SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO VII:

An Analysis of 2007 Data from The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository



Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Funded by:

State of New Mexico: Department of Health — Behavioral Health Services Division and the Office of Injury Prevention; New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission — Violence Against Women Act Grants Office, Office of Justice Programs, US Dept. of Justice Through the New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

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Letter from the Director...

In 2007, the Central Repository received quarterly sexual assault reports from 101 participating law enforcement agencies across New Mexico, the highest number of participating agencies since it was established in 1999. We are most grateful for the increasing number of collaborations and look forward to our continued success working together.

As usual, law enforcement reported sex crime incidents are captured, as well as sexual assault reports from mental health centers, rape crises centers and Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) Programs throughout the state. Findings on these data are reported in Section One.

In Section Three, you can see at a glance, county trends on 14 important sex crime variables.

After nine years of presenting the outcomes of your work in sexual assault prevention, identification, investigation, and treatment, all of us know that the data on lifetime prevalence and annual incidents of sexual assault crimes are quite discouraging. We are all concerned with the numbers of children and adolescents that are sexually abused, because our own data shows that more than half (58%) of adults who seek treatment experienced a prior abuse in their childhood or adolescence. Said another way - children and adolescents that are sexually abused are significantly more likely than those not abused, to be sexually assaulted in the future. Yet, sexual assault prevention of the young is an extremely challenging and uphill battle as most of it happens under their own roofs (48%) or in the residences of other family members and friends (31%). Nevertheless, it is your constant focus on prevention of childhood sexual abuse that has led to changes that dispel damaging social myths about sexual abuse/assault that interfere with the proper response to victimization, and further changes in policy and legislation regarding how victims are helped and how cases are prosecuted and adjudicated.

On behalf of myself, the New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission, Violence Against Women Grants Office, the Department of Health Behavioral Health Services Division and the Injury and Epidemiology Bureau, Office of Injury Prevention, we thank you for your commitment to improving the outcomes regarding this devastating social problem.

Sincerely,

Betty Caponera, Ph.D.

Betty Cegoner

Director

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OCTOBER 2008

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On behalf of the Central Repository, I would like to formally thank Governor Bill Richardson and First Lady Barbara Richardson for their unprecedented efforts as state leaders to prevent interpersonal violence in New Mexico and making possible, the first ever statewide survey of interpersonal violence in our state – the *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico*.

I would like to formally acknowledge the host of dedicated professionals who have lent their invaluable expertise to this surveillance initiative.

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- Connie Monahan, SANE Program Statewide Coordinator
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FACT SHEET: SEXUAL ASSAULT IN NEW MEXICO

I. Lifetime Prevalence of Sexual Assault Among New Mexicans 18 and Older

► Completed Rapes and Attempted Rapes	15% (209,813)
Women	24% (175,184) 1 in 4
Men	5% (34,665) 1 in 20
► Completed Rapes	13% (183,078)
Women	21% (154,013) 1 in 5
Men	4% (29,065) 1 in 25
► Incapacitated Rape (Subset of Completed Rapes)	5.5% (78,347)
Women	8.5% (61,461) 1 in 12
Men	2.5% (16,886) 1 in 40

II. Rape and/or Attempted Rape Incidence (Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico, 2005)

► Completed Rape and Attempted Rape Victims Adult Women (18 and Older) Adult Men (18 and Older)	5,254 2,773 8,027	7 per 1000 4 per 1000
► Completed Rape Victims Only Adult Women	4,158	6 per 1000

Adult Women	4,158	6 per 1000
Adult Men	<u>1,162</u>	2 per 1000
Total Rape Incidents	5,320	

 ► Law Enforcement Reported Rape Incidents 2007 ► Law Enforcement Reported Non-Penetration Sex Crimes, 2007 	1,344 1,292
➤ Service Provider Sexual Assault Victims Served, 2007 ➤ SANE Sexual Assault Patients, 2007	1,486 1,044

III. Selected Rape Findings by Data Source

Rape: Victim Gender, 2007

	Survey	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE
Females	78%	85%	89%	92%
Males	22%	15%	1`%	8%

Rape: Victim Ages, 2007

	Adults	Adolescents	Children
Law Enforcement 2007	33%	30%	37%
Service Providers 2007	47%	23%	30%
Survey Lifetime	33%	23%	44%

Rape: Victim Race/Ethnicity, 2007

	White (non- Hispanic)	Hispanic	Native American	Black	Asian	Other	Mixed
Law	50%	35%	8%	5%	1%	3	-
Enforcement 2007							
Service Providers 2007	45%	42%	6%	2%	1	-	5%
SANE 2007	28%	46%	15%	3%	-	2%	6%
Survey Lifetime	53%	33%	5%	2%	1%	2%	

Rape: Offender Gender, 2007

zuper ozzemen ot				
Gender	Survey Lifetime	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE
		2007	2007	2007
Males	85%	95%	98%	92%

Rape: Offender Ages, 2007

	Adults	Adolescents	Children
Law Enforcement 2007	79%	16%	8%
Service Providers 2007	80%	18%	2%
SANE 2007	84%	14%	2%
Survey Lifetime	78%	20%	<1%

Rape: Offender Race/Ethnicity, 2007

	White (non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Native American	Black	Asian	Mixed
Law	46%	34%	7%	8%	3%	-
Enforcement						
Service	36%	45%	8%	6%	1	4%
Providers						

Rape: Victim/Offender Relationship, 2007

	Survey	2007	2007	2007
	Lifetime	Law Enforcement	Service Providers	SANE
Stranger	13%	11.5%	15%	20%
Known Offender	87%	88.5%	85%	80%
Family	17%	30%	39%	18%
Current or Former	24%	21%	19%	10.5%
Intimate Partner				

Rape: Victim Injury, 2007

raper vicemi injury, 2007			
	Survey	2007	2007
	Lifetime	Law Enforcement	SANE
Percent Rape Incidents			
with Victim Injury	25%	27%	66%

Rape: Alcohol/Drug Use, 2007

	Survey Lifetime	Law Enforcement 2007	Service Providers 2007
Percent of Rape Cases			
Involving Alcohol/Drugs		43%	
Victim	23.5%	-	25%
Offender	45.5%	-	69%

Rape: Medical Care Sought for Victim Injuries, 2007

	Percent Rape Victims That Sought Medical Treatment
Survey Lifetime	33%
Service Providers 2007	28%

Rape: Suspect Arrests, 2007

	Percent Rapes with a Suspect Arrest
Survey Lifetime	3% males (47% of those reported to police)
	7% females (37% of those reported to police)
Law Enforcement 2007	16%

IV. Selected Survey Findings on Rape in New Mexico

► Percent Rapes Reported to Police	17%
► Percent Rape Victims Filing Criminal Charges	6%

▶ Percent Rape Victims Obtaining a Restraining Order
 ▶ Percent Rape Offenders Violating a Restraining Order
 10% (3% males; 11% females)
 49% (52% males; 49% females)

Dispositions for Offenders of Survey Victims:

▶ Percent Charges Dropped	25%
▶ Percent Acquitted	6%
▶ Percent Convicted	45%
▶ Percent Pled Guilty	11%
► Percent Convicted/Guilty Sentenced to Prison/Jail	88%
Avance I anoth Contains for Dane Conviction	62 F

► Average Length Sentence for Rape Conviction 62.5 months

► Percent Rape Offenders Serving 48 Months or Less 54%

V. Selected Sexual Assault Findings

► Percent Sexual Assault Victims with a Prior Assault:

Service Providers, 2007: 58%

Sexual Assault Survivors with a Disability:

	Percent Sexual Assault Survivors with a Disability
Service Providers 2007	26 %
SANE 2007	21.5%

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

I. INTRODUCTION

In 2005, the Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention obtained funds to conduct a statewide violence victimization survey. The purpose of the survey was to obtain state estimates of the prevalence and nature of victimization among adults in New Mexico.

Preliminary findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico (SVV) were published in the report *Sex Crimes In New Mexico V*, January 2007. A summary of these findings is found in Appendix A of the *Sex Crimes in New Mexico VII*, October 2008 full report. It offers statewide rates of the incidence and prevalence of rape and attempted rape, together with a discussion of the findings on the experience of rape among males and females.

Similarly, further findings from the SVV on the prevalence and nature of rape victimizations among children and adolescents in New Mexico were published in the *Sex Crimes In New Mexico VI*, October 2007 report. A summary of these findings is found in Appendix B of *Sex Crimes in New Mexico VII*, October 2008 full report. Additionally, selected findings from the SVV can be found in the *Fact Sheet* of the full report, as well.

This report summary includes an analysis of 2007 sex crimes data from the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, which includes findings from law enforcement, service providers and statewide Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner [SANE] units.

II. SUMMARY OF THE FINDINGS

- ▶ There were 101 law enforcement agencies that submitted sexual assault data to the Central Repository during 2007. Presently, these agencies represent 87% of the New Mexico population. There were 2,636 sex crimes reported by participating law enforcement agencies. During the same calendar year, service providers from rape crisis centers and mental health centers served 1,486 victims of sexual assault (as reported on the standardized *Sexual Assault History Form*). SANE Programs served 1,044 sexual assault victims/patients.
- ▶ The victim in 85% of law enforcement reported *criminal sexual penetration* crimes was *female*. The victim was female in 75% of law enforcement reported *non-CSP* sex crimes, 87% of those who sought help from service providers and 92% from SANE Programs.
- ▶ Males were the perpetrators in 95% of law enforcement reported *criminal sexual penetration* crimes, 93% of law enforcement reported *non-CSP* sex crimes, 98% of sexual assault cases reported by service providers and 92% of sexual assaults reported by SANE Programs.
- ▶ Service providers (15%) and law enforcement (8%) reported less *stranger-perpetrated* rapes than that reported by SANE Programs (20%). As reported by service providers, *stranger-perpetrated* rape was two times more likely among *victims who used alcohol/drugs* than among victims who did not use alcohol/drugs.
- ▶ Among the 88.5% of offenders known to the victim (as reported by law enforcement), 30% were *related to the victim*. Similarly, of the 85% of known offenders reported by services

providers, 37% were *related to the victim*. By contrast, of 80% SANE patients known to the offender, only 18% were *related to the victim*.

- ▶ Acquaintances were the categories comprising the greatest proportion of known offenders as reported by both law enforcement and service providers (30% and 24%, respectively), while parents (7%) as reported by law enforcement, and fathers (23%), uncles (16.5%) and step-fathers (12%), as reported by service providers, comprised the greatest proportion of related offenders.
- ▶ Non-personal weapons (knives, guns, and other deadly weapons) were involved in 2% of sex crimes as reported by law enforcement, 5% of sex crimes as reported by service providers and 11% of sex crimes as reported by SANE Programs. A knife (3%) or gun (2%) was involved in more sex crimes against adolescents, as reported by service providers. Similarly, guns (8%) and knives (6%) were involved in more sex crimes against adolescents than against adults (5% and 3%, respectively).
- ▶ As reported by law enforcement, 27% of *criminal sexual penetration* cases, and 8% of *non-CSP* cases involved injury to the victim. SANE Programs however, reported that 66% of their sexual assault patients experienced one or more injuries.
- ▶ One-quarter of victims seeking services from service providers and slightly less from SANE programs (21.5%) had a disability prior to their assault. When those with a disability were examined by victim age, significantly more of the victims with a disability were adults (37% service provider reports; 73% SANE reports) than were *adolescent* or *child* victims.
- ▶ In New Mexico, 28% of sex crimes as reported by service providers and 16% as reported by SANE Programs were perpetrated by *multiple-offenders*. This is significantly higher than the 9.4% of multiple-offender sex crimes reported nationally.

D. Findings Unique To Service Providers

- ▶ There were 370 cases of criminal sexual penetration as reported by service providers that actually specified the type of penetration incident. Of these 55% were *incest* cases, 19% *date rapes*, 18% *spousal rapes* and 9% *gang rapes*.
- ▶ As reported by service agencies, more *males* (30%) than *females* (17%) experienced *fondling*, while more *females* than *males*, experienced *criminal sexual penetration* (68% vs. 53%).
- ▶ The type of coercion used most often among all victims was *physical force* (36%), followed closely by *verbal threats* (27%) and *manipulation* (23%). *Intentional drugging* was reported in 5% of the sexual assault cases reported by service providers; and *adults* (65%) and *adolescents* (5%) were intentionally drugged more often than *children* (1%).
- ▶ Survivors using alcohol/drugs were twice as likely to be assaulted by *multiple offenders* (45%) as those <u>not</u> using alcohol/drugs (22%). Similarly, survivors using alcohol/drugs (25%) were almost twice as likely to be victims of *stranger-perpetrated* rape as survivors <u>not</u> using alcohol/drugs (12%). Further survivors using alcohol/drugs (10.5%) were over two times more likely to contract a *sexually transmitted disease* than survivors who did <u>not</u> use alcohol/drugs (4%).

- ▶ Over one-half (58%) of sexual assault victims were victims of a *prior* sexual assault. Among those previously victimized, 63% were victims of *on-going sexual abuse* and 37% were those who experienced an *isolated prior assault*.
- ▶ Among victims of *on-going* sexual abuse, 76% were victimized by age 12 (38% of which, by age 5), compared with 47% victimized by age 12 among those who experienced an *isolated* assault.
- ▶ Pregnancy resulting from the current sexual assault was documented in 935 cases. Of these, 30 (3%) resulted in a pregnancy.
- ▶ Over half (59%) of survivors and three-quarters (78%) % of offenders had a history of domestic violence. However, a survivor with a *history of domestic violence* was almost two times (1.6) more likely to be offended by someone with a *history of domestic violence*, as a survivor with no history of domestic violence.
- ▶ While most male (43%) and female (56%) victims of sexual assault seek therapeutic services within one-year of the assaults, significantly more male victims (22%) than female victims (15%) waited over 20 years to seek services.
- ▶ One-third (39%) of sexual assault victims, as reported by service providers, sought medical treatment, with female victims (42%) obtaining medical treatment at twice the rate of male victims (22%). Similarly, one-third (37%) of sexual assault victims had rape kit evidence collected, with female victims (40%) having rape kit evidence collected at twice the rate of male victims (18%).

III. IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS

The rape of children and adolescents in New Mexico is disproportionate among rape victims and must be a primary focus of sexual assault prevention, identification, investigation, and prosecution efforts. Findings from the SVV, law enforcement, service providers, and SANE Programs demonstrate that victims of sex crimes are overwhelmingly female and are most often victimized by age 12. Even when males are sexual assault victims, most are also victimized by age 12. When one considers that parents and step-parents, and other family members are responsible for much of this abuse, it is imperative that parents, guardians and extended family be targeted for prevention education and outreach, to compliment the training of other professionals (teachers, clergy, law enforcement, and judges) who must respond to a suspected sexual assault of a child or a child's disclosure.

The negative effects of sexual violation during childhood cannot be overstated. To be sure, sexual assault during childhood is a precursor to experiencing a sexual assault in the future. Over half (58%) of all those who sought assistance for a sexual assault in the year 2007, had experienced a prior sexual assault. Further, while sexual abuse prevention instruction is recommended for students throughout elementary school, when developmentally appropriate, a necessary component of such education must address the shocking reality that children who are sexually abused are at greater risk of becoming pregnant as a teen, than children who are not sexually abused. Education on self-esteem, self-respect, components for healthy relationships and normal sexual developmental must be addressed to reduce the likelihood of early pregnancy among sexually violated children.

Fifteen percent of service provider sexual assault cases and 8% of law enforcement reported sexual assaults involve a *stranger* offender. SANE Programs reported 19% of their *adolescent* sexual assault patients and 25% of their *adult* sexual assault patients were offended by a *stranger*. Similarly, a significant proportion of *known offenders* as reported by service providers (39%) and law enforcement (30%) were related to the victims, while SANE Programs reported only 8% of their sexual assault patients were related to their offender. These findings suggest that sexual assault victims who are victimized by a *stranger* are more likely to seek medical services and forensic documentation of their victimizations; and that victims who are victimized by a *relative* are less likely to seek medical services and forensic documentation regarding their victimization. By extension, this means that successful prosecution of sexual assaults perpetrated by family members is less likely, and victims of these sex crimes are less likely to access needed services. Since family members comprise a disproportionate number of all perpetrators of reported sexual assaults in our state, it is imperative to provide education and outreach in schools and communities to inform those at risk about services available to them.

Sexual victimizations of adolescents and adults more often involved a gun, knife and intentional drugging than victims of other ages. Adolescents and young adults are vulnerable to date rape and rape by new and/or social acquaintances. Further, alcohol and drug use is associated with a greater vulnerability to stranger rape, multiple offender rape, and the contraction of a sexually transmitted disease. These findings have implications for personal safety instruction and alcohol and drug prevention education programs for high school students.

One-quarter of victims who sought assistance for a sexual assault had some type of disability before the sexual assault. Most of these victims were mentally/emotionally disabled. This speaks to the need for education programs to promote greater awareness among families and communities regarding the vulnerability of their residents with disabilities to being sexually assaulted; and the need for sexuality education and personal safety for individuals with disabilities.

Only one-third (33%) of sex crimes that came to the attention of service providers were reported to law enforcement. Additionally, over 16% of adult victims, 15% of adolescent victims and 9% of child victims in the SVV reported their victimizations to law enforcement. There are several implications: 1) training for healthcare providers to effectively respond to patient disclosures of sexual assault; 2) training of law enforcement officers to respond with sensitivity to the needs of sexual assault victims and initiate advocacy for the victim; and 3) accessible legal advocacy to assist victims through the legal process.

Survivors with a history of domestic violence were two times more likely to be sexually assaulted by someone with a history of domestic violence than survivors who were not exposed to domestic violence in their past. Experiencing domestic violence as a child increases one's vulnerability to abuse and sexual assault as an adult. This finding implies that greater efforts should be made by those in law enforcement and in collaboration with those in the helping professions to identify children from violent homes and provide appropriate counseling services.

Law enforcement reported that 27% of criminal sexual penetration cases and 8% on non-CSP sex crimes involved injury to the victim. Conversely, SANE practitioners found that 66% of their sexual assault patients incurred one or more injuries during their assault. The reasons for the great disparity in injury reporting between law enforcement and SANE practitioners can be explained in part, by the fact that SANE practitioners are specifically trained to identify and document sexual assault injuries; and beyond observable injuries to the head/neck or extremities of the victim, law enforcement officers are not likely to detect injury. Secondly, sexual assault

victims who believe they are injured may be more likely to seek SANE services than sexual assault victims who do not believe they are injured. Therefore, SANE Programs would naturally have a higher rate of victims who experienced injury. All this said, there may be an implication for officer training regarding victim injury in sexual assaults and a more accurate way to report injury on law enforcement offense incident reports.

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO VII:

An Analysis of 2007 Data from The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

Developed by Betty Caponera, Ph.D. For the New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

Funded by:

State of New Mexico: Department of Health — Office of Injury Prevention; Behavioral Health Services Division; New Mexico Crime Victims Reparation Commission — Violence Against Women Act Grants Office; and the Violence Against Women Office,

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Through the New Mexico Coalition of Sexual Assault Programs, Inc.

OCTOBER 2008

I. INTRODUCTION

In 2005, the Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention obtained funds to conduct a statewide violence victimization survey. The survey was conducted by Schulman, Ronca and Bucuvalas, Inc. (SRBI) a national research organization with over 25 years experience conducting national and statewide surveys on health and trauma issues.

The purpose of the survey was to obtain state estimates of the prevalence and nature of victimization among adults in New Mexico. The sample for the *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* (SVV) was drawn from a statewide sample of telephone households developed by random digit dialing (RDD). A statewide random sample of 4,000 adults aged 18 and older: 2000 males and 2000 females were interviewed. Interviewing for the survey was conducted between December 6, 2005 and January 22, 2006. Comprehensive information regarding the survey methods used (sample construction, instrument design, programming, testing, interviewer selection, training, monitoring, conducting the interviews, response rates, field outcomes, data preparation and processing) is found in the *Survey Methods Report* available upon request from the Central Repository.

Preliminary findings from the SVV were published in the report, *Sex Crimes In New Mexico V*, January 2007. A summary of these findings is found in **Appendix A.** It offers statewide rates of the incidence and prevalence of rape and attempted rape, together with a discussion of the findings on the experience of rape among males and females.

Similarly, further findings from the SVV on the prevalence and nature of rape victimizations among children and adolescents in New Mexico were published in the *Sex Crimes In New Mexico VI*, October 2007 report. A summary of these findings is found in **Appendix B.** Additionally, selected findings from the SVV can be found in the *Fact Sheet* of this report, as well.

This report has three sections: *Section One* presents an analysis of 2007 sex crimes data from the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository, which includes findings from law enforcement, service providers and statewide Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) units; *Section Two* presents a discussion of the implications of the findings; and *Section Three* offers county tables to present important trends information specific to each county.

SECTION ONE: ANALYSIS OF 2007 SEX CRIMES DATA FROM THE CENTRAL REPOSITORY

I. ABOUT THE CENTRAL REPOSITORY

The Central Repository is supported by the State of New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Injury Prevention and Behavioral Health Services Division and the Violence Against Women Act. It was established in 1998 to house data submitted from a variety of agencies statewide (law enforcement, district and magistrate courts, and domestic violence service providers) that deal with the issue of domestic violence. In 2001, the Central Repository began capturing statewide sexual assault data, as well. To this end, sexual assault data from law enforcement agencies and the courts, as well as data from rape crisis centers, mental health centers, and SANE Programs that provide services for sexual assault victims, are submitted to the Central Repository.

Currently, standardized data from each aforementioned discipline are submitted to the Central repository on a quarterly basis. The data analyzed for this report covers sexual assault law enforcement, service provider and SANE data for the period 1/1/07 - 12/31/07.

II. LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED SEX CRIMES

A. **DEFINITIONS**

Sexual assault incidents captured in New Mexico include the following statutes regarding sexual offenses. These statutes are presented in brief. Full definitions are found in **Appendix C**.

30-9-11 Criminal sexual penetration

A. Criminal sexual penetration is the unlawful and intentional causing of a person to engage in sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse or the causing of penetration, to any extent and with any object, of the genital or anal openings of another, whether or not there is any emission.

30-9-12 Criminal sexual contact

A. Criminal sexual contact is the unlawful and intentional touching of or application of force, without consent, to the unclothed intimate parts of another who has reached his eighteenth birthday, or intentionally causing another who has reached his eighteenth birthday to touch one's intimate parts.

30-9-13 Criminal sexual contact of a minor

A. Criminal sexual contact of a minor is the unlawful and intentional touching or applying force to the intimate parts of a minor or the unlawful and intentional causing of a minor to touch one's intimate parts. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.

30-9-14 Indecent exposure

A. Indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons publis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.

30-10-3 Incest

A. Incest consists of knowingly intermarrying or having sexual intercourse with persons within the following degrees of consanguinity: parents and children including grandparents and grandchildren of every degree, brothers and sisters of the half as well as of the whole blood, uncles and nieces, aunts and nephews.

30-9-1 Enticement of child

Enticement of child consists of:

- A. Enticing, persuading or attempting to persuade a child under the age of sixteen years to enter any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 (30-9-1 to 30-9-9 NMSA 1978) of the Criminal Code; or
- B. Having possession of a child under the age of sixteen years in any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 of the Criminal Code.

30-6A-2 Sexual Exploitation of Children

- A. and B. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally *possess* or *distribute* any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally cause or permit a child under eighteen years of age to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows, has reason to know or intends that the act may be recorded in any obscene visual or print medium or performed publicly.
- D. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally manufacture any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.

B. LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED INCIDENCE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT

There were 101 law enforcement agencies that submitted sexual assault data to the Central Repository during 2007 (see **Appendix D**). Presently, these agencies represent 87% of the New Mexico population. Data from each participating agency was extracted from police offense incident reports and submitted in aggregate form on the standardized *Law Enforcement Sexual Violence Data Collection Form* (see **Appendix E**).

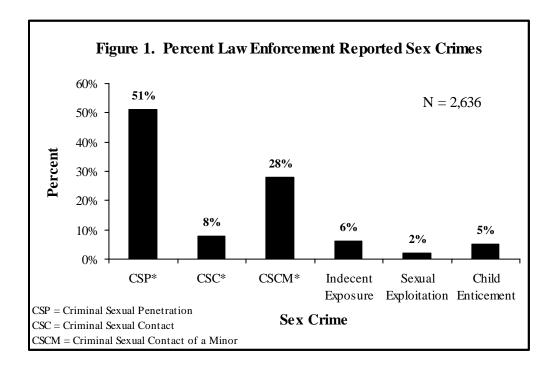
1. All Law Enforcement Reported Sex Crimes

In 2007, there were 2,636 sex crimes reported by participating law enforcement agencies. For a list of sex crime reports by law enforcement agency, see **Table 1**. For a list of sex crime reports by county, see **Table 2**. Of the reported sex crimes, 51% (1,344) were cases of *criminal sexual penetration*, 28% (740) *criminal sexual contact of a minor*, 8% (202) *criminal sexual contact*, 6% (162) *indecent exposure*, 5% (146) *child enticement* and 2% (42) *sexual exploitation*, see **Figure 1**.

2. Law Enforcement Reported Criminal Sexual Penetration (Rape) Incidents

The number of criminal sexual penetration (rape) cases per county that were reported to law enforcement in 2007 is shown in **Appendix F**. The *rate* of law enforcement reported *criminal sexual penetration* (LER-CSP) incidents in New Mexico was calculated based on counties with complete reporting (those counties with the law enforcement agency from the

largest city(s) reporting). The rate of law enforcement reported criminal sexual penetration for New Mexico is 0.74 per 1000 persons, which is similar to the 0.70 rate reported in 2006. A ranking of law enforcement reported criminal sexual penetration rates for counties with complete reporting is found in **Appendix G**.



C. CHARACTERISTICS OF CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION CASES

1. Victim and Offender Gender

There were 1,409 criminal sexual penetration victims identified from the 1,344 law enforcement sexual assault reports. Victim *gender* was documented in 1,167 cases. Of these, 993 (85%) were *female* victims and 174 (15%) *male* victims.

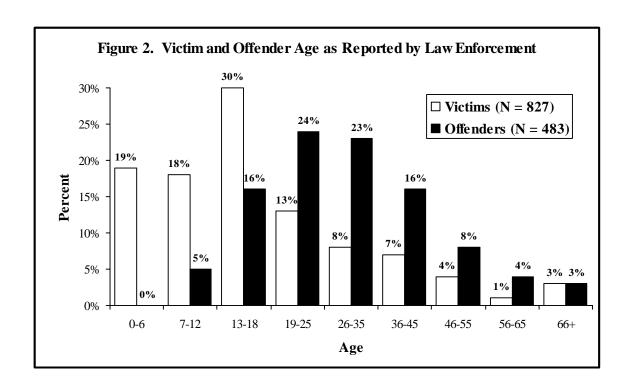
Of the 1,344 cases of criminal sexual penetration, 1,146 offenders were identified. Offender gender was documented in 911 reports. Of these, 95% (862) had a *male* offender.

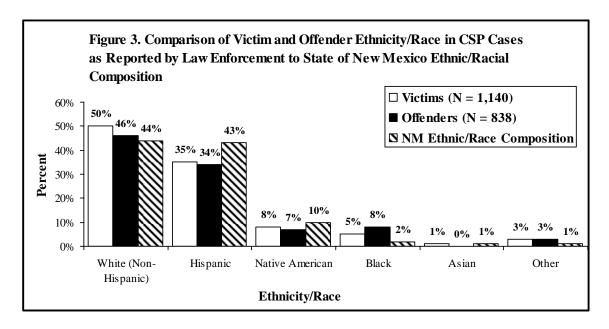
2. Victim and Offender Age

Of the 827 reports of criminal sexual penetration that identified *victim age*, the greatest proportion of all victims were in the age group 13-18 (30%), followed by victims age 0-6 (19%), victims 7-12 (18%) and victims 19-25 (13%). Conversely, of the 483 reports that identified *offender age*, the greatest proportion of all offenders were in the age group 19-25 (24%), followed closely by offenders 26-35 (23%). Offenders 13-18 and 36-45 comprised 16% respectively, of all offenders. See **Figure 2**.

3. Victim and Offender Ethnicity/Race

Of the 1,140 criminal sexual penetration cases that identified *victim ethnicity/race*, 50% (565) were *White* (*non-Hispanic*), 35% (398) were *Hispanic*, 8% (88) *Native American*, 3% (30) *Other*, 5% (53) *Black*, and 1% (6) *Asian*. Likewise, of the 838 CSP cases that identified *offender ethnicity/race*, 46% (388) were *White* (*non-Hispanic*), 34% (286) *Hispanic*, 7% (61) *Native American*, 8% (71) *Black*, 3% (28) *Other*, and 0% (4) *Asian*. For a comparison of victim and offender ethnicity/race to ethnic/racial compositions in New Mexico, see **Figure 3**.





4. Victim/Offender Relationship

The *victim/offender relationship* was documented in 797 of the 1,344 reported cases of criminal sexual penetration. Of these, 11.5% (92) were perpetrated by a *stranger* to the victim and 88.5% (705) were perpetrated by someone *known* by the victim.

There were 641 cases which documented whether or not the known perpetrator was a *relative*. Of these, 30% (191) were *relatives*.

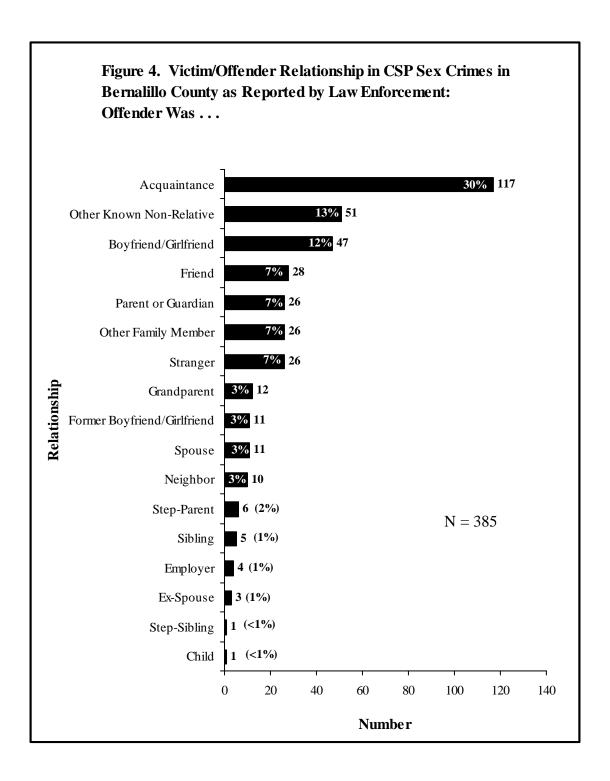
While law enforcement agencies report whether the offender was a stranger or known to the victim, they do not further report the *type of relationship* among *known* offenders. However, such documentation is available from Bernalillo County in the reported cases of criminal sexual penetration submitted by the *Albuquerque Police Department* and the *Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office*. Of the 512 cases of criminal sexual penetration reported by law enforcement agencies in Bernalillo County, the *victim/offender relationship* was documented in 385 cases. Of these, 26 (7%) were perpetrated by a *stranger* and 359 (93%) by *someone known* to the victim. Relatives comprised 21% of the *known* offenders or 20% (77) of all victim/offender relationships documented. *Acquaintances* comprised the largest category of known non-family offenders 30% (117), followed by *other unspecified known offenders* 13% (51), *boyfriends/girlfriends* 12% (47) and *friends* 7% (28). **Figure 4** illustrates the number and percent of each type of *victim/offender relationship* identified.

5. Weapon Use and Injury

There is a parallel between weapon use in sexual assault incidents and its use in domestic violence incidents, though there is a reluctance among professionals in the field of sexual violence prevention and prosecution to report this observation. Because the intent in a domestic assault or battery is to physically harm the victim, an offender's fists and feet used in kicking, slapping, or punching a victim are considered "personal weapons". Applying this liberal definition of a *weapon* to CSP crimes would result in 82% or 518 of 630 cases in New Mexico, involving a weapon. However, while this demonstrates comprehensive and accurate reporting, there is great reluctance in reporting such high rates of weapon use in sexual assault incidents. Sexual assault advocates and prosecutors have been working for years to dispel the long held social myth that unless there is a "non-personal" or deadly weapon involved, the victim consented too easily and must have freely engaged in the sexual activity. In truth, a very small proportion of CSP cases nationally, involve a "non-personal" weapon, such as a gun, knife, bat, etc. The same is true in New Mexico, as only 2% or 8 of 492 cases documenting *type of weapon used* involved "non-personal" weapons.

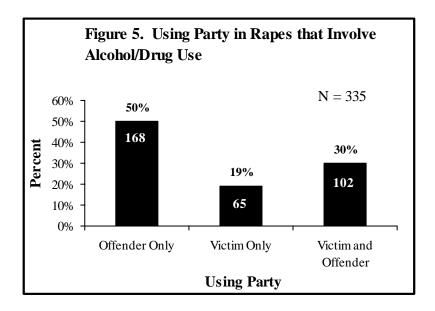
While it is most appropriate to include "personal weapons" in a weapon count in sex crimes and in domestic violence crimes, it is crucial to argue that sexual assault victims are raped, i.e. forced against their will, even without the presence of a weapon of *any* kind. The law states clearly, that just the presence of a *threat* of physical harm that the victim believes can be presently executed, is all that is required to demonstrate force or coercion. The requirement of "personal", "non-personal" and/or deadly weapon-use to justify that victim resistance occurred during a sexual assault incident must be eliminated.

Of the 734 cases that documented whether the victim was injured, victim injury occurred in 27% (200) of the cases.



6. Alcohol and Drug Use

There were 825 cases of criminal sexual penetration where *alcohol/drug use* was documented. Of these, alcohol and/or drugs were used in 43% (354) of cases. Of the 354 cases where alcohol or drugs were used, 335 documented the using party(s). *Offender-only* use of alcohol/drugs was reported in 50% (168) of cases. *Victim-only* use was found in 19% (65) of cases, and both the *victim* and *offender* used alcohol/drugs in 30% (102) of cases. See **Figure 5**. Therefore, offenders used alcohol/drugs in 80% of the cases involving alcohol/drug use and victims used alcohol/drugs in 49% of the cases involving alcohol/drug use.



7. Children Witnesses to Criminal Sexual Penetration

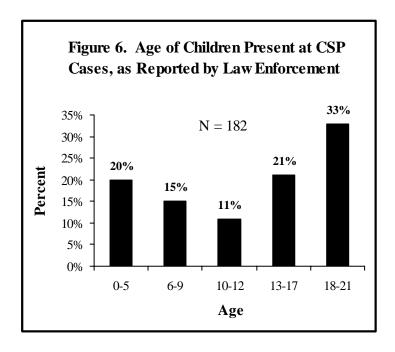
When analyzing data regarding children, two variables are analyzed: 1) the *number of incidents* that at least one child was present; and 2) the total *number of children* present. In 2007, 101 law enforcement agencies reported to the Central Repository. Of these, 77 reported at least one case of criminal sexual penetration but 62 of these agencies did not report how many incidents had children present, or how many total children were present during their reported CSP incidents. There were 131 cases that documented the *number of incidents* where at least one child was present. Of these, 23 (18%) cases had at least one child present. There were 30 children present at these 23 incidents, or 1.3 children per incident. There were 766 reports that documented the *total number of children present*. Of these, the total number of children present was 197 (a number that represents 26% of the number of CSP reports).

Of the 197 children present during the CSP incidents, the age of the child was documented in 182. Of these 20% (36) were age 0-5; 15% (28) 6-9; 11% (20) 10-12; 21% (38) 13-17; and 33% (60) 18-21. See **Figure 6**.

8. Suspect Arrests for Criminal Sexual Penetration Incidents

There were 758 cases of criminal sexual penetration that documented whether there was a suspect arrest. Of these, 118 (16%) cases had a suspect arrest. Among agencies with 10 or more

reported CSP cases, the *San Juan County Sheriff's Office* had the most incidents with a suspect arrest at 42% or 5 of 12 reported cases, followed by the *Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department*, 26% or 6 of 23 cases. See **Table 3**.



D. CHARACTERISTICS OF OTHER (NON-PENETRATION) LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTED SEX CRIMES

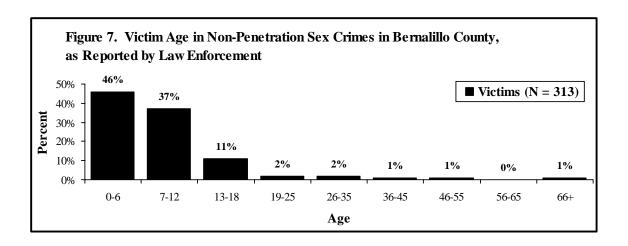
While participating law enforcement agencies throughout the state report on the number of non-penetration sex crimes, including criminal sexual contact, criminal sexual contact of a minor, indecent exposure, sexual exploitation, and child enticement cases, they do not provide details about the nature of these crimes. However, data are available from the Albuquerque Police Department and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office that assist in characterizing these non-penetration crimes.

1. Victim and Offender Gender

There were 521 *non-penetration* sex crimes in Bernalillo County. There were 548 victims identified in these crimes. Victim *gender* was documented in 522 of the victims identified. Of these, 75% were female. This is less than the 85% of female victims in law enforcement reported criminal sexual penetration (CSP) crimes. There were 404 offenders identified in the non-penetration sex crimes. The suspect gender was documented in 398. Of these, 93% (370) were male. This is similar to the 95% of male offenders in CSP crimes.

2. Victim and Offender Age

The *victim age* was documented in 313 of the 548 victims identified in Bernalillo County sex crimes. Of these, 83% were not yet adolescents: 46% were ages 0-6 and 37% were ages 7-12. Another 11% of victims were ages 13-18. Two percent respectively, were ages 19-25, ages 26-35. See **Figure 7**. Offender age was only documented for 56 of the 404 offenders. Therefore, this variable was not analyzed. Refer to Figure 7.



3. Victim and Offender Ethnicity/Race

Victim and offender *ethnicity/race* variables from the Albuquerque Police Department and the Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office shared records database were unreliable. Since this shared database is the only one that captures specifics on *non-penetration* sex crimes, no other ethnicity/race data on these crimes were available for analysis.

4. Weapon Use and Injury

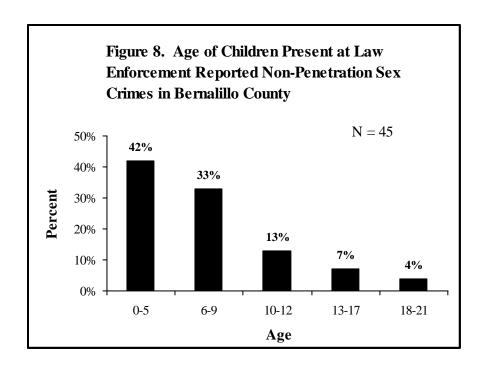
Bernalillo County law enforcement agencies reported 80% or 419 cases out of 521 *involved a weapon*. However, there were no reports which included a "non-personal" or deadly weapon. Although 27% of *CSP* cases involved injury, only 8% (40) of *non-penetration* sex crimes involved injury.

5. Alcohol/Drug Use

Similar to the injury findings, while 43% of *CSP* cases involved alcohol/drug use, only 14% of *non-penetration* cases involved alcohol/drug use.

6. Children Witnesses to Non-Penetration Sex Crimes

There were 45 children who witnessed an unknown number of the reported 521 non-penetration sex crimes (the number of *incidents* which had a child present was not documented, only the total number of children present for all incidents). Of these, 42% (19) were age 0-5, 33% (15) were 6-9, 13% (6) were age 10-12, 7% (3) were age 13-17 and 4% (2) were age 18-21. See **Figure 8**. A comparison of the age of children present at CSP crimes versus non-penetration sex crimes, illustrates that significantly more (75%) young children (< 13 years of age), were present during *non-penetration* crimes compared to the proportion present during *criminal sexual penetration* crimes (46%). Refer to Figure 6.



7. Suspect Arrest in Non-Penetration Sex Crimes

Of the 521 *non-penetration* sex crimes in Bernalillo County, there was no arrest made in 446 or 86%. This is slightly higher than the 84% of *CSP* crimes where no arrest was made.

III. SEXUAL ASSAULT SERVICE PROVIDERS AND REPORTED SEX CRIMES

There were 25 sexual assault service provider agencies that submitted data to the Central Repository in 2007 (see **Appendix H**). Therapists from participating agencies complete the *Sexual Assault History* form, a standardized data collection instrument used by mental health and rape crisis centers throughout New Mexico to capture information on each client who presents for therapy for a recent or past sexual offense (see **Appendix I**). The data presented herein represent clients who presented for therapy between 1/1/07 and 12/31/07 for a recent or past sexual assault. Completed *Sexual Assault History* forms are submitted to the Central Repository on a monthly basis. There were 1,486 clients who received services for a sexual assault victimization. This represents a 3% increase from that reported in 2006. Completed forms on these survivors were analyzed for this report.

The *La Pinon* (Las Cruces) served 28% (423) of all sex crimes survivors seen in 2007, followed by the *Rape Crisis Center of Central New Mexico* 21% (316), *Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center* 10% (149), the *Counseling Center* (Alamogordo) 9% (129) and *El Refugio* 8% (113). See **Table 4**. For an examination of survivors served by county, see **Table 5**.

It is difficult to make a meaningful comparison between the number of sexual assault cases reported by *service providers* per county and the number of sex crimes reported by *law*

enforcement per county because only 36% (538) of all survivors who sought treatment in 2007 experienced the sexual assault in 2007. However, one may make a comparison simply based on a 12 month interval basis, i.e. in the same period of time that law enforcement reported 2,636 sex crimes, therapists served 1,486 survivors. See **Table 6.** The number of survivors seen represents 56% of the number reported by police in the same time frame.

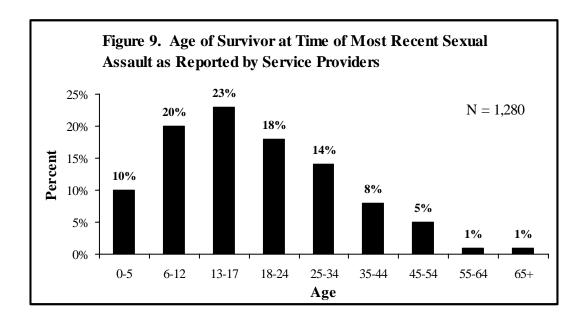
A. SURVIVOR DEMOGRAPHICS

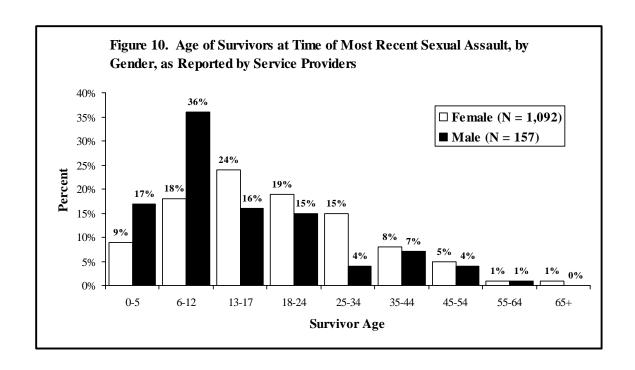
1. Gender of Survivor

Of the 1,486 sexual offense reports, 1,436 documented the *gender of the survivor*, 87% (1,255) of which were *female*. This is lower than the 91% of female survivors of sexual offenses reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, Sex Offenses and Offenders, 1997). The *Counseling Center* (Ruidoso) served the most males among survivors served (50%), followed by *Tri-County Community Services* (29%) and *Mental Health Resources* (Portales) (25%). See **Table 7**.

2. Age of Survivor At Time of Current (Presenting) Sexual Assault

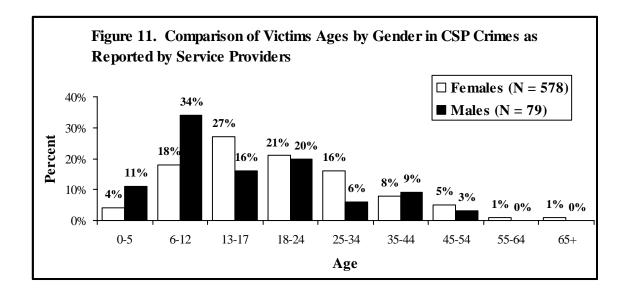
Of the 1,280 reports where age of survivor at the time of the current assault was documented, the greatest percentage of victimizations occurred between the ages of 13 and 17 (23%), followed closely by victimizations occurring between ages 6-12 (20%). See **Figure 9**. A comparison of age at the time of the current sexual assault between males and females reveals that more males (69%) of all males assaulted, were victims before age 18, compared to the percent of females among female survivors who were assaulted before age 18 (51%). See **Figure 10**.



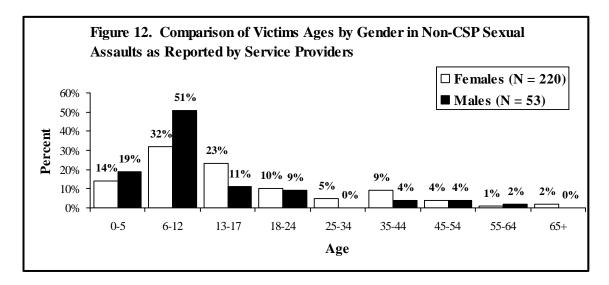


Since there is a significant difference between genders with regard to the age of the survivors at the time of the most recent assault when examining all types of assault, an analysis was conducted to compare the age of survivors for males and females between *criminal sexual penetration* crimes and *non-penetration* sex crimes.

In *criminal sexual penetration crimes*, the proportion of *male children* raped (45%) among all males who were raped is significantly more than the proportion of *female children* raped (22%) among all females who were raped. Beyond age 12, with the exception of ages 35-44, a greater proportion of *females* than males were raped in every age group. See **Figure 11**.

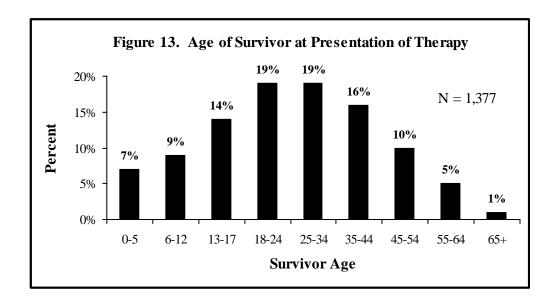


Similarly, in *non-penetration sex crimes* (criminal sexual contact, criminal sexual contact of a minor, sexual exploitation, child enticement, indecent exposure) the proportion of *male children* (<13) victimized (70%) among all males victimized is also significantly greater than the proportion of female children victimized (46%) among all females victimized. See **Figure 12**.

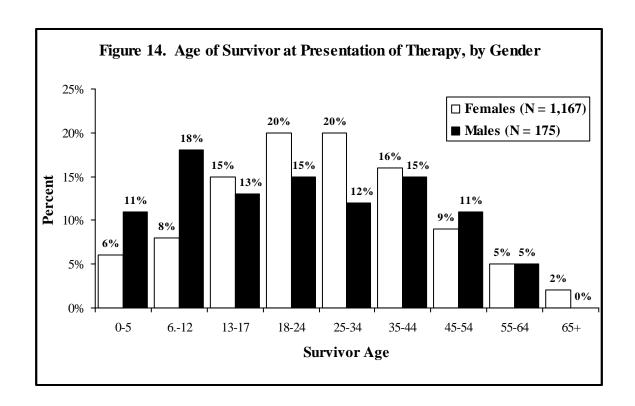


3. Age of Survivor At Presentation For Therapy

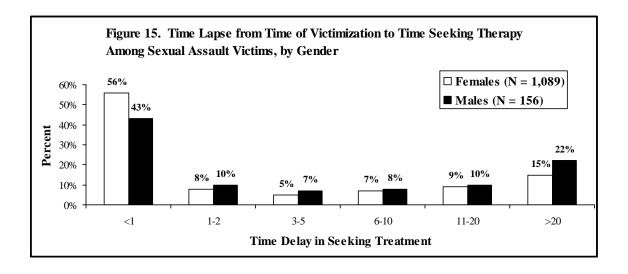
The age of the survivor when presenting for therapy was documented in 1,377 of the sexual offenses reported. Of these cases, the age groups with the most presentations was 18-24 and 25-34 with 19% respectively, closely followed by the age group 35-44 (16%). See **Figure 13**.



Males presented for therapy most often during the ages of 6-12 (18%), followed closely by males ages 18-24 and 35-44 (15%, respectively). *Females* presented for therapy most often between the ages of 18-24 and 25-34 (20%, respectively) followed by 35-44 (16%) and 13-17 (15%). See **Figure 14**.

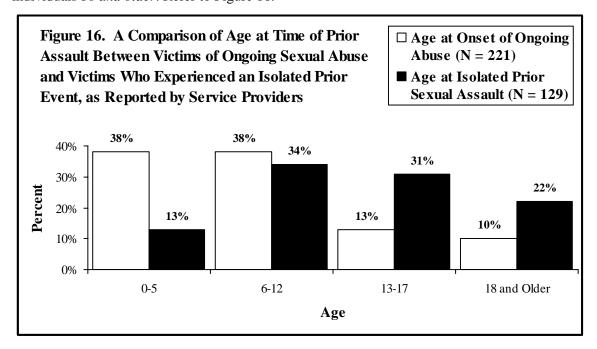


The sexual assault reports from service providers in 2007, were analyzed to determine the proportion of victims who sought therapeutic services for their sexual assault within one year of the assault, and the proportion of victims who waited longer than one year. Over half (56%) of female victims and nearly half (43%) of *male* victims sought therapy within one year of their sexual assaults. After one year, significantly more males (22%) than females (15%) waited over 20 years to seek services. See **Figure 15**.



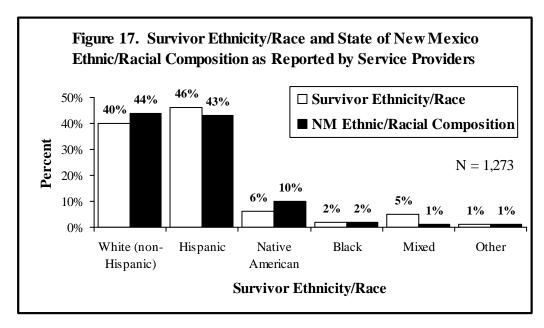
4. Survivor History of Prior Sexual Assault/Abuse

Prior sexual assault/abuse was documented in 813 service provider reports. Of these, 473 (58%) were sexually assaulted prior to the current assault. The age of the survivor at the time of the prior assault was documented in 350 of the 473 cases. Of these, 221 were survivors who were victims of *on-going sexual abuse*. The age at onset of abuse is shown in **Figure 16**. Seventy-six percent of these prior victimizations occurred by age 12. Of the 129 cases of *isolated prior sexual assault incidents*, 47% occurred by age 12, 31% between the ages of *13 and 17*, and 22% were individuals *18 and older*. Refer to Figure 16.

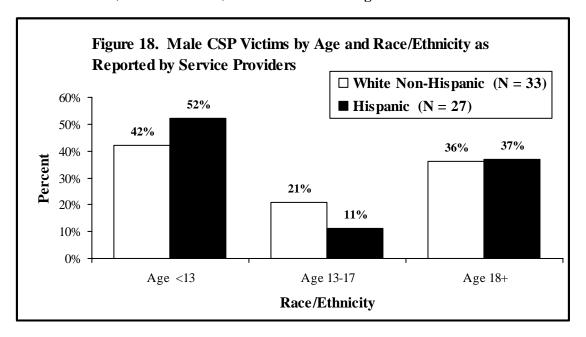


5. Ethnicity/Race of Survivor

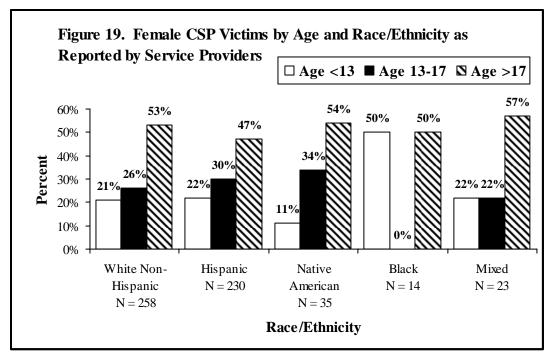
Ethnicity/race of the survivor was documented in 1,273 of reported sexual offenses. Forty-six percent of the reported survivors were *Hispanic*, 40% were *White* (non-Hispanic), 6% were *Native American*, 5% were of mixed race/ethnicity, and 2% were Black. For a comparison of these percentages to the ethnic/racial composition of New Mexico, see **Figure 17**.



When *race/ethnicity* was examined among *male rape victims seeking services*, there were too few *Native American* (4), *Black* (0), and *mixed race/ethnicity* (8) male rape victims to examine. Among *White (non-Hispanic)* male rape victims, significantly more were children (42%), than adolescents (21%) or adults (36%). Similarly, among *Hispanic* male rape victims, 52% were children, 11% adolescents, and 37% adults. See **Figure 18**.

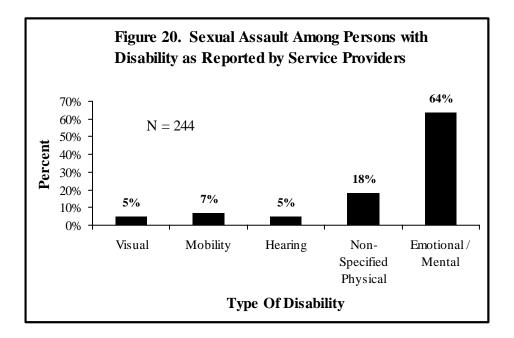


When *race/ethnicity* was examined among *female rape victims seeking services*, slightly more *White (non-Hispanic)* female victims (53%), *Native American* female victims (54%) and female victims of *mixed race/ethnicity* (57%) were adults. Slightly more *Hispanic* female victims (52%) were *children* and *adolescents*. Among *Black* female victims, an equal proportion were children/adolescents and adults, 50% respectively. *However*, the number of *Black* female rape victims is so few (14), this proportion should be viewed with caution. See **Figure 19**.

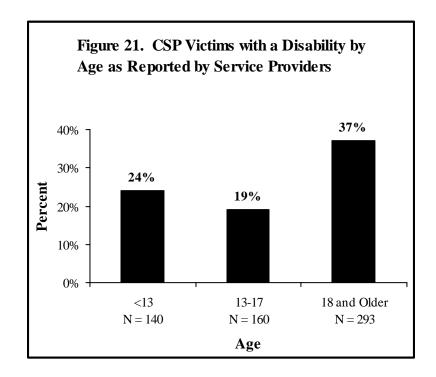


6. Survivor Disability

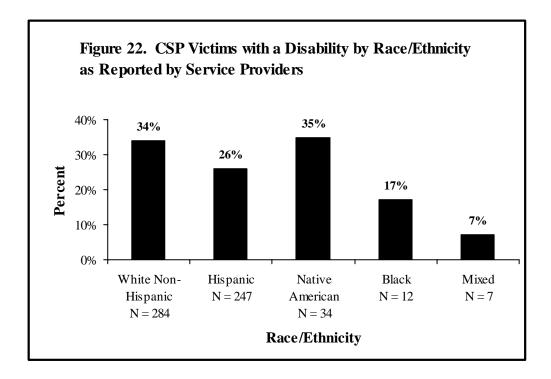
Of the 988 reports that documented *disability of the survivor*, 25% (244) had a disability. The highest reported disability among the 244 survivors with a disability was *emotional/mental disability prior to the sexual offense incident*, accounting for 157 (64%) of the 244 documented cases of disability. One-third (36%) of cases reported a *physical disability*: 5% *hearing*, 5% *visual*, 7% *mobility* and 18% a *non-specified physical disability*. See **Figure 20**.



When rape victims with a *disability* were examined by *age*, more *adult* (18 and older) rape victims (37%) had a disability than *adolescent* victims 13-17 (19%) or *child* (12 and under) victims (24%). See **Figure 21**.



When *race/ethnicity* was examined among rape victims with a disability, a greater proportion of *Native American* (35%) and *White (non-Hispanic)* rape victims (34%) had a disability than *Hispanic* (26%) and *Black* (17%) rape victims and victims of *mixed race/ethnicity* (7%). As there were too few (12) *Black* rape victims and victims of *mixed race/ethnicity* (7) where disability was documented, these numbers should be viewed with caution. See **Figure 22**.



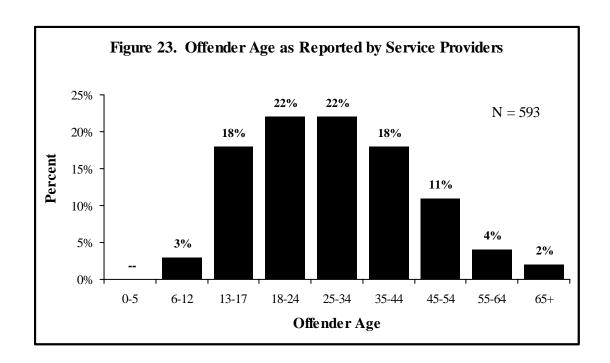
B. OFFENDER DEMOGRAPHICS

1. Gender of the Offender

Of the 1,293 sexual offense cases where *gender of the offender* was documented, 1,248 (96.5%) were *male* and 45 (3.5%) *female*. Similarly, among 704 rape cases where offender gender was documented, 687 (98%) were *male*.

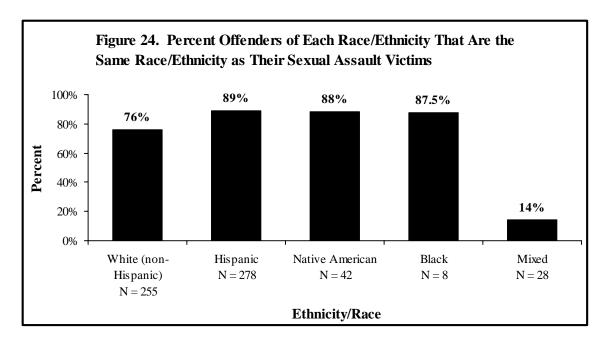
2. Age of Offender

Age of the offender was documented in 593 of the offense reports submitted. The age groups with the greatest number of offenders were 18-24 and 25-34 (22% respectively), followed by the 13-17 and 35-44 age groups (18%, respectively). See **Figure 23**. The 21% of offenders represented in the <18 age groups is significantly higher than the percents of *single offenders* (10.9%) and *multiple offenders* (4.4%) younger than 18, that were reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1997).



3. Offender Race/Ethnicity

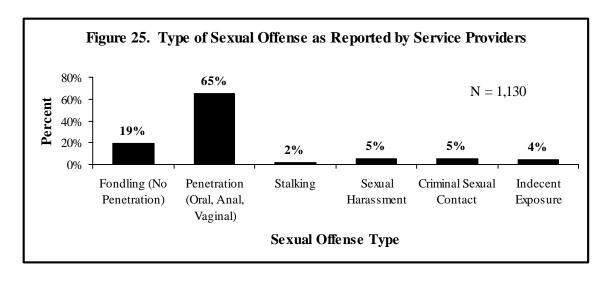
In 80% (572 of 691) of documented cases, the offender was the *same ethnicity/race* as the victim. However, the proportion of offenders of each race/ethnicity that were the same race/ethnicity as the victim differs as shown: eighty-nine percent of *Hispanic* offenders were the same ethnicity as their victims (247 of 278) compared to 88% of *Native American* offenders (37 of 42), 87.5% of *Black* offenders (7 of 8), and 76% of *White (non-Hispanic)* offenders (194 of 255). Only 14% (4 of 28) of offenders of *mixed race/ethnicity* were the same as their victims. For these offenders and *Black* offenders these findings should be viewed with caution as too few reports in these race categories captured this variable. See **Figure 24**.



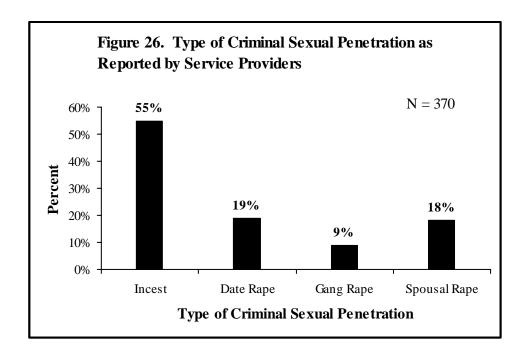
C. SEXUAL OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Type of Sexual Offense

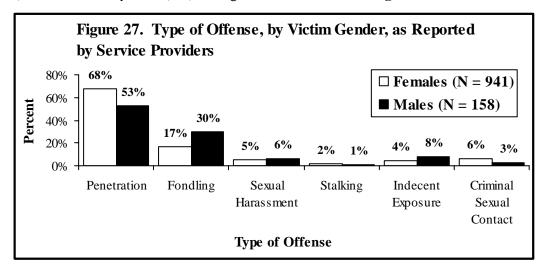
The type of sex offense was documented in 1,130 of the reported 1,486 cases reported by service providers. Of these 65% (731) were *criminal sexual penetration* (CSP – oral, anal, and/or vaginal penetration), 19% (213) *fondling*, 5% (55) *sexual harassment*, 2% (23) *stalking*, 5% (58) *criminal sexual contact* and 4% (50) *indecent exposure*. See **Figure 25.**



Of the 731 cases involving CSP, 361 did not specify the circumstances of the rape. In the 370 cases of CSP that specified the assault circumstances, *incest* accounted for 55% (202). *Date/Acquaintance rape* comprised 19% (69) of the specified CSP cases. *Spousal rape* comprised 18% (65) of the specified assaults and *gang rape*, 9% (34). See **Figure 26**.



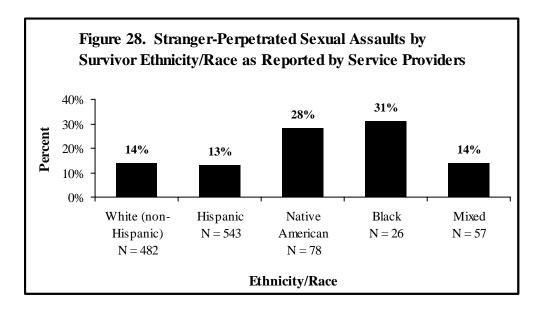
There were 1,099 sexual assault cases where both the *survivor gender* and *type of offense* were known. When examined by *gender*, a significantly greater proportion of *females* (68%) among female survivors experienced CSP than *males* experienced CSP (53%) among male survivors. Conversely, a significantly greater proportion of *males* among male survivors experienced *fondling* (30%) and *indecent exposure* (8%), than females experienced *fondling* (17%), and *indecent exposure* (4%) among female survivors. See **Figure 27.**



2. Survivor/Offender Relationship

Survivor/Offender relationship was documented in 1,253 of the reported cases of sexual assault. In general, 15% (191) were perpetrated by a stranger and 85% (1,062) by someone known to the victim.

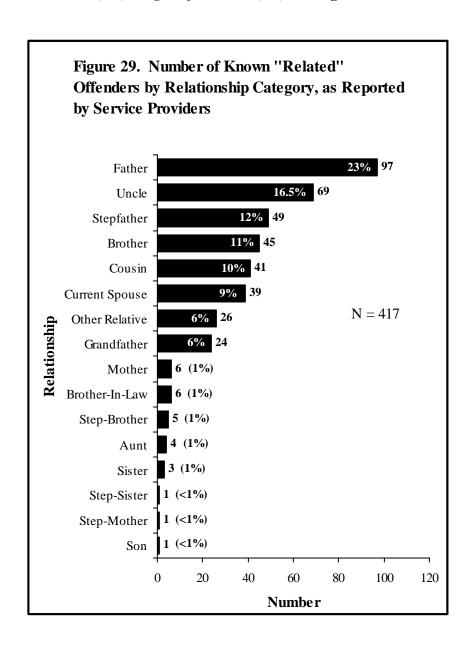
There were 1,186 cases that documented both *stranger-perpetrated* sexual offenses and the *ethnicity/race of the survivor*. Of the 482 cases with *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors, 14% (68) experienced *stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault. Likewise, of the 543 cases with *Hispanic* survivors, 13% (72) experienced *stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault. *Stranger-perpetrated* sexual assault was experienced by 28% (22 of 78) of *Native American* survivors, and by 14% (8 of 57) of survivors of *mixed race ethnicity*. There were 26 reports on *Black* survivors that documented the relationship of the offender. Of these, 11.5% (3) were *stranger-perpetrated* rapes. See **Figure 28**.



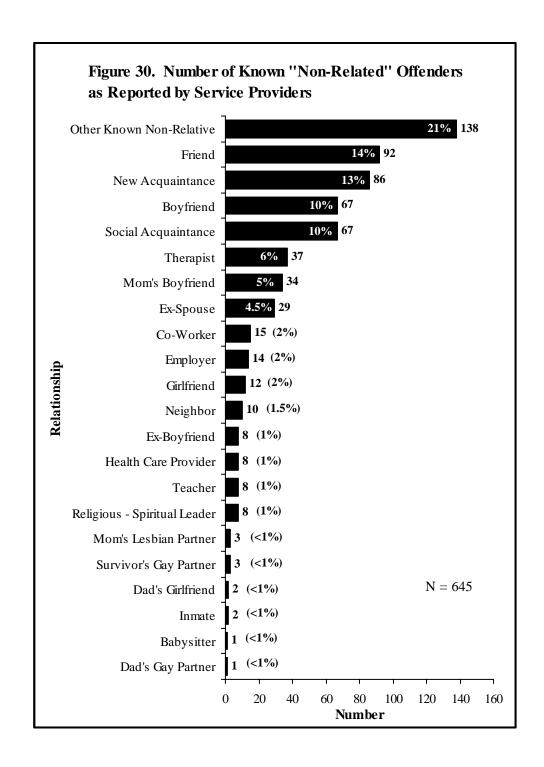
There were 1,266 cases that documented both *stranger-perpetrated* sexual offenses and *survivor gender*. Of these documented cases, 151 were *male* survivors and 1,105 *female* survivors. Of the cases with *male* survivors, 9% (14) were *stranger-perpetrated*, compared to 16% (173) of the cases of with *female* survivors.

Of the sexual offenses reported to service providers, 85% (1,062) were committed by someone known to the survivor. Of those offenders *known to the survivor*, 39% (417) were *family members/relatives*.

Of the sexual offenses committed by *family members/relatives*, *fathers* were the highest group of reported offenders, committing 97 (23%) of all *family member* sexual offenses. *Uncles*, 69 (16.5%) and *step-fathers*, 49 (12%). *Brothers*, 45 (11%) and *cousins*, 41 (10%) represented the relatives next most likely to offend, followed by *current spouses*, 39 (9%), *other unspecified relatives*, 26 (6%) and *grandfathers*, 24 (6%). See **Figure 29**.



Of the 645 non-family offenders known to the survivor, friends 92 (14%), new acquaintances 86 (13%), boyfriends 67 (10%) and social acquaintances 67 (10%) comprised almost half (47%) of these offenders. Therapists comprised the next highest reported category of known offenders, committing 37 (6%) of known offender sexual offenses, followed closely by mom's boyfriend 34 (5%). See **Figure 30**.



3. Number of Offenders Involved Per Sexual Assault

The *number of offenders* per sexual assault was documented in 1,471 of reported sexual offenses. Of the documented reports, 72% (1,065) involved *one* offender. The 28% of cases involving *multiple offenders* as reported by therapists, is higher than the 9.4% of *multiple-offender* sexual assaults reported in national victimization surveys (Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1994). Of the *multiple-offender* assaults reported, 4% (62) involved *two offenders*, 1% (20) involved *three offenders*, and 22% (324) involved *four-or-more offenders*.

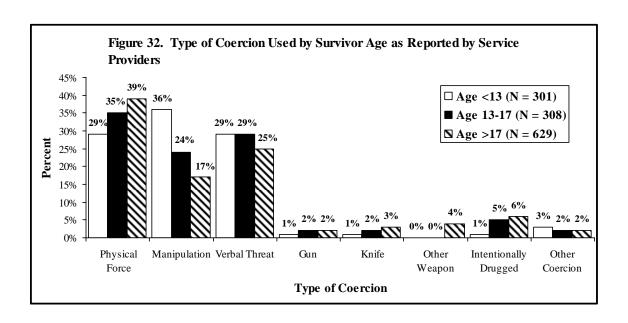
There were 1,052 cases that identified *survivor alcohol/drug use* and the *number of offenders* involved. Of these, 279 used alcohol/drugs and 773 did not. Survivors using alcohol were twice (45%) or (91 of 201) as likely to be victimized by multiple offenders as survivors not using alcohol/drugs (22%) or (188 of 851).

4. Type of Coercion Used

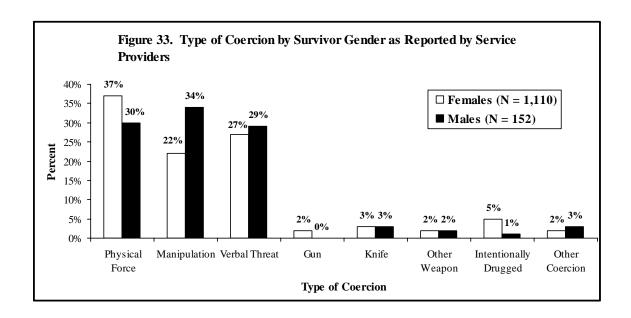
Because more than one type of coercion was used with some survivors, there were 1,290 types of coercion reported in 707 sexual assaults that documented this variable. Of these, the *type of coercion* used most was *physical force* (36%), followed by *verbal threat* (27%) and *manipulation* (23%). *Weapons* accounted for 7% of the types of coercion used: *knives* (3%), *guns* (2%) and *other weapons* (2%). *Intentional drugging of the victim by the perpetrator* accounted for 5% of the total types of coercion used and 2% of the types of coercion used were *other*, unspecified means. **See Figure 31.**

Figure 31. Type of Coercion Used as Reported by Service Providers 40% 36% N = 1,29027% 30% 23% 20% 10% 5% 3% 2% 2% 2% Gun Knife Physical Verbal Threat Manipulation Intentionally Other Other Force Drugged Weapon Coercion Type Of Coercion

Physical force (39%) was used on adult victims (ages 18 and older) and adolescent victims (ages 13-17) (35%) more than any other type of coercion. Manipulation (36%) was used on child victims (ages 12 and under) more than any other type of coercion, followed by verbal threat and physical force (29%, respectively). Intentional drugging of the victim by the perpetrator was used most often on adults (6%) and adolescents (5%). Knives (3%) and other weapons (4%) were used most often on adults and guns were used equally on adults and adolescents (2%, respectively). See **Figure 32**.



When examined by gender, significantly more *females* (37%) experienced *physical force* than *males* (30%). Similarly, more *females* experienced *gun use* (2%), than *males* (0%) and more *females* were *intentionally drugged* (5%) than *males* (1%). *Males* were more likely to experience *manipulation* (34%) and *verbal threat* (29%) than *females* (22% and 27%, respectively). Males and females were equally likely to experience *knife use* (3%, respectively) and *other* unspecified weapon use (2%, respectively). See **Figure 33**.

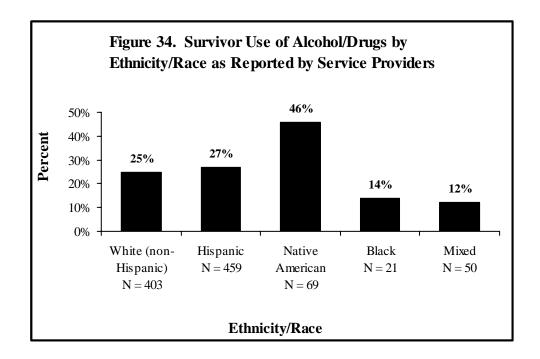


5. Use of Alcohol/Drugs

a. Survivor

Of the 1,062 reports that documented *alcohol/drug use*, 26% (279) of survivors used alcohol or other drugs during the reported (current) *assault*. There were 270 of these cases that documented the survivor/offender relationship. Of these, 25% were committed by a *stranger*. Conversely, of 781 cases where the survivor did <u>not</u> use alcohol/drugs, there were 741 that documented the survivor/offender relationship. Of these, 12% were committed by a *stranger*. This suggests that *alcohol/drug use* presents a vulnerability to *stranger* rape: those who use alcohol/drugs are *two times* more likely to experience rape by a stranger than those who avoid alcohol/drugs.

There were 1,009 sexual assault cases where both *survivor alcohol/drug use* and *ethnicity/race* were documented. Of these, *Native American* survivors were most likely to use alcohol or other drugs at the time of their sexual assault, with 46% *Native American* survivors reporting *alcohol/drug use*. Approximately one-quarter of *Hispanic* (27%) and *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors (25%) used alcohol/drugs at the time of their sexual assault. *Black* survivors and survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* comprised 14% and 12%, respectively of survivors using alcohol/drugs. Both *ethnicity/race* and *survivor alcohol/drug use* was documented in too few cases (7) with *Asian* survivors to allow for meaningful analysis. See **Figure 34**.

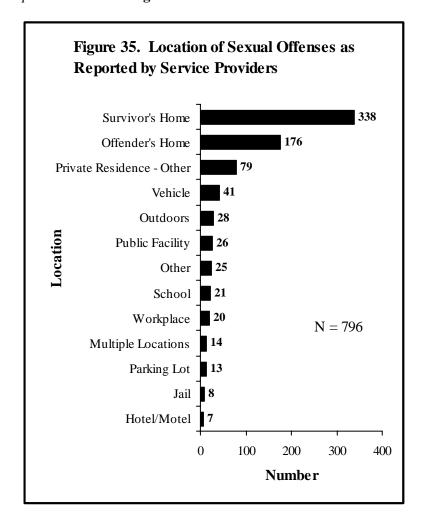


b. Offender

Use of alcohol or other drugs by offenders was documented in only 469 of the 1,486 sexual offense reports. Of these, 63% (296) of offenders used alcohol or other drugs during the reported (current) assault.

6. Location of Sexual Offenses

Of the 796 reports from therapists that documented *location of the sexual assault*, 42% (338) were committed in the *survivor's home*. This is higher than the reported 34% of sexual assaults committed in the survivor's home as reported in national victimization surveys (Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1994). The *offender's home* represented the location of the second highest category of reported offenses, 22% (176) followed by a *residence other than the survivor or offender's home* 10% (79). Five percent (41) of the assaults occurred in a *vehicle* and 2% (14) in *multiple locations*. See **Figure 35**.



7. Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault

Domestic violence history among survivors was documented in 776 of the sexual offense reports. Of these cases, 59% (457) of survivors reported a history of domestic violence.

Domestic violence history among offenders was understandably reported in a fewer number of cases, since many survivors of assault do not know this information about their offenders. However, of the 167 cases where survivors knew and reported the domestic violence history of the offender, 78% (131) of offenders had a history of domestic violence.

Of these cases there were 154 cases that also documented the *survivor's* history of domestic violence. Of 45 survivors with *no history* of domestic violence, 42% (19) were offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence. Conversely, of 109 survivors *with a history* of domestic violence, 94% (102) were offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence. This suggests that a survivor *with a history* of domestic violence is significantly more likely to be offended by someone *with a history* of domestic violence than a survivor who does <u>not</u> have a history of domestic violence.

8. Sexually Transmitted Disease, Pregnancy, and Sexual Assault

a. Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD's)

Of the 604 cases where *contraction of a sexually transmitted disease* was documented, 29 (5%) of the survivors contracted a sexually transmitted disease during the reported (current) sexual assault.

There is a significant correlation between *survivor use of alcohol* and the likelihood of *contracting a sexually transmitted disease*. Those survivors who *used alcohol/drugs* were almost *three times* (2.7) more likely to contract a STD than those who did <u>not</u> use alcohol/drugs. Of the total reported sexual assaults that documented whether *alcohol/drugs* were used and whether there was *the contraction of a sexually transmitted disease*, 10.5% or (8 of 76) of those survivors who did use alcohol contracted a STD, compared to 3.9% or (19 of 492) among survivors who did <u>not</u> use alcohol.

b. Pregnancy

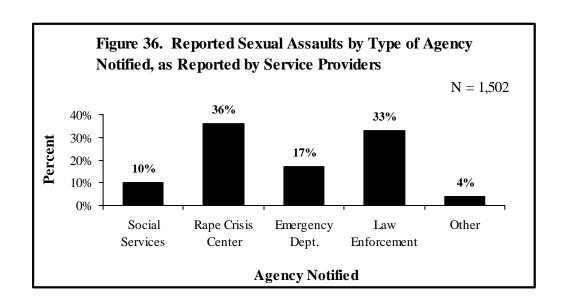
There were 935 cases that documented whether or not a pregnancy resulted from the presenting sexual assault incident. Of these cases, 30 (3%) resulted in a pregnancy.

9. Reported Sexual Assault

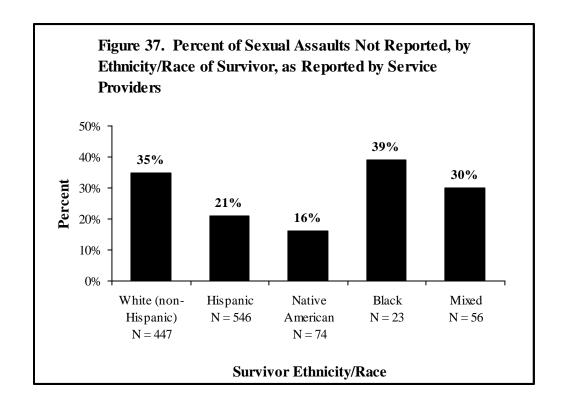
Of the 1,486 sexual assault offenses, there were 1,329 which documented whether the assault was reported to a professional agency. Of these, 320 (24%) were *not reported*. Of the 1,009 that were reported, 76% (770) were reported by the *survivor*, 1% (11) by the *therapist*, 1% by *law enforcement* and 22% (220) by *others* not specified.

There were 1,502 reports made on 804 sexual assaults, as each assault may have been reported to more than one type of agency. Of the 1,502 reports made, 491 (33%) were reported to *law enforcement*, 547 (36%) were reported to a *rape crisis center*, 252 (17%) to an *ER or SANE*, 145 (10%) to a *social service agency*, and 67 (4%) to *other* agencies not specified. See **Figure 36**.

The 33% of reports made to *law enforcement* mirrors the 33% reported nationally (Bureau of Justice Statistics, 1997). However, this data may be skewed as those survivors who seek treatment for sexual assault may be more likely to report than those survivors who do not seek treatment.



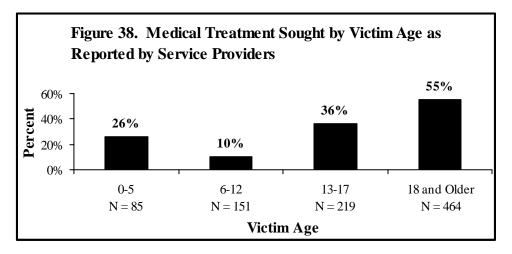
There were 1,146 cases that documented both, whether a *report was made* and the *ethnicity/race of the survivor. Black* survivors (39%) had the greatest percentage of unreported sexual assaults, followed closely by *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors (35%) and survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* (30%). *Native American* survivors (16%) had the fewest unreported sexual assaults. See **Figure 37**.



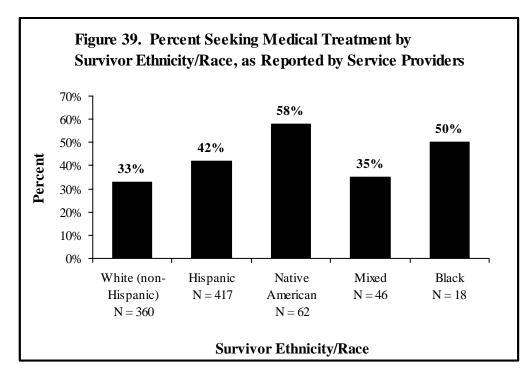
10. Medical Treatment Sought

There were 957 sexual assault offenses that documented whether medical treatment was sought by the survivor. Of these, 39% (375) *sought medical treatment*. There were 935 reports that documented *medical treatment sought* and *survivor gender*. Less than half (42%) of *female* sexual assault survivors and less than one-quarter (22%) of *male* sexual assault survivors *sought medical treatment*.

An examination of medical treatment sought by *survivor age* revealed that *adult survivors* (ages 18 and older) were most likely to seek medical treatment (55%), followed by *adolescent* survivors (36%), *child* survivors 0-5 years (26%), and *child survivors ages* 6-12 years (10%). See **Figure 38**.



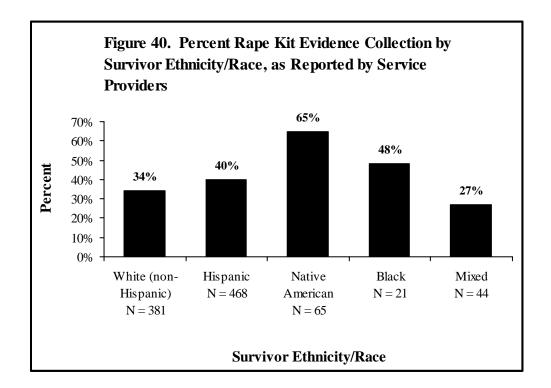
An examination of *medical treatment sought* by *survivor ethnicity*, revealed that 58% of *Native American* survivors sought medical treatment. This represents the ethnic group/race with the greatest proportion of survivors seeking medical treatment. Half of *Black* survivors (50%) and 42% of *Hispanic* survivors sought medical treatment. Approximately one-third of survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* (35%) and *White (non-Hispanic)* survivors (33%) sought medical treatment. See **Figure 39.**



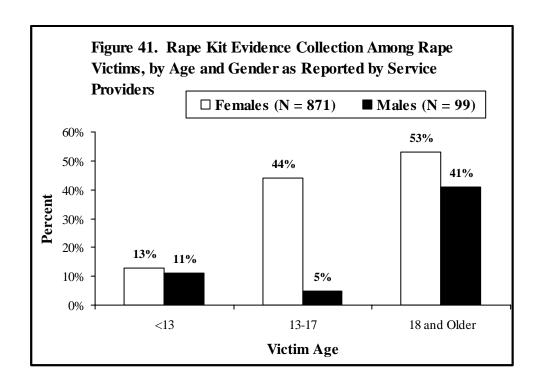
11. Rape Kit Evidence Collection

There were 1,083 service provider reports that documented whether *rape kit evidence* was collected (within 5 days of the assault). Of these, 37% (398) reported rape kit evidence collection. When examined by *gender*, significantly more *female survivors* (40%) obtained rape kit evidence collection, than *male* survivors (18%)

An examination of *rape kit evidence collection* (within 5 days of the assault) by *survivor ethnicity/race* revealed that *Native American* survivors (65%) were significantly more likely to have rape kit evidence collected, than survivors of any other race/ethnic group: *Black* survivors (48%), *Hispanic* survivors (40%), *White* (*non-Hispanic*) survivors (34%) and survivors of *mixed race/ethnicity* (27%). However, with so few *Black* survivors (21) this finding on *Black* survivors seeking rape kit evidence collection should be viewed with caution. See **Figure 40**.



An analysis was conducted to compare *rape kit evidence collection* among male and female *rape victims* by *gender* and *age*. Significantly more male (53%) and female (41%) *adult* rape victims (age 18 and older) obtained rape kit evidence collection than male and female rape victims of other age groups. Among adolescent survivors, females (44%), than males (5%) were almost 9 times more likely to obtain rape kit evidence collection. See **Figure 41**.



IV. SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EXAMINER (SANE) PROGRAMS

A. OVERVIEW OF SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EXAMINERS (SANE)

The purpose of a SANE program is to provide medical treatment to sexual assault victims of all ages and genders. The value of a SANE program is the use of advanced trained nurses who provide prompt, professional medical treatment and care in a private setting, objectively document injuries using special equipment, ensure that evidence is collected properly and backed by chain of custody, and provide quality testimony through legal proceedings – all at no cost to the victim.

All New Mexico SANE Programs use the New Mexico Sexual Assault Evidence Kit (SAEK) within five (5) days of an assault. Overarching principles of SANE include patient confidentiality and informed consent. SANE services are presented as options so that the patient has control over what happens. For example, services offered by SANE programs may include comfort care, medications to prevent sexually transmitted diseases, emergency contraception, evidence collection, documentation and photography of injuries, and referrals for aftermath care. One distinct advantage of the SANE response is its physical environment. SANE units offer a safe, private and quiet environment where the sexual assault victim can influence the pace of the exam and has the time to have services presented as options, both of which are effective tools in re-powering the patient.

One key component of any SANE exam is collaboration with co-responding partners. A coordinated or multi-disciplinary team approach recognizes the dual purpose of the sexual assault exam to address the patient needs and the justice system needs. In New Mexico, every SANE unit actively coordinates with law enforcement, district attorney offices, crime lab, and crisis services/advocacy. See **Appendix J** for a list of statewide SANE Programs.

The standardized individualized data collection form used by SANE Programs is found in **Appendix K**. The data analyzed for this report covers the 12-month period 1/1/07 to 12/31/07.

B. SANE PROGRAM FINDINGS

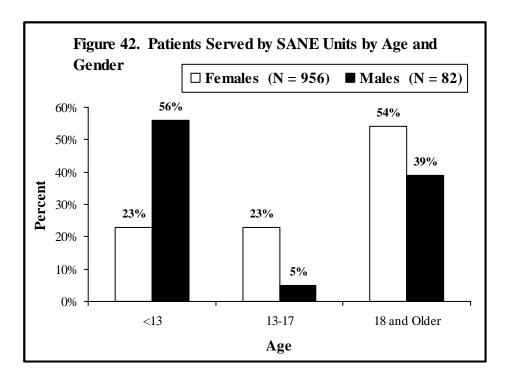
There were 1,044 patients served by SANE Programs in 2007. As expected, most (43% or 445) of all SANE patients were served by the *Albuquerque SANE Collaborative*, followed by the *Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program* 20% (205). The number of patients served by each SANE Program is found in **Table 8**.

1. Patient Gender

Of all the patients served by SANE Programs in 2007, 92% (956) were females.

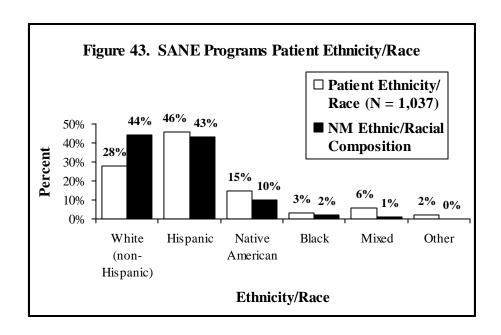
2. Patient Age

There were 1,044 records documenting *patient age*. Most (53%) patients served were *adults* (ages 18 and older). *Adolescents* (ages 13-17) comprised 22% of all patients served. *Children* (ages 12 and under) comprised 25% of all patients served. When examined by *gender*, most (56%) *male* SANE patients were *children*, while most *female* SANE patients (54%) were *adults*. See **Figure 42**.

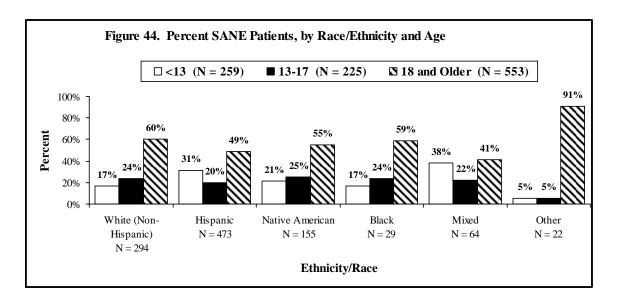


3. Patient Ethnicity/Race

Of 1,037 records documenting *patient ethnicity/race*, 46% were *Hispanic*, 28% *White* (non-Hispanic), 15% Native American, 3% Black, 6% mixed ethnicity/race, and 2% Other. All races/ethnicities, save White (non-Hispanics) are more represented among SANE sexual assault patients than in the general population. See **Figure 43**.



When ethnicity/race was examined by age of the SANE patient, more (51%) *Hispanic* patients and patients of mixed ethnicity/race (60%) were *children* (12 and under) and *adolescents*, while more *White* (non-Hispanic) patients (60%), *Black* patients (59%), *Native American* patients (55%) and patients of *other race/ethnicity* (91%) were *adults* (age 18 and older). See **Figure 44**.



4. Patient Disability

Patient disability was known/documented in 1,044 SANE reports. Of these, 21.5% (225) had a disability. More male (26%) than female SANE patients (21%) had a disability. Most sexual assault patients with a disability were adults (18 and older) (73%). This was true for male (67%) and female (73%) victims with a disability.

Of the 225 patients with a disability, 213 documented the type of disability. Almost two-thirds (62% or 133) had a *mental/cognitive* disability, 23% (50) an unspecified *physical* disability, 18% (38) a *visual* disability, 4% (8) a *hearing* disability and 24% (52) reported *other* unspecified impairment. Percents exceed 100 as some patients (57) had more than one disability.

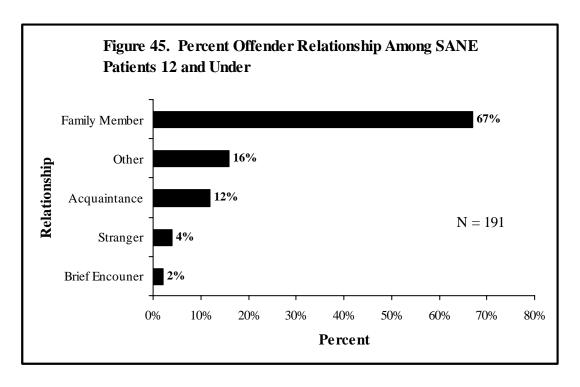
5. Offender Gender and Age

Of 909 individual reports where *gender of the offender* was documented, there was a *male* offender in 895 (98%). The *age of the offender* was documented in 769 of the individual reports submitted. Of these, 84% were *adults* (ages 18 and older), 14% were *adolescents* (ages 13-17) and 2% were *children* (12 and under).

C. OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS

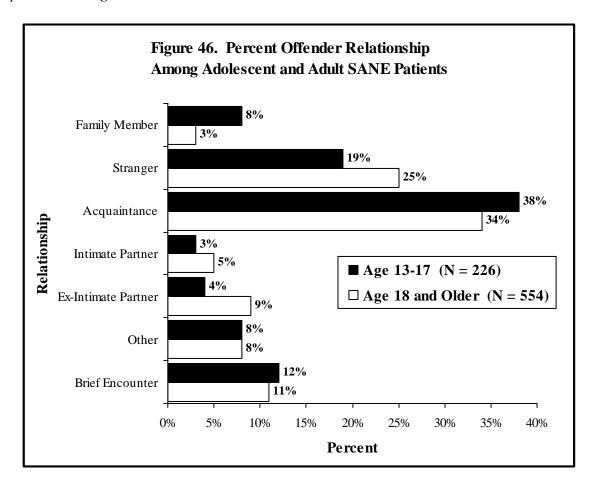
1. Victim/Offender Relationship

Of 251 SANE *child* patients (ages 12 and under), the victim/offender relationship was documented in 191. Two-thirds (67% or 128) were victimized by a *family member*, 12% (22) by an *acquaintance*, and 4% (7) by a stranger. Sixteen percent (31) of the cases involving children were committed by *others unspecified* and 2% (9) were offended by someone from a *brief encounter*. See **Figure 45**.



By contrast, SANE patients *over age 12* were significantly more likely to be victimized by an *acquaintance* or a *stranger*, than by a *family member*. *Family* offenders comprised 8% of SANE adolescent (ages 13-17) patients and 3% of SANE adult (18 and older) patients. *Stranger* offenders comprised 19% of adolescent SANE patients and 25% of adult SANE patients. *Acquaintance* offenders comprised 38% of adolescent SANE patients and 34% of adult SANE patients. Twelve percent of offenders of adolescent SANE patients and 11% of adult SANE patients were assaulted by someone from a *brief encounter*. Additionally, 5% of adult SANE

patients were assaulted by an *intimate partner* and 9% by an *ex-intimate partner*. Similarly, 3% of adolescent SANE patients were assaulted by an *intimate partner* and 4% by an *ex-intimate partner*. See **Figure 46.**



2. Number of Offenders

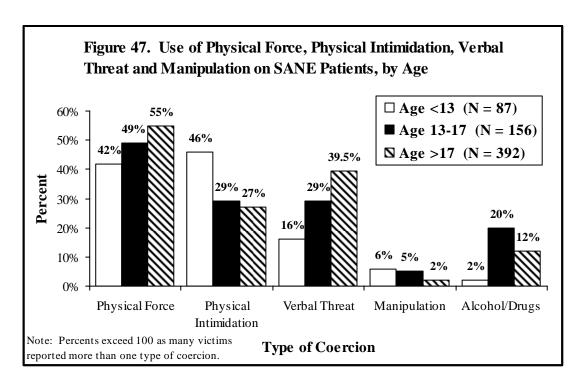
Of 866 reports that documented the number of offenders per sexual assault, 727 (84%) sexual assaults were perpetrated by *one* offender, 90 (10%) by *two* offenders, 26 (3%) by *three* offenders, and 23 (3%) by *four or more* offenders.

3. Type of Coercion

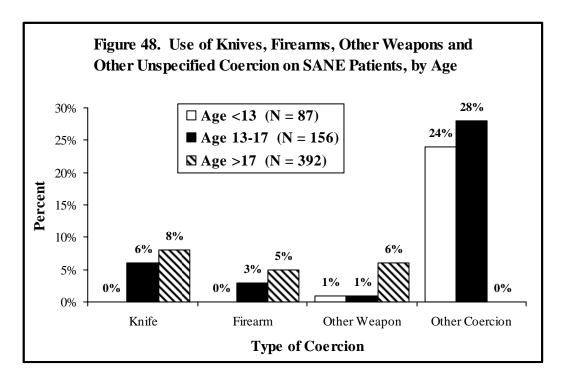
The *type of coercion* used was examined by *victim age* for 635 patients. In 87 cases involving *child* SANE patients (ages 12 and under), most (46%) were coerced by *physical intimidation*, followed by *physical force* (42%), and *verbal threat* (16%). See **Figure 47**.

In 156 cases involving *adolescent patients* (ages 13-17), most (49%) were coerced by *physical force*, followed by *physical intimidation* and *verbal threat* (29%, respectively) and *alcohol/drugs* (20%). Refer to Figure 47.

In 392 cases involving *adult* patients (18 and older) most (55%) were coerced by *physical force*, followed by *verbal threat* (39.5%), *physical intimidation* (27%) and *alcohol/drugs* (12%). Refer to Figure 47.

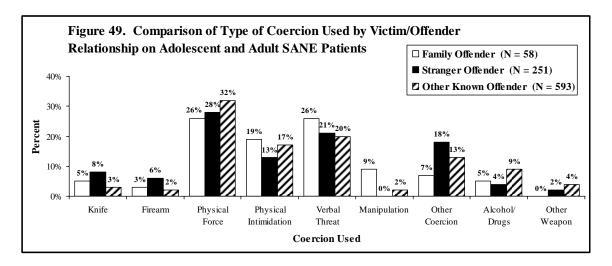


Weapons of all types were used most on *adult* SANE patients (18 and older): *knives* (8%), *firearms* (5%) and *other unspecified weapons* (6%). See **Figure 48**.



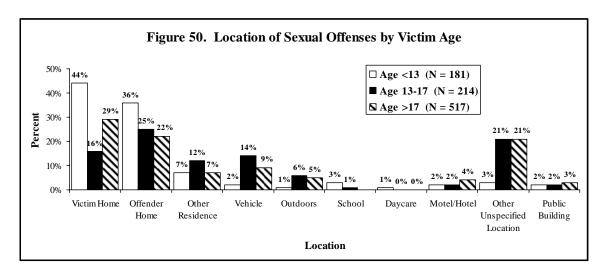
The type of coercion used on *adolescent* and *adult* SANE patients was examined by *offender relationship to the victim*, either *family*, *other known offender* or *stranger*. Eight percent of offenses committed by *strangers* involved a *knife*, compared to 5% of those committed by

family and 3% of those committed by other known offenders. Three percent of family offenders used firearms during their offenses. Strangers used firearms in 6% of cases, while other known offenders used firearms in 2% of cases. More other known offenders used physical force (32%) compared to family offenders (26%) and stranger offenders (28%). Conversely, more sexual offenses committed by a family member involved physical intimidation (19%) compared to 13% of those committed by a stranger and 17% committed by other known offenders. Interestingly, other known offenders used alcohol/drugs in their sexual offenses at almost twice the rate (9%) as strangers (4%) and family members (5%). See Figure 49.



4. Location of Sexual Offenses

Eighty-seven percent of SANE *child* patients (12 and under) were victimized in someone's residence: 44% were victimized in the *victim's home*; over one-third (36%) in the *offender's home*; and 7% in some *other residence* (babysitter's, foster parent's or friend's). Additionally, 3% were victimized at *school*, 2% in a *public building* and 1% at *daycare*. See **Figure 50**.



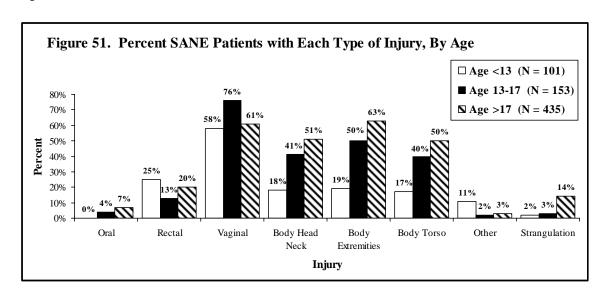
Most *adolescent* (age 13-17) SANE patients (53%) were victimized in a residence: *own home* (16%), *offender's home* (25%) or *other residence* (12%). Fourteen percent of adolescent

SANE patients were victimized in a *vehicle*, followed by those victimized *outdoors* (6%). An equal proportion of adolescent SANE patients were victimized in a *hotel/motel* as a *public building* (2%, respectively). Less than one-quarter (21%) of adolescent SANE patients were victimized in *other* unspecified locations. Refer to Figure 50.

Over half (58%) of *adult* (18 and older) SANE patients were victimized in a residence: *own home* (29%), *offender's home* (22%) or *other residence* (7%). Another 9% were victimized in a *vehicle*. Slightly more were victimized *outdoors* (5%) than in a *hotel/motel* (4%) and 21% were victimized at *other* unspecified locations. Refer to Figure 50.

5. Patient Injury

Victim injury was observed in 66% (694) of SANE patients. When examined by *age*, victim injury occurred in 78% of *adult* (18 and older) SANE patients, 68% of *adolescent* (ages 13-17) SANE patients, and 40% of SANE *child* patients (ages 12 and under). More child and adolescent SANE patients experienced *vaginal* injuries than any other type of injury: over half (58%) of child SANE patients and three-quarters of adolescent SANE patients incurred vaginal injuries. The proportion of *adult* SANE patients with vaginal injuries (61%) was exceeded only by the proportion of adult SANE patients with injuries to *body extremities* (63%). See **Figure 51**. One-quarter of *child* SANE patients, 20% of *adult* SANE patients and 13% of *adolescent* SANE patients had *rectal* injuries. More *adult* SANE patients suffered *head*, *neck*, and *torso* injuries than *adolescent* and *child* SANE patients: half of adult SANE patients experienced *head and neck* injuries (51%) and *body torso* injuries (50%). *Adult* victims also experienced *strangulation* (14%) in a significantly greater proportion than *adolescent* (3%) and *child* (2%) victims. Refer to Figure 51.



D. SANE PROGRAMS SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

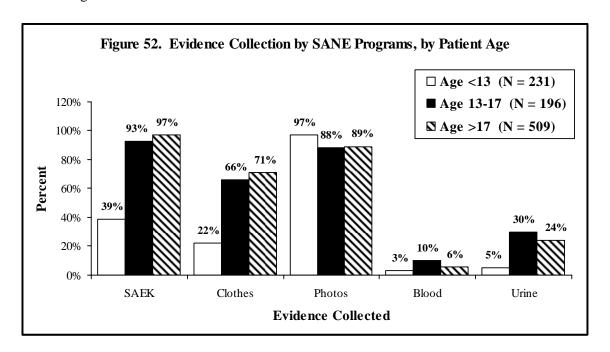
1. Referral Source

Referral sources were documented for 1,018 SANE patients. Most referrals for victims of all ages came from *law enforcement: adults* (18 and older) 44%, *adolescents* (13-17) 48% and *children* (<13) 48%. *Hospitals* comprised the second most referrals for victims of all ages: *adults* (32%), *adolescents* (33%) and *children* (20%). Referral to SANE by a *relative* was significantly

more likely for *children* (8%) and *adolescents* (9%) than for *adult* victims (1%). Conversely, significantly more *adult* victims (15%) and *adolescent* victims (12%) were referred to SANE by *emergency medical services* (EMS) than *child* victims (1%). See **Table 9**.

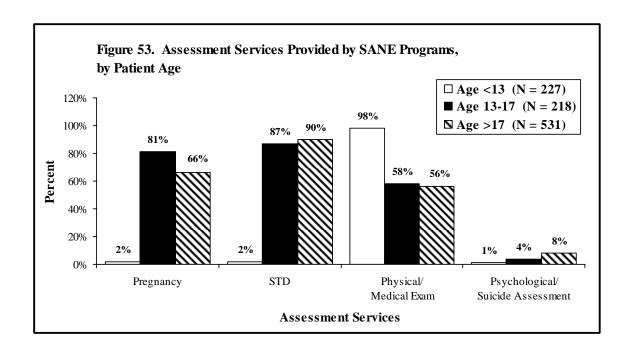
2. Evidence Collection

A greater proportion of SANE *child* (age 13-17) patients (8%) and *adolescent* (13-17) patients (7%) than *adult* (18 and older) patients (4%), received *no evidence collection*. Slightly more than twice as many *adult* patients (97%) and *adolescent* patients (93%) than child patients (39%), completed the *sexual assault evidence kit* (SAEK). See **Figure 52**. Similarly, while most *adult* patients (71%) and *adolescent* patients (66%) had *clothes collected* for forensic evidence, only 22% of *child* patients had their clothes collected. A great proportion of SANE patients of all ages had *photos taken* as a part of evidence collection: 89% of *adults*, 88% of *adolescents* and 97% of *children*. Very few SANE patients of any age had *blood collected*: 6% *adult* patients, 10% *adolescent* patients and 3% *child* patients. *Adult* patients (24%) and *adolescent* patients (30%) were significantly more likely to have *urine evidence* collected than *child* patients (5%). Refer to Figure 52.



3. Assessment Services

While all *adult* (ages 18 and older) and *adolescent* (13-17) SANE patients received *assessment services*, 2% of *child* patients (ages 12 and under) did *not* receive assessment services. *Treatment of sexually transmitted diseases* was the service conducted most on *adult* patients (90%) and *adolescent* patients (87%), while *physical assessment/medical exam* was the service most conducted on *child* patients (98%). See **Figure 53**. *Psychological/suicide assessment* was conducted on a small proportion of SANE patients of all ages: 8% *adults*, 4% *adolescents* and 1% *children*. Significantly more *adolescent* patients received *pregnancy prevention/emergency contraception services* (81%) than *adult* patients (66%), and 2% of *child* patients received this service, as well. Refer to Figure 53.



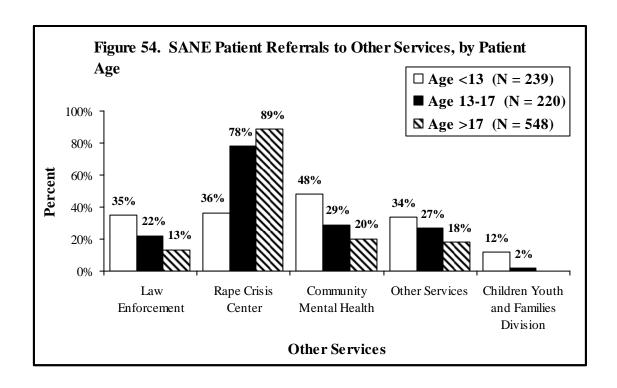
4. Reports to Law Enforcement

Of 1,029 SANE patients, 809 (79%) cases were reported to police at the time of the SANE exams.

5. SANE Referrals to Other Services

Sometimes during and after SANE services are provided, the patient is also referred to other services for assistance beyond the scope of SANE Programs. There were 1,007 patients who received referrals to other services. Overall, almost three-quarters (74%) were referred to *rape crisis centers*. Less than one-quarter (20%) were referred to *law enforcement* and slightly over one-quarter (29%) were referred to *community mental health centers*. One-quarter (24%) of patients were referred to *other* services, such as health services (primary healthcare providers, specialty healthcare providers, medical clinics, SANE follow-ups), CYFD and advocacy services (domestic violence advocates, therapists, forensic interviewers).

When examined by *patient age*, significantly more *child* patients (ages 12 and under) were referred to *law enforcement* (35%), than *adolescent* (ages 13-17) patients (22%) or *adult* (18 and older) patients (13%). Similarly, significantly more *child* patients were referred to *community mental health centers* (48%), than *adolescent* (29%) or *adult* (20%) patients. While patients of all ages were referred to *rape crisis centers*, *adult* patients (89%) and *adolescent* patients (78%) were referred approximately two times more often than *child* patients (36%); and 12% of *child* patients and 2% of *adolescent* patients were referred to CYFD. See **Figure 54**.



6. Patient County of Residence

The patient's county of residence was documented for 810 of 1,044 SANE patients. As expected, most SANE patients (24%) reside in *Bernalillo County*, followed by *Santa Fe County* (13%) and *San Juan* and *Dona Ana* counties with 11%, respectively. See **Table 10**.

SECTION TWO: IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS

The rape of children and adolescents in New Mexico is disproportionate among rape victims and must be a primary focus of sexual assault prevention, identification, investigation, and prosecution efforts. Findings from the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico (SVV), law enforcement, service providers, and SANE Programs demonstrate that victims of sex crimes are overwhelmingly female and are most often victimized by age 12. Even when males are sexual assault victims, most are also victimized by age 12. When one considers that parents and step-parents, and other family members are responsible for much of this abuse, it is imperative that parents, guardians and extended family be targeted for prevention education and outreach, to compliment the training of other professionals (teachers, clergy, law enforcement, and judges) who must respond to a suspected sexual abuse of a child or a child's disclosure of sexual abuse.

The negative effects of sexual violation during childhood cannot be overstated. To be sure, sexual assault during childhood is a precursor to experiencing a sexual assault in the future. Over half (58%) of all those who sought assistance for a sexual assault in the year 2007, had experienced a prior sexual assault. Further, while sexual abuse prevention instruction is recommended for students throughout elementary school, when developmentally appropriate, a necessary component of such education must address the shocking reality that children who are sexually abused are at greater risk of becoming pregnant as a teen, than children who are not sexually abused. Education on self-esteem, self-respect, components for healthy relationships and normal sexual developmental must be addressed to reduce the likelihood of early pregnancy among sexually violated children.

Fifteen percent of service provider sexual assault cases and 8% of law enforcement reported sexual assaults involve a *stranger* offender. SANE Programs reported 19% of their *adolescent* sexual assault patients and 25% of their *adult* sexual assault patients were offended by a *stranger*. Similarly, a significant proportion of *known offenders* as reported by service providers (39%) and law enforcement (30%) were related to the victims, while SANE Programs reported only 8% of their sexual assault patients were related to their offender. These findings suggest that sexual assault victims who are victimized by a *stranger* are more likely to seek medical services and forensic documentation of their victimizations; and that victims who are victimized by a *relative* are less likely to seek medical services and forensic documentation regarding their victimization. By extension, this means that successful prosecution of sexual assaults perpetrated by family members is less likely, and victims of these sex crimes are less likely to access needed services. Since family members comprise a disproportionate number of all perpetrators of reported sexual assaults in our state, it is imperative to provide education and outreach in schools and communities to inform those at risk about services available to them.

Sexual victimizations of adolescents and adults more often involved a gun, knife and intentional drugging than sexual victimizations of children. Adolescents and young adults are vulnerable to date rape and rape by new and/or social acquaintances. Further, alcohol and drug use is associated with a greater vulnerability to stranger rape, multiple offender rape, and the contraction of a sexually transmitted disease. These findings have implications for personal safety instruction and alcohol and drug prevention education programs for high school students.

One-quarter of victims who sought assistance for a sexual assault had some type of disability before the sexual assault. Most of these victims were mentally/emotionally disabled. This speaks to the need for education programs to promote greater awareness among families and communities regarding the vulnerability of their residents with disabilities to being sexually

assaulted; and the need for sexuality education and personal safety for individuals with disabilities.

Only one-third (33%) of sex crimes that came to the attention of service providers were reported to law enforcement. Additionally, over 16% of adult victims, 15% of adolescent victims and 9% of child victims in the SVV reported their victimizations to law enforcement. There are several implications: 1) training for healthcare providers to effectively respond to patient disclosures of sexual assault; 2) training of law enforcement officers to respond with sensitivity to the needs of sexual assault victims and initiate advocacy for the victim; and 3) accessible legal advocacy to assist victims through the legal process.

Survivors with a history of domestic violence were two times more likely to be sexually assaulted by someone with a history of domestic violence than survivors who were not exposed to domestic violence in their past. Experiencing domestic violence as a child increases one's vulnerability to abuse and sexual assault as an adult. This finding implies that greater efforts should be made by those in law enforcement and in collaboration with those in the helping professions to identify children from violent homes and provide appropriate counseling services.

Law enforcement reported that 27% of criminal sexual penetration cases and 8% on non-CSP sex crimes involved injury to the victim. Conversely, SANE practitioners found that 66% of their sexual assault patients incurred one or more injuries during their assault. The reasons for the great disparity in injury reporting between law enforcement and SANE practitioners can be explained in part, by the fact that SANE practitioners are specifically trained to identify and document sexual assault injuries; and beyond observable injuries to the head/neck or extremities of the victim, law enforcement officers are not likely to detect injury. Secondly, sexual assault victims who believe they are injured may be more likely to seek SANE services than sexual assault victims who do not believe they are injured. Therefore, SANE Programs would naturally have a higher rate of victims who experienced injury. All this said, there may be an implication for officer training regarding victim injury in sexual assaults and a more accurate way to report injury on law enforcement offense incident reports.

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SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO VII:

An Analysis of 2007 Data from The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

TABLES

Table 1. Law Enforcement Reported Sex Crimes in 2007

Law Enforcement	Total CSP	Total	Total CSC of	Total Indecent	Total Exploitation	Total Enticement	Total Sex
Agency	Reports	CSC**	Minor	Exposure	of Children	of Child	Crimes
Alamogordo Department							
of Public Safety	8		12				20
Albuquerque Police							
Department	444	62	296	70	12	0	884
Angel Fire Police							
Department	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Artesia Police							
Department	15	6	8				29
Aztec Police Department	6	0	12	0	0	0	18
Bayard Police							
Department	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Belen Police Department	3	1	3	1	1	0	9
Bernalillo County							
Sheriff's Office	59	11	51	14	5	0	140
Bernalillo Police							
Department	7	1	2	6	0	0	16
Bloomfield Police							
Department	9	4					13
Bosque Farms Police							
Department	0	0	2	1	1	0	4
Carlsbad Police							
Department	18	1	5	4	2	5	35
Carrizozo Police							
Department	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Catron County Sheriff's							
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chaves County Sheriff's							
Department	5	2	4				11
Cibola County Sheriff's							
Department	2		1				3
Cimarron Police							
Department	0						0
Clayton Police							
Department	2						2
Clovis Police							
Department	58	14	29	1	0	0	102
Colfax County Sheriff's	_	=	_	_			_
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corrales Police	_						_
Department	2						2
Cuba Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Curry County Sheriff's							
Office	1	0	4	0	0	0	5
DeBaca County Sheriff's							
Office	1						1
Dexter Police							
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dona Ana County							
Sheriff's Department	89						89
Espanola Police	_						
Department	3		1				4

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Sex Crimes
Estancia Police	Reports	000	WIIIIOI	LXPOSUIC	or offinatell	Or Office	Orning
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eunice Police							
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Farmington Police							
Department	62	14	33	0	8	0	117
Gallup Police							
Department	20	1	9				30
Grant County Sheriff's							
Department	13	2	4	1	2	0	22
Grants Police							
Department	16						16
Hatch Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hidalgo County Sheriff's							
Department	0						0
Hobbs Police							
Department	15	1	13	2	1	0	32
Hurley Police							
Department	0	0	0				0
Jal Police Department	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Las Cruces Police							
Department	176	16	47	28	0	3	270
Las Vegas Police	4.5						07
Department	15	3	9	0	0	0	27
Lea County Sheriff's				_	_		4.4
Department	9	3		1	1		14
Logan Police	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Department Lordsburg Police	l l	U	I	0	0	0	
Department	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
Los Alamos Police	'			0	0	0	3
Department	4	1	0				5
Los Lunas Police							
Department	2	4	8	2	0	0	16
Lovington Police					-	_	_
Department	7		1				8
McKinley County							
Sheriff's Office	2	1	2	0	0	0	5
Mora County Sheriff's							
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moriarty Police							
Department	2		2				4
Otero County Sheriff's							
Department	15	2	10				27
Pojoaque Tribal Police				_	_	_	
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portales Police	_					_	40
Department	8		6			2	16
Quay County Sheriff's	_		_	_		_	_
Office	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Questa Police	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department Raton Police		0	U	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	U
Department	4						4
Department		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				40

Law Enforcement	Total CSP	Total	Total CSC of	Total Indecent	Total Exploitation	Total Enticement	Total Sex
Agency	Reports	CSC**	Minor	Exposure	of Children	of Child	Crimes
Red River Marshal's	4						4
Office Rio Arriba County	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sheriff's Department	2	1	2	0	0	0	5
Rio Rancho Department		1		U	0	0	3
of Public Safety	11	4	11	1	0	7	34
Roosevelt County					-	,	01
Sheriff's Office	2	0	2	0	0	0	4
Roswell Police							
Department	26		28				54
Ruidoso Downs Police							
Department	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Ruidoso Police							
Department	4	0	2	0	0	0	6
San Jon Police							
Department	0						0
San Juan County	13	10	,		0	_	20
Sheriff's Office Sandoval County	13	10	4	0	0	1	28
Sheriff's Office	5		12				17
Santa Clara Police	3		12				17
Department	3	7	0	0	0	0	10
Santa Fe County					-		
Sheriff's Department	23	0	6	0	0	0	29
Santa Fe Police		_	_				_
Department	31	6	12	21	3	2	75
Santa Rosa Police							
Department	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Sierra County Sheriff's		_	_	_	_	_	
Office	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Silver City Police	,		_				44
Department	4	0	7				11
Socorro County Sheriff's Department	3	1					4
Socorro Police	3	!					
Department	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Springer Police					-		
Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Alamogordo	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
State Police							
Albuquerque	9	4	12	1	2	24	52
State Police Clovis	2	1	1	0	0	4	8
State Police Deming	1	0	1	0	0	2	4
State Police Espanola	11	2	5	1	1	15	35
State Police Espandia State Police Farmington	4	0	2	0	0	7	13
State Police Gallup	1	1	0	0	0	2	4
State Police Grants	4	0	0	0	0	4	8
State Police Hobbs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Las Cruces	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
State Police Las Vegas	4	1	6	1	1	12	25
State Police Moriarty	3	0	2	0	0	5	10
State Police Raton	2	2	1	0	0	4	9
State i Silve Itateli			<u> </u>	U	<u>. </u>	1 -	

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Sex Crimes
State Police Roswell	5	0	0	0	0	4	9
State Police Santa Fe	11	5	7	0	0	21	44
State Police Santa Rosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Police Socorro	2	1	0	0	0	3	6
State Police Taos	11	0	5	0	1	15	32
State Police Tucumcari	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Taos Police Department	6	1	5	0	0	0	12
Taos Tribal Police Department	0		3				3
Tatum Police Department	2	0	1	0	1	0	4
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	7	1	4	0	0	0	12
Truth or Consequences Police Department	2	0	2	0	0	0	4
Tularosa Police Department	1		1				2
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	13	2	15	5			35
Vaughn Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,344	202	740	162	42	146	2,636
Percent	51%	8%	28%	6%	2%	5%	100%

Table 2. Law Enforcement Reported Sex Crimes by County, 2007

County Name	Total CSP Reports	Total CSC**	Total CSC of a Minor	Total Indecent Exposure	Total Sexual Exploitation of Children	Total Enticement of Child	Total Non- Penetration	Total Sex Crimes
Bernalillo	512	77	359	85	19	24	564	1076
Catron	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chaves	36	2	32	0	0	4	38	74
Cibola	22	0	1	0	0	4	5	27
Colfax	6	3	2	0	0	4	9	15
Curry	61	15	34	1	0	4	54	115
De Baca	1						0	1
Dona Ana	266	16	47	28	0	4	95	361
Eddy	33	7	13	4	2	5	31	64
Grant	21	9	11	1	2	0	23	44
Guadalupe	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Hidalgo	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	3
Lea	34	4	16	3	3	0	26	60
Lincoln	6	0	3	0	0	0	3	9
Los Alamos	4	1	0				1	5
Luna	1	0	1	0	0	2	3	4
McKinley	23	3	11	0	0	2	16	39
Mora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Otero	25	2	23	0	0	1	26	51
Quay	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	4
Rio Arriba	16	3	8	1	1	15	28	44
Roosevelt	10	0	8	0	0	2	10	20
San Juan	94	28	51	0	8	8	95	189
San Miguel	19	4	15	1	1	12	33	52
Sandoval	25	5	25	7	0	8	45	70
Santa Fe	65	11	25	21	3	23	83	148
Sierra	6	0	2	0	0	0	2	8
Socorro	5	2	2	0	0	3	7	12
Taos	18	1	13	0	1	15	30	48
Torrance	12	1	8	0	0	5	14	26
Union	2						0	2
Valencia	18	7	28	9	2	0	46	64
Total	1344	202	740	162	42	146	1292	2636
Percent	51%	8%	28%	6%	2%	5%	49%	100%

Table 3. Percent CSP* Incidents with A Suspect Arrest by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement	Total CSP Reports Documenting	Total CSP Incidents With A Suspect	Percent Incidents With A Suspect
Agency	Suspect Arrest	Arrest	Arrest
Belen Police Department	1	1	100%
Carrizozo Police		_	4000/
Department	1	1	100%
Jal Police Department	1	1	100%
Logan Police Department	1	1	100%
Lordsburg Police Department	1	1	100%
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	2	2	100%
Ruidoso Downs Police			
Department	1	1	100%
State Police Santa Fe	1	1	100%
Aztec Police Department	6	4	67%
Alamogordo Department			C 1. 70
of Public Safety	7	4	57%
Moriarty Police			
Department	2	1	50%
Portales Police			
Department	8	4	50%
Ruidoso Police			
Department	4	2	50%
State Police Roswell	2	1	50%
State Police Taos	2	1	50%
Tatum Police Department	2	1	50%
San Juan County Sheriff's		'	3070
Office	12	5	42%
Chaves County Sheriff's		Ŭ.	1270
Department	3	1	33%
Las Vegas Police			3373
Department	3	1	33%
Lea County Sheriff's			
Department	3	1	33%
Santa Fe County Sheriff's			
Department	23	6	26%
Valencia County Sheriff's			
Department	5	1	20%
Clovis Police Department	49	9	18%
Rio Rancho Department			
of Public Safety	11	2	18%
Carlsbad Police			
Department	6	1	17%
Santa Fe Police Department	23	4	17%
Farmington Police	07	F	4.407
Department	37	5	14%
Bernalillo County Sheriff's	F0	7	400/
Office	59	7	12%
Artesia Police Department	9	11	11%
Bloomfield Police			4.07
Department	9	1	11%

Law Enforcement Agency	Total CSP Reports Documenting Suspect Arrest	Total CSP Incidents With A Suspect Arrest	Percent Incidents With A Suspect Arrest
Albuquerque Police Department	444	45	10%
Grant County Sheriff's	1111	40	1070
Department	13	1	8%
Bernalillo Police			
Department	6	0	0%
Santa Clara Police			
Department	1	0	0%
Total	758	118	16%

^{*}CSP = criminal sexual penetration

Table 4. Percent Sexual Assault Survivors Served by Participating Agencies, 2007

Agency Name	County	Number of Survivors Served	Percent of All Survivors Served
Artesia Health Resources	Eddy	1	0%
Border Area Mental Health (Grant County)	Grant	3	0%
Border Area Mental Health (Luna County)	Luna	20	1%
Cibola Counseling	Cibola	2	0%
Community Against Violence	Taos	37	2%
Community Counseling Center-PMS	San Juan	23	2%
Desert View DV & SA Services	San Juan	52	3%
El Refugio, Inc.	Grant	113	8%
La Buena Vida	Sandoval	28	2%
La Pinon Sexual Assault Recovery Services	Dona Ana	423	28%
Mental Health Resources-Clovis	Curry	59	4%
Mental Health Resources-Portales	Roosevelt	4	0%
Mental Health Resources-Tucumcari	Quay	10	1%
NMBHI-CBS	San Miguel	32	2%
Rape Crisis Center Central NM (formerly ARCC)	Bernalillo	316	21%
Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	Sandoval	3	0%
Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	Santa Fe	149	10%
Sexual Assault Services of North West New Mexico	San Juan	37	2%
Socorro Mental Health	Socorro	1	0%
Southwest Counseling Center	Dona Ana	15	1%
The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	Otero	129	9%
The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	Lincoln	10	1%
Tri-County Community Services, Inc-Raton	Colfax	15	1%
Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	Valencia	1	0%
Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	McKinley	3	0%
Total		1,486	100%

Table 5. Percent Sexual Assault Survivors Served by County, 2007

County	Number of Survivors Served	Percent of All Survivors Served
Bernalillo	316	21%
Cibola	2	0%
Colfax	15	1%
Curry	59	4%
Dona Ana	438	29%
Eddy	1	0%
Grant	116	8%
Lincoln	10	1%
Luna	20	1%
McKinley	3	0%
Otero	129	9%
Quay	10	1%
Roosevelt	4	0%
San Juan	112	8%
San Miguel	32	2%
Sandoval	31	2%
Santa Fe	149	10%
Socorro	1	0%
Taos	37	2%
Valencia	1	0%
Total	1,486	100%

Table 6. Number Sex Crime Survivors Served by Rape Crises/Mental Health Centers and Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement by County, 2007

County	Number of Sex Crimes Reported by Law Enforcement	Number of Survivors Served
Bernalillo	1,076	316
Catron	0	0
Chaves	74	0
Cibola	27	2
Colfax	15	15
Curry	115	59
De Baca	1	0
Dona Ana	361	438
Eddy	64	1
Grant	44	116
Guadalupe	1	0
Harding	0	0
Hidalgo	3	0
Lea	60	0
Lincoln	9	10
Los Alamos	5	0
Luna	4	20
McKinley	39	3
Mora	0	0
Otero	51	129
Quay	4	10
Rio Arriba	44	0
Roosevelt	20	4
San Juan	189	112
San Miguel	52	32
Sandoval	70	31
Santa Fe	148	149
Sierra	8	0
Socorro	12	1
Taos	48	37
Torrance	26	0
Union	2	0
Valencia	64	1
Total	2,636	1,486

Table 7. Percent Male Victims Served by Service Provider Agency

County	Agency Name	Number of Sexual Assault Reports Documenting Victim Gender	Number of Male Victims Served	Percent Male Victims Served
Lincoln	The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	10	5	50%
Colfax	Tri-County Community Services, Inc-Raton	14	4	29%
Roosevelt	Mental Health Resources-Portales	4	1	25%
Grant	El Refugio, Inc.	111	26	23%
San Juan	Community Counseling Center-PMS	23	5	22%
San Juan	Desert View DV & SA Services	50	9	18%
Curry	Mental Health Resources-Clovis	58	9	16%
Otero	The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	125	20	16%
Dona Ana	Southwest Counseling Center	13	2	15%
Sandoval	La Buena Vida	27	4	15%
Santa Fe	Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	149	19	13%
Dona Ana	La Pinon Sexual Assault Recovery Services	390	48	12%
Luna	Border Area Mental Health (Luna County)	19	2	11%
Bernalillo	Rape Crisis Center Central NM (formerly ARCC)	316	22	7%
San Miguel	NMBHI-CBS	30	2	7%
Taos	Community Against Violence	36	2	6%
San Juan	Sexual Assault Services of North West New Mexico	37	1	3%
Cibola	Cibola Counseling	2		0%
Eddy	Artesia Health Resources	1		0%
Grant	Border Area Mental Health (Grant County)	3		0%
McKinley	Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	3		0%
Quay	Mental Health Resources-Tucumcari	10		0%
Sandoval	Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	3		0%
Socorro	Socorro Mental Health	1		0%
Valencia	Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	1		0%
Total		1,436	181	13%

Table 8. Percent SANE Patients by SANE Program, 2007

Agency Name	County	SANE Sexual Assault Patients	Percent of Total Patients Served
Albuquerque SANE Collaborative	Bernalillo	445	43%
Carlsbad Medical Center - SANE	Eddy	11	1%
Las Cruces La Pinon SANE Project	Dona Ana	109	10%
Lea County SANE	Lea	11	1%
Otero County SANE Unit (Alamagordo)	Otero	50	5%
Plains Regional Medical (PRMC) SANE Unit (Clovis)	Curry	36	3%
Roosevelt County SANE Project	Roosevelt	40	4%
Roswell Esperanza House SANE Project	Chaves	29	3%
SANE of the 9th (Roosevelt & Curry Counties)	Roosevelt	8	1%
Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program	Santa Fe	205	20%
Sexual Assault Services of NW NM (Farmington SANE)	San Juan	100	10%
Total		1,044	100%

Table 9. Percent Referrals to SANE Programs from Each Referral Source, by Victim Age

Referral Source	Children (Age <13)				Adults (Age >17)	
Law						
Enforcement	121	48%	107	48%	243	44%
Rape Crisis	3	1%	12	5%	27	5%
Hospital	50	20%	72	33%	176	32%
EMS	2	1%	26	12%	81	15%
Friend	4	2%	9	4%	19	3%
Relative	19	8%	19	9%	8	1%
School	0	0%	6	3%	2	0%
Self	3	1%	16	7%	45	8%
Other	79	32%	14	6%	56	10%
	N=250		N=221		N=547	

Percents exceed 100 as some patients were referred by multiple sources

Table 10. SANE Patients' County of Residence

County of Residence	Number of SANE Patients	Percent of Total Patients
Bernalillo	197	24%
Catron	2	0%
Chaves	24	3%
Cibola	4	0%
Colfax	1	0%
Curry	44	5%
Dona Ana	92	11%
Eddy	13	2%
Grant	3	0%
Homeless	1	0%
Lea	11	1%
Lincoln	4	0%
Los Alamos	2	0%
Luna	5	1%
McKinley	4	0%
Mora	1	0%
Otero	45	6%
Quay	3	0%
Rio Arriba	41	5%
Roosevelt	25	3%
San Juan	91	11%
San Miguel	28	3%
Sandoval	15	2%
Santa Fe	106	13%
Taos	21	3%
Torrance	5	1%
Union	2	0%
Valencia	20	2%
Total	810	100%

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO VII:

An Analysis of 2007 Data from The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

APPENDICES

Appendix A. Survey of Violence Victimization Summary

I. INTRODUCTION

Nationally, victimization surveys such as the National Crime Victims Survey and the National Violence Against Women Survey demonstrate more comprehensive reporting of crimes, and in particular, interpersonal violence crimes than those which are reported to law enforcement. While New Mexico law enforcement agencies have reported their incidents of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, stalking and sexual assault to the Central Repository, determining the rates of these crimes that were *never* reported to law enforcement was not possible. The long term goal to rectify this problem and make possible more accurate estimates of the prevalence and incidence of interpersonal violence in New Mexico was to conduct our own statewide victimization survey. To this end, in 2005 the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico (SVV) was conducted, asking 2000 adult men and 2000 adult women about their experiences of violence. While all data captured from this survey will be analyzed over the course of time, several discouraging realities are clear from the preliminary findings of this survey:

- 1. The rate of sexual assault (rape and attempted rape) in New Mexico is staggering; and higher than national comparable rates found in the National Violence Against Women Survey (NVAWS), the most comprehensive victimization survey to date;
- 2. Rape is significantly under-reported to law enforcement;
- 3. There are significantly more victims of sexual assault than ever identified by law enforcement or service providers statewide, especially in the case of incapacitated rape;
- 4. There are significant co-morbidity and healthcare utilization issues associated with interpersonal violence; and
- 5. There are significant differences between males and females in the experience and outcomes of sexual assault crimes.

This summary discusses selected findings regarding rape among males and females from the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico, together with selected findings on child sexual abuse derived from statewide law enforcement and service provider data submitted to the New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository in 2005.

II. RAPE AMONG MALES

A. Prevalence and Incidence

In the Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico, 5% or 1 in 20 adult males (18 and older) reported being the victim of rape or attempted rape in their lifetime compared to 3% nationally (NVAWS); 4% or 1 in 25 the victim of a *completed* rape. In 2005, there were 2,773 male victims of rape or attempted rape, 1,162 of these a completed rape.

B. The Circumstances of Male Rape

While female and male adolescents and young adults have similar rates of rape, over half (53%) of male rape victims were raped as children (ages <13) compared to 44% of females who were raped as children.

Although fewer males (1 in 40) are the victims of incapacitated rape (unwanted, non-consensual sex while very high, drunk or passed out) compared to females (1 in 12), males (43%) are significantly more likely than females (29%) to experience their incapacitated rapes as an adult.

The rape experience for males includes a greater likelihood of *being hit with an object* (10%) and having a *knife or other weapon used on them* (7%) compared to females (7% and 4%, respectively). Additionally, more *male* victims of rape use *alcohol* (28%), *drugs* (2%) or *both* (4%) at the time of the incident than *female* rape victims (18%, 1% and 2%, respectively).

When it comes to rape, males like females, experience rape most often (85%) at the hands of a male assailant.

C. Male Rape Outcomes

Fewer male rape victims reported being injured during their rape incidents (16%) compared to female rape victims (27%), and just under one-third (30%) of these obtained medical care for their injuries. However, male victims of rape are two times more likely than male *non-victims* to suffer from a *serious disabling injury* in their lives and seven times more likely to suffer *one or more chronic mental health conditions*.

Only 6% of male rape victims reported their rapes to police. Three quarters (74%) of male rape victims reported being *dissatisfied* with police response to their reported rapes, two-thirds of theses, *very dissatisfied*. Most male rape victims do not report to police because they consider the rape to be *too minor or not a crime* (19%); they *fear the offender* (13%); or will handle the situation themselves (12%). Six times more males than females report that they want the police to take their complaint more seriously, believe them and not laugh at them.

Male rape victims who report their rape to police are significantly more likely (47%) than female rape victims (37%) to have an officer *arrest the offender or take him/her into custody*. However, since only 6% of males report their victimization to police, this means that only 3% of all cases of male rape result in a suspect arrest. To make matters worse, male victims of rape are only half as likely as female victims to be *referred to services*, such as victim assistance, a medical clinic, legal aid or a shelter.

Only 3% of male rape victims obtained a restraining order against their offender and half (52%) of these were violated by the offender. A mere 1% of male rape victims filed criminal charges against their offender. This low number of criminal charges filed by male rape victims prohibited the examination of gender differences in rape case dispositions.

III. RAPE AMONG FEMALES

A. Prevalence and Incidence

As reported by adults 18 and older in the statewide victimization survey, 24% or 1 in 4 females are the victims of rape or attempted rape sometime in their lifetime compared to 18% (17.6%) nationally (NVAWS); 21% or 1 in 5 females the victim of a *completed* rape. In 2005, there were 5,224 female victims of rape and attempted rape, 4,158 of these, the victims of a completed rape.

Of all rapes reported by the survey respondents, 43% were incapacitated rapes. Female rape victims (8.5%) were three times more likely than male victims (2.5%) to experience incapacitated rape. Similar to male victims of incapacitated rape, most female victims are adolescents (39%), but unlike the rate for incapacitated rape of male children (17%), a significantly greater proportion of female victims of incapacitated rape (31%) have their experience as a child (ages <13).

B. The Circumstances of Female Rape

Forty-four percent of female rape victims were raped as children (ages <13), one-quarter (24%) as adolescents (ages 13-18) and one-third (34%) as adults. Eighty-six percent of female rape victims were raped by a male.

More female victims of rape, than males, reported being physically attacked: *pushed*, grabbed or shoved (44.5% vs. 37%); had their hair pulled (16% vs. 11%); were choked or had an attempted drowning (10% vs. 6%) and were beat up (14% vs. 9%). Similarly, twice as many female rape victims (32%) than male victims (16%) reported that their offenders threatened to harm or kill them or someone close to them; and nearly twice as many female rape victims (40%) than male victims (22%), believed that they or someone close to them would be seriously harmed of killed by their offenders.

C. Female Rape Outcomes

Slightly over one-quarter (27%) of female rape victims were injured during their rape incidents and one-third (34%) obtained medical care for their injuries. Like male rape victims, female rape victims are two times more likely than female *non-victims* to suffer from a *serious* disabling injury in their lives and six times more likely to suffer from *one or more chronic mental* health conditions.

Although a dismally low rate, female rape victims (19%) are three times more likely to report their incidents to police than male rape victims (6%). Most female rape victims who do not report to police say it is because they were too young/a child (17%); feared the offender/afraid offender would get even (17%); and felt shame/embarrassment or thought it was their fault (15.5%).

Twice as many female rape victims (33%), than male victims (16%) were *referred to services* (victim assistance, medical clinic, legal aid or shelter). Females were also significantly more likely than male rape victims to *have an officer see them in person* (67% vs. 53%) and *be referred to court or a prosecutor's office* (20% vs. 16%). However, female rape victims (13%)

were significantly more likely than male rape victims (8%) for *the police to do nothing* in response to a rape report.

Slightly over one-third (37%) of female rape victims' cases that were reported to police resulted in a suspect arrest. Since 19% of female rape victims reported their rape to police, this represents only 7% of all cases of female rape.

About half (49%) of female rape victims reported being *dissatisfied* with police response to their reported rape, over one-third of those, *very dissatisfied*. Most (19%) victims wanted the police to charge/arrest the offender or keep him/her locked up. Others (13%) wanted the police to take a report, follow through with an investigation and question the offender.

Three times as many female (11%) as male (3%) rape victims obtained a restraining order; and similar to male victims, about half (49%) were violated by the offender.

Seven percent of female rape victims *filed criminal charges against the offender*. One-quarter (25%) of the rape victims that filed criminal charges reported that their *charges were dropped*; 6% reported that the *offender was acquitted*; 45% reported that the *offender was convicted*; and 11% reported that the *offender entered a guilty plea*. Of those that were convicted or pled guilty, 88% were *sentenced to jail or prison* and the *average sentence* was 62.5 months. However, over half (54%) of the guilty offenders were sentenced to 48 months or less.

IV. SELECTED CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE FINDINGS

There were 1,545 victims of sexual assault who sought services from rape crises and mental health centers across New Mexico in 2005. Both, the *gender of the victim* and the *type of sexual offense* were documented in 1,241 of these cases.

There were 91 males and 362 females who were victims of *non-penetration* sex crimes that were reported to rape crisis and mental health centers in 2005. Of these, almost three-quarters (70%) of the males and over half (56%) of the females were children (ages 12 and under).

Similarly, there were 89 males and 699 females who were victims of *rape* that were reported to rape crisis and mental health centers in 2005. Of these, two-thirds (68%) of the males, and one-quarter (25%) of the females were children (ages 12 and under). In a trend analysis from 2002-2005, an average of 41% of the rapes reported to law enforcement were perpetrated upon those 12 and under. Over the same four years, an average of 31% of rapes was perpetrated upon *adults* and an average of 28% of rapes was perpetrated upon *teens* (ages 13-18).

There is a significant difference in ethnicity/race among child rape victims by gender. Over two-thirds (68%) of male rape victims 12 and under were *Hispanic*, followed by 14% *White* (non-Hispanic), 12% mixed ethnicity/race, 5% Native American, and 2% Black. Among female rape victims 12 and under, 49% were *Hispanic*, 35% White (non-Hispanic), 8% mixed ethnicity/race, 5% Native American, and 3% Black.

Of 172 female rape victims 12 and under who went for help in 2005, *prior sexual abuse* was documented on 121. Of these, 47% (57) were sexually abused prior to the most recent rape. Similarly, of 60 male rape victims 12 and under who went for help in 2005, prior sexual abuse was documented on 46. Of these, 43% (20) were sexually abused prior to the most recent rape.

While children 12 and under are the largest group of rape *victims* among those who went for help, adults (age 19 and older) comprised the largest group (73%) of rape *offenders*. Among these rape victims under 13 years old, only 2% were raped by a *stranger*. Of the 98% of child rapes perpetrated by someone known to the child, over three-quarters (77%) were raped by a *family member* and 21% raped by other *known offenders*. *Fathers* comprised the largest group of child rapists (30%), followed by *uncles* (15%), *cousins* (14%), *brothers* (12%) and *step-fathers* (9%). Among known *non-relative* rapists of children under 13 years of age, *friends* comprised the largest group (24%), followed by the *mom's boyfriend* (10%), *babysitters* (8%), *social acquaintances* (8%) and *teachers* (6%).

There is no difference in the rate of *incest* by gender among child rape victims. There were 171 female child rape victims who went for help in 2005 and documented the relationship of the perpetrator. Of these 76% (130) were victims of incest. Similarly, there were 60 male child rape victims who went for help in 2005 and documented the relationship of the perpetrator. Of these 75% (45) were victims of incest.

While one-third (35%) of male victims of sexual assault go for services within the first year of the assault, an analysis of sex crimes data from 2002 - 2005, found that males wait an average of 12.5 years after their sexual assault before seeking therapeutic services. Similarly, while 46% of female victims go for services within the first year of the sexual assault, females wait an average 9.4 years.

V. IMPLICATIONS OF THE FINDINGS

A. Implications for Prevention

When only 6% males and 19% females report their rapes to law enforcement, there needs to be a concerted effort to better identify rape victims by focusing on *why* they do not report. There are significant gender differences in why victims do not report. Most males in the statewide survey did not report because they considered the rape to be *too minor or not a crime*, while females *feared their offender or felt shame*. These differences must be taken into consideration for successful prevention education.

Perhaps one of the most startling findings from the statewide victimization survey was the proportion of incapacitated rapes among females and the proportion of these experienced as children. Of all rapes among females, 8.5% were incapacitated rapes; and unlike males, who most experienced incapacitated rapes as adults (43%) and adolescents (40%), female victims experienced incapacitated rapes most as adolescents (39%) and children (31%). Adult females experienced 29% of the incapacitated rapes. Interventions focused on preventing incapacitated rape should be a primary goal among statewide prevention programs.

If prevention efforts could dramatically reduce the number of females who perpetrate sexual offenses, the *reduction* in the number of victims and incidents of sexual assault would be negligible. All sources of data examined for this report demonstrate the overwhelming reality that males perpetrate rapes: law enforcement incidents (93%); service provider's cases (97%); SANE cases (97%) and survey findings (85%). Even when males are the rape victims, males are also the perpetrators 85% of the time. Until more prevention programs target males as the focus of their interventions, little will be accomplished to reduce the incidence of rape and sex crimes, overall.

Similarly, much prevention is focused on children because children comprise so many of those victimized: 44% of the rape victims identified in the statewide survey; 33% of rape victims identified by law enforcement and 49% of rape victims identified by service providers. However, these same sources of data reveal that rape *offenders* are overwhelmingly *adults* (law enforcement 78%, service providers 84%, and SANE units 84%). Children have little power to counter the sophisticated coercion techniques, verbal threats, physical intimidation and physical force of adult offenders. Therefore, more prevention should be focused on working with *adults*, and especially *male adults*, to stop sexual assault and abuse.

What is it that makes *male Hispanic children* (68%) dramatically more susceptible to rape compared to male children of other races/ethnicities? The prevention implication is unclear but the need to study this issue is most evident.

Who are the primary perpetrators of the sexual abuse of children? They are family members, chiefly their fathers, step-fathers, uncles, cousins and brothers. Prevention programs should be two-fold: 1) prevention aimed at helping a child guard against family members as perpetrators and what to do in the event of sexual abuse by a family member; and 2) prevention aimed at helping the family members examine their own sexual behaviors and boundaries, identify healthy and unhealthy sexual behaviors/practices by relatives (and others that their children may come into contact with), learn how to protect their children from sexual abuse by relatives (and others) and access available resources.

B. Implications for Law Enforcement

The statewide survey identified 5,320 rape victims in 2005. In the same time period, law enforcement reported 1400 rape incidents. An explanation for the disparity in identifying rape incidents is the scope of rape (penetration) crimes captured. While the survey captured many forms of criminal sexual penetration and incapacitated rape, law enforcement codes restrict the types of penetration crimes captured and do not capture incidents of incapacitated rape, a type of rape that comprised 43% of the rapes identified by the survey. To this end, much consideration should be made by law enforcement and the FBI which guides law enforcement, to expand the types of criminal sexual penetration captured to include more types of penetration, especially incapacitated rape.

Both male and female rape victims from the statewide survey reported being *dissatisfied*, most *very dissatisfied* with the law enforcement response to their complaint. The most common reason given for their dissatisfaction was that they wanted the police to *charge/arrest the offender* or *keep the offender locked up* (18%) and to *take a report and follow through with an investigation, to question the offender* (13%). When victim dissatisfaction was examined by gender of the victim, there were dramatically more very dissatisfied males (66%) compared to females (38%). The implications are unclear. Perhaps this is more a matter of policy change, regarding officer response to alleged rape victims rather than the actions of individual officers. Perhaps it is a matter of officer sensitivity training responding to male complaints of rape. Finally, perhaps there is an implication for the role of victim advocacy and an examination of protocol for referral of rape victims by responding officers to advocacy services.

C. Implications for Healthcare

Slightly over one-quarter of rape victims (29%) are injured during their rape incidents, and approximately one-third of these go for medical treatment. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner units capture information regarding sexual assault patients that present to their facilities and offer

forensic evidence collection and sometimes a physical exam. However, no standardized monitoring system currently exists to reliably document the number of rape victims that go to emergency departments or doctor's offices as a result of a sexual assault. Further, twice as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from serious disabling injury and approximately six times as many rape victims as non-victims suffer from one or more chronic mental health conditions. Without identifying these patients, it is impossible to determine healthcare utilization due to sexual assault or to more effectively treat these patients by offering them appropriate referral services. The implication to improve public health is to consider the need for universal screening for lifetime exposure to sexual assault and other forms of violence.

APPENDIX B. Summary: Sexual Abuse of Children and Youth in New Mexico

A. Highlights on Child Rape Victimizations

- ▶ From 2002-2006, children comprised an average of 41% of law enforcement reported sexual assaults. Over the same time period, half of the sexual assault victims of all ages that sought therapeutic services in New Mexico were victimized as children.
- ▶ The rate of rape among children and adolescents in New Mexico (66%) found in the *Survey of Violence Victimization in New Mexico* (SVV) is significantly higher than that found nationally (54%), as reported in the National Violence Against Women Survey (NVAWS).
- ▶ Almost three-quarters (72%) of those abused as children were victims of ongoing or serial abuse rather than a single incident of rape. (Unfortunately, ongoing sexual abuse is a problem for one-third of *female adolescent* rape victims, as well).
- ▶ Data provided by statewide service providers are consistent with the SVV finding that only 3% of child rape cases are perpetrated by a *stranger*. *Relatives* rape children at almost twice the rate of other *known* offenders, as reported by the SVV and almost three times the rate as reported by statewide service providers. The worst offenders by far, are *fathers* (22%); and service providers report fathers commit rape at almost twice the rate as *uncles* (12%) who commit the second highest rate of child rapes.
- ▶ Most child rape, (81% [service providers] and 93% [SVV]) is perpetrated by *one* offender, who is *male* (97% [service providers] and 95% [SVV]) and of the *same ethnicity* as the victim, 86% (SVV).
- ▶ Findings from the SVV revealed that 40% of child rape cases involved physical assault of the victim, as well, mostly in the form of *grabbing and pushing* (27.5%) and *slapping or hitting* (16%). However, 4% respectively, of child rape victims were *choked or victims of an attempted drowning*, threatened with a gun, and threatened with a knife or other weapon.
- ▶ The SVV reported that almost one-quarter (22%) of child rape victims were physically injured during their sexual assault and 4% received medical treatment for their injuries. Reports from statewide service providers found that one-third (31%) of those who sought services for child rape sought medical treatment as a result of their victimization.
- ▶ Of 972 sexual assault victims that sought Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) services in 2006, nearly one-quarter (23%) were children. One-third (35%) of child SANE patients incurred injuries in conjunction with their sexual assaults. *Vaginal* (60%) and *rectal* (34%) injuries comprised the injuries most incurred by child SANE patients. Indeed more *rectal* injuries were observed among child victims than among victims of any other age group. Additionally, 15% of child patient injuries were *body torso* injuries, 10% were *head and neck* injuries and 2% were injuries from *strangulation*.
- ▶ Service provider reports demonstrate that victim vulnerability and access make children prime targets for sexual victimization. Most child rape offenders are adults (73%) and most often use *manipulation* (37%), *physical force* (31%) and *verbal threat* (30%) to facilitate the rape of children. Over one-third (39.5%) of child rape victims were threatened by the offender that they or someone close to them would be *harmed or killed*; and nearly half (48%) of the child rape

victims *believed* their offender would carry out their threat. Most often female children were victimized in their *own homes* (56%), while male children were victimized in the *offenders' homes* (42%). While the reasons are unclear, more male children (15%), than female children (3%) were victimized in *multiple locations*. Perhaps most egregious in their assault of the vulnerable, is that 17% of the children chosen by their offenders to be victimized were children with a mental, emotional or physical disability.

- ▶ Reports from statewide service providers reveal that 2% of child rape cases resulted in the contraction of a sexually transmitted disease, and 1% of child rape victims became pregnant as a result of the victimization. More disturbing however, is that 18% of females raped as children became pregnant during adolescence (before the age of 18), unrelated to a sexual victimization.
- ▶ Nationally, only 16% of rape victims reported their victimization to law enforcement (NVAWS). In New Mexico, 17% of rape victims reported their victimization to statewide law enforcement agencies (SVV). As poor as these reporting rates are, when examined by age of respondent at the time of their victimization, only 9% of those raped as children reported their rape to law enforcement. Perhaps not surprisingly, criminal charges were filed in only 9% of child rape cases.

B. Highlights on Adolescent Rape Victimizations

- ▶ One-quarter (27%, respectively) of law enforcement reported and service provider reported sexual assaults of all types were perpetrated upon adolescents (ages 13-17). Of these, significantly more female victims (28%) than male victims (19%) were victimized as adolescents. In *criminal sexual penetration* crimes however, only slightly more female victims (28%) than male victims (26%) were victimized as *adolescents*. Similarly, adolescents comprised one-quarter (24%) of SANE patients treated.
- ▶ Slightly over one-quarter of those sexually abused as adolescents were victims on *on-going* abuse. However, when examined by gender, it is clear that on-going abuse among adolescents is largely a problem for *female* victims, as 32% of *female* adolescents compared to 1% of *male* adolescents were victims of on-going abuse.
- ▶ Physical force was the type of coercion used in most adolescent rape victimizations, as reported by service providers, followed by verbal threats (21%). An equal proportion of adolescents and adults (6%, respectively) were intentionally drugged by their offenders. Similarly, physical force was the type of coercion reported most among adolescent SANE patients, but at a significantly higher rate (72%), followed by physical intimidation (43%), verbal threat (26%) and alcohol/drug use (20%).
- ▶ Among SANE patients, two-thirds (67%) of adolescent rape victimizations occurred in a residence, one-third of these in the *offenders' home*.
- ▶ Rape kit evidence collection differs greatly between male and female adolescent rape victims. Female adolescent rape victims (40%) were twice as likely to have rape kit evidence collected as male adolescent rape victims (20%).
- ▶ Ten percent of adolescent rape victimizations were perpetrated by *strangers*. Of the 90% of victimizations by *known offenders*, 49% were perpetrated by an *acquaintance* (other than family, an intimate partner or someone else in their household).

- ▶ Forty-percent of adolescent rape victimizations involved *offender* use of alcohol/drugs and 18% involved *victim use* of alcohol/drugs.
- ▶ Two-thirds of adolescent rape victimizations involved *physical assault* in addition to the sexual assault: over half (57.5%) were *grabbed and pushed*, approximately one-quarter (23%) were *slapped or hit*, 15% were *beat up* and 12% were *choked or victims of an attempted drowning*. Additionally, 8% were *threatened with a gun* and 11% *threatened with a knife*.
- ▶ One- quarter of adolescent rape victims (23%) reported being *physically injured* during their sexual assault incidents and 6% *received medical care* for their injuries.
- ▶ Only 15% of adolescent rape victims reported their victimization to law enforcement, 7% obtained a restraining order and 8% resulted in criminal charges being filed.

Appendix C: New Mexico Sex Crime Statutes

Chapter 30 Criminal Offenses Article 9: Sexual Offenses

30-9-10. Definitions.

As used in Sections 30-9-10 through 30-9-16 NMSA 1978:

- A. "force or coercion" means:
 - (1) the use of physical force or physical violence;
 - (2) the use of threats to use physical violence or physical force against the victim or another when the victim believes that there is a present ability to execute the threats;
 - (3) the use of threats, including threats of physical punishment, kidnapping, extortion or retaliation directed against the victim or another when the victim believes that there is an ability to execute the threats;
 - (4) the perpetration of criminal sexual penetration or criminal sexual contact when the perpetrator knows or has reason to know that the victim is unconscious, asleep or otherwise physically helpless or suffers from a mental condition that renders the victim incapable of understanding the nature or consequences of the act; or
 - (5) the perpetration of criminal sexual penetration or criminal sexual contact by a psychotherapist on his patient, with or without the patient's consent, during the course of psychotherapy or within a period of one year following the termination of psychotherapy;

Physical or verbal resistance of the victim is not an element of force or coercion.

- B. "great mental anguish" means psychological or emotional damage that requires psychiatric or psychological treatment or care, either on an inpatient or outpatient basis, and is characterized by extreme behavioral change or severe physical symptoms;
- C. "patient" means a person who seeks or obtains psychotherapy;
- D. "personal injury" means bodily injury to a lesser degree than great bodily harm and includes, but is not limited to, disfigurement, mental anguish, chronic or recurrent pain, pregnancy or disease or injury to a sexual or reproductive organ;
- E. "position of authority" means that position occupied by a parent, relative, household member, teacher, employer or other person who, by reason of that position, is able to exercise undue influence over a child;
- F. "psychotherapist" means a person who is or purports to be a:
 - (1) licensed physician who practices psychotherapy;
 - (2) licensed psychologist;
 - (3) licensed social worker;
 - (4) licensed nurse;
 - (5) counselor;
 - (6) substance abuse counselor;
 - (7) psychiatric technician;
 - (8) mental health worker;
 - (9) marriage and family therapist;
 - (10) hypnotherapist; or

- (11) minister, priest, rabbi or other similar functionary of a religious organization acting in his role as a pastoral counselor;
- G. "psychotherapy" means professional treatment or assessment of a mental or an emotional illness, symptom or condition; and
- H. "school" means any public or private school, including the New Mexico military institute, the New Mexico school for the visually handicapped, the New Mexico school for the deaf, the New Mexico boys' school, the New Mexico youth diagnostic and development center, the Los Lunas medical center, the Fort Stanton hospital, the Las Vegas medical center and the Carrie Tingley crippled children's hospital, that offers a program of instruction designed to educate a person in a particular place, manner and subject area. "School" does not include a college or university; and
- I. "spouse" means a legal husband or wife, unless the couple is living apart or either husband or wife has filed for separate maintenance or divorce.

30-9-11. Criminal sexual penetration.

- A. Criminal sexual penetration is the unlawful and intentional causing of a person to engage in sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse or the causing of penetration, to any extent and with any object, of the genital or anal openings of another, whether or not there is any emission.
- B. Criminal sexual penetration does not include medically indicated procedures.
- C. Aggravated criminal sexual penetration consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated on a child under nine years of age with an intent to kill or with a depraved mind regardless of human life. Whoever commits aggravated criminal sexual penetration is guilty of a first degree felony for aggravated criminal sexual penetration.
- D. Criminal sexual penetration in the first degree consists of all sexual penetration perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child under thirteen years of age; or
 - (2) by the use of force or coercion that results in great bodily harm or great mental anguish to the victim.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the first degree is guilty of a first degree felony.

- E. Criminal sexual penetration in the second degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated:
 - (1) by the use of force or coercion on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age;
 - (2) on an inmate confined in a correctional facility or jail when the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the inmate;
 - (3) by the use of force or coercion that results in personal injury to the victim;
 - (4) by the use of force or coercion when the perpetrator is aided or abetted by one or more persons;
 - (5) in the commission of any other felony; or
 - (6) when the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the second degree is guilty of a second degree felony. Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the second degree when the victim is a child who is thirteen to eighteen years of age is guilty of a second degree felony for a sexual offense against a child and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of three years, which shall not be suspended or deferred. The imposition of a minimum, mandatory term of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall not be interpreted to preclude the imposition of sentencing enhancements pursuant to the provisions of the Criminal Sentencing Act [31-18-12 NMSA 1978].

F. Criminal sexual penetration in the third degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated through the use of force or coercion not otherwise specified in this section.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the third degree is guilty of a third degree felony.

- G. Criminal sexual penetration in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration:
 - (1) not defined in Subsections D through F of this section perpetrated on a child thirteen to sixteen years of age when the perpetrator is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than and not the spouse of that child; or
 - (2) perpetrated on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when the perpetrator, who is a licensed school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a school contract employee, a school health service provider or a school volunteer, and who is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than the child and not the spouse of that child, learns while performing services in or for a school that the child is a student in a school.

Whoever commits criminal sexual penetration in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-9-12. Criminal sexual contact.

- A. Criminal sexual contact is the unlawful and intentional touching of or application of force, without consent, to the unclothed intimate parts of another who has reached his eighteenth birthday, or intentionally causing another who has reached his eighteenth birthday to touch one's intimate parts.
- B. Criminal sexual contact does not include touching by a psychotherapist on his patient that is:
 - (1) inadvertent;
 - (2) casual social contact not intended to be sexual in nature; or
 - (3) generally recognized by mental health professionals as being a legitimate element of psychotherapy.
- C. Criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual contact perpetrated:
 - (1) by the use of force or coercion that results in personal injury to the victim;
 - (2) by the use of force or coercion when the perpetrator is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
 - (3) when the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

- D. Criminal sexual contact is a misdemeanor when perpetrated with the use of force or coercion.
- E. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.

30-9-13. Criminal sexual contact of a minor.

- A. Criminal sexual contact of a minor is the unlawful and intentional touching of or applying force to the intimate parts of a minor or the unlawful and intentional causing of a minor to touch one's intimate parts. For the purposes of this section, "intimate parts" means the primary genital area, groin, buttocks, anus or breast.
- B. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the second degree consists of all criminal sexual contact of the unclothed intimate parts of a minor perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child under thirteen years of age; or
 - (2) on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when:
 - (a) the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the child and uses this authority to coerce the child to submit;
 - (b) the perpetrator uses force or coercion which results in personal injury to the child;
 - (c) the perpetrator uses force or coercion and is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or

(d) the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact of a minor in the second degree is guilty of a second degree felony for a sexual offense against a child and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of three years, which shall not be suspended or deferred. The imposition of a minimum, mandatory term of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall not be interpreted to preclude the imposition of sentencing enhancements pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31-18-17, 31-18-25 and 31-18-26 NMSA 1978.

- C. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the third degree consists of all criminal sexual contact of a minor perpetrated:
 - (1) on a child under thirteen years of age; or
 - (2) on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when:
 - (a) the perpetrator is in a position of authority over the child and uses this authority to coerce the child to submit;
 - (b) the perpetrator uses force or coercion which results in personal injury to the child;
 - (c) the perpetrator uses force or coercion and is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
 - (d) the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact of a minor in the third degree is guilty of a third degree felony, for a sexual offense against a child.

- D. Criminal sexual contact of a minor in the fourth degree consists of all criminal sexual contact:
 - (1) not defined in Subsection C of this section, of a child thirteen to eighteen years of age perpetrated with force or coercion; or
 - (2) of a minor perpetrated on a child thirteen to eighteen years of age when the perpetrator, who is a licensed school employee, an unlicensed school employee, a school contract employee, a school health service provider or a school volunteer, and who is at least eighteen years of age and is at least four years older than the child and not the spouse of that child, learns while performing services in or for a school that the child is a student in a school.

Whoever commits criminal sexual contact in the fourth degree is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-6-3. Contributing to delinquency of minor.

A. Contributing to the delinquency of a minor consists of any person committing any act or omitting the performance of any duty, which act or omission causes or tends to cause or encourage the delinquency of any person under the age of eighteen years. Whoever commits contributing to the delinquency of a minor is guilty of a fourth degree felony.

30-9-14. Indecent exposure.

- A. Indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view.
- B. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons pubis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.
- C. Whoever commits indecent exposure is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted for committing indecent exposure to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at his own expense.

30-9-14.3. Aggravated indecent exposure.

A. Aggravated indecent exposure consists of a person knowingly and intentionally exposing his primary genital area to public view in a lewd and lascivious manner, with the intent to threaten or intimidate another person, while committing one or more of the following acts or criminal offenses:

- (1) exposure to a child less than eighteen years of age;
- (2) assault, as provided in Section 30-3-1 NMSA 1978;
- (3) aggravated assault, as provided in Section 30-3-2 NMSA 1978;
- (4) assault with intent to commit a violent felony, as provided in Section 30-3-3 NMSA 1978;
- (5) battery, as provided in Section 30-3-4 NMSA 1978;
- (6) aggravated battery, as provided in Section 30-3-5 NMSA 1978;
- (7) criminal sexual penetration, as provided in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978; or
- (8) abuse of a child, as provided in Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978.
- B. As used in this section, "primary genital area" means the mons pubis, penis, testicles, mons veneris, vulva or vagina.
- C. Whoever commits aggravated indecent exposure is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- D. In addition to any punishment provided pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall order a person convicted for committing aggravated indecent exposure to participate in and complete a program of professional counseling at his own expense.

30-4-1. Kidnapping.

- A. Kidnapping is the unlawful taking, restraining, transporting or confining of a person, by force, intimidation or deception, with intent:
 - (1) that the victim be held for ransom;
 - (2) that the victim be held as a hostage or shield and confined against his will;
 - (3) that the victim be held to service against the victim's will; or
 - (4) to inflict death, physical injury or a sexual offense on the victim.
- B. Whoever commits kidnapping is guilty of a first degree felony, except that he is guilty of a second degree felony when he voluntarily frees the victim in a safe place and does not inflict physical injury or a sexual offense upon the victim.

30-10-3 Incest.

Incest consists of knowingly intermarrying or having sexual intercourse with persons within the following degrees of consanguinity: parents and children including grandparents and grandchildren of every degree, brothers and sisters of the half as well as of the whole blood, uncles and nieces, aunts and nephews.

Whoever commits incest is guilty of a third degree felony.

ARTICLE 6A SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN

30-6A-2. Definitions.

As used in the Sexual Exploitation of Children Act [30-60A-1 to 30-60A-4 NMSA 1978]:

A. "prohibited sexual act" means:

- (1) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital or oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or opposite sex;
- (2) bestiality;
- (3) masturbation;
- (4) sadomasochistic abuse for the purpose of sexual stimulation; or
- (5) lewd and sexually explicit exhibition with a focus on the genitals or pubic area of any person for the purpose of sexual stimulation;

- B. "visual or print medium" means:
 - (1) any film, photograph, negative, slide, computer diskette, videotape, videodisc or any computer or electronically generated imagery; or
 - (2) any book, magazine or other form of publication or photographic reproduction containing or incorporating any film, photograph, negative, slide, computer diskette, videotape, videodisc or any computer generated or electronically generated imagery;
- C. "performed publicly" means performed in a place which is open to or used by the public; and
- D. "manufacture" means the production, processing, copying by any means, printing, packaging or repackaging of any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age.
- E. "obscene" means any material, when the content if taken as a whole:
 - (1) appeals to a prurient interest in sex, as determined by the average person applying contemporary community standards;
 - (2) portrays a prohibited sexual act in a patently offensive way; and
 - (3) lacks serious literary, artistic, political or scientific value."

30-6A-3. Sexual exploitation of children.

- A. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally possess any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- B. It is unlawful for a person to intentionally distribute any visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such act and if that person knows or has reason to know that one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally cause or permit a child under eighteen years of age to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows, has reason to know or intends that the act may be recorded in any obscene visual or print medium or performed publicly. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony, unless the child is under the age of thirteen, in which event the person is guilty of a second degree felony.
- D. It is unlawful for any person to intentionally manufacture any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if one or more of the participants in that act is a child under eighteen years of age. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a second degree felony.
- E. It is unlawful for a person to intentionally manufacture any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts a prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act and if that person knows or has reason to know that a real child under eighteen years of age, who is not a participant, is depicted as a participant in that act. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of fourth degree felony.
- F. It is unlawful for a person to intentionally distribute any obscene visual or print medium depicting any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act if that person knows or has reason to know that the obscene medium depicts a prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act and if that person knows or has reason to know that a real child under eighteen years of age, who is not a participant, is depicted as a participant in that act. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony

G. The penalties provided for in this section shall be in addition to those set out in Section 30-9-11 NMSA 1978.

30-6A-4. Sexual exploitation of children by prostitution.

- A. Any person knowingly receiving any pecuniary profit as a result of a child under the age of sixteen engaging in a prohibited sexual act with another is guilty of a second degree felony, unless the child is under the age of thirteen, in which event the person is guilty of a first degree felony.
- B. Any person hiring or offering to hire a child over the age of thirteen and under the age of sixteen to engage in any prohibited sexual act is guilty of a second degree felony.
- C. Any parent, legal guardian or person having custody or control of a child under sixteen years of age who knowingly permits that child to engage in or to assist any other person to engage in any prohibited sexual act or simulation of such an act for the purpose of producing any visual or print medium depicting such an act is guilty of a third degree felony.

30-9-1. Enticement of child.

Enticement of child consists of:

- A. enticing, persuading or attempting to persuade a child under the age of sixteen years to enter any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 [30-9-1 to 30-9-9 NMSA 1978] of the Criminal Code; or
- B. having possession of a child under the age of sixteen years in any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an act which would constitute a crime under Article 9 of the Criminal Code.

Whoever commits enticement of child is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Appendix D. Participating Law Enforcement Agencies

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Alamogordo Dept.of Public Safety	700 Virginia Avenue	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Albuquerque Police Department	400 Roma NW	Albuquerque	NM	87102
Angel Fire Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Angel Fire	NM	87710
Artesia Police Department	702 W. Chisum	Artesia	NM	88210
Aztec Police Department	201 W. Chaco	Aztec	NM	87410
Bayard Police Department	P.O. Box 788	Bayard	NM	88023
Belen Police Department	607 Becker Avenue	Belen	NM	87002
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 25927	Albuquerque	NM	87125
Bernalillo Police Department	P.O. Box 638	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Bloomfield Police Department	915 N. First St.	Bloomfield	NM	87413
Bosque Farms Police Department	P.O. Box 660	Peralta	NM	87042
Carlsbad Police Department	405 S. Halagueno	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Carrizozo Police Department	P.O. Box 828	Carrizozo	NM	88301
Catron County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 467	Reserve	NM	87830
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	One St. Marys Place, East	Roswell	NM	88203
	Wing	G .	272.6	07020
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	115 W. High St.	Grants	NM	87020
Cimarron Police Department	P.O. Box 654	Cimarron	NM	87714
Clayton Police Department	112 North Front St.	Clayton	NM	88415
Clovis Police Department	P.O. Box 862	Clovis	NM	88102
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	P.O. Box 39	Raton	NM	87740
Corrales Police Department	P.O. Box 707	Corrales	NM	87048
Cuba Police Department	P.O. 426	Cuba	NM	87013
Curry County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1043	Clovis	NM	88102
DeBaca County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 927	Ft. Sumner	NM	87119
Dexter Police Department	P.O. Box 610	Dexter	NM	88230
Dona Ana County Sheriffs Office	750 Motel Blvd, Suite A	Las Cruces	NM	88007
Espanola Police Department	401 North Paseo de Onate	Espanola	NM	87532
Estancia Police Department	P.O. Box 166	Estancia	NM	87016
Eunice Police Department	P.O. Box 147	Eunice	NM	88231
Farmington Police Department	800 Municipal Drive	Farmington	NM	87401
Gallup Police Department	451 State Road 564	Gallup	NM	87301
Grant County Sheriff's Department	201 N. Cooper St.	Silver City	NM	88061
Grants Police Division, DPS	105 E. Roosevelt	Grants	NM	87020
Hatch Police Department	P.O. Box 220	Hatch	NM	87917
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	305 South Pyramid	Lordsburg	NM	88045
Hobbs Police Department	301 N. Dalmont	Hobbs	NM	88240
Hurley Police Department	P.O. Box 65	Hurley	NM	88043
Jal Police Department	P.O. Drawer W	Jal	NM	88252
Las Cruces Police Department	P.O. Box 20000	Las Cruces	NM	88001
Las Vegas Police Department	318 Moreno Street	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Lea County Sheriff's Department	215 East Central	Lovington	NM	88260
Logan Police Department	P.O. Box 7	Logan	NM	88426
Lordsburg Police Department	206 S. Main	Lordsburg	NM	88045
Los Alamos Police Department	P.O. Box 30	Los Alamos	NM	87544

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Los Lunas Police Department	P.O. Box 1209	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Lovington Police Department	213 S. Love	Lovington	NM	88260
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	2105 East Aztec	Gallup	NM	87301
Mora County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 659	Mora	NM	87732
Moriarty Police Department	P.O. Drawer 130	Moriarty	NM	87035
Otero County Sheriff's Department	3208 White Sands Blvd.	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	Route 11, Box 71	Santa Fe	NM	87501
Portales Police Department	1700 North Boston	Portales	NM	88130
Quay County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 943	Tucumcari	NM	88401
Questa Police Department	P.O. Box 260	Questa	NM	87556
Raton Police Department	P.O. Box 397	Raton	NM	87740
Red River Marshal's Office	P.O. Box 410	Red River	NM	87558
Rio Arriba County Sheriff	P.O. Box 1256	Espanola	NM	87532
Rio Rancho DPS	500 Quantum Road	Rio Rancho	NM	87124
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	1700 N. Boston`	Portales	NM	88130
Roswell Police Department	P.O. Box 1994	Roswell	NM	88201
Ruidoso Downs Police Department	P.O. Box 1560	Ruidoso	NM	88346
		Downs		
Ruidoso Police Department	1085 Mechem Drive	Ruidoso	NM	88345
San Jon Police Department	P.O. Box 37	San Jon	NM	88343
San Juan County Sheriff's Office	211 S. Oliver	Aztec	NM	87410
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 5219	Bernalillo	NM	87004
Santa Clara Police Department	P.O. Box 316	Santa Clara	NM	88026
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	#35 Camino Justicia	Santa Fe	NM	87508
Santa Fe Police Department	2515 Camino Entrada	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Santa Rosa Police Department	141 South 5th Street	Santa Rosa	NM	88435
Sierra County Sheriff's Office	311 Date Street	T or C	NM	87901
Silver City Police Department	P.O. Box 997	Silver City	NM	88062
Socorro County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 581	Socorro	NM	87801
Socorro Police Department	P.O. Box 992	Socorro	NM	87801
Springer Police Department	P.O. Box 746	Springer	NM	87747
State Police Alamogordo	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Albuquerque	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Clovis	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Deming	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Espanola	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Farmington	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Gallup	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Grants	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Hobbs	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Las Cruces	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Las Vegas	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Moriarty	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Raton	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Roswell	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Santa Fe	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Santa Rosa	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Socorro	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
State Police Taos	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
State Police Tucumcari	DPS	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Taos Police Department	107 Civic Plaza Drive	Taos	NM	87571
Taos Pueblo Police Department	P.O. Box 1846	Taos	NM	87571
Tatum Police Department	P.O. Box 691	Tatum	NM	88267
Torrance County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 498	Estancia	NM	87016
T or C Police Department	401 McAdoo St.	T or C	NM	88352
Tularosa Police Department	703 St. Francis Drive	Tularosa	NM	88352
Valencia County Sheriff's Office	P.O. Box 1585	Los Lunas	NM	87031
Vaughn Police Department	P.O. Box 278	Vaughn	NM	88353

[**Y07**]

1. Agency Name 2 Quarter Reporting 1st □ 2nd □ 3rd □ 4th □ Year : 2007
3. Total Number of criminal sexual penetration (CSP) incidents: (Add State Statutes 30-9-11 and 30-10-3) (If the offense incident report your officers use does not document sexual crimes by state statute, enter instead, the total number of CSP incidents perpetrated [add male and female adults and children])
4. If known, of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3 , how many were: a) Sodomy b) with an Object c) Incest d) Gang Related e) Resulted in Homicide
5.a) Of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3, how many <i>victims</i> were there?b) Of these, how many were: a) Female victimsb) Male victims
6. Of the total number of CSP <i>victims</i> in q.5a , give the number per <i>age group</i> : 0-6 7-12 13-18 19-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65 66+ # Victim age unknown
7. Of the total number of CSP <i>victims</i> in q.5a , give the number of each <i>ethnicity</i> : Caucasian Hispanic Native American Asian/Pacific Islander Black Other # Victim Ethnicity Unknown
8.a) Of the number of CSP incidents counted in q.3 , how many total <i>offenders</i> were there? b) Of these, how many were: a) Female offenders b) Male offenders
9. Of the number of CSP offenders in q.8a , give the number per age group: 0-6 7-12 13-18 19-25 26-35 36-45 46-55 56-65 66+ # Offender age unknown
10. Of the number of CSP offenders in q.8a , give the number of each <i>ethnicity</i> : Caucasian Hispanic Native American Asian/Pacific Islander Black Other # Offender Ethnicity Unknown
 11.a) Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3, how many were perpetrated by a stranger to the victim? b) How many CSP incidents in q.3 were perpetrated by someone who knew the victim? c) Of the number in 11b, how many were a relative?
12. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many involved a weapon? # with weapon use unknown
13. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many involved injury to the victim? # injury unknown
14. a) Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3, how many involved drugs/alcohol use?b) Of these, how many involved: Offender use only Victim use only Offender and Victim use
15. a) Of the number of CSP <i>incidents</i> in q.3 , in how many of these did at least one child witness the event? b) Number of CSP <i>incidents</i> in q.3 where it is unknown if a child was present
16. a) What is the <i>total number of children</i> who witnessed the CSP incidents counted in q.3 ? b) Of these, number per age group: 0-5 6-9 10-12 13-17 18-21 # age unknown
17. Of the number of CSP incidents in q.3 , how many included a suspect arrest?
For the reporting quarter, please give the:
18. Number of incidents of <i>criminal sexual contact</i> (or statute 30-9-12)
19. Number of incidents of <i>criminal sexual contact of a minor</i> (or statute 30-9-13)
20. Number of incidents of indecent exposure (or 30-9-14 and 30-9-14.3)
21. Number of incidents of sexual exploitation of children (30-6A-3 and 30-6A-4)
22. Number of incidents of <i>enticement of child</i> (or statute 30-9-1)

Quarterly Reports are due April 25th, July 25th, October 25th, and January 25th, 2008). *Please send reports to: NMCSAAS*, 3909 Juan Tabo Suite 6, Alb., NM 87111 or fax to (505) 883-7530. Call Betty Caponera, (505) 883-8020 for questions.

Appendix F: Rate of Law Enforcement Reported Criminal Sexual Penetration Incidents by for **Counties with Complete* Reporting**

County	Number of CSP Incidents Reported to Law Enforcement	Population	Rate/1000
Bernalillo	512	629,292	0.81
Catron	0	3,431	0.00
Chaves	36	62,595	0.58
Cibola	22	27,261	0.81
Colfax	6	13,216	0.45
Curry	61	45,328	1.35
De Baca	1	1,916	Incomplete Reporting ¹
Dona Ana	266	198,791	1.34
Eddy	33	51,002	Incomplete Reporting ²
Grant	21	29,699	0.71
Guadalupe	0	4,447	Incomplete Reporting ³
Harding		716	NA
Hidalgo	1	4,945	0.20
Lea	34	58,043	0.59
Lincoln	6	20,783	0.29
Los Alamos	4	18,558	0.22
Luna	1	26,996	Incomplete Reporting ⁴
McKinley	23	70,059	0.33
Mora	0	5,069	0.00
Otero	25	63,129	0.40
Quay	2	8,971	Incomplete Reporting ⁵
Rio Arriba	16	40,827	Incomplete Reporting ⁶
Roosevelt	10	19,142	0.52
San Juan	94	122,427	0.77
San Miguel	19	28,655	0.66
Sandoval	25	117,866	Incomplete Reporting ⁷
Santa Fe	65	142,955	0.45
Sierra	6	12,316	Incomplete Reporting ⁸
Socorro	5	18,118	0.28
Taos	18	31,608	0.57
Torrance	12	16,598	0.72
Union	2	3,792	0.53
Valencia	18	71,364	0.25
Total	1,344	1,969,915	3

NA = No law enforcement participation from this county

^{*} Incomplete reporting means that the law enforcement agency(s) from the largest city in the county did not report or reported less than a full year of domestic violence data for 2007:

 ¹ Fort Sumner Police Department did not report
 ² Eddy County Sheriff's Department did not report
 ³ Santa Rosa Police Department missing 2nd quarter report

⁴ Deming Police Department did not report

⁵ Tucumcari Police Department did not report

⁶ Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department missing 3rd quarter report; and Espanola Police Department missing 1st, 2nd and 3rd quarter reports

⁷ Rio Rancho DPS did not report 3rd and 4th quarters; and Cuba Police Department did not report 2nd quarter

⁸ T or C Police Department missing 2nd and 3rd quarter reports

Appendix G. Rate and Rank of Law Enforcement Reported Criminal Sexual Penetration Incidents for Counties with Complete* Reporting

	Number of CSP Incidents Reported			
County	to Law Enforcement	Population	Rate/1000	Rank
Curry	61	45,328	1.35	1
Dona Ana	266	198,791	1.34	2
Bernalillo	512	629,292	0.81	3
Cibola	22	27,261	0.81	3
San Juan	94	122,427	0.77	4
Torrance	12	16,598	0.72	5
Grant	21	29,699	0.71	6
San Miguel	19	28,655	0.66	7
Lea	34	58,043	0.59	8
Chaves	36	62,595	0.58	9
Taos	18	31,608	0.57	10
Union	2	3,792	0.53	11
Roosevelt	10	19,142	0.52	12
Colfax	6	13,216	0.45	13
Santa Fe	65	142,955	0.45	13
Otero	25	63,129	0.40	14
McKinley	23	70,059	0.33	15
Lincoln	6	20,783	0.29	16
Socorro	5	18,118	0.28	17
Valencia	18	71,364	0.25	18
Los Alamos	4	18,558	0.22	19
Hidalgo	1	4,945	0.20	20
Catron	0	3,431	0.00	21
Mora	0	5,069	0.00	21
Total	1,260	1,704,858	0.74	

^{*}Complete reporting means that the law enforcement agency(s) from the largest city in the county reported a full year of sex crimes data for 2007.

Appendix H. Service Provider Agencies

Agency Name	Address	City	Zip
Artesia Health Resources	P.O. Box 570	Artesia,	NM
Border Area Mental Health-Grant County	P.O. Box 1349	Silver City	88062
Border Area Mental Health-Luna County	P.O. Box 1132	Deming,	NM
Cibola Counseling	P.O. Box 67	Grants	87020
Community Against Violence	P.O. Box 169	Taos	87571
Community Counseling Center-PMS	P.O. Box 3239	Farmington	87401
Desert View Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services	220 E. Chuska	Aztec	87410
El Refugio, Inc.	800 S. Robert St.	Silver City	88061
La Buena Vida	P.O. Box 1147	Bernalillo	87004
La Pinon Sexual Trauma Recovery	418 W. Griggs	Las Cruces	88005
Mental Health Resources-Clovis	1100 West Twenty-First	Clovis	88101
Mental Health Resources-Portales	300 East First St.	Portales	88130
Mental Health Resources-Tucumcari	P.O. Box 1121	Tucumcari,	NM
Rape Crisis Center of Central New Mexico	1025 Hermosa SE	Albuquerque	87108
Rio Rancho Family Health Center-PMS	1424 Deborah SE, Suite 101	Rio Rancho	87124
San Miguel/Mora Guadalupe Mental Health/CBS	700 Friedman	Las Vegas	87701
Santa Fe Rape Crisis Center	P.O. Box 6484	Santa Fe	87502- 6484
Sexual Assault Services of North West New Mexico	622 West Maple Suite I	Farmington	87401
Socorro Mental Health	1200 Highway 60 West	Socorro	87801
Southwest Counseling Center	100 W. Griggs Ave.	Las Cruces	88001
The Counseling Center-Alamogordo	1900 East 10th St.	Alamogordo	88310
The Counseling Center-Ruidoso	206 Sudderth Dr.	Ruidoso	88345
Tri-County Community Services-Raton	220 4th Avenue	Raton	87740

Agency Name	Address	City	Zip
Valencia Counseling Services, IncLos Lunas	P.O. Box 518	Los Lunas	87031
Western NM Counseling-PMS Gallup	2025 East Aztec	Gallup	87301

Appendix I.

Sexual Assault History Form

2007

This form is to be completed by each therapist in each mental health/rape crisis center and their satellite offices for every client who presents or later discloses sexual assault/abuse. Please submit forms to: NMCSAP (505-883-8020), 3909 Juan Tabo NE, Suite 6, Albuquerque, NM 87111, by the tenth of every month.

1. Name of Agency	2. Client Identifier							
A. Survivor Information								
3. Date of most recent sexual assault/abuse incident/_ (mo / yr)								
5. Survivor's Age at time of most recent sexual assault/abuse	incident 6. Survivor's Current age							
7. Survivor Ethnicity: (check one) ☐ White (Non-Hispanic ☐ Black ☐ Asian	e) □ Hispanic □ Mixed □ Native American □ Unknown							
8. Survivor Disability (check all that apply): □None □Visual □Mobility □ Hearing □Physical □Emotional/Mental (prior to this incident) □Unknown								
9. Did the survivor use alcohol or drugs immediately prior to ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	or during the most recent sexual assault incident?							
10. Did the survivor contract a sexually transmitted disease of ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	as a result of the most recent sexual assault?							
11. Did a pregnancy result from the most recent sexual assa	ult?							
12. Did the survivor have a history of domestic violence as a ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	child, either as a witness or as one directly victimized?							
13. Was client ever sexually assaulted/abused before this inci	dent? \square No (skip to q.15) \square Yes (answer 13a or b) \square Unknown (skip to q.15)							
a) the client is a victim of <i>ongoing</i> sexual abuse, enter <u>age</u> a q. 14). If age at onset of ongoing sexual abuse is unknow	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
If Yes to q. 13 and,								
b) the client is <i>not</i> a victim of <i>ongoing</i> abuse, enter <u>age</u> at ti age is <u>under 18</u> , go to q. 14) If age at time of prior sexual	me of prior incident of sexual assault/abuse (<i>If this</i> l assault is unknown, check: \Backsigmarrow Age Unknown (skip to q. 15)							
14. If the survivor experienced a prior sexual assault/abuse a pregnant before age 18? ☐ Yes (answer q.14b) ☐ No ☐ Unknown	t any time before age 18, did the survivor <u>ever</u> become							
14b. If Yes, was the pregnancy a result of the prior sexual ass	ault? 🗖 Yes 🗖 No 🗖 Unknown							
B. Offender Information								
15. Number of offenders involved in the most recent sexual as	sault: (check one)							
If more than one offender in the most recent sexual a	ssault, choose <u>one</u> offender to answer questions 16-27							
16. Offender Gender: ☐ Male (check one) ☐ Female ☐ 25-34	: (check one) ☐ 5 and under ☐ 6-12 ☐ 13-17 ☐ 18-24 ☐ 35-44 ☐ 45-54 ☐ 55-64 ☐ 65+ ☐ Unknown							

18.	Offender	· Ethnicity	(check	one):	•	on-Hispa ⊐ Mixed]Hispanic] Unknow		ative A	merican	□ Bl	ack
	Did the ∂ □ Yes	offender us No		ol or drugs known	immed	iately pric	or to o	r during th	e curren	t sexua	l assault in	icident	?
20.	Did the o	offender ho	ave a his	story of don	nestic v	iolence as	s a chi	ld, either a	s a witne	ess or o	ne directly	victim	ized?
	□ Yes	□ No	□ Un	known									
C.	Sexua	l Offen	se Info	ormation	1								
21.	21. Type of Offense: (check all that apply) Penetration (includes: oral, anal, vaginal) - please specify, if applicable: spousal rape incest date rape gang rape												
			□ Sexua	npted Pene al Harassm ling (no pe	ent		Stalki		ndecent		-	J nknov	
22.	. Survivoi	r/Offender	Relatio	nship (che o	ck only	one, eith	er fron	n 22a, 22b	or 22c):				
a) ł	Known R	elative Of		□ Father □ Grandfa □ Brother		□ Moth □ Gran □ Sister	dmoth		o-mother		other ep-father int		o-Brother rent spouse ele
b) I	b) Known Non-Relative Offender: □ Ex- spouse □ Mom's boyfriend □ Dad's girlfriend □ Survivors lesbian/gay partner □ Social acquaintance □ New acquaintance □ Health care provider □ Friend □ Teacher □ Therapist □ Boyfriend □ Girlfriend □ Co-worker □ Other												
c) [☐ Strange	er						3					
23.	Was the	offender t	he same	ethnicity a	is the si	arvivor?	□ Ye	s 🗆 No	□U	nknow	'n		
24.	Type of C	Coercion/\	Weapon	Used: (che	ck all tl	nat apply))						
	□ Knife	;			•	Force Veapon	□ In	erbal Thr tentionall nknown			□ Manipu erpetrato		
25.	Location	of Most R	Recent O	ffense: (che	eck one	<u>.</u>)							
	□ Vehi	icle blic Facilit	v		Parki	vor's hon ng Lot nle locati		□ Wor	kplace		☐ Other☐ School☐ Unkno		nce
26.		ne i dem	/ /	_	1111111	/			/				
	city			county			sta	ie.					itside of U.S.
		nost recen			_	(6a.mn :01p.m0		□ Afte		12:01-0	6p.m.)		
28.		st recent se ck one)	exual as	sault was r	eported	l by:				-	□ N	-	orted
29.	29. If reported, the most recent sexual assault was reported to (check all that apply): □ Social Services □ Rape Crisis Center □ ER/Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner □ Law Enforcement □ Other □ Unknown												
				ught for inj ection with					Unkno □No		J nknown		
	_					_						□ Inco	me Unknown

Appendix J. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) Programs

Agency Name	Address	City	State	Zip
Albuquerque SANE Collaborative	P.O. Box 37139	Albuquerque	NM	87106
Carlsbad Medical Center – SANE	2430 Pierce St.	Carlsbad	NM	88220
Las Cruces La Pinon SANE Project	418 West Griggs	Las Cruces	NM	88005
Lea County SANE				
Otero County SANE Unit (Alamogordo)	2669 North Scenic Drive	Alamogordo	NM	88310
Plains Regional Medical (PRMC) SANE Unit (Clovis)	2100 Martin Luther King Blvd.	Clovis	NM	88101
Roosevelt County SANE Project	Roosevelt General Hospital, Hwy. 70	Portales	NM	88130
Roswell Esperanza House SANE Project	P.O. Box 1582	Roswell	NM	88203
Santa Fe St. Vincent SANE Program	St. Vincent Hospital	Santa Fe	NM	87505
Sexual Assault Services of NW NM (Farmington SANE)	622 W Maple, Suite I	Farmington	NM	87401

Appendix K. SANE Programs Patient Data Collection Form

1.	Program/Agency Name:						-	
2.	Date of Exam							
3.	Patient Gender							
	□ Male	☐ Female	[□ Trans	gender	□ Unkn	own	
4.	Patient Age	□ Unk	nown					
5.	Patient Ethnicity/Race							
	□ Native American	☐ Hispanic	□ Africa	an Ameri	ican 🗆 Asi	an		
	☐ White (non-Hispanic)		□ Mixed	d Ethnici	ty/Race	□ Other	•	\square Unknown
6.	Patient Disability							
	□ None □ Visua	ıl	□ Physic	cal [☐ Hearing	□ Ment	al	\Box Cognitive
	□ Other □ Unkn	own	□ Other	Descrip	tion			
7.	Victim/Offender Relation	nship						
	☐ Family ☐ Strang	ger 🗆 Acqı	uaintance		Brief Encou	nter	□ Intin	nate Partner
	☐ Ex-Intimate Partner	□ Date	:		☐ Other	I	□ Unkı	nown
	☐ Other Description							
8.	Number of Offenders		□ Unkno	own				
9.	Offender Gender							
	□ Male	□ Female	Γ	□ Trans	gender	□ Unkn	own	
10.	Offender Age	□ Unk	nown					
11.	Type of Coercion							
	□ Firearm	□ Knife		□ Hate/I	Bias	□ Stalki	ing	
	☐ Gang-related [☐ Physical For	ce [□ Physic	cal Intimidatio	on □ Ve	erbal Th	nreat
	☐ Manipulation [□ Other		□ Unkno	own □ Oth	er Descrip	otion	
	☐ Alcohol/Drugs							
12.	Patient Drug/Alcohol Use	e						
	OYes ONo	○Unkn	own					

13.	Location of As	sault								
	☐ Victim's Ho	me		□ Offender's	Home		□ Vehicl	e		\Box Other
	□ Unknown		□ Othe	r Description _						
14.	Referral Source	e								
	□ Police		□ Rape	Crisis Center		□ Hosp	ital 🗆	EMS		☐ Friend
	□ Relative	□ Sch	ool	□ Sel	f	□ Other	r		Unkı	nown
	☐ Other Descr	ription _								
15.	Referred To									
	□ Law Enforce	ement		☐ Rape Crisis	Center		□ Comm	unity Me	ental I	Health Center
	□ Other			□ Unknown		□ Other	r Descript	ion		
16.	Police Report F	Filed At	Time Of	Exam						
	OYes	\circ_{No}		○Unknown						
17.	Evidence Colle	cted								
	□ SAEK		□ Cloth	nes	□ Pho	tography		Blood		□ Urine
	□ None		□ Othe	r	□ Unk	known				
	☐ Other Descr	iption _								
18.	Services Provid	led								
	☐ Pregnancy F	Prevention	on/Emerg	ency Contrace _l	otion		□ STD/S	TI Treatr	ment	
	☐ Medical Exa	am/Phys	ical Asse	ssment			□ Suicid	e Assessr	nent	
	□ Other						□ Unkno	wn		
19.	Patient Current	ly Pregr	nant							
	OYes	ONo		OUnknown						
20.	Injuries Sustair	ned By F	atient							
	\square Oral		□ Recta	al	□ Vag	ginal			Body	-Head/Neck
	□ Body-Extre	mities			□ Boo	ly-Torso		\Box S	Strang	ulation
	□ Other				□ Unk	known		\square N	None r	noted
21.	Patient County	of Resid	dence							

SEX CRIMES IN NEW MEXICO VII:

An Analysis of 2007 Data from The New Mexico Interpersonal Violence Data Central Repository

SECTION THREE: COUNTY TRENDS TABLES

Bernalillo County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	517	536	1053
2004	460	527	987
2005	500	507	1007
2006	517	636	1153
2007	512	564	1076

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Albuquerque Police Department	407	379	408	442	444
Bernalillo County Sheriff's Office	101	74	76	57	59
Isleta Tribal Police	1	0	0	0	0
State Police Albuquerque	8	7	16	18	9
County Total	517	460	500	517	512

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	517	570	205	71% (146)	11% (23)	18% (36)
2004	460	512	195	69% (134)	13% (25)	18% (36)
2005	500	545	202	62% (126)	10% (20)	28% (56)
2006	517	559	197	65% (129)	11% (21)	24% (47)
2007	512	546	174	55% (95)	11% (19)	34% (60)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	517	NR	62	18% (11)	10% (6)	73% (45)
2004	460	NR	61	23% (14)	15% (9)	62% (38)
2005	500	NR	60	23% (14)	20% (12)	57% (34)
2006	517	466	55	16% (9)	18% (10)	65% (36)
2007	512	410	57	12% (7)	5% (3)	82% (47)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	559	552	86% (472)	14% (80)
2007	546	535	87% (464)	13% (71)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	466	457	10% (46)	90% (411)
2007	410	404	6% (25)	94% (379)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	570	NR						
2004	512	512	51% (259)	33% (168)	6% (31)	1% (6)	3% (17)	6% (31)
2005	545	542	52% (284)	30% (162)	5% (28)	1% (4)	5% (27)	7% (37)
2006	559	554	60% (332)	24% (131)	7% (40)	0% (1)	3% (16)	6% (34)
2007	546	543	59% (323)	19% (102)	10% (55)	0% (2)	6% (33)	5% (28)

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2004	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2005	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
2006	466	465	52% (240)	26% (123)	4% (18)	0% (1)	8% (38)	10% (45)
2007	410	410	60% (244)	17% (68)	8% (33)	0% (1)	9% (37)	7% (27)

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	517	155	30%	17%
2004	460	143	31%	20%
2005	500	140	28%	18%
2006	514	112	22%	24%
2007	505	122	24%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Bernalillo County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Bernalillo	14%	25%	9%	12%	10%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Bernalillo	623	506	518	460	316

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	4	21	1	15	2	30
2004	11	43	2	116	27	291
2005	5	37	3	122	24	315
2006	8	37	4	115	15	266
2007	7	22	2	72	13	199

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	1	0	11	6	53
2004	4	18	2	109	36	331
2005	4	19	3	109	26	346
2006	6	20	4	97	18	303
2007	3	5	2	62	17	226

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childı and U	ren 12 Jnder	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	157	148	4	16	3	44	7	74
2007	95	94	2	7	1	21	5	58

Catron County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	1	1	2
2004	0	0	0
2005	1	0	1
2006	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Catron County Sheriff's Department	1	0	1	0	0
County Total	1	0	1	0	0

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	1	1	1	100% (1)		
2004	0	0	0			
2005	1	1	1	100% (1)		
2006	0	0	0			
2007	0	0	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	1	1	1			100% (1)
2004	0	0	0			
2005	1	1	1		100% (1)	
2006	0	0	0			
2007	0	0	0			

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	0			
2007	0			

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	0	0		
2007	0	0		

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					
2006	0	0						
2007	0	0						

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1		100% (1)				
2006	0	0						
2007	0	0						

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	1	NR		17%
2004	0			20%
2005	1	NR		18%
2006	0	NR		24%
2007	0	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Catron County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Catron	NR	NR	100%	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Catron	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Chaves County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	51	45	96
2004	57	64	121
2005	31	78	109
2006	29	92	121
2007	36	38	74

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Chaves County Sheriff's Department	4	3	15	7	5
Dexter Police Department	0	1	0	0	0
Roswell Police Department	45	49	8	14	26
State Police Roswell	2	4	8	8	5
County Total	51	57	31	29	36

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	51	6	6		67% (4)	33% (2)
2004	57	5	35	57% (20)	37% (13)	6% (2)
2005	31	27	25	48% (12)	44% (11)	8% (2)
2006	29	29	10	10% (1)	50% (5)	40% (4)
2007	36	36	23	39% (9)	48% (11)	13% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	51	NR	5		60% (3)	40% (2)
2004	57	NR	6			100% (6)
2005	31	24	22		32% (7)	68% (15)
2006	29	12	11	9% (1)	9% (1)	82% (9)
2007	36	35	7			100% (7)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	29	11	91% (10)	9% (1)
2007	36	9	100% (9)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	29	13		100% (13)
2007	35	9		100% (9)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	6	NR						
2004	5	NR						
2005	27	25	36% (9)	64% (16)				
2006	29	11	27% (3)	73% (8)				
2007	36	9	56% (5)	11% (1)			33% (3)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	51	NR						
2004	57	NR						
2005	31	24	46% (11)	42% (10)			8% (2)	4% (1)
2006	27	12	33% (4)	67% (8)				
2007	35	9	33% (3)	33% (3)			33% (3)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	51	NR		17%
2004	57	2	4%	20%
2005	31	2	6%	18%
2006	2	1	50%	24%
2007	8	6	75%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Chaves County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Chaves	2%	7%	13%	100%	40%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Chaves	14	97	7	9	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	4	0	3	1	4
2004	7	23	4	14	0	15
2005	0	1	0	2	0	3
2006	0	2	0	4	0	2
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	1	0	0	2	11
2004	0	2	2	9	12	64
2005	0	0	0	2	0	5
2006	0	0	0	5	0	4
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childi and U		Teens A	Ages 13-17		s Ages Older
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	5	5	0	1	0	2	0	2
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Cibola County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	37	30	67
2004	31	23	54
2005	31	30	61
2006	37	39	76
2007	22	5	27

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cibola County Sheriff's Department	3	3	1	5	2
Grants Police Department	22	11	19	19	16
Laguna Police Department	10	9	2	2	NR
Ramah Navajo Police Department	2	8	4	5	NR
State Police Grants			5	6	4
County Total	37	31	31	37	22

NR = Did not report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	37	28	28	36% (10)	32% (9)	32% (9)
2004	31	31	31	65% (20)	26% (8)	10% (3)
2005	31	28	28	18% (5)	43% (12)	39% (11)
2006	37	39	33	42% (14)	30% (10)	27% (9)
2007	22	22	5	0% (0)	40% (2)	60% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	37	25	27	19% (5)	19% (5)	63% (17)
2004	31	15	10		10% (1)	90% (9)
2005	31	31	23		22% (5)	78% (18)
2006	37	25	22	5% (1)	5% (1)	91% (20)
2007	22	21	2		100% (2)	

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	39	33	88% (29)	12% (4)
2007	22	4	100% (4)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	37	34	15% (5)	85% (29)
2007	21	2		100% (2)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	28	28	29% (8)	39% (11)	32% (9)			
2004	31	22	23% (5)	14% (3)	64% (14)			
2005	28	27	22% (6)	33% (9)	44% (12)			
2006	39	32	41% (13)	13% (4)	47% (15)			
2007	22	4	50% (2)	25% (1)		25% (1)		

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	37	25	20% (5)	48% (12)	32% (8)			
2004	31	15	7% (1)	27% (4)	53% (8)			13% (2)
2005	31	31	19% (6)	35% (11)	45% (14)			
2006	34	25	28% (7)	32% (8)	40% (10)			
2007	21	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	37	4	11%	17%
2004	31	2	6%	20%
2005	31	10	32%	18%
2006	12	2	17%	24%
2007	4	2	50%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Cibola County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cibola	19%	19%	19%	44%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Cibola	61	15	8	*	2

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	10	24	0	13	1	7
2004	0	5	2	0	2	2
2005	2	2	0	1	0	2
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	0	1	0	0	0	1

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	10	38	0	5	10	33
2004	4	8	1	0	3	8
2005	1	5	0	1	1	4
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	0	0	0	0	0	2

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

^{*}No Services Reported

Colfax County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	16	5	21
2004	9	13	22
2005	15	13	28
2006	5	10	15
2007	6	9	15

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Angel Fire Police Department	0	0	0	2	0
Cimarron Police Department		0	0	0	0
Colfax County Sheriff's Department	5	2	0	1	0
Raton Police Department	10	6	12	0	4
Springer Police Department			0	0	0
State Police Raton	1	1	3	2	2
County Total	16	9	15	5	6

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	16	1	1		100% (1)	
2004	9	8	8	37.5% (3)	37.5% (3)	25% (2)
2005	15	14	14	43% (6)	36% (5)	21% (3)
2006	5	5	2			100% (2)
2007	6	6	5	0% (0)	60% (3)	40% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	16	NR	1			100% (1)
2004	9	8	8	12.5% (1)	12.5% (1)	75% (6)
2005	15	14	15		13% (2)	87% (13)
2006	5	3	6	17% (1)		83% (5)
2007	6	6	5			100% (5)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	5	4	75% (3)	25% (1)
2007	6	6	100% (6)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	5	5		100% (5)
2007	6	6		100% (6)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	NR						
2004	8	7	29% (2)	71% (5)				
2005	14	12	17% (2)	83% (10)				
2006	5	2	100% (2)					
2007	6	4		100% (4)				

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	16	NR						
2004	9	8	50% (4)	50% (4)				
2005	15	14	29% (4)	71% (10)				
2006	7	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				
2007	6	4		75% (3)			25% (1)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	16	NR		17%
2004	9	NR		20%
2005	15	1	7%	18%
2006	5	NR		24%
2007	2	2	100%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Colfax County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Colfax			7%	100%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Colfax		3	11	49	15

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	1	1	0	0	0	1
2005	1	6	0	2	1	1
2006	5	13	6	6	0	13
2007	2	6	1	3	1	1

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2004	1	1	0	0	0	1	
2005	1	6	0	0	1	3	
2006	1	0	0	0	11	33	
2007	0	1	1	2	3	7	

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	32	28	1	8	3	6	0	10
2007	13	12	2	4	1	3	1	1

Curry County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	53	35	88
2004	50	30	80
2005	41	43	84
2006	50	51	101
2007	61	54	115

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Clovis Police Department	50	44	35	38	58
Curry County Sheriff's Office	2	2	3	7	1
State Police Clovis	1	4	3	5	2
County Total	53	50	41	50	61

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	53	40	40	42.5% (17)	45% (18)	12.5% (5)
2004	50	50	50	44% (22)	46% (23)	10% (5)
2005	41	25	24	33% (8)	54% (13)	12.5% (3)
2006	50	50	38	45% (17)	32% (12)	24% (9)
2007	61	62	62	31% (19)	47% (29)	23% (14)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	53	39	41	5% (2)	36.5% (15)	58.5% (24)
2004	50	44	41		24% (10)	76% (31)
2005	41	17	17	6% (1)	6% (1)	88% (15)
2006	50	39	32		28% (9)	72% (23)
2007	61	63	42	2% (1)	33% (14)	64% (27)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	50	38	71% (27)	29% (11)
2007	62	62	89% (55)	11% (7)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	50	40	5% (2)	95% (38)
2007	63	57	9% (5)	91% (52)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	40	39	54% (21)	41% (16)			5% (2)	
2004	50	46	33% (15)	54% (25)			13% (6)	
2005	25	23	48% (11)	43% (10)			9% (2)	·
2006	50	38	29% (11)	53% (20)		3% (1)	16% (6)	
2007	62	62	40% (25)	45% (28)			15% (9)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	53	39	38% (15)	46% (18)			15% (6)	
2004	50	44	32% (14)	45% (20)			23% (10)	
2005	41	17	23.5% (4)	53% (9)			23.5% (4)	
2006	52	39	28% (11)	54% (21)			18% (7)	
2007	63	47	40% (19)	49% (23)			11% (5)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	53	3	6%	17%
2004	50	7	14%	20%
2005	41	0		18%
2006	36	23	64%	24%
2007	21	10	48%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Colfax County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Curry	32%	38%	10%	26%	18%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Curry	26	20	18	25	59

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	Children 12 and Under		ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	3	6	0	8	0	6	
2004	4	7	2	4	0	1	
2005	0	9	0	1	0	8	
2006	5	5	0	2	4	7	
2007	5	20	1	14	2	12	

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	0	1	2	2	20	
2004	0	0	0	2	6	10	
2005	0	1	0	1	0	16	
2006	0	1	0	0	9	13	
2007	1	4	0	2	8	41	

	Number of CSP	Number Age		Children 12 and Under Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	20	18	4	4	0	2	2	6
2007	45	42	5	13	1	12	2	9

De Baca County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003			
2004			
2005			
2006			
2007	1	0	1

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
DeBaca County Sheriff's Office					1
County Total					1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003					(11ge 10 10)	
2004						
2005						
2006						
2007	1	1	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement	Total CSP	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12	Percent Teen CSP Offenders	Percent Adult CSP Offenders
	Reports	Offenders	Documented	and Under)	(Age 13-18)	(19 and Over)
2003						
2004						1
2005						
2006						-
2007	1	1	0			

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006				
2007	1			

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006				
2007	1	0		

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003								
2004								
2005								
2006								
2007	1	NR						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

			Percent			Percent		Percent
		Total	White		Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	(non-	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Hispanic)	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Offenders	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2003								
2004								
2005								
2006								
2007	1	NR						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003		NR		17%
2004		NR		20%
2005		NR		18%
2006		NR		24%
2007		NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in De Baca County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
De Baca	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
De Baca					*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	20	18	4	4	0	2	2	6
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Dona Ana County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	230	168	398
2004	270	78	348
2005	244	118	362
2006	210	134	344
2007	266	95	361

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Dona Ana County Sheriff's Department	41	130	72	38	89
Hatch Police Department	0	2	0	1	0
Las Cruces Police Department	188	136	171	169	176
State Police Las Cruces	1	2	1	2	1
County Total	230	270	244	210	266

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	230	172	164	38% (63)	33% (54)	29% (47)
2004	270	186	183	19% (35)	23% (42)	58% (106)
2005	244	305	303	15% (47)	21% (63)	64% (193)
2006	210	210	151	42% (63)	28% (43)	30% (45)
2007	266	266	157	37% (58)	31% (49)	32% (50)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	230	230	187	11% (20)	13% (24)	76% (143)
2004	270	270	212	4% (8)	14% (30)	82% (174)
2005	244	244	238	4% (9)	14% (33)	82% (196)
2006	210	128	89	24% (21)	13% (12)	63% (56)
2007	266	167	74	9% (7)	22% (16)	69% (51)

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	210	140	85% (119)	15% (21)
2007	266	157	78% (122)	22% (35)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	210	89	9% (8)	91% (81)
2007	167	78	8% (6)	92% (72)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	172	137	48% (66)	50% (69)	1% (1)		1% (1)	
2004	186	127	42.5 (54)	55% (70)	1% (1)		1.5% (2)	
2005	305	241	34% (82)	66 (159)			1% (3)	
2006	191	102	33% (34)	65% (66)			2% (2)	
2007	266	146	40% (58)	60% (87)			1% (1)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	230	170	52% (88)	43.5% (74)	0.5% (1)		4% (7)	
2004	270	180	36% (65)	49% (89)		1% (1)	14% (25)	
2005	244	204	24.5% (50)	70% (143)	0.5% (1)	1% (2)	4% (8)	
2006	128	70	46% (32)	46% (32)	1% (1)		7% (5)	
2007	167	63	30% (19)	52% (33)		3% (2)	14% (9)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	230	NR		17%
2004	270	NR		20%
2005	244	NR		18%
2006	1	1	100%	24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Dona Ana County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Dona Ana	0%	1%		100%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Dona Ana	190	168	202	336	438

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	13	53	3	40	3	66
2004	13	37	1	38	3	65
2005	17	50	2	29	3	80
2006	14	73	1	57	4	96
2007	13	82	5	49	14	97

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	11	27	1	38	7	95
2004	9	23	3	36	5	82
2005	14	39	3	26	4	94
2006	12	63	2	55	10	131
2007	19	96	5	51	21	130

	Number of		Children 12				Adults Ages	
	CSP	Number Age	and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		18 and Older	
	Survivors	and Gender						
	Served	Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	169	138	4	33	0	26	3	72
2007	160	121	3	20	2	28	8	60

Eddy County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	11	7	18
2004	35	31	66
2005	46	32	78
2006	30	36	66
2007	33	31	64

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Artesia Police Department		6	13	6	15
Carlsbad Police Department	4	27	23	24	18
Eddy County Sheriff's Office	7	2	10	NR	NR
County Total	11	35	46	30	33

NR = Eddy County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	11	7	7	28.5% (2)	28.5% (2)	43% (3)
2004	35	33	33	45% (15)	21% (7)	33% (11)
2005	46	36	35	37% (13)	20% (7)	43% (15)
2006	30	33	33	45% (15)	24% (8)	30% (10)
2007	33	35	34	50% (17)	9% (3)	41% (14)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	11	6	5		20% (1)	80% (4)
2004	35	34	31	3% (1)	19% (6)	77% (24)
2005	46	35	33		6% (2)	94% (31)
2006	30	25	25	4% (1)	24% (6)	72% (18)
2007	33	28	23	9% (2)	_	91% (21)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	33	33	85% (28)	15% (5)
2007	35	34	85% (29)	15% (5)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	30	26		100% (26)
2007	28	26		100% (26)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	7	7	57% (4)	43% (3)				
2004	33	32	59% (19)	38% (12)	3% (1)			
2005	36	36	44% (16)	53% (19)	3% (1)			
2006	33	32	56% (18)	44% (14)				
2007	35	33	48% (16)	48% (16)		3% (1)		

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	11	6	33% (2)	67% (4)				
2004	35	34	47% (16)	50% (17)			3% (1)	
2005	46	35	34% (12)	63% (22)			3% (1)	
2006	28	25	60% (15)	32% (8)			8% (2)	
2007	28	26	31% (8)	69% (18)				

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	11	NR		17%
2004	35	5	14%	20%
2005	46	4	9%	18%
2006	24	5	21%	24%
2007	14	5	36%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Eddy County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Eddy		23%	13%	20%	13%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Eddy	16	35	10	*	1

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	6	0	5	0	4
2004	2	13	0	8	0	8
2005	3	2	0	1	0	4
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	0	0	0	0	0	1

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	Children 12 and Under		ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	1	0	2	0	12
2004	0	5	1	2	1	26
2005	0	1	1	0	2	6
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	0	0	0	0	0	1

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

^{*}No Services Reported

Grant County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	5	7	12
2004	5	4	9
2005	0	2	2
2006	1	3	4
2007	21	23	44

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Bayard Police Department	0	0	0	0	1
Grant County Sheriff's Department	3	3	0	1	13
Hurley Police Department	1	2	0	0	0
Santa Clara Police Department	0	0	0	0	3
Silver City Police Department	1	0	0	NR	4
County Total	5	5	0	1	21

NR = Silver City Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	5	5	5	20% (1)	20% (1)	60% (3)
2004	5	4	4	50% (2)	25% (1)	25% (1)
2005	0	0	0			
2006	1	1	1		100% (1)	
2007	21	21	17	24% (4)	41% (7)	35% (6)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	5	5	8		12.5% (1)	87.5% (7)
2004	5	5	3			100% (3)
2005	0	0	0			
2006	1	2	2		100% (2)	
2007	21	19	11		18% (2)	82% (9)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	1	1	100% (1)	
2007	21	17	82% (14)	18% (3)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	1	2		100% (2)
2007	19			100% (15)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	5	5	60% (3)	40% (2)				
2004	4	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	0	0						
2006	1	1	100% (1)					
2007	21	15	27% (4)	73% (11)				

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity Race
2003	5	5	20% (1)	60% (3)			20% (1)	
2004	5	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2005	0	0						
2006	2	2		50% (1)			50% (1)	
2007	19	11	27% (3)	64% (7)			9% (1)	

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	5	2	40%	17%
2004	NR	NR		20%
2005	0			18%
2006	1	1	100%	24%
2007	15	3	20%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Grant County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Grant	20%	20%	NR	100%	7%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Grant	71	225	176	28	116

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	11	23	0	17	1	10	
2004	22	50	7	39	12	88	
2005	18	33	4	20	8	90	
2006	5	8	2	0	1	11	
2007	7	9	9	19	10	60	

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	5	5	1	4	5	45
2004	17	27	2	20	22	131
2005	8	22	7	9	15	114
2006	2	1	0	1	6	18
2007	6	2	6	13	14	73

	Number of		Children 12 and Under				Adult	s Ages
	CSP	Number Age			Teens Ages 13-17		18 and Older	
	Survivors	and Gender						
	Served	Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	17	16	1	3	2	0	1	9
2007	82	80	4	9	4	14	7	42

Guadalupe County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	0	1	1
2004	0	1	1
2005	2	32	34
2006	7	15	22
2007	0	1	1

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Guadalupe County Sheriff's Department	0	0	NR	NR	NR
Santa Rosa Police Department	0	0	0	2	0
State Police Santa Rosa	0	0	2	5	0
Vaughn Police Department		0	0	0	0
County Total	0	0	2	7	0

NR = Guadalupe County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	0	0	0			
2005	2	2	2	50% (1)		50% (1)
2006	7	7	6	50% (3)		50% (3)
2007	0	0	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	0		0			
2004	0		0			
2005	2		1		100% (1)	
2006	7		10	10% (1)		90% (9)
2007	0	0	0			

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	7	7	86% (6)	14% (1)
2007	0			

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	7	10	20% (2)	80% (8)
2007	0	0		

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	2	2		100% (2)				
2006	7	7	43% (3)	57% (4)				
2007	0	0						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	2	2		100% (2)				
2006	10	8	25% (2)	50% (4)			25% (2)	
2007	0	0						

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	0			17%
2004	0			20%
2005	2	1	50%	18%
2006	5	2	40%	24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Guadalupe County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Guadalupe	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Guadalupe	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 er Age and Under		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Hidalgo County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0
2006	3	2	5
2007	1	2	3

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Hidalgo County Sheriff's Department	0	0	0	3	0
Lordsburg Police Department	0	0	0	0	1
County Total	0	0	0	3	1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	0	0	0			
2005	0	0	0			
2006	3	3	3	1% (33)	2% (67)	
2007	1	1	1	100% (1)		

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	0	0	0			
2005	0	0	0			
2006	3	3	2		100% (2)	
2007	1	1	1			100% (1)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	3	3	100% (3)	
2007	1	1		100% (1)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	3	3		100% (3)
2007	1	1		100% (1)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	0	0						
2006	3	0						
2007	1	1						100% (1)

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	0	0						
2005	0	0						
2006	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				
2007	1	1		100% (1)				

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	0			17%
2004	0			20%
2005	0			18%
2006	3	NR		24%
2007	1	1	100%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Hidalgo County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Hidalgo	NR	NR	NR	33%	100%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Hidalgo	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age		ren 12 Under	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Lea County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement (LE)

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	49	23	72
2004	48	50	98
2005	38	30	68
2006	47	35	82
2007	34	26	60

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Eunice Police Department	1	2	1	0	0
Hobbs Police Department	24	26	26	25	15
Jal Police Department	0	0	1	1	1
Lea County Sheriff's Department	16	16	7	16	9
Lovington Police Department	8	4	3	5	7
State Police Hobbs	0	0	0	0	0
Tatum Police Department	0	0	0	0	2
County Total	49	48	38	47	34

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	49	51	50	36% (18)	36% (18)	28% (14)
2004	48	50	49	28.5% (14)	45% (22)	26.5% (13)
2005	38	38	38	29% (11)	37% (14)	34% (13)
2006	47	48	47	26% (12)	30% (14)	45% (21)
2007	34	43	43	28% (12)	49% (21)	23% (10)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	49	49	50	4% (2)	30% (15)	66% (33)
2004	48	48	40	2.5% (1)	22.5% (9)	75% (30)
2005	38	38	35	3% (1)	20% (7)	77% (27)
2006	47	40	39		21% (8)	79% (31)
2007	34	45	36	3% (1)	8% (3)	89% (32)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	48	48	88% (42)	13% (6)
2007	43	43	91% (39)	9% (4)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	47	44		100% (44)
2007	45	44	2% (1)	98% (43)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	51	49	60% (29)	38% (19)			2% (1)	
2004	50	48	62% (30)	35% (17)		2% (1)		
2005	38	38	39% (15)	58% (22)			3% (1)	
2006	47	48	67% (32)	25% (12)			8% (4)	
2007	43	43	37% (16)	58% (25)			5% (2)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	49	49	49% (24)	45% (22)			6% (3)	
2004	48	48	42% (20)	50% (24)			8% (4)	
2005	38	38	39% (15)	42% (16)			18% (7)	
2006	44	40	40% (16)	48% (19)			13% (5)	
2007	45	40	33% (13)	53% (21)			15% (6)	

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	49	5	10%	17%
2004	48	1	2%	20%
2005	38	4	11%	18%
2006	33	7	21%	24%
2007	11	2	18%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Lea County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Lea	12%	6%	18%	28%	50%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Lea	42	11	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	4	12	1	8	1	12
2004	1	5	0	2	0	1
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	2	0	0	2	6	30
2004	1	0	0	0	0	10
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Lincoln County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	12	1	13
2004	8	12	20
2005	9	6	15
2006	10	11	21
2007	6	3	9

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Carrizozo Police Department	0	0	0	0	1
Lincoln County Sheriff's Office	3	6	NR	NR	NR
Ruidoso Downs Police Department		2	2	4	1
Ruidoso Police Department	9	0	7	6	4
County Total	12	8	9	10	6

NR = Lincoln County Sheriff's Office Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	12	0	0			
2004	8	8	8	75% (6)	12.5% (1)	12.5% (1)
2005	9	10	10	10% (1)	70% (7)	20% (2)
2006	10	12	12	25% (3)	42% (5)	33% (4)
2007	6	7	7	29% (2)	43% (3)	29% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	12	NR	0			
2004	8	6	7	14% (1)	29% (2)	57% (4)
2005	9	9	11		27% (3)	73% (8)
2006	10	10	8			100% (8)
2007	6	8	6			100% (6)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

		Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2	2006	12	12	83% (10)	17% (2)
2	2007	7	7	100% (7)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	10	10		100% (10)
2007	8	7		100% (7)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	NR						
2004	8	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				
2005	10	9	44% (4)	56% (5)				
2006	12	12	83% (10)	8% (1)	8% (1)			
2007	7	7	43% (3)	43% (3)	14% (1)			

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	12	NR						
2004	8	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				
2005	9	9	44% (4)	56% (5)				
2006	11	10	50% (5)	40% (4)	10% (1)			
2007	8	6	17% (1)	33% (2)	50% (3)			

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	12	NR		17%
2004	8	NR		20%
2005	9	NR		18%
2006	1	1	100%	24%
2007	4	1	25%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Lincoln County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Lincoln	NR	38%	NR	100%	67%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Lincoln	4	13	16	*	10

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	1	0	0	0	3	
2004	0	1	0	1	1	10	
2005	2	5	1	6	0	2	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	3	1	2	0	0	3	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	0	0	0	0	4	
2004	0	0	0	0	1	12	
2005	0	0	0	0	3	13	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	0	0	0	0	5	5	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age		Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	3	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	

^{*}No Services Reported

Los Alamos County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	4	2	6
2004	2	5	7
2005	4	8	12
2006	10	5	15
2007	4	1	5

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Los Alamos Police Department	4	2	4	10	4
County Total	4	2	4	10	4

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	4	1	1		100% (1)	
2004	2	4	4	75% (3)	25% (1)	
2005	4	4	4	50% (2)	50% (2)	
2006	10	10	0			
2007	4	4	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	4	1	1	una chaci)	100% (1)	(1) unu () (e1)
2004	2	2	4	25% (1)	50% (2)	25% (1)
2005	4	3	3			100% (3)
2006	10	0	0			
2007	4	4	0			

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	10	0		
2007	4	0		

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	10	0		
2007	4	0		

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	1	2	50% (1)		50% (1)			
2005	4	4	100% (4)					
2006	10	0						
2007	4	0						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	4	1	100% (1)					
2004	2	2	100% (2)					
2005	4	3	100% (3)					
2006	10	0						
2007	4	0						

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	4	NR		17%
2004	2	NR		20%
2005	4	1	25%	18%
2006	10	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Los Alamos County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Los Alamos	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Los Alamos	2	*	*	1	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	1	1	0	0	0	0	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	0	0	0	1	0	0	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	1	0	0	1	0	0	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	0	0	0	1	0	0	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*} No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Luna County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	0	3	3
2004	2	4	6
2005	3	9	12
2006	2	3	5
2007	1	3	4

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
State Police Deming	0	2	3	2	1
County Total	0	2	3	2	1

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	2	1	1			100% (1)
2005	3	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2006	2	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2007	1	1	1			100% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	2	1	0			
2005	3	3	3			100% (3)
2006	2	2	2			100% (2)
2007	1	1	1			100% (1)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)
2007	1	1		100% (1)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	2	2		100% (2)
2007	1	1	100% (1)	

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	1	1		100% (1)				
2005	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2006	2	2		100% (2)				
2007	1	1		100% (1)				

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/Race
2003	0	0						
2004	2	1		100% (1)				
2005	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2006	2	2		100% (2)				
2007	1	1	100% (1)					

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	0			17%
2004	2	NR		20%
2005	3	1	33%	18%
2006	2	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Luna County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Luna	NR	NR	100%	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Luna	2	*	*	*	20

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	0	0	1	0	0
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	2	6	0	3	0	6

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	0	0	1	1
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	0	1	0	3	1	11

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childi and U	ren 12 Jnder	Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	12	11	1	4	0	3	0	3

^{*}No Services Reported

McKinley County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	40	48	88
2004	68	82	150
2005	39	61	100
2006	39	95	134
2007	23	16	39

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Gallup Police Department	30	37	22	36	20
McKinley County Sheriff's Office	3	21	11	1	2
State Police Gallup	2	1	0	2	1
Zuni Police Department	5	9	6	NR	NR
County Total	40	68	39	39	23

NR = Zuni Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	40	43	43	39.5% (17)	14% (6)	46.5% (20)
2004	68	53	53	43% (23)	34% (18)	23% (12)
2005	39	30	29	24% (7)	34% (10)	41% (12)
2006	39	40	4		50% (2)	50% (2)
2007	23	23	2	50% (1)	50% (1)	

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	40	32	27	7% (2)	19% (5)	74% (20)
2004	68	37	33	15% (5)	6% (2)	79% (26)
2005	39	21	15	7% (1)	20% (3)	73% (11)
2006	39	2	2			100% (2)
2007	23	23	2		50% (1)	50% (1)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	40	4	100% (4)	
2007	23	2	100% (2)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented		Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	39		2	50% (1)	50% (1)
2007	23		2		100% (2)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	43	40	7.5% (3)	10% (4)	82.5% (33)			
2004	53	50	24% (12)	16% (8)	58% (29)			2% (1)
2005	30	23	17% (4)	4% (1)	74% (17)	4% (1)		
2006	40	4	75% (3)		25% (1)			
2007	23	2		50% (1)	50% (1)			

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
			Offenders				Officialis	Nace
2003	40	32		13% (4)	84% (27)	3% (1)		
2004	68	37	11% (4)	13% (5)	73% (27)			3% (1)
2005	39	21	9.5% (2)	9.5% (2)	76% (16)		5% (1)	
2006	40	2	100% (2)					
2007	23	0						

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	40	11	28%	17%
2004	68	8	12%	20%
2005	39	1	3%	18%
2006	40	NR		24%
2007	1	1	100%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in McKinley County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
McKinley	8%	7%	28%	100%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
McKinley	16	17	7	13	3

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	2	0	2	1	9
2004	1	7	0	4	0	3
2005	0	1	0	2	0	4
2006	3	2	0	7	1	0
2007	0	1	0	2	0	0

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	1	1	1	1	11	
2004	1	4	0	5	0	6	
2005	0	0	0	2	0	5	
2006	1	0	0	3	3	6	
2007	0	0	0	1	0	2	

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	10	10	1	1	0	7	1	0
2007	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

^{*}No Services Reported

Mora County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes Reported to LE	Total Non-Penetration Sex Crimes Reported to LE	Total Sex Crimes Reported to LE
2003	1	3	4
2004	0	0	0
2005	1	1	2
2006	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mora County Sheriff's Department	1	0	1	0	0
Wagon Mound Police Department	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
County Total	1	0	1	0	0

NR = Wagon Mound Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	1	1	1		100% (1)	
2004	0	0	0			
2005	1	1	1			100% (1)
2006	0	0	0			
2007	0	0	0			

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	1	1	1			100% (1)
2004	0	0	0			
2005	1	1	1			100% (1)
2006	0	0	0			
2007	0	0	0			

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	0	0		
2007	0	0		

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	0	0		
2007	0	0		

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic Victims)	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	1	100% (1)					
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					
2006	0	0						
2007	0	0						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	1	1		100% (1)				
2004	0	0						
2005	1	1	100% (1)					
2006	0	0						
2007	0	0						

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	1	NR		17%
2004	NR	NR		20%
2005	1	NR		18%
2006	NR			24%
2007	NR			27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Mora County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mora	NR	NR	100%	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mora	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP Number Age		Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Otero County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	24	18	42
2004	15	15	30
2005	28	22	50
2006	12	22	34
2007	25	26	51

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Alamogordo Department of Public Safety	17	7	15	10	8
Otero County Sheriff's Department	3	7	10	NR	15
State Police Alamogordo	2	1	0	1	1
Tularosa Police Department	2		3	1	1
County Total	24	15	28	12	25

NR = Otero County Sheriff's Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	24	22	21	29% (6)	48% (10)	24% (5)
2004	15	8	8	37.5% (3)	25% (2)	37.5% (3)
2005	28	20	17	41% (7)	18% (3)	41% (7)
2006	12	13	12	58% (7)	8% (1)	33% (4)
2007	25	27	16	50% (8)	44% (7)	6% (1)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	24	22	21	10% (2)	24% (5)	67% (14)
2004	15	9	8		37.5% (3)	62.5% (5)
2005	28	16	16	19% (3)	6% (1)	75% (12)
2006	12	8	6		33% (2)	67% (4)
2007	25	26	9	11% (1)	11% (1)	78% (7)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	13	10	90% (9)	10% (1)
2007	27	9	100% (9)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented		Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	12	9	,		100% (9)
2007	26	9)	33% (3)	67% (6)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	22	22	68% (15)	27% (6)			5% (1)	
2004	8	8	87.5% (7)	12.5% (1)				
2005	20	17	41% (7)	53% (9)			6% (1)	
2006	13	12	67% (8)	33% (4)				
2007	27	8	63% (5)	25% (2)		13% (1)		

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	24	22	41% (9)	36% (8)			23% (5)	
2004	15	9	33% (3)	33% (3)			33% (3)	
2005	28	16	25% (4)	69% (11)			6% (1)	
2006	10	8	63% (5)	38% (3)				
2007	26	9	44% (4)	56% (5)				·

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	24	2	8%	17%
2004	15	2	13%	20%
2005	28	4	14%	18%
2006	2	1	50%	24%
2007	3	2	67%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Otero County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Otero	13%	13%	25%	14%	57%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Otero	40	155	47	77	129

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	6	14	2	7	0	6
2004	18	45	3	37	1	22
2005	4	14	5	7	0	11
2006	9	22	3	15	2	17
2007	12	32	2	24	4	42

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	1	1	8	30
2004	1	3	3	11	18	116
2005	0	0	0	4	10	28
2006	1	0	2	2	13	55
2007	1	2	2	1	17	98

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	64	56	4	16	2	15	1	17
2007	81	76	3	17	1	19	4	32

Quay County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	2	4	6
2004	3	3	6
2005	4	2	6
2006	1	11	12
2007	2	2	4

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Logan Police Department		0	1	0	1
Quay County Sheriff's Office		2	2	0	0
San Jon Police Department	0	NR	NR	NR	0
State Police Tucumcari	2	1	1	1	1
Tucumcari Police Department				0	
County Total	2	3	4	1	2

NR = San Jon Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	2	2	2		100% (2)	
2004	3	0	0			
2005	4	2	2			100% (2)
2006	1	1	1		100% (1)	
2007	2	2	1		100% (1)	

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	2	1	1			100% (1)
2004	3	1	1			100% (1)
2005	4	2	2			100% (2)
2006	1	1	1		100% (1)	
2007	2	2	1			100% (1)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	1	1	100% (1)	
2007	2	1	100% (1)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	1	1		100% (1)
2007	2	1		100% (1)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2004	0	NR						
2005	2	2	100% (2)					
2006	1	1	100% (1)					
2007	2	1	100% (1)					

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	2	1		100% (1)				
2004	3	1		100% (1)				
2005	4	2	100% (2)					
2006	1	1		100% (1)				
2007	2	1	100% (1)					

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	2	NR		17%
2004	3	NR		20%
2005	4	NR		18%
2006	1	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Quay County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Quay	NR	NR	25%	NR	100%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Quay	*	*	2	11	10

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	0	1	0	0	0	0	
2006	1	4	0	2	0	2	
2007	0	6	0	1	0	3	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2005	0	0	0	0	1	1	
2006	0	0	0	0	1	9	
2007	0	0	0	0	0	10	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	8	7	0	3	0	2	0	2
2007	5	5	0	2	0	0	0	3

Rio Arriba County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	12	29	41
2004	15	40	55
2005	21	45	66
2006	32	51	83
2007	16	28	44

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Espanola Police Department	4	3	NR	NR	3
Rio Arriba County Sheriff's Department	0	1	0	4	2
State Police Espanola	8	11	21	28	11
County Total	12	15	21	32	16

NR = Espanola Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	12	6	6	33% (2)	67% (4)	
2004	15	12	15	47% (7)	13% (2)	40% (6)
2005	21	21	21	33% (7)	14% (3)	52% (11)
2006	32	34	28	18% (5)	25% (7)	57% (16)
2007	16	16	15	7% (1)	20% (3)	73% (11)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	12	6	9		56% (5)	44% (4)
2004	15	11	10		40% (4)	60% (6)
2005	21	9	9		22% (2)	78% (7)
2006	32	12	8			100% (8)
2007	16	9	6		_	100% (6)

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	34	29	72% (21)	28% (8)
2007	16	15	87% (13)	13% (2)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	32	14	21% (3)	79% (11)
2007	9	7		100% (7)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	6	9	11% (1)	44% (4)	33% (3)			11% (1)
2004	12	8		100% (8)				
2005	21	16	25% (4)	69% (11)				6% (1)
2006	34	29	17% (5)	72% (21)	10% (3)			
2007	16	15	7% (1)	87% (13)	7% (1)			

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	12	6		100% (6)				
2004	15	11		100% (11)				
2005	21	9	11% (1)	89% (8)				
2006	16	12	8% (1)	92% (11)				
2007	9	7		100% (7)				

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	12	1	8%	17%
2004	15	5	33%	20%
2005	21	5	24%	18%
2006	28	5	18%	24%
2007	3	2	67%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Rio Arriba County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Rio Arriba	8%	0%	5%	50%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Rio Arriba	27	14	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	2	8	0	4	2	9	
2004	0	2	0	4	0	6	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	1	4	0	1	4	16	
2004	0	0	0	1	0	12	
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childı and U		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults 18 and	0
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Roosevelt County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	5	6	11
2004	13	14	27
2005	3	1	4
2006	8	11	19
2007	10	10	20

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Portales Police Department	1	9	NR	6	8
Roosevelt County Sheriff's Office	4	4	3	2	2
County Total	5	13	3	8	10

NR = Portales Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	5	4	3		67% (2)	33% (1)
2004	13	4	4	25% (1)	75% (3)	
2005	3	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)	
2006	8	8	2	50% (1)		50% (1)
2007	10	10	10	20% (2)	40% (4)	40% (4)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	5	4	3			100% (3)
2004	13	4	4		50% (2)	50% (2)
2005	3	3	3		33% (1)	67% (2)
2006	8	2	2			100% (2)
2007	10	10	8		13% (1)	88% (7)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	8	2	100% (2)	
2007	10	10	90% (9)	10% (1)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	8	2		100% (2)
2007	10	10		100% (10)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	4	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2004	4	4	50% (2)	25% (1)				25% (1)
2005	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				
2006	8	2	100% (2)					
2007	10	9	22% (2)	78% (7)				

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	5	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2004	13	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	3	3	33% (1)	67% (2)				
2006	8	2	100% (2)					
2007	10	9	22% (2)	67% (6)			11% (1)	

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	5	NR		17%
2004	13	NR		20%
2005	3	NR		18%
2006	8	NR		24%
2007	2	1	50%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Roosevelt County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Roosevelt	60%	15%	67%	NR	60%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Roosevelt	5	7	12	2	4

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	2	0	0	0	3
2004	0	3	0	3	0	1
2005	0	4	0	4	0	4
2006	0	0	0	0	0	2
2007	1	1	0	1	0	1

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	1	0	0	0	4
2004	0	0	0	2	0	5
2005	0	0	0	0	0	11
2006	0	0	0	0	0	2
2007	0	0	0	0	1	3

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childi and U		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
2007	4	4	1	1	0	1	0	1

San Juan County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	49	61	110
2004	71	44	115
2005	115	120	235
2006	76	71	147
2007	94	95	189

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Aztec Police Department	4	4	4	6	6
Bloomfield Police Department	8	16		9	9
Farmington Police Department	37	51	68	49	62
San Juan County Sheriff's Office			35	7	13
State Police Farmington	0	0	8	5	4
County Total	49	71	115	76	94

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	49	55	55	35% (19)	36% (20)	29% (16)
2004	71	65	20	35% (7)	45% (9)	20% (4)
2005	115	54	54	41% (22)	39% (21)	20% (11)
2006	76	83	83	20% (17)	39% (32)	41% (34)
2007	94	102	99	27% (27)	37% (37)	35% (35)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	49	43	44	9% (4)	23% (10)	68% (30)
2004	71	23	22	18% (4)	14% (3)	68% (15)
2005	115	24	42	2% (1)	31% (13)	67% (28)
2006	76	67	54	7% (4)	15% (8)	78% (42)
2007	94	96	83	5% (4)	19% (16)	76% (63)

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	83	83	92% (76)	8% (7)
2007	102	100	80% (80)	20% (20)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	76	78	3% (2)	97% (76)
2007	06	92	2% (2)	08% (00)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	55	49	57% (28)	16% (8)	27% (13)			
2004	65	20	65% (13)	35% (7)				
2005	54	51	45% (23)	24% (12)	31% (16)			
2006	83	83	43% (36)	20% (17)	35% (29)	1% (1)		
2007	102	89	51% (45)	16% (14)	29% (26)		3% (3)	1% (1)

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	49	43	51% (22)	23% (10)	26% (11)			
2004	71	23	52% (12)	39% (9)	9% (2)			
2005	115	24	57% (25)	20% (9)	23% (10)			
2006	79	67	40% (27)	33% (22)	25% (17)		1% (1)	
2007	96	72	44% (32)	19% (14)	29% (21)		7% (5)	

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	49	5	10%	17%
2004	71	3	4%	20%
2005	115	12	10%	18%
2006	52	13	25%	24%
2007	77	18	23%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in San Juan County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
San Juan	0%	8%	10%	27%	23%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
San Juan	144	181	180	164	112

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	17	58	1	26	3	24
2004	15	70	1	41	3	44
2005	16	72	3	23	3	51
2006	14	47	4	43	2	49
2007	10	32	2	16	1	39

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	10	20	2	11	10	79
2004	9	43	3	27	7	89
2005	15	58	2	20	8	74
2006	11	36	2	36	7	68
2007	10	20	4	14	1	58

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	123	118	7	28	4	36	1	42
2007	79	68	3	21	2	12	0	30

San Miguel County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	34	31	65
2004	31	38	69
2005	20	29	49
2006	36	40	76
2007	19	33	52

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Las Vegas Police Department	25	17	15	24	15
State Police Las Vegas	9	14	5	12	4
County Total	34	31	20	36	19

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	34	29	29	21% (6)	34% (10)	45% (13)
2004	31	31	31	19% (6)	48% (15)	32% (10)
2005	20	21	20	20% (4)	20% (4)	60% (12)
2006	36	36	36	19% (7)	39% (14)	42% (15)
2007	19	20	15	20% (3)	33% (5)	47% (7)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	34	25	20	5% (1)	15% (3)	80% (16)
2004	31	22	22	14% (3)	23% (5)	64% (14)
2005	20	19	18		28% (5)	72% (13)
2006	36	33	29		34% (10)	66% (19)
2007	19	19	13		23% (3)	77% (10)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	36	36	92% (33)	8% (3)
2007	20	15	100% (15)	

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	36	33	6% (2)	94% (31)
2007	19	14	` ,	100% (14)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	29	28	11% (3)	89 (25)				
2004	31	26	19% (5)	81% (21)				
2005	21	19	5% (1)	95% (18)				
2006	36	35	3% (1)	91% (32)		3% (1)		3% (1)
2007	20	15	7% (1)	93% (14)				

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	34	25	4% (1)	96% (24)				
2004	31	22	5% (1)	95% (21)				
2005	20	19		100% (19)				
2006	34	33	3% (1)	82% (27)			6% (2)	9% (3)
2007	19	12		92% (11)	8% (1)			

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	34	2	6%	17%
2004	31	4	13%	20%
2005	20	2	10%	18%
2006	16	3	19%	24%
2007	11	5	45%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in San Miguel County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
San Miguel	9%	19%	30%	19%	33%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
San Miguel	63	54	75	33	32

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	4	25	1	11	2	14
2004	4	20	0	9	1	5
2005	11	17	3	17	0	20
2006	2	6	2	12	2	5
2007	2	10	0	5	0	11

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	1	7	1	5	7	41
2004	1	5	2	12	4	30
2005	5	7	3	10	6	44
2006	2	0	2	11	2	15
2007	1	6	1	4	0	18

	Number of CSP Number Age		Childi and U		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male Female		Male	Female
2006	20	18	0	4	2	6	2	4
2007	13	11	1	0	0	4	0	6

Sandoval County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	54	33	87
2004	11	8	19
2005	31	32	63
2006	32	59	91
2007	25	45	70

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Bernalillo Police Department	3	2	2	9	7
Corrales Police Department	2	2	0	3	2
Cuba Police Department	0	0	0	0	0
Rio Rancho Department of Public Safety	40	2	18	16	11
Sandoval County Sheriff's Office	9	5	11	4	5
County Total	54	11	31	32	25

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	54	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	11	11	11	27% (3)	55% (6)	18% (2)
2005	31	10	10	20% (2)	60% (6)	20% (2)
2006	32	32	4	50% (2)	25% (1)	25% (1)
2007	25	25	19	26% (5)	37% (7)	37% (7)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	54	NR	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	11	9	9			100% (9)
2005	31	9	6		17% (1)	83% (5)
2006	32	4	3			100% (3)
2007	25	28	16		25% (4)	75% (12)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	32	4	75% (3)	25% (1)
2007	25	19	100% (19)	

	Total CSP	Total CSP Offenders Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Offenders	Documented	Offenders	Offenders
2006	32	5	20% (1)	80% (4)
2007	28	23		100% (23)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	54	NR						
2004	11	11	36% (4)	36% (4)	27% (3)			
2005	31	10	90% (9)	10% (1)				
2006	32	4	25% (1)	75% (3)				
2007	25	20	75% (15)	15% (3)	10% (2)			

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	54	NR						
2004	11	9	22% (2)	33% (3)	44% (4)			
2005	31	9	89% (8)	11% (1)				
2006	33	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2007	28	16	50% (8)	38% (6)	6% (1)		6% (1)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	54	1	2%	17%
2004	11	3	27%	20%
2005	31	NR		18%
2006	1	1	100%	24%
2007	3	3	100%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Sandoval County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sandoval	0%	3%	7%	100%	12%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sandoval	19	7	5	20	31

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	2	4	0	4	1	8
2004	2	1	0	2	0	0
2005	0	1	0	2	0	2
2006	1	6	2	4	2	5
2007	3	12	0	7	1	7

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	0	0	3	15
2004	1	0	0	1	1	3
2005	0	0	0	1	0	4
2006	0	1	1	2	3	12
2007	0	3	0	1	4	22

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childi and U	ren 12 Jnder	Teens Ages 13-17			s Ages Older
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	19	19	1	6	2	3	1	6
2007	23	22	3	7	0	5	1	6

Santa Fe County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	92	115	207
2004	84	136	220
2005	105	129	234
2006	92	99	181
2007	65	83	148

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Pojoaque Tribal Police Department	0	0	0	0	0
Santa Fe County Sheriff's Department	26	16	37	27	23
Santa Fe Police Department	56	46	52	37	31
State Police Santa Fe	10	22	16	18	11
County Total	92	84	105	82	65

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	92	66	66	32% (21)	36% (24)	32% (21)
2004	84	86	84	23% (19)	43% (36)	34% (29)
2005	105	109	106	28% (30)	33% (35)	39% (41)
2006	82	84	81	22% (18)	28% (23)	49% (40)
2007	65	68	66	38% (25)	12% (8)	50% (33)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	92	50	53	11% (6)	15% (8)	74% (39)
2004	84	63	53		28% (15)	72% (38)
2005	105	83	67	4% (3)	15% (10)	81% (54)
2006	82	69	69	1% (1)	20% (14)	78% (54)
2007	65	66	43		2% (1)	98% (42)

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	84	82	87% (71)	13% (11)
2007	68	68	79% (54)	21% (14)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	82	83	4% (3)	96% (80)
2007	66	62	5% (3)	95% (59)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	92	66	39% (26)	56% (37)	5% (3)			
2004	84	73	21% (15)	74% (54)	4% (3)		1% (1)	
2005	105	104	15% (16)	70% (73)	3% (3)			12% (12)
2006	84	77	38% (29)	61% (47)			1% (1)	
2007	68	65	31% (20)	66% (43)		2% (1)	2% (1)	

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	92	50	34% (17)	66% (33)				
2004	84	63	13% (8)	78% (49)	6% (4)		3% (2)	
2005	105	83	10% (8)	81% (67)				10% (8)
2006	86	69	29% (20)	67% (46)	3% (2)		1% (1)	-
2007	66	54	26% (14)	67% (36)	2% (1)	2% (1)	2% (1)	2% (1)

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	92	13	14%	17%
2004	84	12	14%	20%
2005	105	10	10%	18%
2006	51	10	20%	24%
2007	38	8	21%	27%

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Santa Fe County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Santa Fe	8%	7%	10%	26%	23%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Santa Fe	76	99	125	116	149

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Ages 13-17 Adults Ages 1		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	6	31	0	12	2	21
2004	9	40	2	21	0	22
2005	19	38	5	20	2	41
2006	17	27	1	19	3	46
2007	15	38	1	31	2	47

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	5	13	1	13	2	39
2004	6	29	0	13	5	44
2005	9	24	5	16	12	59
2006	12	15	1	16	8	64
2007	10	12	2	10	7	108

	Number of CSP Number Age		Childi and U		Teens A	Ages 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	79	77	5	19	2	14	0	37
2007	85	77	6	14		24	1	32

Sierra County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	5	5	10
2004	5	5	10
2005	1	0	1
2006	6	5	11
2007	6	2	8

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sierra County Sheriff's Office			1	4	4
Truth or Consequences Police Department	5	5		2	2
County Total	5	5	1	6	6

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	5	NR	0			
2004	5	NR	0			
2005	1	1	1			100% (1)
2006	6	7	4	75% (3)	25% (1)	
2007	6	6	2	100% (2)		

NR = Total CSP Victims Not Reported

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	5	NR	0			
2004	5	NR	0			
2005	1	NR	1			100% (1)
2006	6	3	3			100% (3)
2007	6	6	1		100% (1)	

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	7	4	50% (2)	50% (2)
2007	6	2		100% (2)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	6	3		100% (3)
2007	6	2		100% (2)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	5	NR						
2004	5	NR						
2005	1	1		100% (1)				
2006	7	4	75% (3)	25% (1)				
2007	6	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity /Race
2003	5	NR						
2004	5	NR						
2005	1	NR						
2006	6	3	100% (3)					
2007	6	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	5	NR		17%
2004	5	NR		20%
2005	1	NR		18%
2006	6	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Sierra County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sierra	NR	NR	NR	50%	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sierra	58	34	13	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	7	26	2	5	0	15	
2004	2	10	2	3	2	13	
2005	0	2	1	3	0	7	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	1	1	0	2	7	43	
2004	1	4	1	5	4	17	
2005	1	1	0	2	1	8	
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childi and U	-	Teens A	Ages 13-17		s Ages Older
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Socorro County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	2	3	5
2004	4	2	6
2005	13	32	45
2006	7	17	24
2007	5	7	12

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Socorro County Sheriff's Department	NR	NR	2	0	3
Socorro Police Department	2	4	9	5	0
State Police Socorro	0	0	2	2	2
County Total	2	4	13	7	5

NR = Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	2	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)	
2004	4	4	4	25% (1)	25% (1)	50% (2)
2005	13	2	1		100% (1)	
2006	7	8	3	33% (1)		67% (2)
2007	5	5	2			100% (2)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	2	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2004	4	3	3		33% (1)	67% (2)
2005	13	NR	1			100% (1)
2006	7	1	0			
2007	5	6	0			

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	8	3	33% (1)	67% (2)
2007	5	2	50% (1)	50% (1)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	7	1		100% (1)
2007	6	3		100% (3)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	2	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				
2004	4	4	50% (2)	50% (2)				
2005	13	NR	100% (1)					
2006	8	2	100% (2)					
2007	5	2	50% (1)	50% (1)				

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	2	2		100% (2)				
2004	4	3		100% (3)				
2005	13	NR					-	
2006	7	1		100% (1)			-	
2007	6	1	100% (1)					

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	2	NR		17%
2004	4	1	25%	20%
2005	13	NR		18%
2006	7	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Socorro County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Socorro	50%	25%	NR	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Socorro	27	23	23	6	1

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	2	16	0	4	0	4
2004	3	10	0	7	0	3
2005	2	9	0	4	0	5
2006	0	1	0	2	0	3
2007	0	1	0	0	0	0

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	2	1	0	2	0	22	
2004	0	3	0	2	3	15	
2005	0	0	2	2	1	18	
2006	0	1	0	0	0	5	
2007	0	0	0	1	0	0	

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Childı and U		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	6	6	0	1	0	2	0	3
2007	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

^{*}No Services Reported

Taos County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	19	29	48
2004	11	21	32
2005	9	20	29
2006	18	37	55
2007	18	30	48

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Questa Police Department		1	0	0	0
Red River Marshal's Office			1	3	1
State Police Taos	12	4	6	10	11
Taos Police Department	4	5	2	4	6
Taos Pueblo Police Department	3	1	0	1	0
County Total	19	11	9	18	18

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	19	13	13	46% (6)	15% (2)	38% (5)
2004	11	6	6	33% (2)	50% (3)	17% (1)
2005	9	8	7	28.5% (2)	28.5% (2)	43% (3)
2006	18	17	7	14% (1)	14% (1)	71% (5)
2007	18	18	17	12% (2)	71% (12)	18% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	19	8	8			100% (8)
2004	11	4	6	33% (2)		67% (4)
2005	9	5	5	20% (1)		80% (4)
2006	18	6	7	14% (1)	14% (1)	71% (5)
2007	18	13	13		15% (2)	85% (11)

		Total CSP Victims Gender	Percent Female	Percent Male
	Total CSP Victims	Identified	Victims	Victims
2006	18	10	90% (9)	10% (1)
2007	18	17	88% (15)	12% (2)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	18	8		100% (8)
2007	13	13	8% (1)	92% (12)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	19	10	50% (5)	50% (5)				
2004	11	6	17% (1)	67% (4)	17% (1)			
2005	9	6	50% (3)	50% (3)				
2006	18	9		89% (8)	11% (1)			
2007	18	16	38% (6)	50% (8)	13% (2)			

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	19	8	25% (2)	75% (6)				
2004	11	4		75% (3)	25% (1)			
2005	9	5	-	80% (4)	20% (1)			
2006	15	6	-	83% (5)	17% (1)			
2007	13	11	18% (2)	73% (8)	9% (1)			

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	19	3	16%	17%
2004	11	NR		20%
2005	9	2	22%	18%
2006	10	4	40%	24%
2007	10	5	50%	27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Taos County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Taos	0%	NR	NR	33%	50%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Taos	75	94	86	77	37

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	9	20	1	9	3	20
2004	2	24	2	24	1	37
2005	4	25	0	18	0	35
2006	5	17	2	23	2	27
2007	1	12	0	11	1	11

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	1	3	13	56
2004	0	4	0	9	6	73
2005	0	4	0	6	5	70
2006	5	6	2	13	2	48
2007	0	2	0	7	2	25

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older			
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	71	69	3	15	2	23	2	24
2007	26	26	1	6	0	8	1	10

^{*}No Services Reported

Torrance County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	3	2	5
2004	6	2	8
2005	9	17	26
2006	7	21	28
2007	12	14	26

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Estancia Police Department	NR	NR	0	0	0
Moriarty Police Department	2	6	4	3	2
State Police Moriarty	1	0	3	2	3
Torrance County Sheriff's Department	NR	NR	2	2	7
County Total	3	6	9	7	12

NR = Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	3	3	3			100% (3)
2004	6	2	2	100% (2)		
2005	9	10	10	40% (4)	30% (3)	30% (3)
2006	7	7	5	40% (2)	40% (2)	20% (1)
2007	12	14	14	43% (6)	36% (5)	21% (3)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	3	3	3			100% (3)
2004	6	2	2		50% (1)	50% (1)
2005	9	9	8		25% (2)	75% (6)
2006	7	5	5			100% (5)
2007	12	13	7		29% (2)	71% (5)

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	7	5	60% (3)	40% (2)
2007	14	14	86% (12)	14% (2)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	7	5		100% (5)
2007	13	11	9% (1)	91% (10)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	3	3	100% (3)					
2004	6	2	100% (2)					
2005	9	8	62.5% (5)	25% (2)	12.5% (1)			
2006	7	5	80% (4)	20% (1)				
2007	14	13	77% (10)	23% (3)				

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

			Percent			Percent		Percent
		Total	White		Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	(non-	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Hispanic)	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Offenders	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2003	3	3	67% (2)	33% (1)				
2004	6	2	100% (2)					
2005	9	9	56% (5)	33% (3)		11% (1)		
2006	7	5	20% (1)	80% (4)				
2007	13	11	73% (8)	27% (3)				

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	3	NR		17%
2004	6	NR		20%
2005	9	1	11%	18%
2006	7	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Torrance County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Torrance	0%	NR	11%	NR	50%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Torrance	4	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	0	0	0	0	2
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	ges 13-17	and Older	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	0	1	0	0	0	2
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP Number Age		Childi and U				Adult 18 and	s Ages Older
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Union County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	0	0	0
2004	3	0	3
2005	4	4	8
2006	NR	NR	NR
2007	2	0	2

NR = Law Enforcement Did Not Report

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Clayton Police Department	0	3	4	NR	2
County Total	0	3	4		2

NR = Clayton Police Department Did Not Report

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	3	NR	0			
2005	4	NR	0			
2006	NR	NR	NR			
2007	2	2	0			

NR = Law Enforcement Did Not Report

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	0	0	0			
2004	3	NR	0			
2005	4	NR	0			
2006	NR	NR	NR			
2007	2	2	0			

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

E. CSP Victim Gender as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	NR	NR		
2007	NR	NR		

NR = Victim Gender Not Reported

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	NR	NR		
2007	2	0	_	

NR = Offender Gender Not Reported

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	0	0						
2004	3	NR						
2005	4	NR						
2006	NR	NR						
2007	2	0						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

			Percent			Percent		Percent
		Total	White		Percent	Asian/		Offenders
	Total	Ethnicity/	(non-	Percent	Native	Pacific	Percent	Other
	CSP	Race	Hispanic)	Hispanic	American	Islander	Black	Ethnicity/
	Offenders	Documented	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Offenders	Race
2003	0	0						
2004	3	NR						
2005	4	NR						
2006	NR	NR						
2007	2	NR						

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico
2003	0			17%
2004	3	NR		20%
2005	4	NR		18%
2006	NR	NR		24%
2007	NR	NR		27%

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Union County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Union	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

NR = Suspect Arrest Not Reported

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Union	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18	and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12 and Under		Teens A	Teens Ages 13-17		and Older
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2003	*	*	*	*	*	*
2004	*	*	*	*	*	*
2005	*	*	*	*	*	*
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

	Number of CSP	Number Age	Children 12 and Under		Teens Ages 13-17		Adults Ages 18 and Older	
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2007	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*}No Services Reported

Valencia County Sex Crimes Trends, 2003-2007

A. Number of Sex Crimes Reported to Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Crimes	Total Non-Penetration Sex	Total Sex Crimes
	Reported to LE	Crimes Reported to LE	Reported to LE
2003	23	26	49
2004	33	52	85
2005	32	51	83
2006	23	29	52
2007	18	46	64

B. Number of CSP Incidents Reported by Law Enforcement Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Belen Police Department	5	5	5	4	3
Bosque Farms Police Department	3	1	2	0	0
Los Lunas Police Department	5	7	5	8	2
Valencia County Sheriff's Department	10	20	20	11	13
County Total	23	33	32	23	18

C. Age of CSP Victims as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Reports With Victim Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Victims (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Victims (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Victims (19 and Over)
2003	23	20	15	27% (4)	40% (6)	33% (5)
2004	33	13	13	54% (7)	23% (3)	23% (3)
2005	32	37	36	42% (15)	36% (13)	22% (8)
2006	23	25	22	45% (10)	27% (6)	27% (6)
2007	18	20	20	35% (7)	40% (8)	25% (5)

D. Age of CSP Offenders as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Law Enforcement Reports	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Reports With Offender Age Documented	Percent Children CSP Offenders (12 and Under)	Percent Teen CSP Offenders (Age 13-18)	Percent Adult CSP Offenders (19 and Over)
2003	23	16	13		15% (2)	85% (11)
2004	33	9	11		9% (1)	91% (10)
2005	32	31	32		12.5% (4)	87.5% (28)
2006	23	25	24	4% (1)	21% (5)	75% (18)
2007	18	18	16	13% (2)	44% (7)	44% (7)

NR = Age of CSP Offender Not Reported

	Total CSP Victims	Total CSP Victims Gender Identified	Percent Female Victims	Percent Male Victims
2006	25	24	96% (23)	4% (1)
2007	20	17	82% (14)	18% (3)

	Total CSP Offenders	Total CSP Offenders Gender Documented	Percent Female Offenders	Percent Male Offenders
2006	23	29	3% (1)	97% (28)
2007	18	12	8% (1)	92% (11)

G. CSP Victim Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Victims	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Victims	Percent Hispanic Victims	Percent Native American Victims	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Victims	Percent Black Victims	Percent Victims Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	23	16	62.5% (10)	37.5% (6)				
2004	33	11	64% (7)	36% (4)				
2005	32	29	62% (18)	38% (11)				
2006	25	24	58% (14)	42% (10)	-			
2007	20	15	33% (5)	60% (9)			7% (1)	

NR = Ethnicity/Race Not Reported

H. CSP Offender Ethnicity/Race as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Offenders	Total Ethnicity/ Race Documented	Percent White (non- Hispanic) Offenders	Percent Hispanic Offenders	Percent Native American Offenders	Percent Asian/ Pacific Islander Offenders	Percent Black Offenders	Percent Offenders Other Ethnicity/ Race
2003	23	16	56% (9)	44% (7)				
2004	33	9	56% (5)	33% (3)				11% (1)
2005	32	31	29% (9)	68% (21)			3% (1)	
2006	29	25	44% (11)	48% (12)		4% (1)	4% (4)	
2007	18	13	23% (3)	69% (9)			8% (1)	

I. CSP Victim Injury as Reported by Law Enforcement

	Total CSP Reports Documenting Victim Injury	Total CSP Reports With Victims Injured	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury	Percent CSP Cases Involving Victim Injury in New Mexico	
2003	23	1	4%	17%	
2004	33	NR		20%	
2005	32	1	3%	18%	
2006	29	NR		24%	
2007	1	1	100%	27%	

NR = Victim Injury Not Reported

J. Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in Valencia County Compared to Percent CSP Incidents with a Suspect Arrest in New Mexico

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Valencia	13%	3%	28%	25%	33%
NM	17%	20%	18%	18%	16%

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Valencia	83	26	4	9	1

L. Gender and Age at Time of Incident Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens A	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	9	33	2	7	2	11	
2004	3	16	0	4	0	2	
2005	0	2	0	1	0	0	
2006	0	2	0	3	0	4	
2007	0	0	0	1	0	0	

M. Gender and Age at Time of Therapy Among Those Seeking Services for Sexual Assault

	Children 12	and Under	Teens Ag	ges 13-17	Adults Ages 18 and Older		
	Male Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	
2003	0	5	2	8	11	50	
2004	1	1	0	1	2	21	
2005	0	0	0	0	0	3	
2006	0	1	0	0	0	8	
2007	0	0	0	1	0	0	

	Number of CSP Number Age		Childı and U				Adults 18 and	s Ages Older
	Survivors Served	and Gender Documented	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
2006	8	8	0	2	0	2	0	4
2007	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0