reporting quarter, please give the:
18. Number of incidents of <i>criminal sexual contact</i> (or statute 30-9-12)
19. Number of incidents of <i>criminal sexual contact of a minor</i> (or statute 30-9-13)
20. Number of incidents of <i>indecent exposure</i> (or 30-9-14 and 30-9-14.3)
21. Number of incidents of sexual exploitation of children (30-6A-3 and 30-6A-4)
22. Number of incidents of <i>enticement of child</i> (or statute 30-9-1)

Quarterly Reports are due April 25th, July 25th, October 25th, and January 25th, 2005). *Please send reports to: NMCSAAS*, 3909 Juan Tabo Suite 6, Alb., NM 87111 or fax to (505) 883-7530. Call Betty Caponera, (505) 883-8020 for questions.

Appendix E: Rate of Law Enforcement Reported Criminal Sexual Penetration Incidents for Counties with Complete* Reporting, 2005

County	Number of CSP Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement	Population
Bernalillo	500	593,765
Catron	1	3,440
Chaves	31	61,635
Cibola	31	27,549
Colfax	15	13,831
Curry	41	45,662
Dona Ana	244	186,095
Eddy	46	51,688
Grant	0	29,443
Hidalgo	0	5,186
Lea	38	56,231
Lincoln	9	20,727
Los Alamos	4	18,796
McKinley	39	72,425
Mora	1	5,212
Otero	28	63,282
Sandoval	115	102,120
San Juan	20	124,166
San Miguel	31	29,514
Santa Fe	105	138,705
Socorro	13	18,177
Taos	9	31,464
Torrance	9	16,864
Union	4	3,827
Valencia	32	68,698
Total	1,366	1,793,032

^{*}Law Enforcement Agencies from the largest city(s) in the county participate. DeBaca and Harding counties not included as there is no law enforcement participation from these counties. CSP reports from Guadalupe, Luna, Quay, Rio Arriba, Roosevelt and Sierra counties not included in determination of rates as the law enforcement agency from the largest city in each county did not report to the Central Repository.

Appendix F. Service Provider Agencies

Agency Name	Address	City	Zip
Albuquerque Rape Crisis Center	1025 Hermosa SE	Albuquerque	87108
Border Area Mental Health	P.O. Box 1349	Silver City	88062
Carlsbad Mental Health Associates	914 North Canal	Carlsbad	88220
Cibola Counseling	P.O. Box 67	Grants	87020
Community Against Violence	P.O. Box 169	Taos	87571
Community Counseling Center-PMS	P.O. Box 3239	Farmington	87401
Counseling Associates	P.O. Box 1978	Roswell	88202
Daybreak Center	220 E. Chuska	Aztec	87410
El Refugio, Inc.	800 S. Robert St.	Silver City	88061
La Buena Vida	P.O. Box 1147	Bernalillo	87004
La Pinon Sexual Trauma Recovery	418 W. Griggs	Las Cruces	88005
Mental Health Resources-Clovis	1100 West Twenty-First	Clovis	88101
Mental Health Resources-Portales	300 East First St.	Portales	88130
Mental Health Resources-Portales			
Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	1424 Deborah SE, Suite	Rio Rancho	87124
San Miguel/Mora Guadalupe Mental Health/CBS	700 Friedman	Las Vegas	87701
Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	P.O. Box 6484	Santa Fe	87502- 6484
Sexual Assault Services of North West New Mexico	622 West Maple Suite I	Farmington	87401
Socorro Mental Health	1200 Highway 60 West	Socorro	87801
Southern New Mexico Human Development, Inc.SNMHD	P.O. Box 2285	Las Cruces	88004
Southwest Counseling Center	100 W. Griggs Ave.	Las Cruces	88001
START La Pinon	PO Box 336	Williamsburg	87942
Taos Colfax Community Services, Inc- Taos	Box 6952-413 Sipapu	Taos	87571

Agency Name	Address	City	Zip
Taos Colfax Community Services-Raton	220 4th Avenue	Raton	87740
The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	1900 East 10th St.	Alamogordo	88310
The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	206 Sudderth Dr.	Ruidoso	88345
Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	P.O. Box 518	Los Lunas	87031
Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	2025 East Aztec	Gallup	87301
Western NM Counseling-PMS Thoreau	PO Box 1017 15 Navarre St	Thoreau	87323

Appendix G.

Sexual Assault History Form

2005

This form is to be completed by each therapist in each mental health/rape crisis center and their satellite offices for every client who presents or later discloses sexual assault/abuse. Please submit forms to: NMCSAP (505-883-8020), 3909 Juan Tabo NE, Suite 6, Albuquerque, NM 87111, by the tenth of every month.

1. Name of Agency	2. Client Identifier
A. Survivor Information	
3. Date of most recent sexual assault/abuse incident/_ (mo/y.	
5. Survivor's Age at time of most recent sexual assault/abus	se incident 6. Survivor's Current age
7. Survivor Ethnicity: (check one) ☐ White (Non-Hispan ☐ Black ☐ Asian	ic) □ Hispanic □ Mixed □ Native American □ Unknown
8. Survivor Disability (check all that apply): □None □Vis □Emotional/N	tual □Mobility □ Hearing □Physical Mental (prior to this incident) □Unknown
9. Did the survivor use alcohol or drugs immediately prior ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	to or during the most recent sexual assault incident?
10. Did the survivor contract a sexually transmitted disease ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	e as a result of the most recent sexual assault?
11. Did a pregnancy result from the most recent sexual ass	sault?
12. Did the survivor have a history of domestic violence as ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	a child, either as a witness or as one directly victimized?
13. Was client ever sexually assaulted/abused before this inc	cident? \square No (skip to q.15) \square Yes (answer 13a or b) \square Unknown (skip to q.15)
If Yes to q.13 and, a) the client is a victim of ongoing sexual abuse, enter age q.14). If age at onset of ongoing sexual abuse is unknown.	e at onset of sexual abuse (If this age is <u>under 18</u> , go to wn, check: \Backsige Age Unknown (skip to q. 15)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	time of prior incident of sexual assault/abuse (<i>If this</i> al assault is unknown, check: \Backsigma Age Unknown (skip to q. 15)
 14. If the survivor experienced a prior sexual assault/abuse pregnant before age 18? ☐ Yes (answer q.14b) ☐ No ☐ Unknown 	at any time before age 18, did the survivor <u>ever</u> become
14b. If <i>Yes</i> , was the pregnancy a result of the prior sexual as	ssault?
B. Offender Information	
15. Number of offenders involved in the most recent sexual of	assault: (check one)
If more than one offender in the most recent sexual	assault, choose <u>one</u> offender to answer questions 16-27
16. Offender Gender: ☐ Male (check one) ☐ Female ☐ 25-34	e: (check one) □ 5 and under □ 6-12 □ 13-17 □ 18-24 □ 35-44 □ 45-54 □ 55-64 □ 65+ □Unknown

18.	Offender	· Ethnicity	(check	one):	•	on-Hispa ⊐ Mixed]Hispanic] Unknow		ative A	merican	□ Bl	ack
	Did the ∂ □ Yes	offender us No		ol or drugs known	immed	iately pric	or to o	r during th	e curren	t sexua	l assault in	icident	?
20.	Did the o	offender ho	ave a his	story of don	nestic v	iolence as	s a chi	ld, either a	s a witne	ess or o	ne directly	victim	ized?
	□ Yes	□ No	□ Un	known									
C.	Sexua	l Offen	se Info	ormation	1								
21.	Type of (Offense: (c	heck all	that apply)	□ P	e netrati o	,					00,0	applicable:
			□ Sexua	npted Pene al Harassm ling (no pe	ent		Stalki		ndecent		-	J nknov	
22.	. Survivoi	r/Offender	Relatio	nship (che o	ck only	one, eith	er fron	n 22a, 22b	or 22c):				
a) ł	Known R	elative Of		□ Father □ Grandfa □ Brother		□ Moth □ Gran □ Sister	dmoth		o-mother		other ep-father int		o-Brother rent spouse ele
b) I	Known N	on-Relativ	ve Offen	☐ Soci	n's lesb al acqu gy/spir	ian partne aintance itual leade	er 🗆 er 🗖	Mom's bo Dad's gay New acqua Health car Boyfriend	partner aintance e provide	er	□ Dad's gi □ Survivo □ Employ □ Friend □ Co-wor	rs lesbi er [d an/gay partner □ Teacher □ Other
c) [☐ Strange	er						3					
23.	Was the	offender t	he same	ethnicity a	is the si	arvivor?	□ Ye	s 🗆 No	□U	nknow	'n		
24.	Type of C	Coercion/\	Weapon	Used: (che	ck all tl	nat apply))						
	□ Knife	;			•	Force Veapon	□ In	erbal Thr tentionall nknown			□ Manipu erpetrato		
25.	Location	of Most R	Recent O	ffense: (che	eck one	<u>.</u>)							
	□ Vehi	icle blic Facilit	v		Parki	vor's hon ng Lot nle locati		□ Wor	kplace		☐ Other☐ School☐ Unkno		nce
26.		ne i dem	/ .	_	1111111	/			/				
	city			county			sta	ie.					itside of U.S.
		nost recen			_	(6a.mn :01p.m0		□ Afte		12:01-0	6p.m.)		
28.		st recent se ck one)	exual as	sault was r	eported	l by:				-	□ N	-	orted
29.		al Services		at sexual as pe Crisis C known							□ Law]	Enforc	ement
				ught for inj ection with					Unkno □No		J nknown		
	_					_						□ Inco	me Unknown

Appendix H. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) Programs

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Albuquerque SANE Collaborative	P.O. Box 37139	Albuquerque	NM	87106
Cibola General Hospital SANE (Grants)	1016 East Roosevelt	Grants	NM	87020
Las Cruces La Pinon SANE Project	418 West Griggs	Las Cruces	NM	88005
Otero County SANE Unit (Alamogordo)	2669 North Scenic Drive	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Plains Regional Medical (PRMC) SANE Unit (Clovis)	2100 Martin Luther King Blvd.	Clovis	NM	88101
Roosevelt County SANE Project	Roosevelt General Hospital, Hwy. 70	Portales	NM	88130
Roswell Esperanza House SANE Project	P.O. Box 1582	Roswell	NM	88203
Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program	St. Vincent Hospital	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Sexual Assault Services of NW NM (Farmington SANE)	622 W Maple, Suite I	Farmington	NM	87401
Shiprock SANE Northern Navajo Medical Center	P.O. Box 160	Shiprock	NM	87420

Appendix I. SANE Programs Patient Data Collection Form

1.	Program/Agency Name:
2.	Date of Exam
3.	Patient Gender
	☐ Male ☐ Female ☐ Transgender ☐ Unknown
4.	Patient Age Unknown
5.	Patient Ethnicity/Race
	□ Native American □ Hispanic □ African American □ Asian
	☐ White (non-Hispanic) ☐ Mixed Ethnicity/Race ☐ Other ☐ Unknown
6.	Patient Disability
	□ None □ Visual □ Physical □ Hearing □ Mental/Cognitive
	☐ Other ☐ Unknown ☐ Other Description
7.	Victim/Offender Relationship
	☐ Family ☐ Stranger ☐ Acquaintance/Brief Encounter ☐ Intimate Partner
	☐ Ex-Intimate Partner ☐ Other ☐ Unknown
	☐ Other Description
Q	Number of Offenders Unknown
0.	Tuniber of Officiacis Clinifown
9.	Offender Gender
	☐ Male ☐ Female ☐ Transgender ☐ Unknown
10.	Offender Age Unknown
11.	Type of Coercion
	□ Firearm □ Knife □ Hate/Bias □ Stalking
	☐ Gang-related ☐ Physical Force ☐ Physical Intimidation ☐ Verbal Threat
	☐ Manipulation ☐ Other ☐ Unknown ☐ Other Description
12.	Patient Drug/Alcohol Use
	OYes ONo OUnknown

13.	Location of Assault					
	☐ Victim's Home	□ Offender's	Home	\Box V	ehicle	□ Other
	□ Unknown	☐ Other Description _				
14.	Referral Source					
	□ Police	☐ Rape Crisis Center		☐ Hospital/I	EMS	☐ Friend
	□ Relative □ Sch	nool	f	□ Other		Unknown
	☐ Other Description _					
15.	Referred To					
	☐ Law Enforcement	☐ Rape Crisis	Center	□С	ommunity Me	ntal Health Center
	□ Other	□ Unknown		□ Other Des	scription	
16.	Police Report Filed At	Time Of Exam				
	OYes ONo	○Unknown				
17.	Evidence Collected					
	□ SAEK	□ Clothes	□ Pho	tography	□ Blood	□ Urine
	□ None	□ Other	□ Unk	nown		
	☐ Other Description _					
18.	Services Provided					
	☐ Pregnancy Prevention	on/Emergency Contracep	otion	□ S'	TD/STI Treatn	nent
	☐ Medical Exam/Phys	sical Assessment			uicide Assessn	nent
	□ Other			□ U	nknown	
19.	Injuries Sustained By I	Patient				
	□ Oral	□ Rectal	□ Vag	ginal		Body-Head/Neck
	□ Body-Extremities		□ Boo	ly-Torso	□ S	trangulation
	□ Other		□ Unk	known	□N	one noted
20.	Patient County of Resi	dence				

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO V:

An Analysis of Data from *The Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* and The New Mexico
Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, 2002-2005

SECTION FOUR: COUNTY TRENDS TABLES

Bernalillo County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	517	551	1068
2003	517	536	1053
2004	460	527	987
2005	500	507	1007

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Albuquerque Police Department	430	407	379	408
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	74	101	74	76
Isleta Tribal Police	1	1	0	0
State Police Albuquerque	12	8	7	16
County Total	517	517	460	500

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	517	208	61% (126)	18% (37)	22% (45)
2003	517	205	71% (146)	11% (23)	18% (36)
2004	460	195	69% (134)	13% (25)	18% (36)
2005	500	202	62% (126)	10% (20)	28% (56)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	517	59	24% (14)	8% (5)	68% (40)
2003	517	62	18% (11)	10% (6)	73% (45)
2004	460	61	23% (14)	15% (9)	62% (38)
2005	500	60	23% (14)	20% (12)	57% (34)

CSP = criminal sexual penetration

E. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	517	NR						
2003	517	NR						
2004	460	512	51% (259)	33% (168)	6% (31)	1% (6)	3% (17)	6% (31)
2005	500	542	52% (284)	30% (162)	5% (28)	1% (4)	5% (27)	7% (37)

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	NR							
2003	NR							
2004	NR							
2005	NR							

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP	
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured	
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico	
2002	517	150	29%	15%	
2003	517	155	30%	17%	
2004	460	143	31%	20%	
2005	500	140	28%	18%	

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Bernalillo County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Bernalillo	9%	14%	25%	9%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Bernalillo	267	623	506	518

CSP = criminal sexual penetration

J. Gender and Age at Time of Sexual Assault Among Those Seeking Services

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	11	39	6	69	9	128
2003	4	21	1	15	2	30
2004	11	43	2	116	27	291
2005	5	37	3	122	24	315

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		nder Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	6	10	5	56	17	171
2003	1	1	0	11	6	53
2004	4	18	2	109	36	331
2005	4	19	3	109	26	346

Catron County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	0	0	0
2003	1	1	2
2004	0	0	0
2005	1	0	1

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catron County Sheriff's Department	0	1	0	1
County Total	0	1	0	1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	1	1	100% (1)		
2004	0	0			
2005	1	1	100% (1)		

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	0	0	Ź		,
2003	1	1			100% (1)
2004	0	0			
2005	1	1		100% (1)	

CSP = criminal sexual penetration

E. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent Hispanic	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	0	0						
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	0	0						
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1		100% (1)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	0			15%
2003	1	NR		17%
2004	0			20%
2005	1	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Catron County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catron	NR	NR	NR	100%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR= Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Catron	NR	NR	NR	NR

No Services Reported

CSP = criminal sexual penetration

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

Chaves County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes	
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE	
2002	56	65	121	
2003	51	45	96	
2004	57	64	121	
2005	31	78	109	

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	10	4	3	15
Dexter Police Department	2	0	1	0
Roswell Police Department	39	45	49	8
State Police Roswell	5	2	4	8
County Total	56	51	57	31

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	56	6		50% (3)	50% (3)
2003	51	6		67% (4)	33% (2)
2004	57	35	57% (20)	37% (13)	6% (2)
2005	31	25	48% (12)	44% (11)	8% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	56	45	67% (30)	7% (3)	27% (12)
2003	51	5		60% (3)	40% (2)
2004	57	6	_		100% (6)
2005	31	22	_	32% (7)	68% (15)

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent Hispanic	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	56	NR						
2003	51	NR						
2004	57	NR						
2005	31	25	36% (9)	64% (16)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	56	NR						
2003	51	NR						
2004	57	NR						
2005	31	24	46% (11)	42% (10)			8% (2)	4% (1)

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP	
	Law Enforcement	aw Enforcement With Victims		Victims Injured	
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico	
2002	56	NR		15%	
2003	51	NR		17%	
2004	57	2	4%	20%	
2005	31	2	6%	18%	

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Chaves County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Chaves	4%	2%	7%	13%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Chaves	32	14	97	7

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	4	8	0	8	0	10
2003	1	4	0	3	1	4
2004	7	23	4	14	0	15
2005	0	1	0	2	0	3

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	1	0	6	4	20
2003	0	1	0	0	2	11
2004	0	2	2	9	12	64
2005	0	0	0	2	0	5

Cibola County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	27	19	46
2003	37	30	67
2004	31	23	54
2005	31	30	61

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Cibola County Sheriff's Department		3	3	1
Grants Police Department	15	22	11	19
Laguna Police Department	8	10	9	2
Ramah Navajo Police Department	4	2	8	4
State Police Grants				5
County Total	27	37	31	31

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	27	30	37% (11)	30% (9)	33% (10)
2003	37	28	36% (10)	32% (9)	32% (9)
2004	31	31	65% (20)	26% (8)	10% (3)
2005	31	28	18% (5)	43% (12)	39% (11)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	27	19		5% (1)	95% (18)
2003	37	27	19% (5)	19% (5)	63% (17)
2004	31	10		10% (1)	90% (9)
2005	31	23		22% (5)	78% (18)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	27	22	55% (12)	9% (2)	36% (8)			
2003	37	28	29% (8)	39% (11)	32% (9)			
2004	31	22	23% (5)	14% (3)	64% (14)			
2005	31	27	22% (6)	33% (9)	44% (12)			

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	27	21	24% (5)	33% (7)	43% (9)			
2003	37	25	20% (5)	48% (12)	32% (8)			
2004	31	15	7% (1)	27% (4)	53% (8)			13%
								(2)
2005	31	31	19% (6)	35% (11)	45% (14)			

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	27	3	11%	15%
2003	37	4	11%	17%
2004	31	2	6%	20%
2005	31	10	32%	18%

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Cibola County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Cibola	7%	19%	19%	19%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Cibola	8	61	15	8

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	3	1	0	0	0	2
2003	10	24	0	13	1	7
2004	0	5	2	0	2	2
2005	2	2	0	1	0	2

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	2	4	0	0	2	4
2003	10	38	0	5	10	33
2004	4	8	1	0	3	8
2005	1	5	0	1	1	4

Colfax County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	16	3	19
2003	16	5	21
2004	9	13	22
2005	15	13	28

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Angel Fire Police Department	0	0	0	0
Cimarron Police Department			0	0
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	5	5	2	0
Raton Police Department	10	10	6	12
Springer Police Department				0
State Police Raton	1	1	1	3
County Total	16	16	9	15

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	16	16	87.5% (14)		12.5% (2)
2003	16	1		100% (1)	
2004	9	8	37.5% (3)	37.5% (3)	25% (2)
2005	15	14	43% (6)	36% (5)	21% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	16	0			
2003	16	1			100% (1)
2004	9	8	12.5% (1)	12.5% (1)	75% (6)
2005	15	15	_	13% (2)	87% (13)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	16	NR						
2003	16	NR						
2004	9	7	29% (2)	71% (5)				
2005	15	12	17% (2)	83% (10)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	16	NR						
2003	16	NR						
2004	9	8	50% (4)	50% (4)				
2005	15	14	29% (4)	71% (10)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	16	NR		15%
2003	16	NR		17%
2004	9	NR		20%
2005	15	1	7%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Colfax County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Colfax	0%			7%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Colfax	3		3	11

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	1	0	0	0	1
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	1	1	0	0	0	1
2005	1	6	0	2	1	1

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	0	0	1	0	1
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	1	1	0	0	0	1
2005	1	6	0	0	1	3

Curry County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	84	11	95
2003	53	35	88
2004	50	30	80
2005	41	43	84

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Clovis Police Department	77	50	44	35
Curry County Sheriff's Office	7	2	2	3
State Police Clovis	0	1	4	3
County Total	84	53	50	41

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	84	9	67% (6)	11% (1)	22% (2)
2003	53	40	42.5% (17)	45% (18)	12.5% (5)
2004	50	50	44% (22)	46% (23)	10% (5)
2005	41	24	33% (8)	54% (13)	12.5% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	84	5			100% (5)
2003	53	41	5% (2)	36.5% (15)	58.5% (24)
2004	50	41		24% (10)	76% (31)
2005	41	17	6% (1)	6% (1)	88% (15)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	84	NR						
2003	53	39	54% (21)	41% (16)			5% (2)	
2004	50	46	33% (15)	54% (25)			13% (6)	
2005	41	23	48% (11)	43% (10)			9% (2)	

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	84	NR						
2003	53	39	38% (15)	46% (18)			15% (6)	
2004	50	44	32% (14)	45% (20)			23% (10)	
2005	41	17	23.5% (4)	53% (9)			23.5% (4)	

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	84	NR		15%
2003	53	3	6%	17%
2004	50	7	14%	20%
2005	41	0		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Curry County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Curry	4%	32%	38%	10%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Curry		26	20	18

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	3	6	0	8	0	6
2004	4	7	2	4	0	1
2005	0	9	0	1	0	8

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	0	0	1	2	2	20
2004	0	0	0	2	6	10
2005	0	1	0	1	0	16

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Dona Ana County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	176	248	424
2003	230	168	398
2004	270	78	348
2005	244	118	362

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Dona Ana County Sheriff's	38	41	130	72
Department				
Hatch Police Department	0	0	2	0
Las Cruces Police Department	136	188	136	171
State Police Las Cruces	2	1	2	1
County Total	176	230	270	244

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	176	149	42% (63)	30% (45)	28% (41)
2003	230	164	38% (63)	33% (54)	29% (47)
2004	270	183	19% (35)	23% (42)	58% (106)
2005	244	303	15% (47)	21% (63)	64% (193)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	176	73	1% (1)	22% (16)	77% (56)
2003	230	187	11% (20)	13% (24)	76% (143)
2004	270	212	4% (8)	14% (30)	82% (174)
2005	244	238	4% (9)	14% (33)	82% (196)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity /Race
2002	176	NR						
2003	230	137	48% (66)	50% (69)	1% (1)		1% (1)	
2004	270	127	42.5% (54)	55% (70)	1% (1)		1.5% (2)	
2005	244	241	34% (82)	66% (159)			1% (3)	

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	176	NR						
2003	230	170	52% (88)	43.5% (74)	0.5% (1)		4% (7)	
2004	270	180	36% (65)	49% (89)		1% (1)	14% (25)	
2005	244	204	24.5% (50)	70% (143)	0.5% (1)	1% (2)	4% (8)	

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	176	NR		15%
2003	230	NR		17%
2004	270	NR		20%
2005	244	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Dona Ana County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Dona Ana	0%	0%	1%	
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Dona Ana	116	190	168	202

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	5	34	2	30	7	34
2003	13	53	3	40	3	66
2004	13	37	1	38	3	65
2005	17	50	2	29	3	80

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	4	9	2	30	8	59
2003	11	27	1	38	7	95
2004	9	23	3	36	5	82
2005	14	39	3	26	4	94

Eddy County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	4	1	5
2003	11	7	18
2004	35	31	66
2005	46	32	78

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Artesia Police Department			6	13
Carlsbad Police Department	1	4	27	23
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	3	7	2	10
County Total	4	11	35	46

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	4	2	50% (1)	50% (1)	
2003	11	7	28.5% (2)	28.5% (2)	43% (3)
2004	35	33	45% (15)	21% (7)	33% (11)
2005	46	35	37% (13)	20% (7)	43% (15)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	4	3		67% (2)	33% (1)
2003	11	5		20% (1)	80% (4)
2004	35	31	3% (1)	19% (6)	77% (24)
2005	46	33		6% (2)	94% (31)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	4	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2003	11	7	57% (4)	43% (3)				
2004	35	32	59% (19)	38% (12)	3% (1)			
2005	46	36	44% (16)	53% (19)	3% (1)			

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	4	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2003	11	6	33% (2)	67% (4)				
2004	35	34	47% (16)	50% (17)			3% (1)	
2005	46	35	34% (12)	63% (22)			3% (1)	

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	4	NR		15%
2003	11	NR		17%
2004	35	5	14%	20%
2005	46	4	9%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Eddy County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Eddy			23%	13%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Eddy	19	16	35	10

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	7	0	7	0	1
2003	1	6	0	5	0	4
2004	2	13	0	8	0	8
2005	3	2	0	1	0	4

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	1	1	6	0	9
2003	1	1	0	2	0	12
2004	0	5	1	2	1	26
2005	0	1	1	0	2	6

Grant County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	8	15	23
2003	5	7	12
2004	5	4	9
2005	0	2	2

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Bayard Police Department	1	0	0	0
Grant County Sheriff's Department	1	3	3	0
Hurley Police Department	0	1	2	0
Santa Clara Police Department	1	0	0	0
Silver City Police Department	5	1	0	0
County Total	8	5	5	0

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	8	3	33% (1)	67% (2)	
2003	5	5	20% (1)	20% (1)	60% (3)
2004	5	4	50% (2)	25% (1)	25% (1)
2005	0	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	8	4	25% (1)	50% (2)	25% (1)
2003	5	8		12.5% (1)	87.5% (7)
2004	5	3	_		100% (3)
2005	0	0			

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	8	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2003	5	5	60% (3)	40% (2)				
2004	5	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	0	0						

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	8	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2003	5	5	20% (1)	60% (3)			20% (1)	
2004	5	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2005	0	0						

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico	
2002	NR	NR		15%	
2003	5	2	40%	17%	
2004	NR	NR		20%	
2005	0			18%	

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Grant County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Grant	0%	20%	20%	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Grant	66	71	225	176

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		18 and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	9	33	0	10	3	9
2003	11	23	0	17	1	10
2004	22	50	7	39	12	88
2005	18	33	4	20	8	90

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	6	13	0	7	6	32	
2003	5	5	1	4	5	45	
2004	17	27	2	20	22	131	
2005	8	22	7	9	15	114	

Guadalupe County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	5	20	25
2003	0	1	1
2004	0	1	1
2005	2	32	34

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Guadalupe County Sheriff's	0	0	0	0
Department				
Santa Rosa Police Department	0	0	0	0
State Police Santa Rosa	5	0	0	2
Vaughn Police Department			0	0
County Total	5	0	0	2

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	5	5	40% (2)	40% (2)	20% (1)
2003	0	0			
2004	0	0			
2005	2	2	50% (1)		50% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

		Total CSP	Percent		Percent
	Total CSP Law	Reports With	Children CSP	Percent Teen	Adult CSP
	Enforcement	Offender Age	Offenders (12	CSP Offenders	Offenders
	Reports	Documented	and Under)	(Age 13-18)	(19 and Over)
2002	5	5		20% (1)	80% (4)
2003	0	0			
2004	0	0			
2005	2	1		100% (1)	

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	5	5		100% (5)				
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	2	2		100% (2)				

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	5	5	20% (1)	80% (4)				
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	2	2		100% (2)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	5	1	20%	15%
2003	0			17%
2004	0			20%
2005	2	1	50%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Guadalupe County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Guadalupe	40%	NR	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR= Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Guadalupe	NR	NR	NR	NR

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Male Female		Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Hidalgo County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	2	4	6
2003	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	0	0	0	0
Lordsburg Police Department	2	0	0	0
County Total	2	0	0	0

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)	
2003	0	0			
2004	0	0			
2005	0	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	2	2	50% (1)	,	50% (1)
2003	0	0			
2004	0	0			
2005	0	0			

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	0	0						

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	2	2		100% (2)				
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	0	0						

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	2	NR		15%
2003	0			17%
2004	0			20%
2005	0			18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Hidalgo County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Hidalgo	50%	NR	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Hidalgo	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Lea County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement (LE)

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	34	25	59
2003	49	23	72
2004	48	50	98
2005	38	30	68

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Eunice Police Department	0	1	2	1
Hobbs Police Department	16	24	26	26
Jal Police Department	0	0	0	1
Lea County Sheriff's Department	14	16	16	7
Lovington Police Department	4	8	4	3
State Police Hobbs	0	0	0	0
Tatum Police Department	0	0	0	0
County Total	34	49	48	38

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	34	29	45% (13)	27.5% (8)	27.5% (8)
2003	49	50	36% (18)	36% (18)	28% (14)
2004	48	49	28.5% (14)	45% (22)	26.5% (13)
2005	38	38	29% (11)	37% (14)	34% (13)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	34	25	16% (4)	20% (5)	64% (16)
2003	49	50	4% (2)	30% (15)	66% (33)
2004	48	40	2.5% (1)	22.5% (9)	75% (30)
2005	38	35	3% (1)	20% (7)	77% (27)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	34	29	62% (18)	34% (10)			3% (1)	
2003	49	49	60% (29)	38% (19)			2% (1)	
2004	48	48	62% (30)	35% (17)		2% (1)		
2005	38	38	39% (15)	58% (22)			3% (1)	

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	34	26	23% (6)	46% (12)		4% (1)	27% (7)	
2003	49	49	49% (24)	45% (22)			6% (3)	
2004	48	48	42% (20)	50% (24)			8% (4)	
2005	38	38	39% (15)	42% (16)			18% (7)	

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement Reports	With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	34	2	6%	15%
2003	49	5	10%	17%
2004	48	1	2%	20%
2005	38	4	11%	18%

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Lea County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Lea	12%	12%	6%	18%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Lea	2	42	11	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		ren 12 and Under Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	2	0	0	0	0
2003	4	12	1	8	1	12
2004	1	5	0	2	0	1
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	1	0	1	0	0
2003	2	0	0	2	6	30
2004	1	0	0	0	0	10
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Lincoln County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	0	0	0
2003	12	1	13
2004	8	12	20
2005	9	6	15

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Carrizozo Police Department	0	0	0	0
Lincoln County Sheriff's Office		3	6	
Ruidoso Downs Police Department			2	2
Ruidoso Police Department		9	0	7
County Total	0	12	8	9

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	12	0			
2004	8	8	75% (6)	12.5% (1)	12.5% (1)
2005	9	10	10% (1)	70% (7)	20% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	12	0			
2004	8	7	14% (1)	29% (2)	57% (4)
2005	9	11		27% (3)	73% (8)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	0	0						
2003	12	NR						
2004	8	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				
2005	9	9	44% (4)	56% (5)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent Hispanic	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	0	0						
2003	12	NR						
2004	8	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				
2005	9	9	44% (4)	56% (5)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	0			15%
2003	12	NR		17%
2004	8	NR		20%
2005	9	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Lincoln County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Lincoln	NR	NR	38%	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Lincoln	7	4	13	16

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	4	0	0	1	1
2003	0	1	0	0	0	3
2004	0	1	0	1	1	10
2005	2	5	1	6	0	2

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	0	0	1	1	5
2003	0	0	0	0	0	4
2004	0	0	0	0	1	12
2005	0	0	0	0	3	13

Los Alamos County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	3	3	6
2003	4	2	6
2004	2	5	7
2005	4	8	12

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Los Alamos Police Department	3	4	2	4
County Total	3	4	2	4

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)	
2003	4	1		100% (1)	
2004	2	4	75% (3)	25% (1)	
2005	4	4	50% (2)	50% (2)	

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	3	2	50% (1)	(1190 10 10)	50% (1)
2003	4	1		100% (1)	
2004	2	4	25% (1)	50% (2)	25% (1)
2005	4	3			100% (3)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	3	3	100% (3)					
2003	4	1	100% (1)					
2004	2	2	50% (1)		50% (1)			
2005	4	4	100% (4)					

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	3	3	100% (3)					
2003	4	1	100% (1)					
2004	2	2	100% (2)					
2005	4	3	100% (3)					

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	3	NR	-	15%
2003	4	NR		17%
2004	2	NR		20%
2005	4	1	25%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Los Alamos County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Los Alamos	33%	NR	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Los Alamos	8	2	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	3	0	2	0	2
2003	1	1	0	0	0	0
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	1	0	0	0	6
2003	1	0	0	1	0	0
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Luna County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	3	9	12
2003	0	3	3
2004	2	4	6
2005	3	9	12

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
State Police Deming	3	0	2	3
County Total	3	0	2	3

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	3	1			100% (1)
2003	0	0			
2004	2	1			100% (1)
2005	3	2		50% (1)	50% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	3	2	,	50% (1)	50% (1)
2003	0	0			
2004	2	0			
2005	3	3			100% (3)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	3	1	100% (1)					
2003	0	0						
2004	2	1		100% (1)				
2005	3	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	3	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2003	0	0						
2004	2	1		100% (1)				
2005	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	3	NR		15%
2003	0			17%
2004	2	NR		20%
2005	3	1	33%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Luna County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Luna	33%	NR	NR	100%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Luna	NR	2	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	
2003	1	0	0	1	0	0	
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	0	0	0	0	1	1
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

McKinley County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	40	82	122
2003	40	48	88
2004	68	82	150
2005	39	61	100

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Gallup Police Department	27	30	37	22
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	9	3	21	11
State Police Gallup	3	2	1	0
Zuni Police Department	1	5	9	6
County Total	40	40	68	39

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	40	41	29% (12)	20% (8)	51% (21)
2003	40	43	39.5% (17)	14% (6)	46.5% (20)
2004	68	53	43% (23)	34% (18)	23% (12)
2005	39	29	24% (7)	34% (10)	41% (12)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	40	22	4.5% (1)	23% (5)	73% (16)
2003	40	27	7% (2)	19% (5)	74% (20)
2004	68	33	15% (5)	6% (2)	79% (26)
2005	39	15	7% (1)	20% (3)	73% (11)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	40	31	22.5% (7)	3% (1)	71% (22)		3% (1)	
2003	40	40	7.5% (3)	10% (4)	82.5% (33)			
2004	68	50	24% (12)	16% (8)	58% (29)			2% (1)
2005	39	23	17% (4)	4% (1)	74% (17)	4% (1)		

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	40	28	10% (3)	18% (5)	68% (19)		4% (1)	
2003	40	32		13% (4)	84% (27)	3% (1)		
2004	68	37	11% (4)	13% (5)	73% (27)			3% (1)
2005	39	21	9.5% (2)	9.5% (2)	76% (16)		5% (1)	

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	40	3	8%	15%
2003	40	11	28%	17%
2004	68	8	12%	20%
2005	39	1	3%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in McKinley County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
McKinley	8%	8%	7%	28%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
McKinley	24	16	17	7

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	4	11	0	8	0	1
2003	1	2	0	2	1	9
2004	1	7	0	4	0	3
2005	0	1	0	2	0	4

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	1	0	5	4	14
2003	0	1	1	1	1	11
2004	1	4	0	5	0	6
2005	0	0	0	2	0	5

Mora County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	0	0	0
2003	1	3	4
2004	0	0	0
2005	1	1	2

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Mora County Sheriff's Department	0	1	0	1
Wagon Mound Police Department	0			
County Total	0	1	0	1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	1	1		100% (1)	
2004	0	0			
2005	1	1			100% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	0	0	(114 011401)	(1180 10 10)	(2) 424 3 (42)
2003	1	1			100% (1)
2004	0	0			
2005	1	1			100% (1)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	0	0						
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	0	0						
2003	1	1		100% (1)				
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	0			15%
2003	1	NR		17%
2004	0			20%
2005	1	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Mora County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Mora	NR	NR	NR	100%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Report

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Mora	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Otero County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	31	44	75
2003	24	18	42
2004	15	15	30
2005	28	22	50

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	26	17	7	15
Otero County Sheriff's Department		3	7	10
State Police Alamogordo	3	2	1	0
Tularosa Police Department	2	2		3
County Total	31	24	15	28

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	31	24	46% (11)	17% (4)	37.5% (9)
2003	24	21	29% (6)	48% (10)	24% (5)
2004	15	8	37.5% (3)	25% (2)	37.5% (3)
2005	28	17	41% (7)	18% (3)	41% (7)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	31	20	10% (2)	25% (5)	65% (13)
2003	24	21	10% (2)	24% (5)	67% (14)
2004	15	8	_	37.5% (3)	62.5% (5)
2005	28	16	19% (3)	6% (1)	75% (12)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	31	22	73% (16)	23% (5)			5% (1)	
2003	24	22	68% (15)	27% (6)			5% (1)	
2004	15	8	87.5% (7)	12.5% (1)				
2005	28	17	41% (7)	53% (9)			6% (1)	

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	31	16	50% (8)	19% (3)		6% (1)	25% (4)	
2003	24	22	41% (9)	36% (8)			23% (5)	
2004	15	9	33% (3)	33% (3)			33% (3)	
2005	28	16	25% (4)	69% (11)			6% (1)	

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement	Total CSP Reports With Victims	Percent CSP	Percent CSP Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	31	3	10%	15%
2003	24	2	8%	17%
2004	15	2	13%	20%
2005	28	4	14%	18%

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Otero County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Otero	10%	13%	13%	25%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Otero	39	40	155	47

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	16	0	7	2	10
2003	6	14	2	7	0	6
2004	18	45	3	37	1	22
2005	4	14	5	7	0	11

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	0	0	2	3	33
2003	0	0	1	1	8	30
2004	1	3	3	11	18	116
2005	0	0	0	4	10	28

Quay County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	Reported to LE	?	Reported to LE
2003	2	4	6
2004	3	3	6
2005	4	2	6

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Logan Police Department			0	1
Quay County Sheriff's Office			2	2
San Jon Police Department	0	0		
State Police Tucumcari	0	2	1	1
County Total	0	2	3	4

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	2	2		100% (2)	
2004	3	0			
2005	4	2			100% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	0	0			
2003	2	1			100% (1)
2004	3	1			100% (1)
2005	4	2			100% (2)

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Victims Other
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Hispanic Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Ethnicity/ Race
2002	0	0						
2003	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2004	3	NR						
2005	4	2	100% (2)					

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	0	0						
2003	2	1		100% (1)				
2004	3	1		100% (1)				
2005	4	2	100% (2)					

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	0			15%
2003	2	NR		17%
2004	3	NR		20%
2005	4	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Quay County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Quay	0%	NR	NR	25%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Quay	NR	NR	NR	2

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	0	1	0	0	0	0

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	0	0	0	0	1	1

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Rio Arriba County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	19	39	58
2003	12	29	41
2004	15	40	55
2005	21	45	66

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Espanola Police Department	6	4	3	NR
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's	0	0	1	0
Department				
State Police Espanola	13	8	11	21
County Total	19	12	15	21

NR=Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	19	15	27% (4)	33% (5)	40% (6)
2003	12	6	33% (2)	67% (4)	
2004	15	15	47% (7)	13% (2)	40% (6)
2005	21	21	33% (7)	14% (3)	52% (11)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12	Percent Teen CSP Offenders	Percent Adult CSP Offenders
	Reports	Documented	and Under)	(Age 13-18)	(19 and Over)
2002	19	3		33% (1)	67% (2)
2003	12	9		56% (5)	44% (4)
2004	15	10		40% (4)	60% (6)
2005	21	9	_	22% (2)	78% (7)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	19	11	18% (2)	82% (9)				
2003	12	9	11% (1)	44% (4)	33% (3)			11% (1)
2004	15	8		100% (8)				
2005	21	16	25% (4)	69% (11)				6% (1)

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	19	5		100% (5)				
2003	12	6		100% (6)				
2004	15	11		100% (11)				
2005	21	9	11% (1)	89% (8)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	19	2	11%	15%
2003	12	1	8%	17%
2004	15	5	33%	20%
2005	21	5	24%	18%

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Rio Arriba County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Rio Arriba	11%	8%	0%	5%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Rio Arriba	47	27	14	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	5	11	0	7	3	20
2003	2	8	0	4	2	9
2004	0	2	0	4	0	6
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	2	4	0	0	3	34
2003	1	4	0	1	4	16
2004	0	0	0	1	0	12
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Roosevelt County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	1	0	1
2003	5	6	11
2004	13	14	27
2005	3	1	4

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Portales Police Department	NR	1	9	NR
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	1	4	4	3
County Total	1	5	13	3

NR=Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	1	1			100% (1)
2003	5	3		67% (2)	33% (1)
2004	13	4	25% (1)	75% (3)	
2005	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)	

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	1	1			100% (1)
2003	5	3			100% (3)
2004	13	4		50% (2)	50% (2)
2005	3	3		33% (1)	67% (2)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	1	1	100% (1)					
2003	5	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2004	13	4	50% (2)	25% (1)				25% (1)
2005	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	1	1	100% (1)					
2003	5	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2004	13	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	1	NR		15%
2003	5	NR		17%
2004	13	NR		20%
2005	3	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Roosevelt County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Roosevelt	0%	60%	15%	67%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Roosevelt	29	5	7	12

	Children 12	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		18 and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	3	11	0	6	1	4
2003	0	2	0	0	0	3
2004	0	3	0	3	0	1
2005	0	4	0	4	0	4

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male Female		Male Female		Male Female	
2002	1	2	0	1	3	20
2003	0	1	0	0	0	4
2004	0	0	0	2	0	5
2005	0	0	0	0	0	11

San Juan County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes	
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE	
2002	54	56	110	
2003	49	61	110	
2004	71	44	115	
2005	115	120	235	

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Aztec Police Department	5	4	4	4
Bloomfield Police Department	8	8	16	
Farmington Police Department	38	37	51	68
San Juan County Sheriff's Office				35
State Police Farmington	3	0	0	8
County Total	54	49	71	115

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	54	42	36% (15)	40% (17)	24% (10)
2003	49	55	35% (19)	36% (20)	29% (16)
2004	71	20	35% (7)	45% (9)	20% (4)
2005	115	54	41% (22)	39% (21)	20% (11)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	54	34		24% (8)	76% (26)
2003	49	44	9% (4)	23% (10)	68% (30)
2004	71	22	18% (4)	14% (3)	68% (15)
2005	115	42	2% (1)	31% (13)	67% (28)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	54	41	59% (24)	17% (7)	24% (10)			
2003	49	49	57% (28)	16% (8)	27% (13)			
2004	71	20	65% (13)	35% (7)				
2005	115	51	45% (23)	24% (12)	31% (16)			

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	54	37	40% (15)	35% (13)	13% (5)		11% (4)	
2003	49	43	51% (22)	23% (10)	26% (11)			
2004	71	23	52% (12)	39% (9)	9% (2)			
2005	115	24	57% (25)	20% (9)	23% (10)			

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico	
2002	54	3	6%	15%	
2003	49	5	10%	17%	
2004	71	3	4%	20%	
2005	115	12	10%	18%	

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in San Juan County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
San Juan	26%	0%	8%	10%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
San Juan	115	144	181	180

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	18	64	1	18	0	11
2003	17	58	1	26	3	24
2004	15	70	1	41	3	44
2005	16	72	3	23	3	51

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	12	31	1	22	6	42
2003	10	20	2	11	10	79
2004	9	43	3	27	7	89
2005	15	58	2	20	8	74

San Miguel County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	31	56	87
2003	34	31	65
2004	31	38	69
2005	20	29	49

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Las Vegas Police Department	23	25	17	15
State Police Las Vegas	8	9	14	5
County Total	31	34	31	20

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	31	30	13% (4)	43% (13)	43% (13)
2003	34	29	21% (6)	34% (10)	45% (13)
2004	31	31	19% (6)	48% (15)	32% (10)
2005	20	20	20% (4)	20% (4)	60% (12)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	31	19		16% (3)	84% (16)
2003	34	20	5% (1)	15% (3)	80% (16)
2004	31	22	14% (3)	23% (5)	64% (14)
2005	20	18		28% (5)	72% (13)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	31	27	22% (6)	78% (21)				
2003	34	28	11% (3)	89 (25)				
2004	31	26	19% (5)	81% (21)				
2005	20	19	5% (1)	95% (18)				

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	31	18	11% (2)	89% (16)				
2003	34	25	4% (1)	96% (24)				
2004	31	22	5% (1)	95% (21)				
2005	20	19		100% (19)				

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	31	3	10%	15%
2003	34	2	6%	17%
2004	31	4	13%	20%
2005	20	2	10%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in San Miguel County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
San Miguel	16%	9%	19%	30%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
San Miguel	43	63	54	75

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	5	9	0	10	0	16
2003	4	25	1	11	2	14
2004	4	20	0	9	1	5
2005	11	17	3	17	0	20

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	2	6	0	4	3	28
2003	1	7	1	5	7	41
2004	1	5	2	12	4	30
2005	5	7	3	10	6	44

Sandoval County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	54	32	86
2003	54	33	87
2004	11	8	19
2005	31	32	63

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Bernalillo Police Department	3	3	2	2
Corrales Police Department	1	2	2	0
Cuba Police Department	0	0	0	0
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	44	40	2	18
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	6	9	5	11
County Total	54	54	11	31

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	54	51	29% (15)	43% (22)	28% (14)
2003	54	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	11	11	27% (3)	55% (6)	18% (2)
2005	31	10	20% (2)	60% (6)	20% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	54	44	7% (3)	39% (17)	54% (24)
2003	54	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	11	9			100% (9)
2005	31	6		17% (1)	83% (5)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	54	45	60% (27)	29% (13)	2% (1)	4% (2)	4% (2)	
2003	54	NR						
2004	11	11	36% (4)	36% (4)	27% (3)			
2005	31	10	90% (9)	10% (1)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent Hispanic	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	54	41	49% (20)	39% (16)	5% (2)		7% (3)	
2003	54	NR						
2004	11	9	22% (2)	33% (3)	44% (4)			
2005	31	9	89% (8)	11% (1)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	54	1	2%	15%
2003	54	1	2%	17%
2004	11	3	27%	20%
2005	31	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Sandoval County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sandoval	35%	0%	3%	7%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sandoval	24	19	7	5

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	4	7	0	6	1	6
2003	2	4	0	4	1	8
2004	2	1	0	2	0	0
2005	0	1	0	2	0	2

	Children 12 and Under		ren 12 and Under Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	2	0	0	4	17
2003	0	0	0	0	3	15
2004	1	0	0	1	1	3
2005	0	0	0	1	0	4

Santa Fe County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	75	99	174
2003	92	115	207
2004	84	136	220
2005	105	129	234

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	0	0	0	0
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	27	26	16	37
Santa Fe Police Department	42	56	46	52
State Police Santa Fe	6	10	22	16
County Total	75	92	84	105

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	75	50	18% (9)	32% (16)	50% (25)
2003	92	66	32% (21)	36% (24)	32% (21)
2004	84	84	23% (19)	43% (36)	34% (29)
2005	105	106	28% (30)	33% (35)	39% (41)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	75	20		15% (3)	85% (17)
2003	92	53	11% (6)	15% (8)	74% (39)
2004	84	53	_	28% (15)	72% (38)
2005	105	67	4% (3)	15% (10)	81% (54)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	75	50	42% (21)	50% (25)	6% (3)		2% (1)	
2003	92	66	39% (26)	56% (37)	5% (3)			
2004	84	73	21% (15)	74% (54)	4% (3)		1% (1)	
2005	105	104	15% (16)	70% (73)	3% (3)			12% (12)

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	75	35	29% (10)	66% (23)	3% (1)		3% (1)	
2003	92	50	34% (17)	66% (33)				
2004	84	63	13% (8)	78% (49)	6% (4)		3% (2)	
2005	105	83	10% (8)	81% (67)				10% (8)

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	75	7	9%	15%
2003	92	13	14%	17%
2004	84	12	14%	20%
2005	105	10	10%	18%

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Santa Fe County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Santa Fe	7%	8%	7%	10%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Santa Fe	42	76	99	125

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	1	18	4	11	0	8
2003	6	31	0	12	2	21
2004	9	40	2	21	0	22
2005	19	38	5	20	2	41

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	9	0	7	4	21
2003	5	13	1	13	2	39
2004	6	29	0	13	5	44
2005	9	24	5	16	12	59

Sierra County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	10	2	12
2003	5	5	10
2004	5	5	10
2005	1	0	1

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sierra County Sheriff's Office				1
Truth or Consequences Police Department	10	5	5	
County Total	10	5	5	1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	10	0			
2003	5	0			
2004	5	0			
2005	1	1			100% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	10	0			
2003	5	0			
2004	5	0			
2005	1	1			100% (1)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	/Race
2002	10	NR						
2003	5	NR						
2004	5	NR						
2005	1	1		100% (1)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2002	10	NR						
2003	5	NR						
2004	5	NR						
2005	1	NR						

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Total CSP Reports			Percent CSP	
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured	
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico	
2002	10	NR		15%	
2003	5	NR		17%	
2004	5	NR		20%	
2005	1	NR		18%	

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Sierra County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sierra	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sierra	6	58	34	13

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	2	0	3	0	1
2003	7	26	2	5	0	15
2004	2	10	2	3	2	13
2005	0	2	1	3	0	7

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	0	0	0	1	0	5
2003	1	1	0	2	7	43
2004	1	4	1	5	4	17
2005	1	1	0	2	1	8

Socorro County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	4	5	9
2003	2	3	5
2004	4	2	6
2005	13	32	45

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Socorro County Sheriff's Department	NR	NR	NR	2
Socorro Police Department	4	2	4	9
State Police Socorro	0	0	0	2
County Total	4	2	4	13

NR=Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	4	5	60% (3)	20% (1)	20% (1)
2003	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)	
2004	4	4	25% (1)	25% (1)	50% (2)
2005	13	1		100% (1)	

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	4	3	,	, j	100% (3)
2003	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	4	3		33% (1)	67% (2)
2005	13	1			100% (1)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	4	4		75% (3)	25% (1)			
2003	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2004	4	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	13	NR	100% (1)					

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	4	4		75% (3)	25% (1)			
2003	2	2		100% (2)				
2004	4	3		100% (3)				
2005	13	NR						

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP	
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured	
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico	
2002	4	NR		15%	
2003	2	NR		17%	
2004	4	1	25%	20%	
2005	13	NR		18%	

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Socorro County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Socorro	25%	50%	25%	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Socorro	22	27	23	23

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	5	9	1	3	0	3
2003	2	16	0	4	0	4
2004	3	10	0	7	0	3
2005	2	9	0	4	0	5

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	2	0	0	2	4	13
2003	2	1	0	2	0	22
2004	0	3	0	2	3	15
2005	0	0	2	2	1	18

Taos County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	10	31	41
2003	19	29	48
2004	11	21	32
2005	9	20	29

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Questa Police Department			1	0
Red River Marshal's Office				1
State Police Taos	6	12	4	6
Taos Police Department	4	4	5	2
Taos Pueblo Police Department	0	3	1	0
County Total	10	19	11	9

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	10	6	67% (4)	17% (1)	17% (1)
2003	19	13	46% (6)	15% (2)	38% (5)
2004	11	6	33% (2)	50% (3)	17% (1)
2005	9	7	28.5% (2)	28.5% (2)	43% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	10	3			100% (3)
2003	19	8			100% (8)
2004	11	6	33% (2)		67% (4)
2005	9	5	20% (1)		80% (4)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	10	5	60% (3)	40% (2)				
2003	19	10	50% (5)	50% (5)				
2004	11	6	17% (1)	67% (4)	17% (1)			
2005	9	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	10	4	75% (3)	25% (1)				
2003	19	8	25% (2)	75% (6)				
2004	11	4		75% (3)	25% (1)			
2005	9	5		80% (4)	20% (1)			

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	10	2	20%	15%
2003	19	3	16%	17%
2004	11	NR		20%
2005	9	2	22%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Taos County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Taos	0%	0%	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Taos	48	75	94	86

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	12	18	2	5	1	5	
2003	9	20	1	9	3	20	
2004	2	24	2	24	1	37	
2005	4	25	0	18	0	35	

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	0	2	0	1	14	28	
2003	0	0	1	3	13	56	
2004	0	4	0	9	6	73	
2005	0	4	0	6	5	70	

Torrance County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	8	16	24
2003	3	2	5
2004	6	2	8
2005	9	17	26

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Estancia Police Department	NR	NR	NR	0
Moriarty Police Department	NR	2	6	4
State Police Moriarty	8	1	0	3
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	NR	NR	NR	2
County Total	8	3	6	9

NR=Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	8	8	37.5% (3)		62.5% (5)
2003	3	3			100% (3)
2004	6	2	100% (2)		
2005	9	10	40% (4)	30% (3)	30% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	8	6	17% (1)	33% (2)	50% (3)
2003	3	3			100% (3)
2004	6	2	_	50% (1)	50% (1)
2005	9	8	_	25% (2)	75% (6)

						Percent		Percent
		Total			Percent	Asian/		Victims
	Total	Ethnicity/	Percent	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Caucasian	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	8	7	43% (3)	43% (3)	14% (1)			
2003	3	3	100% (3)					
2004	6	2	100% (2)					
2005	9	8	62.5% (5)	25% (2)	12.5% (1)			

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	8	7	43% (3)	57% (4)				
2003	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				
2004	6	2	100% (2)					
2005	9	9	56% (5)	33% (3)		11% (1)		

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	8	4	50%	15%
2003	3	NR		17%
2004	6	NR		20%
2005	9	1	11%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Torrance County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Torrance	25%	0%	NR	11%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Torrance	NR	4	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	0	0	0	0	0	2
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

K. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2003	0	1	0	0	0	2
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR= Gender/Age Not Reported

Union County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2002	3	5	8
2003	0	0	0
2004	3	0	3
2005	4	4	8

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Clayton Police Department	3	0	3	4
County Total	3	0	3	4

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)	
2003	0	0			
2004	3	0			
2005	4	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)	
2003	0	0			
2004	3	0			
2005	4	0			

	Total CSP	Total Ethnicity/ Race	Percent Caucasian	Percent Hispanic	Percent Native American	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander	Percent Black	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/
	Reports	Documented	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Victims	Race
2002	3	3	33% (1)	66% (2)				
2003	0	0						
2004	3	NR						
2005	4	NR						

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	3	3	33% (1)	66% (2)				
2003	0	0						
2004	3	NR						
2005	4	NR						

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured	Percent CSP Victims Injured in New Mexico
2002	3	NR		15%
2003	0			17%
2004	3	NR		20%
2005	4	NR		18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Union County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Union	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

NR=Suspect Arrest Not Reported

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Union	NR	NR	NR	NR

NR=No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Children 12 and Under		nder Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	*	*	*	*	*	*
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Valencia County Sex Crimes Trends, 2002-2005

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total CSP Crimes Total Non-Penetration Sex	
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2002	21	18	39
2003	23	26	49
2004	33	52	85
2005	32	51	83

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2002	2003	2004	2005
Belen Police Department	5	5	5	5
Bosque Farms Police Department	2	3	1	2
Los Lunas Police Department		5	7	5
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	14	10	20	20
County Total	21	23	33	32

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2002	21	17	47% (8)	29% (5)	24% (4)
2003	23	15	27% (4)	40% (6)	33% (5)
2004	33	13	54% (7)	23% (3)	23% (3)
2005	32	36	42% (15)	36% (13)	22% (8)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2002	21	8		25% (2)	75% (6)
2003	23	13		15% (2)	85% (11)
2004	33	11	_	9% (1)	91% (10)
2005	32	32	_	12.5% (4)	87.5% (28)

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	21	NR						
2003	23	16	62.5% (10)	37.5% (6)				
2004	33	11	64% (7)	36% (4)				
2005	32	29	62% (18)	38% (11)				

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

F. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent Caucasian Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2002	21	NR						
2003	23	16	56% (9)	44% (7)				
2004	33	9	56% (5)	33% (3)				11% (1)
2005	32	31	29% (9)	68% (21)			3% (1)	

NR= Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports		Percent CSP
	Law Enforcement	With Victims	Percent CSP	Victims Injured
	Reports	Injured	Victims Injured	in New Mexico
2002	21	1	5%	15%
2003	23	1	4%	17%
2004	33	NR		20%
2005	32	1	3%	18%

NR= Victim Injury Not Reported

H. Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in Valencia County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Valencia	33%	13%	3%	28%
NM	15%	17%	20%	18%

I. Number of Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County 2002-2005

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Valencia	165	83	26	4

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	26	54	1	28	0	29
2003	9	33	2	7	2	11
2004	3	16	0	4	0	2
2005	0	2	0	1	0	0

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2002	10	12	6	8	14	96
2003	0	5	2	8	11	50
2004	1	1	0	1	2	21
2005	0	0	0	0	0	3