BERNALILLO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

2003 NEW MEXICO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION OFFICE OF NEW MEXICO VITAL RECORDS AND HEALTH STATISTICS

Welcome to the fifth update of the New Mexico County Health Profiles. This publication is dedicated to users of county-level data as well as to those who contributed data, suggestions, interpretations, and comments. Thanks to so many of you, there are many improvements in this year's version. Some of you work in the Department of Health, but a great many of you work in other agencies and it is gratifying to be able to have collaborated with you.

As in prior versions, the latest data available from each source is used. Questions about the data, their collection, limitations, or interpretation should be directed to the appropriate data source. To aid in this, a source is listed at the bottom of each table throughout the profile.

The compilation of the Profiles is possible because of assistance and contributions from many agencies and data providers: NM Department of Health, District Health Offices, Diabetes Prevention and Control Program, Family Food and Nutrition Services, Family Health Bureau, Infectious Disease Bureau, Injury Prevention and EMS Bureau, Long Term Services Division, Family Infant Toddler Program, Behavioral Health, and Office of Epidemiology; NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services; NM Commission on Higher Education; NM Department of Education; NM Department of Labor; NM Health Policy Commission; NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau; NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division, Medical Assistance Division; University of New Mexico's Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) and New Mexico Tumor Registry; Center for Disease Control's National Center for Health Statistics; US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis; and US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Without outstanding assistance from the entire staff at the Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics, these profiles would not have been produced and we especially wish to thank: Mary M. Gonzales, John Hedrick, Brad Whorton, Brian Woods, Radha S. Biswas, Tony Ortiz, Renee Valencia, Michael Patterson, Veronica Tapia, Pete Varela, Rebecca Rodriguez, and Melinda Roybal.

Your comments are welcome. You may call 827-0167 to provide comments or suggestions for future reports.

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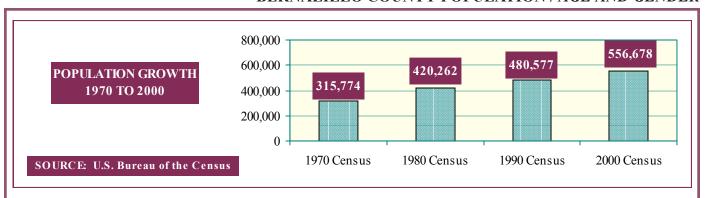
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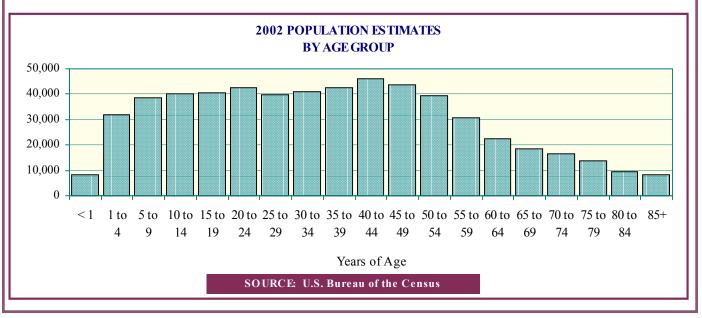
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BERNALILLO COUNTY POPULATION / AGE AND GENDER



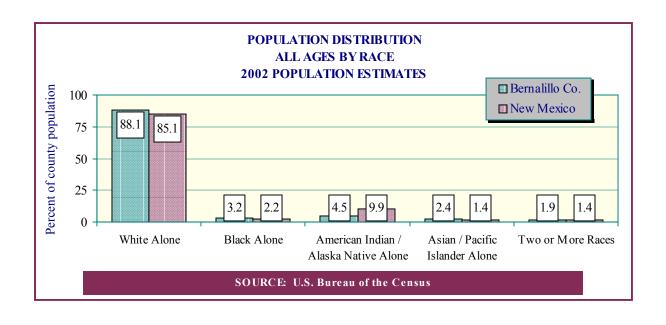
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND GENDER													
Age Groups	Ber	nalillo Cou	nty	New Mexico										
Age Groups	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both								
Less than 1 yr	4,313	4,051	8,364	13,746	13,361	27,107								
1 to 4 years	16,254	15,612	31,866	53,236	51,780	105,016								
5 to 9 years	19,430	19,075	38,505	67,768	65,647	133,415								
10 to 14 years	20,460	19,708	40,168	74,247	71,746	145,993								
15 to 19 years	20,549	19,842	40,391	76,356	72,288	148,644								
20 to 24 years	21,290	21,243	42,533	67,182	64,847	132,029								
25 to 29 years	19,928	19,681	39,609	56,796	56,273	113,069								
30 to 34 years	20,699	20,327	41,026	59,596	59,961	119,557								
35 to 39 years	21,323	21,052	42,375	64,222	65,623	129,845								
40 to 44 years	22,716	23,274	45,990	70,951	73,496	144,447								
45 to 49 years	20,997	22,566	43,563	66,325	70,011	136,336								
50 to 54 years	19,068	20,268	39,336	60,317	63,383	123,700								
55 to 59 years	14,715	15,901	30,616	47,075	50,411	97,486								
60 to 64 years	10,698	11,925	22,623	36,530	40,431	76,961								
65 to 69 years	8,406	9,918	18,324	30,979	34,231	65,210								
70 to 74 years	7,504	8,997	16,501	26,175	29,427	55,602								
75 to 79 years	5,568	8,291	13,859	19,298	25,786	45,084								
80 to 84 years	3,915	5,715	9,630	12,434	17,304	29,738								
85 and over	2,820	5,576	8,396	8,926	16,894	25,820								
All Ages	280,653	293,022	573,675	912,159	942,900	1,855,059								
	Sour	ce: U.S. Bu	reau of the	Census										



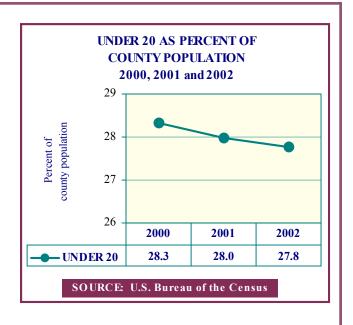
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY													
Age Groups	White	ONE I Black	RACE American Indian / Alaska Native	Asian / Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Total Population	Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity Any Race ^{/1}							
Under 5 years	34,225	1,495	2,225	873	1,412	40,230	21,954							
5 to 9 years	32,455	1,681	2,143	918	1,308	38,505	20,693							
10 to 14 years	34,234	1,635	2,233	911	1,155	40,168	20,608							
15 to 19 years	34,741	1,520	2,167	944	1,019	40,391	20,274							
20 to 24 years	36,092	1,598	2,807	1,093	943	42,533	21,419							
25 to 29 years	33,606	1,389	2,594	1,286	734	39,609	19,759							
30 to 34 years	35,446	1,372	2,238	1,301	669	41,026	18,756							
35 to 39 years	37,055	1,435	2,044	1,210	631	42,375	19,198							
40 to 44 years	40,905	1,434	1,883	1,135	633	45,990	18,406							
45 to 49 years	39,109	1,306	1,557	1,028	563	43,563	15,590							
50 to 54 years	35,720	1,023	1,245	878	470	39,336	13,420							
55 to 59 years	28,082	664	883	633	354	30,616	9,732							
60 to 64 years	20,841	501	611	415	255	22,623	7,571							
65 to 69 years	16,977	440	365	343	199	18,324	5,930							
70 to 74 years	15,430	360	284	265	162	16,501	5,133							
75 to 79 years	13,188	223	182	146	120	13,859	3,886							
80 to 84 years	9,242	121	109	79	79	9,630	2,402							
85 and over	8,027	127	121	55	66	8,396	2,038							
All Ages	505,375	18,324	25,691	13,513	10,772	573,675	246,769							

[/]¹ Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Adding the Hispanic or Latino population to the racial categories will result in double counting.

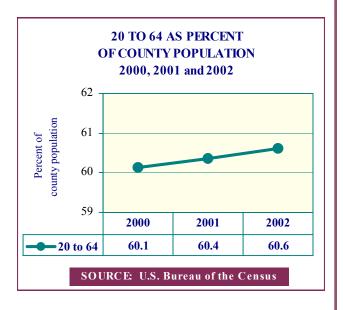
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census



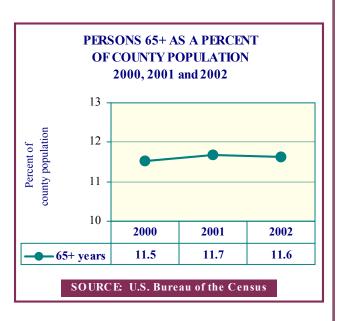
2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
Under 5 years	38,566	39,043	40,230								
5 to 9 years	39,016	38,578	38,505								
10 to 14 years	39,426	39,776	40,168								
15 to 19 years	40,728	40,001	40,391								
Under 20 years	157,736	157,398	159,294								
County Population 556,678 562,760 573,675											
Source: U	.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S								

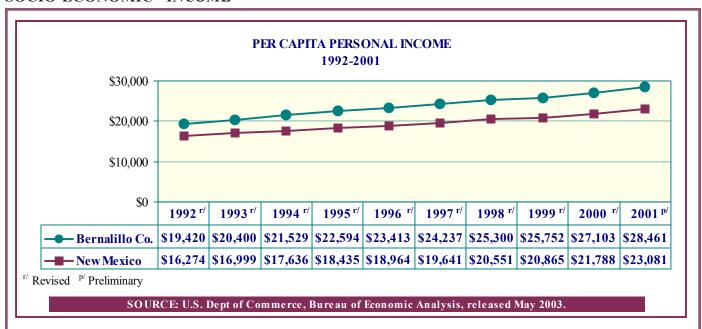


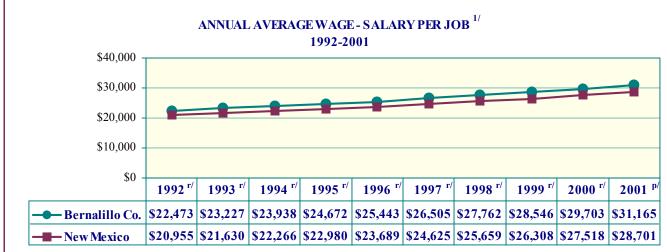
20 TO 64 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002								
20 to 24 years	40,828	41,856	42,533								
25 to 29 years	39,808	39,201	39,609								
30 to 34 years	39,615	39,974	41,026								
35 to 39 years	44,916	43,214	42,375								
40 to 44 years	44,699	45,329	45,990								
45 to 49 years	41,722	42,449	43,563								
50 to 54 years	36,452	38,240	39,336								
55 to 59 years	26,311	28,112	30,616								
60 to 64 years	20,435	21,322	22,623								
20 to 64 years	334,786	339,697	347,671								
County Population	556,678	562,760	573,675								
	,	of the Censu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								



65 AND OLDER POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002												
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002												
65 to 69 years	17,853	18,094	18,324									
70 to 74 years	16,051	16,288	16,501									
75 to 79 years	13,831	13,970	13,859									
80 to 84 years	8,977	9,336	9,630									
85 and over	7,444	7,977	8,396									
65 years and older	64,156	65,665	66,710									
County Population 556,678 562,760 573,675												
Source: U	J.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S									

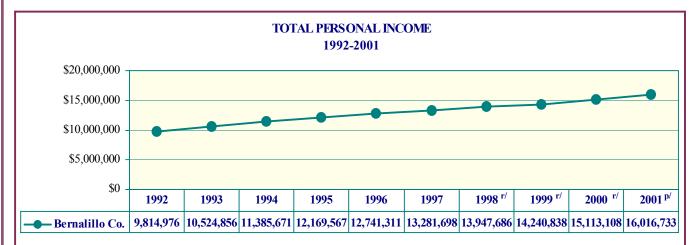






r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released December 2002.



r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

See glossary for definition of Total Personal Income

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released May 2003.

^{1/} The employment estimates used to compute the average wage are a job, not person, count.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC - UNEMPLOYMENT / TANF / FOOD STAMPS / MEDICAID / POVERTY



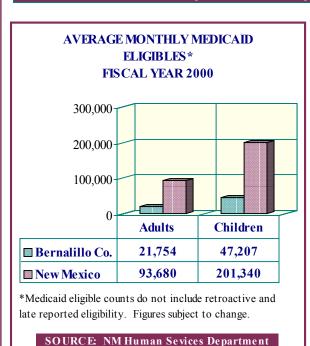
AVERAGE MONTHLY TANF AND FOOD STAMPS CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 (7/02 - 6/03)

Sumlament	Bernal	illo Co.	New Mexico			
Supplement	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*		
TANF	5,449	0.9	16,382	0.9		
Food Stamps	19,912	3.5	72,411	3.9		

^{*}Percent of county's estimated 2002 population.

NOTE: Starting July 1, 1999, changes were made in the methodology for counting TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) caseloads. Caution should be used when comparing data to previous fiscal years.

SOURCE: NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division.



Income Support Division

AVERAGE MONTHLY PERCENT TANF AND FOOD STAMP CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 Bernalillo Co. New Mexico 1 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 TANF Food Stamps TANF = Temporary Assistance for Needy Families SOURCE: NM Human Services Department

Income Support Division.

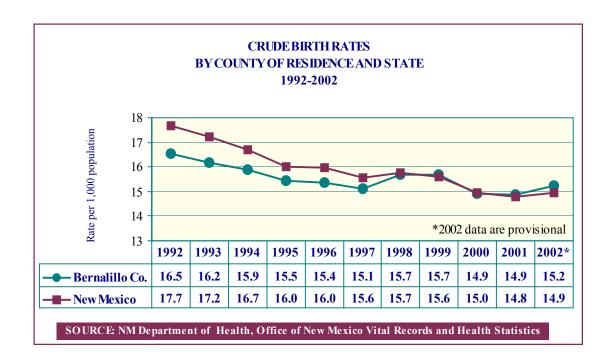
ESTIMATED NUMBER AND PERCENT OF PEOPLE IN POVERTY 1999

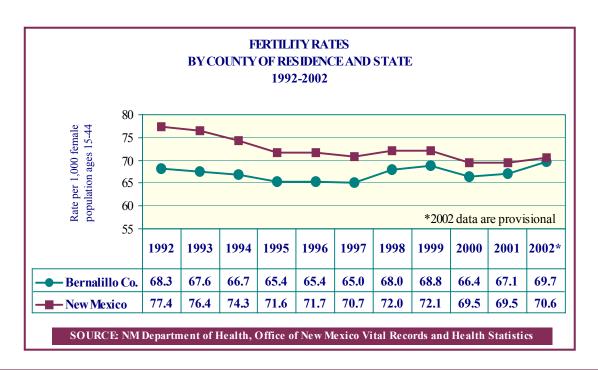
Ago	Bernal	illo Co.	New Mexico		
Age	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*	
All Ages in Poverty	75,871	13.8	326,223	18.2	
Children age < 18 years	29,138	20.9	133,194	26.4	
Related children ages 5-17 years	18,478	18.6	92,333	25.0	

See glossary for definition of poverty. *Percent of Specified Age Group.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, "Estimates Model 1999."

	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE AND STATE 1992-2002														
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
Bernalillo Co.	8,236	8,186	8,187	8,070	8,066	7,932	8,219	8,210	8,297	8,357	8,741				
New Mexico	27,910	27,831	27,585	26,914	27,216	26,844	27,294	27,133	27,206	27,101	27,708				
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional														
SOUR	CE: NM I	De partme	nt of Hea	ılth, Offi	ce of Nev	v Me xico	Vital Rec	cords and	Health S	Statistics					





	BERNALILLO COUNTY RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	1,152	1,216	1,209	1,183	1,136	1,194	1,264	1,234	1,183	1,159	1,187			
20-24	2,254	2,230	2,134	2,073	2,087	1,992	2,121	2,216	2,226	2,367	2,419			
25-29	2,261	2,170	2,078	2,036	2,080	2,070	2,137	2,060	2,136	2,179	2,305			
30-34	1,712	1,748	1,834	1,834	1,706	1,651	1,599	1,605	1,645	1,597	1,731			
35-39	689	684	756	777	854	814	883	884	871	819	852			
40-44	131	109	140	127	167	162	164	152	187	180	190			
*2002 data	a are provis	ional					<u> </u>		<u> </u>					

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	BERNALILLO COUNTY RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	68.9	70.9	67.9	64.1	60.0	62.4	65.3	63.9	58.6	58.6	59.8			
20-24	120.5	116.9	109.2	104.5	105.1	100.6	107.1	111.5	109.3	113.4	113.9			
25-29	114.3	115.7	114.8	115.1	118.4	118.9	122.9	119.2	108.1	111.5	117.1			
30-34	74.3	76.6	80.9	83.3	81.2	83.7	86.2	91.1	84.6	81.2	85.2			
35-39	31.0	30.4	32.9	33.3	36.3	35.0	38.6	39.6	38.7	38.0	40.5			
40-44	6.5	5.2	6.5	5.7	7.4	7.1	7.2	7.3	8.2	7.8	8.2			
*2002 data	a are provis	ional	**Rate pe	r 1,000 wor	nen in spec	cified group)							

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE															
15-19	-19 79.8 80.7 77.2 74.3 70.8 68.0 69.1 67.2 65.5 63.1 62.3														
20-24															
25-29	129.0	131.7	129.7	125.5	131.8	129.8	132.1	128.0	117.0	119.3	123.3				
30-34	75.8	74.7	76.5	77.2	76.6	79.1	79.6	82.7	77.2	77.2	79.1				
35-39	31.3	30.8	31.3	31.3	32.5	31.5	33.8	34.1	33.3	33.5	35.0				
40-44	40-44 6.9 5.9 7.0 6.6 7.4 7.0 6.8 7.1 7.6 7.5 7.1														
*2002 data	a are provis	ional	**Rate pe	r 1 000 wor	nen in spec	cified group)								

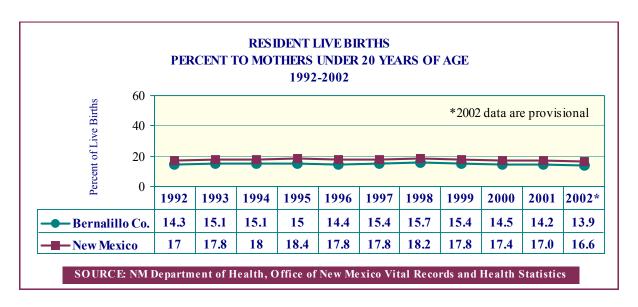
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	UNITED STATES BIRTH RATES* BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE															
15-19															
20-24	114.6	112.6	111.1	109.8	110.4	110.4	111.2	111.0	109.7	106.2	103.6				
25-29	117.4	115.5	113.9	112.2	113.1	113.8	115.9	117.8	113.5	113.4	113.6				
30-34	80.2	80.8	81.5	82.5	83.9	85.3	87.4	89.6	91.2	91.9	91.5				
35-39	32.5	32.9	33.7	34.3	35.3	36.1	37.4	38.3	39.7	40.6	41.4				
40-44	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4	8.0	8.1	8.3				

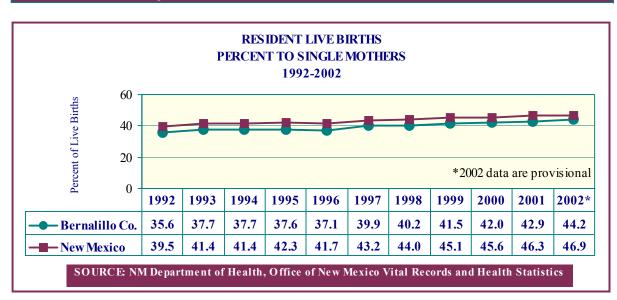
* Rate per 1,000 women in specified group.

SOURCE: CDC's, National Center for Health Statistics: NVSR Volume 52, Number 10.

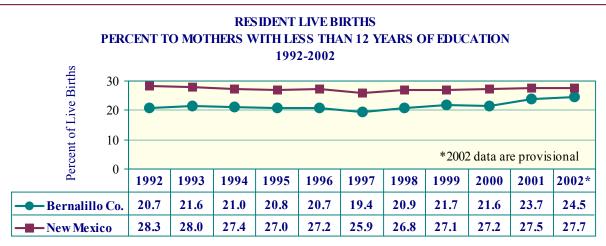
	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE 1992-2002													
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*														
Bernalillo Co.	1,181	1,239	1,238	1,209	1,160	1,225	1,293	1,262	1,207	1,185	1,215			
New Mexico														
*2002 data are provisional														
sou	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO SINGLE MOTHERS 1992-2002														
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
Bernalillo Co.	2,934	3,087	3,087	3,034	2,992	3,161	3,305	3,404	3,484	3,587	3,863			
New Mexico														
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional													
sot	JRCE: NM	Departm	ent of He	alth, Offi	ice of Nev	Mexico '	Vital Rec	ords and l	Health St	atistics				

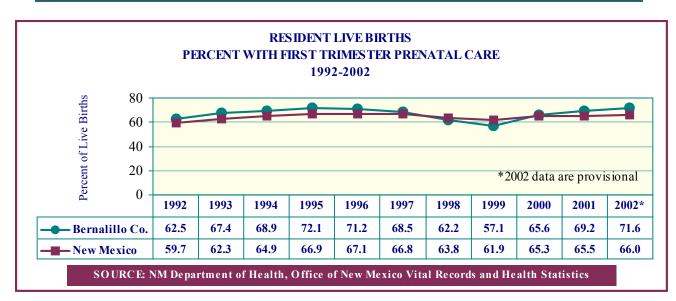


	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION 1992-2002													
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 ⁻													
Bernalillo Co.	1,704	1,768	1,723	1,679	1,673	1,536	1,717	1,784	1,793	1,982	2,139			
New Mexico														
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional NOTE: Births to mothers of all ages. Some mothers are still in school.													
S	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



NOTE: Births to mothers of all ages. Some mothers are still in school.

	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS WITH FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
Bernalillo Co.	5,144	5,514	5,644	5,817	5,741	5,431	5,110	4,686	5,444	5,783	6,259			
New Mexico														
*2002 data are provisional														
sot	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													

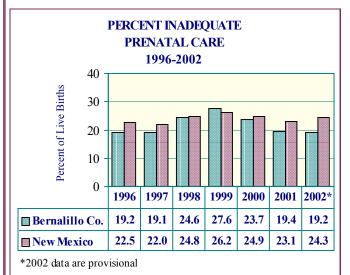


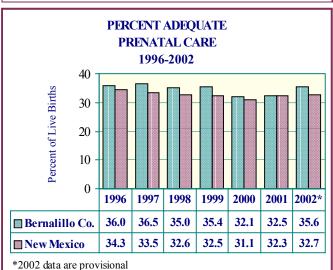
KESSNER INDEX VERSUS KOTELCHUCK INDEX

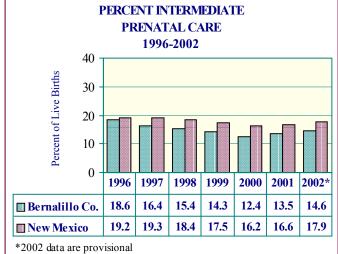
Both the Kessner Index and the Kotelchuck Index utilize the month of pregnancy in which prenatal care began and the number of prenatal visits. The Kessner Index relies very heavily on the timing of the initiation of prenatal care. For example, inadequate prenatal care is defined as no prenatal care or care beginning in the third trimester. The Kessner Index has been modified by most states to allow for insufficient visits even when care was initiated early. The exact combination varies from state to state so that there is no standard modified Kessner.

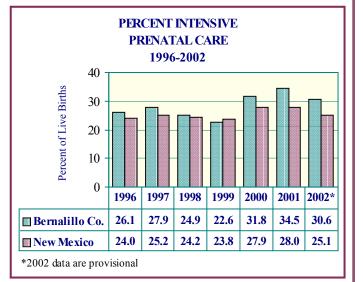
The Kotelchuck Index is more sophisticated and uses two dimensions, the timing of the initiation of care and the adequacy of services received (ratio of observed visits to expected visits), which are combined into a single summary index.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION (Kotelchuck Index) 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002* Inadequate Bernalillo Co. 1,792 1,938 1,810 1,450 1,375 1.485 1.566 6,333 New Mexico 5.811 5,541 6.284 6.499 5.854 6.321 Intermediate 943 Bernalillo Co. 1,408 1.181 1,124 1,008 1.192 1.034 New Mexico 4.943 4,845 4,660 4,331 4,122 4.187 4,663 Adequate Bernalillo Co. 2,722 2.622 2,550 2,492 2,445 2,489 2 900 New Mexico 8.826 8,417 8.239 8.052 7.915 8.165 8.498 Intensive Bernalillo Co. 1.971 2.008 1.816 1.592 2.426 2,640 2,495 6,182 6,341 6,109 5,885 7,097 7.090 6.526 New Mexico * 2002 data are provisional See glossary for definitions SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

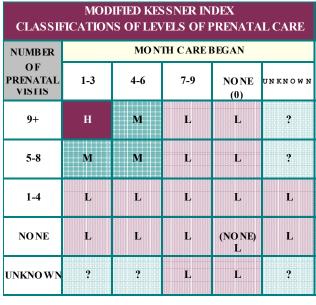


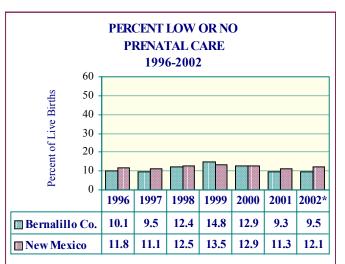




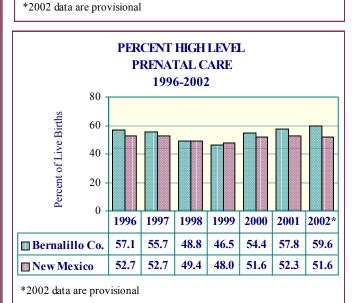


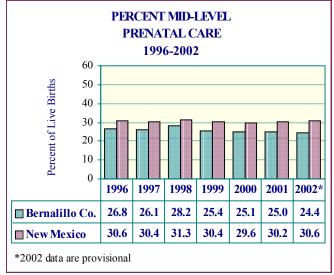
RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LEVEL OF PRENATAL CARE (Modified Kessner Index) 1996-2002													
1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*							
	L	ow or N	o Pren	atal Ca	re								
813	752	1,020	1,216	1,068	778	827							
3,203	2,973	3,413	3,665	3,523	3,065	3,356							
New Mexico 3,203 2,973 3,413 3,665 3,523 3,065 3,356 Mid-Level Prenatal Care													
2,160	2,067	2,315	2,083	2,084	2,086	2,136							
8,337	8,166	8,551	8,258	8,045	8,190	8,485							
		High I	Prenata	l Care									
4,607	4,420	4,012	3,816	4,516	4,831	5,209							
14,331	14,139	13,476	13,025	14,035	14,164	14,284							
	U	nknow	n Prena	ntal Ca	re								
486	693	872	1,095	629	662	568							
1,345	1,566	1,854	2,185	1,603	1,682	1,581							
* 2002 data are provisional See glossary for definitions.													
	1996 813 3,203 2,160 8,337 4,607 14,331 486 1,345 e provise	(Modified 1997) 1996 1997 813 752 3,203 2,973 2,160 2,067 8,337 8,166 4,607 4,420 14,331 14,139 486 693 1,345 1,566 e provisional	Modified Kessr 1996-200 1996 1997 1998 Low or N 813 752 1,020 3,203 2,973 3,413 Mid-Lew 2,160 2,067 2,315 8,337 8,166 8,551 High 4,607 4,420 4,012 14,331 14,139 13,476 Unknow 486 693 872 1,345 1,566 1,854 e provisional See §	Modified Kessner Index	Modified Kessner Index 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 Low or No Prenatal Ca 813 752 1,020 1,216 1,068 3,203 2,973 3,413 3,665 3,523 Mid-Level Prenatal Ca 2,160 2,067 2,315 2,083 2,084 8,337 8,166 8,551 8,258 8,045 High Prenatal Care 4,607 4,420 4,012 3,816 4,516 14,331 14,139 13,476 13,025 14,035 Unknown Prenatal Care 486 693 872 1,095 629 1,345 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 e provisional See glossary for design See glossary for design 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 e provisional See glossary for design 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 e provisional See glossary for design 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 e provisional See glossary for design 1,005 1,	Modified Kessner Index 1996-2002 1996-2002 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 Low or No Prenatal Care 813 752 1,020 1,216 1,068 778 3,203 2,973 3,413 3,665 3,523 3,065 Mid-Level Prenatal Care 2,160 2,067 2,315 2,083 2,084 2,086 8,337 8,166 8,551 8,258 8,045 8,190 High Prenatal Care 4,607 4,420 4,012 3,816 4,516 4,831 14,331 14,139 13,476 13,025 14,035 14,164 Unknown Prenatal Care 486 693 872 1,095 629 662 1,345 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 1,682							

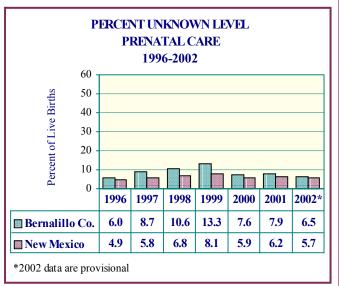










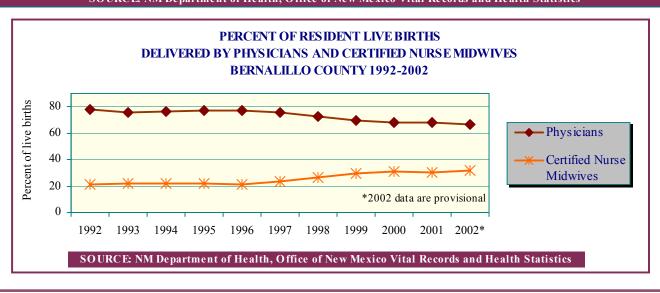


	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002													
						Physician								
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
Bernalillo Co.	6,419	6,220	6,266	6,232	6,254	5,999	5,971	5,686	5,631	5,683	5,833			
New Mexico	23,454	22,492	22,309	21,965	22,101	21,387	20,932	19,696	19,407	19,063	19,231			
Certified Nurse Midwife														
Bernalillo Co.	1,730	1,825	1,807	1,755	1,733	1,852	2,172	2,427	2,562	2,558	2,774			
New Mexico	3,977	4,756	4,738	4,474	4,622	5,040	5,912	7,011	7,338	7,619	7,937			
	·	·			L	ay Midwif	e	·	·					
Bernalillo Co.	46	43	39	31	26	43	39	73	73	71	93			
New Mexico	286	293	292	272	254	240	248	269	290	268	336			
	Other													
Bernalillo Co.	41	98	75	52	53	38	37	24	31	45	41			
New Mexico	193	290	246	203	239	177	202	157	171	151	204			
*2002 data are	provisiona	al		•		•				•				

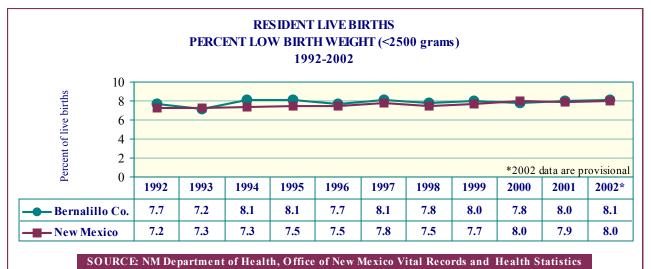
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

PERCENT OF RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002

						Physician					
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
Bernalillo Co.	77.9	76.0	76.5	77.2	77.5	75.6	72.6	69.3	67.9	68.0	66.7
New Mexico	84.0	80.8	80.9	81.6	81.2	79.7	76.7	72.6	71.3	70.3	69.4
					Certific	ed Nurse N	/lidwife				
Bernalillo Co.	21.0	22.3	22.1	21.7	21.5	23.3	26.4	29.6	30.9	30.6	31.7
New Mexico	14.2	17.1	17.2	16.6	17.0	18.8	21.7	25.8	27.0	28.1	28.6
	•		•	•	I	ay Midwife	e			•	
Bernalillo Co.	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.1
New Mexico	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2
	•	•	•	•	•	Other	•	•	•		
Bernalillo Co.	0.5	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
New Mexico	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
*2002 data are	provision	al									



	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 2500 grams) 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
Bernalillo Co.	635	589	662	657	624	646	640	658	644	671	708			
New Mexico	2,014	2,032	2,023	2,017	2,041	2,086	2,042	2,078	2,180	2,147	2,224			
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional													
sou	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight (LBW) is defined as an infant weight of less than 2,500 grams (5 1/2 lbs) at the time of delivery. Birth weight is one of the most important factors in determining the survival and health of an infant. Low birth weight is a public health problem since infants born LBW have increased infant mortality, morbidity, incidence of learning disabilities, and medical costs. Nationally, the risk factors for LBW include maternal age of less than seventeen and greater than 34 years, Black race/ethnicity, low socioeconomic status, single marital status, lower levels of maternal education, smoking, inadequate weight gain, low pre-pregnancy weight, and a variety of medical risk factors (Source: Data to Action).

Smoking, which retards fetal growth, is the single largest modifiable risk factor for LBW and infant mortality. It is estimated to account for 20 to 30% of all LBW births.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS HIGH BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (4090+ grams, 9 pounds) 1994-2002

Residence	1994-	1996	1997-	1999	2000-2002*			
Residence	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Bernalillo Co.	1,188	4.9	1,140	4.7	1,175	4.6		
New Mexico	4,010	5.2	3,810	4.9	3,674	4.7		

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 1500 grams)

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (<1500 grams) 1994-2002

Residence	1994-	1996	1997-	-1999	2000-2002*			
Residence	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Bernalillo Co.	299	1.2	279	1.1	333	1.3		
New Mexico	894	1.1	880	1.1	1,005	1.2		

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

High Birth Weight

A woman with a history of gestational diabetes or delivery of a baby weighing >9 pounds is at risk of developing type 2 diabetes. In addition, if the baby has macrosomia (generally defined as a weight of 4000 g or more), he or she is at risk for obesity and also for developing type 2 diabetes later on in life. It should be noted that there is no widely agreed-upon weight definition. Any evaluation of fetal weight must be considered in the context of gestational age.

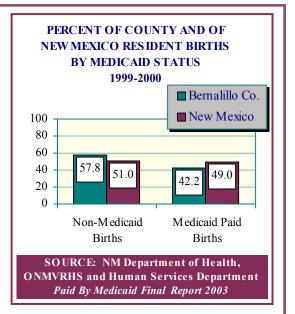
Sources: "Diabetes in the Life Cycle and Research," Vol. 4. 2003. Editor M. Franz. Published by the American Association of Diabetes Educators, Chicago Illinois. *Diabetes Care Journal*, Supplement 1, January 2003 Vol. (26).

MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH - MEDICAID BIRTHS / SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS / FEMALE POPULATION

Medicaid is a Federal-State matching entitlement program that pays for medical assistance. Originating in 1965 as Title XIX of the Social Security Act, it was created as a medical extension of the federally funded cash income assistance program emphasizing care for dependent children and their mothers, the disabled, and the elderly.

Federal and state initiatives intending to expand access to maternity and child health care have resulted in dramatic changes in policy and manner of health care delivery. Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Acts (OBRA) of 1986, 1987, and 1989 required states to grant Medicaid eligibility/coverage for pregnant woman and infants, ultimately, at or below the 133% of federal poverty levels, and allow for eligibility up to 185%. The State of New Mexico followed this progression and complimented the initiatives by extending eligibility up to 225% of federal poverty levels.

Statewide, Medicaid paid for 49% of births.



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTHS BY MEDICAID STATUS 1999-2000

Residence	Non- Medicaid Births	Medicaid Paid Births	Total Births
Bernalillo Co.	9,532	6,960	16,492
New Mexico	27,710	26,600	54,310

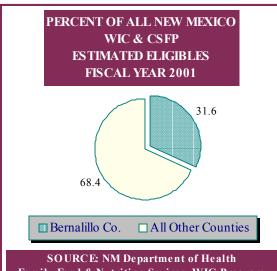
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS and **Human Services Department** Paid By Medicaid Final Report 2003

WOMEN, INFANT & CHILDREN (WIC) PROGRAM & COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM (CSFP) POTENTIAL ELIGIBLES **FISCAL YEAR 2001**

Residence	Es timated Potential Eligible	WIC	CSFP Recipients	Percent Served
Bernalillo Co.	30,530	14,523	1,395	52.1
New Mexico	96.571	55.934	4.889	63.0

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Family Food & Nutrition Services, WIC Program Compared to mothers of children whose births were not paid by Medicaid, Medicaid mothers in New Mexico tended to:

- Be younger;
- Be White Hispanic;
- Have fewer years of education;
- Have lower levels of prenatal care;
- Be outside of the major metropolitan areas:
- Be more at risk for preterm and low weight births.



Family Food & Nutrition Sevices, WIC Program

BERNALILLO FEMALE POPULATION AGES 15-44 2000, 2001 and 2002							
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002	Age Groups	2000	2001	2002
15 to 19 years	20,181	19,785	19,842	35 to 39 years	22,515	21,558	21,052
20 to 24 years	20,358	20,874	21,243	40 to 44 years	22,788	23,092	23,274
25 to 29 years	19,763	19,537	19,681	15 to 44 years	79,738	79,862	81,093
30 to 34 years	19,436	19,666	20,327				
		Source	e: U.S. Bure	eau of the Census			

RESIDENT INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

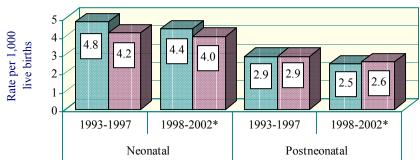
Residence	All Infant Deaths		Neo	natal	Postneonatal	
Residence	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
Bernalillo Co.	7.7	6.9	4.8	4.4	2.9	2.5
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	4.2	4.0	2.9	2.6

^{* 2002} data are provisional.

Rate per 1,000 live births in mid year.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS





* 2002 data are provisional.

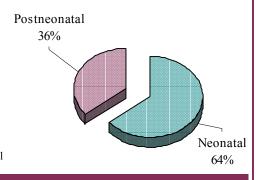
■ Bernalillo Co. ■ New Mexico

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

BERNALILLO COUNTY PERCENT OF INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL 1998-2002

* 2002 data are provisional.

See glossary for definition of neonatal & postneonatal



SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records & Health Statistics

INFANT MORTALITY RATES BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE FOR SELECTED CAUSES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

	All Infant Deaths		Birth Defects		Short Gestation		SIDS	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
Bernalillo Co.	7.7	6.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.1	0.7
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.6

^{*2002} data are provisional

NOTE: Rate per 1,000 live births. Subcategory rates may not add up to all infant death rate due to rounding.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENTS AGES 20 AND YOUNGER SELECTED DIAGNOSES REPORTED TO CHILDRENS CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY 2000

Diagnagas	Bernali	llo Co.	New Mexico		
Diagnoses	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
Children in Registry	31,516	1894.6	90,763	1534.5	
Congenital Anomalies - All	7,293	438.4	22,241	376.0	
Neural Tube Defects	292	17.6	870	14.7	
Cleft Lip/Cleft Palate	606	36.4	2,946	49.8	
Down Syndrome	303	18.2	997	16.9	
All Other Anomalies	6,092	366.2	17,428	294.6	
Asthma	5,589	336.0	20,904	353.4	

* = 1-3 **= 0

Rates per 10,000 population ages 20 years and younger

NOTE: Children in registry totals include all other conditions not listed above.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Children's Medical Services

CHILD ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATIONS 2002

	Substantiated	Unsubstantiated	Total
Bernalillo Co.	1,078	3,159	4,237
New Mexico	4.089	10.067	14.156

Substantiated means that through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report has been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

An *unsubstantiated* investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) was, true.

SOURCE: NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services



PERCENT OF ALL CHILD ABUSE INVESTIGATIONS 2002 100 Percent of Investigations Bernalillo Co. 75 New Mexico 74.6 71.1 50 25 28.9 25.4 Substantiated Unsubstantiated NOTE: Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100% SOURCE: Children, Youth and Families Department **Child Protective Services**



Sometimes children have special developmental needs or health concerns that may put them at risk for or cause a developmental delay.

Through the Department of Health's Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program early intervention services are available to help families who have concerns about the development of their young child (birth to three).

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) **ELIGIBILITY STATUS** FOR FY03

ELIGIBILITY	Bernalillo	New Mexico
ELIGIDILI Y	NUMBER	NUMBER
At Risk, Environmental	395	665
At Risk, Medical/Biological	302	1,150
Developmental Delay	606	2,937
Established Condition	121	470

The eligibility category of children with an active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported. Children are eligible for FIT Program service through one of four eligibility categories: a developmental delay of 25% or more in one of five developmental areas, an established condition (such as Down's Syndrome) that usually leads to a development delay, or a medical / biological risk or an environmental risk for a developmental delay.

> **SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division** Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY RACE/ETHNICITY FOR FY03 Bernalillo New Mexico RACE/ ETHNICITY NUMBER NUMBER 114 779 American Indian or Alaskan Native Asian or Pacific Islander 24 43 57 Black or African American (not Hispanic) 130 797 2,696 Hispanic or Latino White (not Hispanic) 437 1,574 The race / ethnicity of children with active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY AGE OF CHILD on 12/1/2002						
AGE OF CHILD	Bern	alillo	New N	l exico		
AGE OF CHILD	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT		
Less Than 1 year	192	27.4	458	17.9		
1 to 2 years	185	26.4	707	27.6		
2 to 3 years	248	35.4	1048	41.0		
3 years and older	76	10.8	345	13.5		
Total	701	100.0	2558	100.0		
The age of child with an	IFSP on Dece	mber 1st as re	ported			

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

Fiscal Year 2003 = July 01, 2002 to June 30, 2003

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 8TH GRADE 2002-2003

GRADE	Bernalillo Co.		New Mexico	
GRADE	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	PRIVATE	PUBLIC
Kindergarten	1,447	6,420	3,525	22,638
1st Grade	1,011	6,849	2,667	23,706
2nd Grade	1,018	6,903	2,738	23,550
3rd Grade	929	6,771	2,601	24,012
4th Grade	905	6,988	2,553	24,995
5th Grade	892	7,038	2,554	25,310
6th Grade	1,046	6,791	2,666	25,702
7th Grade	987	6,818	2,628	25,425
8th Grade	1,006	6,946	2,555	25,630
Total	9,241	61,524	24,487	220,968

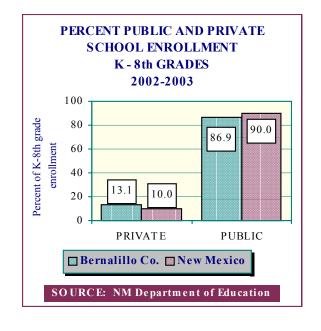
SOURCE: NM Department of Education

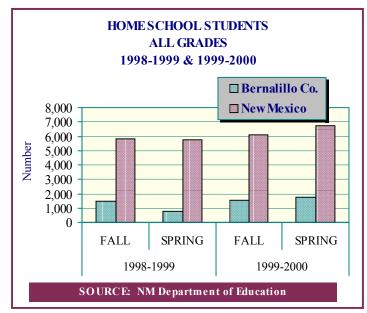


HOMESCHOOL STUDENTS ALL GRADES 1998-1999 & 1999-2000				
	1998	-1999	1999-2000	
	FALL	SPRING	FALL	SPRING
Bernalillo Co.	1,450	748	1,556	1,756
New Mexico	5,796	5,728	6,080	6,732

NOTE: These are the number of home school students reporting to the New Mexico Department of Education.

SOURCE: NM Department of Education



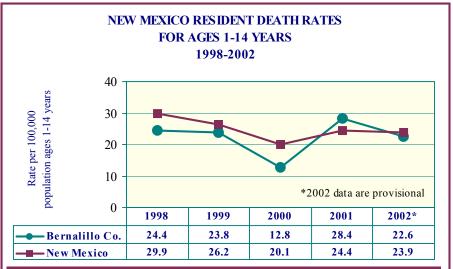


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 1-14 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico
1992	25	120
1993	30	133
1994	26	125
1995	23	123
1996	26	128
1997	24	106
1998	25	115
1999	24	100
2000	14	79
2001	31	94
2002*	25	92

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 1-14 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

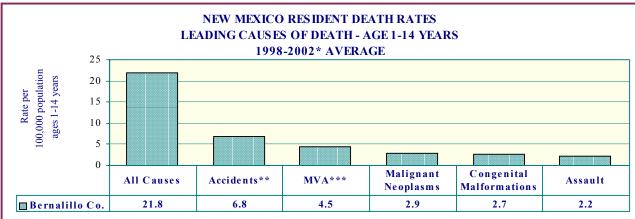
BERNALILLO COUNTY			NEW MEXICO		
Cause	Number	Rate	Cause	Number	Rate
All Causes	119	21.8	All Causes	480	24.4
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	37	6.8	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	190	9.7
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(24)	(4.5)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(128)	(6.5)
Malignant Neoplasms	16	2.9	Congenital Malformations	45	2.3
Congenital Malformations	15	2.7	Malignant Neoplasms	39	2.0
Assault (Homicide)	12	2.2	Assault (Homicide)	37	1.9

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 1-14 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

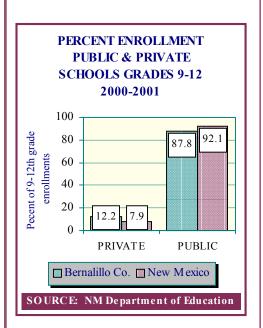


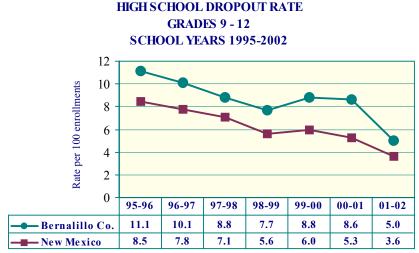
*2002 data are provisional. **Accidents are considered Unintentional Injuries. *** Motor Vehicle Accidents (MVA) are included in Accidents. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not be equal to those previously reported due to application of comparability ratios.

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9-12 SCHOOL YEARS 2000-2003** SCHOOL YEAR Bernalillo Co. New Mexico 2000-2001 25,021 95,427 95,224 2001-2002 25,480 2002-2003 25,817 95,767 SOURCE: NM Department of Education

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9 - 12 SCHOOL YEAR 2000-2001** Bernalillo Co. New Mexico **GRADE** PRIVATE PUBLIC PRIVATE PUBLIC 1.050 8.051 2,454 28,944 9th 904 10th 6,704 2.092 25,476 21,905 11th 776 5,576 1,901 12th 736 4,690 19,102 1,690 Total 3,466 25,021 8,137 95,427 SOURCE: NM Department of Education





Rate calculated by dividing the number of dropouts by the number of students enrolled in grades 9-12 on the 40th day of enrollment. A dropout is a student who was enrolled in school the previous year, but did not enroll the following year and did not graduate or meet certain approved exclusions (e.g., transfer, illness).

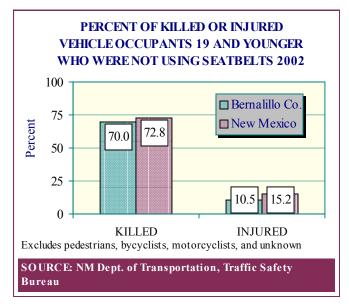
SOURCE: NM Department of Education

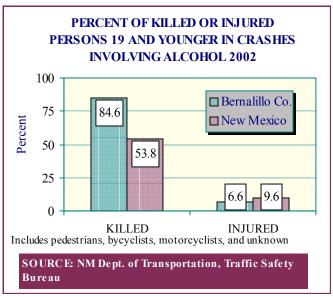
RESIDENT FALL ENROLLMENT TO NEW MEXICO HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS 2001-2002						
INSTITUTE		alillo	New N			
	2001	2002	2001	2002		
UNM	12,054	12,613	19,751	20,497		
UNM Gallup	22	26	2,125	2,485		
UNM Los Alamos	27	47	824	918		
UNM Medical School	121	128	263	268		
UNM Taos	13	13	1,190	1,349		
UNM Valencia	108	85	1,563	1,717		
NMSU	934	908	10,897	11,330		
NMSU Alamogordo	4	2	1,300	1,380		
NMSU Carlsbad	4	4	1,028	1,108		
NMSU Dona Ana	112	125	4,342	4,744		
NMSU Grants	3	2	619	640		
ENMU	209	199	3,144	3,120		
ENMU Roswell	71	64	3,046	3,536		
ENMU Ruidoso	1	1	752	751		
NMHU	494	433	2,987	2,841		
WNMU	44	52	2,109	2,277		
Other NM Institutions*	13,355	14,456	38,739	41,773		
SOURCI	SOURCE: NM Commission on Higher Education					

NOTE: Not all resident students report their original county of origin. In addition, out of state students are not included. Resident students attending school out of state are also not included. Counts reflect all students at a specific site, including extended services enrollments.

*Includes all other institutions of higher education not listed above, including community and technical colleges.

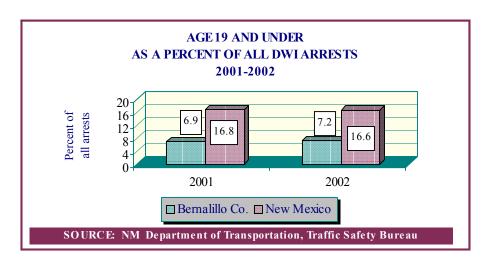
PERSONS 19 AND UNDER KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002						
		KILLED			INJURED	
	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT
Bernalillo Co.	10	7	3	2,114	222	1,892
New Mexico	81	59	22	6,407	974	5,433
NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.						
SOURCE:	New Mexico	Departmen	t of Transpo	rtation, Tra	ffic Safety B	ureau





NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED (DWI) 2001 & 2002					
	19 Years and Younger All Persons				
	2001 2002 2001 2002				
Bernalillo Co.	471	507	6,782	7,026	
New Mexico 3,617 3,593 21,576 21,603					
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau					





NEW MEXICO RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGE 15-17 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

	Number	Rate
Bernalillo Co.	2,221	37.7
New Mexico	8,687	40.0

*2002 data are provisional

Rate is per 1,000 female population ages 15-17 years. Rate numerator was births to mothers age 15-17 years for 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was 2000 female population age 15-17.

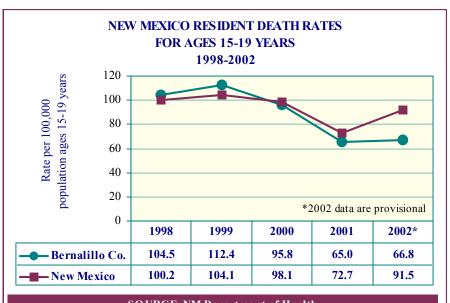
SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES FOR MOTHERS AGES 15-17 YEARS 1970, 1980, 1990, & 2000 Rate per 1,000 Female Population ages 15-17 60 40 20 0 1970 1980 1990 2000 34.9 35.9 42.4 35.4 - Bernalillo Co. 37.2 43.9 46.9 39.1 New Mexico **SOURCE: NM Department of Health** Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 15-19 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico		
1992	28	117		
1993	29	132		
1994	40	128		
1995	53	150		
1996	43	158		
1997	29	118		
1998	41	144		
1999	44	150		
2000	39	143		
2001	26	107		
2002*	27	136		
*2002 data are provisional				

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 15-19 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

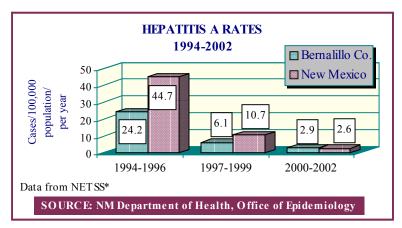
BERNALILLO COUNTY		NEW MEXICO			
Cause	Number	Rate	Cause	Number	Rate
All Causes	177	86.9	All Causes	680	93.3
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	58	28.6	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	312	42.8
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(40)	(19.8)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(235)	(32.2)
Assault (Homicide)	48	23.6	Assault (Homicide)	117	16.0
Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	34	16.7	Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	117	16.0
Malignant Neoplasms	9	4.4	Malignant Neoplasms	35	4.8
Diseases of Heart	2	1.0	Diseases of Heart	8	1.1

^{* 2002} data are provisional

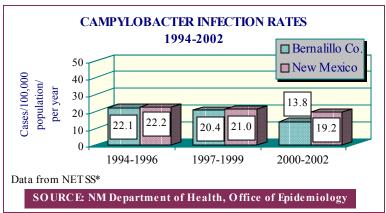
Rate per 100,000 population ages 15-19 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

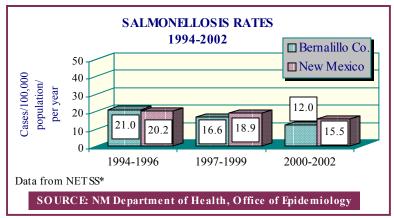
GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES



N	HEPATITIS A NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico				
1994-1996	378	2,254				
1997-1999	96	557				
2000-2002	49	141				
Data from NETSS*						
	E: NM Departme Office of Epidemi					



CAMPYLOBACTER INFECTION NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	346	1,117		
1997-1999	321	1,093		
2000-2002 234 1,059				
Data from N	NET SS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
0	ffice of Epidemi	ology		
U	office of Epidemi	ology		



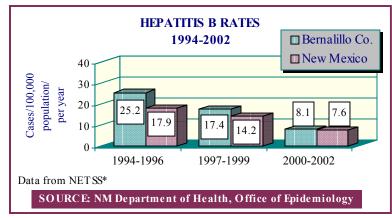
SALMONELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	328	1,016			
1997-1999	261	984			
2000-2002	2000-2002 203 856				
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health					
O	ffice of Epidemi	ology			

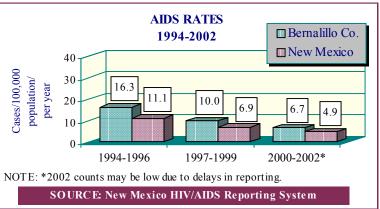
Cases/100,000 population/per 30 year 70 year 70 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		OSIS RATES 04-2002 10.2 15.1 1997-1999	Bernalillo Co. New Mexico 7.7 10.2 2000-2002	
Data from NETSS* SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology				

SHIGELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	310	1,900		
1997-1999	161	786		
2000-2002	130	560		
Data from NETSS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
0	ffice of Epidemi	ology		

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

BLOODBORNE DISEASES



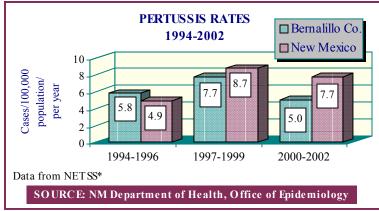


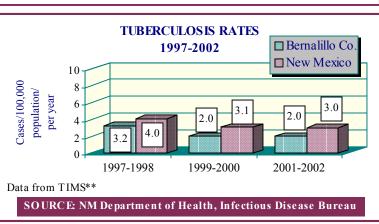
HEPATITIS B NUMBER OF CASES					
Year Bernalillo Co. New Mexico					
1994-1996	394	905			
1997-1999	273	736			
2000-2002	138	419			
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology					

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

AIDS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year Bernalillo Co. New Mexico					
1994-1996	255	559			
1997-1999	158	357			
2000-2002*	114	270			
NOTE: *2002 counts may be low due to delays in reporting.					
SOURCE: New Mexico HIV/AIDS					
Reporting System					

RESPIRATORY DISEASES





PERTUSSIS NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	90	247		
1997-1999	121	453		
2000-2002 85 426				
Data from NETSS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				

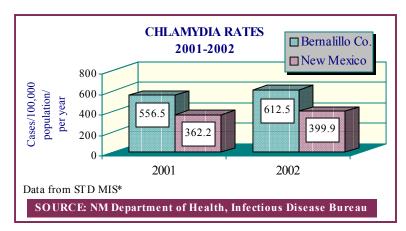
Office of Epidemiology

TUBERCULOSIS NUMBER OF CASES						
Year Bernalillo Co. New Mexico						
1997-1998	34	139				
1999-2000	22	110				
2001-2002 23 111						
Data from TIMS**						

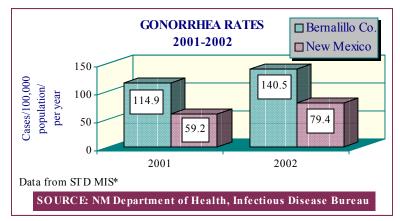
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau

**Tuberculosis Information Management System (TIMS)

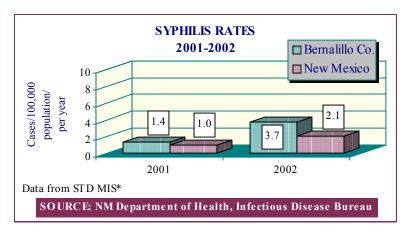
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES



CHLAMYDIA NUMBER OF CASES					
Year Bernalillo Co. New Mexico					
2001	3,158	6,669			
2002 3,514 7,419					
Data from S	Data from STD MIS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					



GONORRHEA NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico		
2001	652	1,090		
2002	806	1,472		
Data from S	TD MIS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
Infectious Disease Bureau				



S YPHILIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico			
2001	8	19			
2002	21	39			
Data from S	Data from STD MIS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					

NOTE: The scales on the above graphs are not comparable.

*Sexually Transmitted Diseases Management Information Systems (STD MIS)

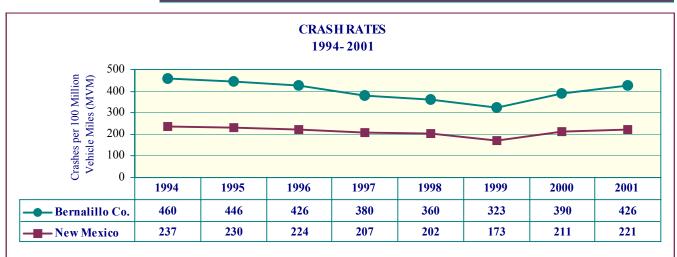
NUMBER OF FATAL AND INJURY CRASHES, VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED, LICENSED DRIVERS AND ECONOMIC LOSS 2001



	NUMBER OF CRASHES		ASHES	Licensed	Economic	100 MVM	
	Total	Fatal	Injury	Drivers	Loss *1000	Traveled	
Bernalillo Co.	20,686	72	7,345	383,060	\$990,955	48.6	
New Mexico	50,236	415	17,879	1,225,793	\$3,537,921	227.1	

NOTE: MVM = Million Vehicle Miles

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "New Mexico Traffic Crash Information", 2001 Report.



SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau

ALL PERSONS KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002 KILLED **INJURED** TOTAL NO BELT BELT TOTAL NO BELT BELT Bernalillo Co. 48 30 18 9.326 719 8.607 349 21,953 New Mexico 236 113 24,771 2,818 NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: New Mexico Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

PERCENT OF KILLED OR INJURED
VEHICLE OCCUPANTS WHO WERE NOT
USING SEATBELTS 2002

100
Bernalillo Co.
New Mexico

KILLED INJURED Excludes pedestrians, bycyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: NM Dept of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

PERCENT OF KILLED OR INJURED PERSONS IN CRASHES INVOLVING **ALCOHOL 2002** 100 Bernalillo Co. 75 Percent New Mexico 50 45.8 25 11.0 0 **KILLED INJURED** Excludes pedestrians, bycyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown. SOURCE: NM Dept of Transportation, Traffic Safety

Bureau.



ALCOHOL RELATED CRASHES NEW MEXICO - 2001

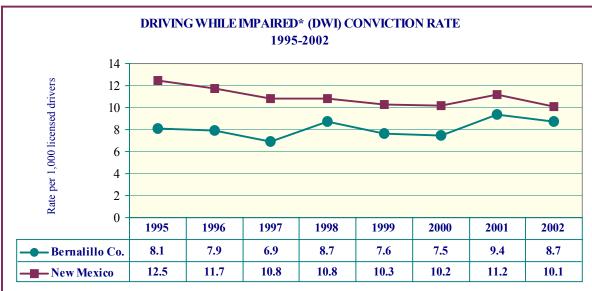
- 43 percent of all fatal crashes involved alcohol.
- A person died in an alcohol-involved crash every 44 hours.
- A person was injured in an alcohol-involved crash every 174 minutes.
- An alcohol-involved crash occurred every 147 minutes.

ALCOHOL INVOLVED CRASHES PERSONS INVOLVED AND DWI CONVICTIONS 2002

	CRASHES			PERSONS INVOLVED		
	Fatal	Injury	DWI Killed Injured Conviction* DW			
Bernalillo Co.	31	507	33	786	3,366	8.7
New Mexico	198	1,774	221	2,921	12,544	10.1

*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the country in which the citation was issued.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", 2002 Report.



*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

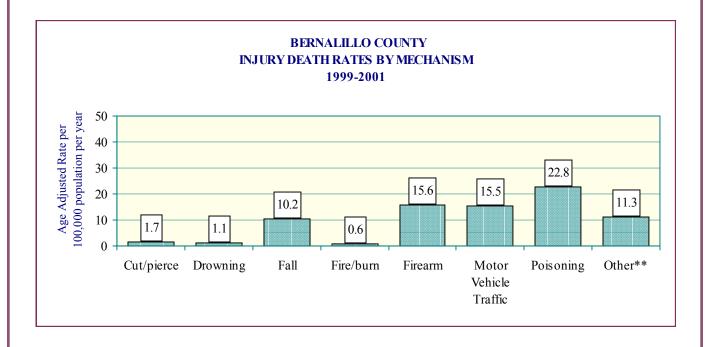
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", various years.

BERNALILLO COUNTY INJURY DEATHS BY MECHANISM 1999-2001						
Mechanism of Injury Number of Age Adjusted Adjusted Deaths in 3 Rate/100,000* Rate/100,000* Years Per Year Per Year						
Cut/pierce	28	1.7	1.8			
Drowning	19	1.1	1.4			
Fall	154	10.2	10.2			
Fire/burn	10	0.6	1.0			
Firearm	263	15.6	15.7			
Motor Vehicle Traffic	260	15.5	22.1			
Poisoning	386	22.8	17.0			
Other**	189	11.3	14.0			
All Injury	1,309	78.8	83.2			

NON-FATAL INJURY HOSPITALIZATIONS 1998-2000					
Number/Rate	Bernalillo County	New Mexico			
Total Number of					
Hospital Discharges in					
3 Years	9,896	30,596			
Age Adjusted Rate per					
100,000* Population per					
Year	608.7	585.2			
- 3 442					

NOTE: Injury as the principal diagnosis of discharge. * Rates are adjusted to the 2000 U. S. Standard Population.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



Note: Injury categories are from the "Preliminary External Cause of Injury Mortality Matrix for ICD-10," June 12, 2001 by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control.

New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology, Injury Epidemiology Unit Source: Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

^{*}Age-adjusted death rate adjusted to the 2000 U.S standard population. Age adjusted death rates weight the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

^{**} Other includes machinery, cyclist, pedestrian, natural /environmental, struck by/against, suffocation, other specified and unspecified categories.

NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE						
SITE	Bernali	llo Co.	New N	I exico		
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE		
All Cancers	7,445	493.3	23,565	468.7		
Stomach	154	10.7	515	10.6		
Colon and Rectum	801	54.6	2,482	50.4		
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	172	11.6	412	8.2		
Gallbladder	16	1.3	52	1.1		
Pancreas	158	11.0	570	11.7		
Lung and Bronchus	905	62.6	3,053	62.2		
Melanomas of the Skin	404	25.8	974	18.7		
Breast	19	1.2	51	1.0		
Prostate	2,235	147.7	7,320	145.5		
Urinary Bladder	392	27.2	1,324	27.4		
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	222	14.1	741	14.3		
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	293	18.7	912	17.8		
Leukemias	225	15.2	727	14.2		
All Other Cancers	1.449	91.6	4.432	85.3		

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG MALES

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- ^ Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Colorectal Cancer Screening and Early Detection

Screening tests can reduce deaths from colorectal cancer by identifying polyps, which are tiny growths inside the colon, before they become cancerous. Screening also detects early cancers when treatment is most effective and survival rates are high.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

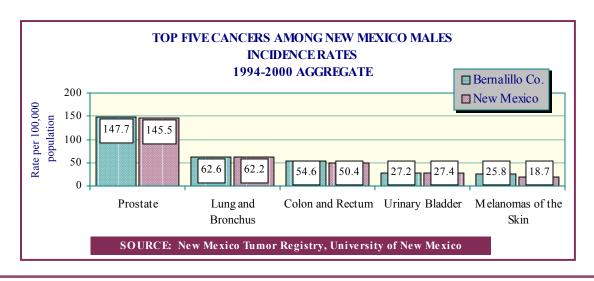
Prostate Cancer Fact

The American Cancer Society estimates that in 2003, 220,900 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed and that 28,900 men will die of the disease in the United States.

Two methods for detecting prostate cancer are commonly used by clinicians:

- 1) Digital rectal examination (DRE)
- 2) Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG FEMALES
NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE
1994-2000 AGGREGATE

SITE	Bernali	illo Co.	New Mexico		
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	
All Cancers	7,411	383.8	21,575	353.8	
Stomach	103	5.3	333	5.5	
Colon and Rectum	690	35.5	2,173	35.6	
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	73	3.7	211	3.4	
Gallbladder	24	1.2	113	1.8	
Pancreas	181	9.3	543	8.9	
Lung and Bronchus	742	38.4	2,208	36.0	
Melanomas of the Skin	290	14.9	745	12.2	
Breast	2,629	137.1	7,067	116.5	
Cervix	163	8.3	566	9.3	
Corpus and Uterus, NOS	376	19.6	1,116	18.3	
Urinary Bladder	162	8.3	484	7.9	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	132	6.9	472	7.7	
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	269	13.9	759	12.5	
Leukemias	186	9.6	532	8.6	
All Other Cancers	1,391	71.6	4,253	69.5	

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- ^ Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Breast Cancer Screening

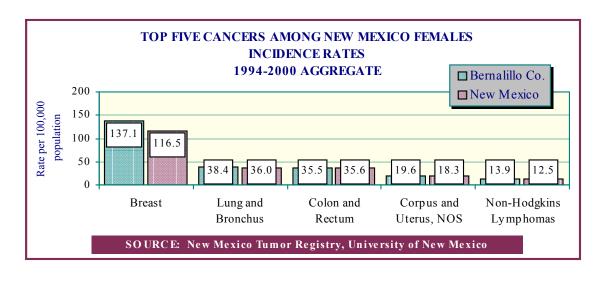
According to the American Cancer Society, an estimated 211,300 new invasive cases of breast cancer are expected to occur among women in the United States during 2003. Mammography is the best way to detect breast cancer in its earliest, most treatable stage, an average of 1.7 years before a woman can feel the lump. Mammography also locates cancers too small to be felt during a clinical breast examination.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

Cervical Cancer Screening

Cervical cancer is nearly 100 percent preventable, yet according to the American Cancer Society, in 2003, an estimated 12,200 new cases of invasive cervical cancer will be diagnosed and about 4,100 women will die of the disease. The occurrence of deaths from cervical cancer has declined significantly over the past 40 years. This decline is largely attributed to the effectiveness of Pap test screening in detecting precancerous lesions and early stage cervical cancer.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



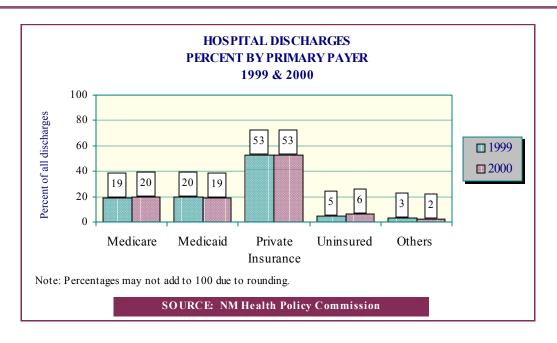
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)

➤ Hospitals use a classification scheme, called Major Diagnostic Categories (MDC), to group the diagnoses of patients upon their discharge from the hospital. Data shown in the following pages are based on a modification of the Major Diagnostic Categories. The Modified Major Diagnostic Categories (MMDCs) separates injuries and neoplasms into their own unique groupings while conventional MDCs distribute these diagnoses across other categories, which obscures their impact.

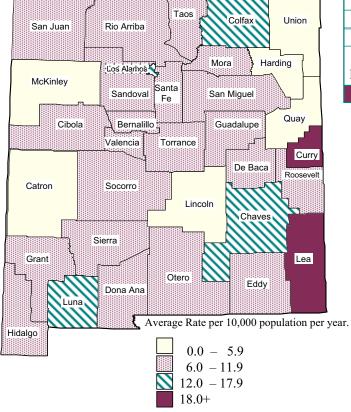
METHODOLOGY NOTES:

- The size of the county's population and the population demographics, such as average age of residents, should be taken into account in interpreting reported data.
- Indian Health Service facilities do not report discharge data to the New Mexico Health Policy Commission, the state agency that maintains the hospital discharge database. As such, counties with large Native American populations may have artificially lower rates.
- Only hospitalization to New Mexico hospitals are included. Counties bordering other states may have a significant number of hospitalization in other states.

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA - ALL AGES MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDCs) 1999-2001									
MMDC	199	99	200	00	200	01			
WINDC	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico			
01: Nervous System	1,764	6,319	2,022	6,416	2,064	6,799			
02: Eye Diseases	159	639	112	386	60	205			
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	469	1,879	425	1,612	494	1,702			
04: Respiratory System	4,336	17,875	3,680	15,151	3,860	15,329			
05: Circulatory System	5,689	20,349	6,096	20,923	5,582	20,629			
06: Digestive System	3,266	12,425	3,667	13,099	3,587	12,921			
07: Hepatobiliary System	1,424	5,084	1,570	5,306	1,389	5,343			
08: Musculoskeletal System	2,397	7,400	2,502	7,206	2,534	7,293			
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	694	2,272	796	2,392	896	2,583			
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	1,229	4,658	1,309	4,726	1,269	5,103			
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	1,204	4,789	1,294	4,787	1,345	5,186			
12: Male Reproductive System	183	772	171	662	157	767			
13: Female Reproductive System	1,038	3,330	1,045	3,496	1,035	3,542			
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	8,505	26,121	8,865	26,521	8,966	26,606			
15: Newborns, Neonates	7,769	23,859	8,256	24,401	8,367	24,567			
16: Blood & Blood Forming-Organs	321	1,052	356	1,170	397	1,253			
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	2,760	8,616	2,805	8,345	2,812	8,118			
18: Infectious Diseases	522	2,128	491	1,795	448	1,915			
19: Mental Diseases	2,986	8,878	3,264	9,064	3,526	9,485			
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	1,063	3,295	1,042	2,957	1,027	2,909			
21: Injuries & Poisonings	4,189	14,682	4,503	14,193	4,482	14,113			
22: Burns	60	270	53	233	58	229			
23: Factors Influencing Health	990	4,148	1,800	4,274	2,057	4,387			
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0	0	0	0	0			
25: HIV	65	148	77	96	68	86			
	SOURCI	E: NM Health P	olicy Commissio	n					



NEW MEXICO ASTHMA DISCHARGE DATA BY COUNTY 1998-2000



SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

HOSPITAL DISCHARGES BY PRIMARY PAYER 1999 & 2000										
Payee Bernalillo New Mexico										
1 ayee	1999	2000	1999	2000						
Medicare	10,308	11,151	47,144	47,959						
Medicaid	10,753	10,720	39,147	39,468						
Private										
Insurance	28,098	29,889	71,401	74,271						
Uninsured	2,678	3,662	12,354	13,859						
Others	1,474	1,072	5,431	4,738						
Total										
Discharges	53,311	56,494	175,477	180,295						
SO	URCE: NM I	Health Polic	v Commissio	n						

NEW MEXICO ASTHMA HOSPITAL
DISCHARGES* BY COUNTY
1998-2000
Number Rate

	Number	Rate
Bernalillo Co.	1,362	8.5
New Mexico	4,936	9.4

*Primary discharges from non-Federal Hospitals Average rates per 10,000 population per year.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

9.2%

8.9%

ESTIMATED DIABETES PREVALENCE AMONG NEW MEXICO ADULTS 2002*								
County	2002 Adult Population	Number of Adults with Diabetes	Percentage of Adults with Diabetes					
Bernalillo	430,698	38,586	9.0%					
Catron	2,844	228	8.0%					
Chaves	43,413	3,806	8.8%					
Cibola	18,460	1,960	10.6%					
Colfax	10,765	951	8.8%					
Curry	31,536	2,672	8.5%					
De Baca	1,666	142	8.5%					
Dona Ana	127,663	12,049	9.4%					
Eddy	37,146	3,195	8.6%					
Grant	22,677	2,022	8.9%					
Guadalupe	3,513	352	10.0%					
Harding	616	55	8.9%					
Hidalgo	3,801	344	9.1%					
Lea	39,662	3,451	8.7%					
Lincoln	15,533	1,269	8.2%					
Los Alamos	13,763	1,075	7.8%					
Luna	18,007	1,639	9.1%					
McKinley	47,057	5,630	12.0%					
Mora	3,960	398	10.0%					
Otero	43,945	3,827	8.7%					
Quay	7,524	646	8.6%					
Rio Arriba	29,687	3,093	10.4%					
Roosevelt	13,160	1,109	8.4%					
Sandoval	68,949	6,313	9.2%					
San Juan	82,679	8,169	9.9%					
San Miguel	22,029	2,197	10.0%					
Santa Fe	103,491	9,359	9.0%					
Sierra	10,497	859	8.2%					
Socorro	13,177	1,246	9.5%					
Taos	23,651	2,246	9.5%					
Torrance	11,901	1,030	8.7%					
Union	2,962	251	8.5%					

*County estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002), a telephone survey of adults' (age 18 and over) health in New Mexico, was utilized to generate the racial/ethnic-specific diagnosed diabetes prevalence rates for the entire state. County populations were then obtained from the US Census Bureau (2002) by racial/ethnic group. The BRFSS rates were applied to these groups, generating an estimate of the number of American Indians, non-Hispanic Whites, Hispanics and Others (Asian/Pacific Islanders, non-Hispanic Blacks, and other) with diagnosed diabetes. The numbers were then combined to yield a total estimate of adults in each county with diagnosed diabetes. For those with undiagnosed diabetes, estimates by racial/ethnic group from NHANES III (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey) were obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate.

48,121

1,354,553

Valencia

New Mexico**

4,450

120,555

**State estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002) was utilized to generate an overall estimate of diagnosed diabetes among New Mexican adults. That is, in 2002, an estimated 6.2% of New Mexican adults indicated they had been diagnosed with diabetes. An estimate for undiagnosed diabetes (from NHANES III data) was obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate. Note: adding up the county estimates will not result in the state estimate. For the state estimate, there was no initial stratification by race/ethnicity, it was simply a calculation of those with diabetes (all races) divided by those responding to the question.

Source: Department of Health, Diabetes Prevention & Control Program

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA					
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)					
BERNALILLO COUNTY 1999-2001					

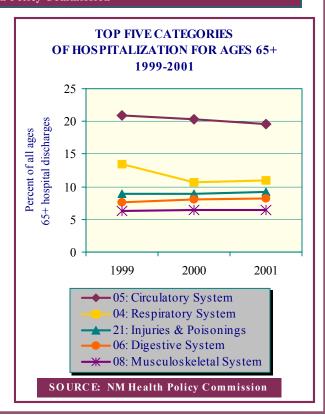
		1999			2000			2001	
MMDC		All	% All		All	% All		All	% All
	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages
01: Nervous System	877	1,764	49.7	999	2,022	49.4	1,058	2,064	51.3
02: Eye Diseases	66	159	41.5	40	112	35.7	19	60	31.7
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	108	469	23.0	91	425	21.4	95	494	19.2
04: Respiratory System	2,264	4,336	52.2	1,920	3,680	52.2	1,947	3,860	50.4
05: Circulatory System	3,522	5,689	61.9	3,638	6,096	59.7	3,460	5,582	62.0
06: Digestive System	1,273	3,266	39.0	1,441	3,667	39.3	1,437	3,587	40.1
07: Hepatobiliary System	381	1,424	26.8	433	1,570	27.6	394	1,389	28.4
08: Musculoskeletal System	1,061	2,397	44.3	1,141	2,502	45.6	1,128	2,534	44.5
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	176	694	25.4	227	796	28.5	270	896	30.1
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	479	1,229	39.0	465	1,309	35.5	452	1,269	35.6
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	511	1,204	42.4	551	1,294	42.6	607	1,345	45.1
12: Male Reproductive System	108	183	59.0	93	171	54.4	105	157	66.9
13: Female Reproductive System	164	1,038	15.8	170	1,045	16.3	180	1,035	17.4
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	0	8,505	0.0	0	8,865	0.0	0	8,966	0.0
15: Newborns, Neonates	0	7,769	0.0	1	8,256	0.0	0	8,367	0.0
16: Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	120	321	37.4	152	356	42.7	172	397	43.3
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	1,085	2,760	39.3	1,076	2,805	38.4	1,011	2,812	36.0
18: Infectious Diseases	241	522	46.2	224	491	45.6	176	448	39.3
19: Mental Diseases	348	2,986	11.7	476	3,264	14.6	406	3,526	11.5
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	44	1,063	4.1	40	1,042	3.8	38	1,027	3.7
21: Injuries & Poisonings	1,500	4,189	35.8	1,610	4,503	35.8	1,624	4,482	36.2
22: Burns	3	60	5.0	7	53	13.2	7	58	12.1
23: Factors Influencing Health	543	990	54.8	1,057	1,800	58.7	1,077	2,057	52.4
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0		0	0		0	0	
25: HIV	1	65	1.5	0	77	0.0	0	68	0.0
\$	SOURCE:	New Mex	ico Healtl	ı Policy C	ommissio	n			

BERNALILLO COUNTY HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE STATUS FOR AGE 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1999-2001

	1999	2000	2001					
Routine Discharge	9,204	9,978	9,770					
Transfer-Hospital	304	327	311					
Transfer-Skilled Nursing Facility	1,578	1,491	1,462					
Transfer-Intermediate Care Facility	301	692	782					
Transfer-Other	782	1,033	1,181					
Transfer-Home Care	1,623	1,548	1,380					
Left Against Medical Advice	36	44	33					
Died	1,046	729	732					
Other	16	73	32					
TOTAL DISCHARGED	16,889	17,915	17,684					

SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission





ADULT ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATION Annual 2002

Residence	Substantiated Investigations		Unsubst Investi	antiated gations	Total Investigations	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	
Bernalillo Co.	508	32.2	1069	67.8	1,577	
New Mexico	1475	29.2	3569	70.8	5,044	

Source: NM Children, Youth and Families Department Protective Services Division Fact Book, Fourth Quarter & Annual 2002

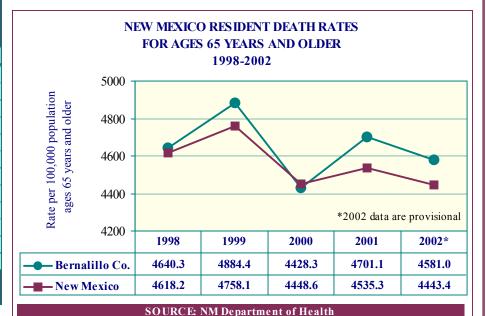


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1992-2002

Year	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico
1992	2,258	7,600
1993	2,476	7,971
1994	2,556	8,368
1995	2,716	8,628
1996	2,769	8,663
1997	2,752	8,772
1998	2,774	9,100
1999	2,947	9,515
2000	2,841	9,441
2001	3,087	9,864
2002*	3,056	9,840
* 2 0 0 2	1	1

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1998-2002* AVERAGE

BERNALILLO COUNTY			NEW MEXICO				
Cause	Number	Rate	Cause	Number	Rate		
All Causes	14,075	4584.1	All Causes	47,760	4500.9		
Diseases of Heart	3,794	1182.8	Diseases of Heart	13,459	1268.4		
Malignant Neoplasms	3,202	998.2	Malignant Neoplasms	10,313	971.9		
Cerebrovascular Diseases	1,149	358.2	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	3,630	342.1		
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	1,068	333.1	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,407	321.1		
Alzheimers Disease	570	177.8	Diabetes Mellitus	1,969	185.5		

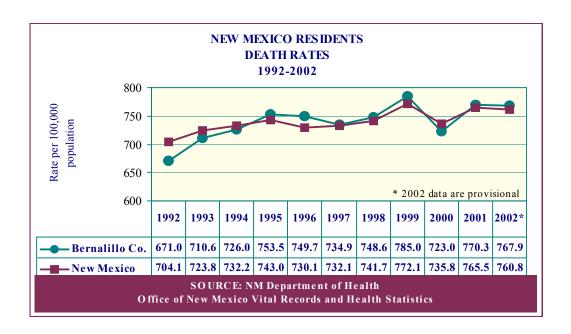
^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 65 years and older. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

	NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS COUNTY AND STATE TOTALS 1992-2002										
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
Bernalillo Co.	3,346	3,596	3,744	3,935	3,933	3,860	3,928	4,109	4,025	4,335	4,405
New Mexico	11,130	11,689	12,106	12,500	12,456	12,613	12,858	13,433	13,384	14,016	14,114
* 2002 data ar	* 2002 data are provisional										

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH 1998-2002* AVERAGE

BERNALILLO COUN	TY	NEW MEXICO			
All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate	All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate
All Causes	20,802	747.4	All Causes	67,805	745.5
Diseases of Heart	4,594	165.1	Diseases of Heart	16,186	178.0
Malignant Neoplasms	4,449	159.8	Malignant Neoplasms	14,440	158.8
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	1,406	50.5	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	4,759	52.3
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(414)	(14.9)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1,904)	(20.9)
Cerebrovascular Diseases	1,287	46.2	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	4,125	45.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	1,205	43.3	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,890	42.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

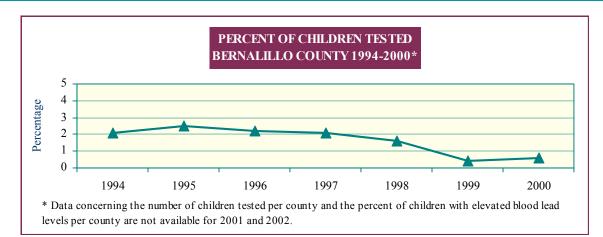
Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

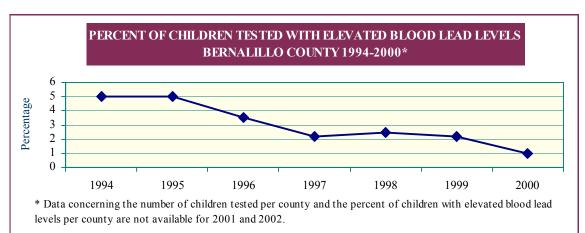
CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS OF THOSE CHILDREN SCREENED, 2001-2002					
	2001	2002			
Bernalillo Co.					
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	2	4			
New Mexico					
Number of Children Screened	2,691	2,876			
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	37	35			
Percent of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	1.4	1.2			
NOTE: Elevated Blood Lead Levels is defined as ≥ 10 µg/dl of blood.					

In Bernalillo County, 12.2% of the houses were built prior to 1950. More than 27% pre-1950 housing in an area is considered a greater than average risk for lead poisoning in children.

- · Lead poisoning is the number one preventable environmental health problem for children under 6 years.
- · Risk factors for lead poisoning include older housing, poverty, and adult occupational exposure to lead.
- The only way to determine a child's lead level is with a blood lead test.
- The national estimate (1997) of children with an elevated blood lead level is 4.4%.²

It is estimated that 60% to 80% of children with elevated blood lead levels are in the Medicaid population.² Note: Screening rates have declined significantly in New Mexico (NM) since the mid 1990's.





 $^{^{1} \}ge 10 \,\mu\text{g/dl}$ of blood (greater than or equal to 10 micrograms per deciliter of blood), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) identified level of concern.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology

² General Accounting Office (GAO) Report, 1999.



LICENSED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS BY COUNTY OF LICENSE 2002

	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico
Medical Doctor	2,045	5,809
Medical Doctor Resident	888	1,144
Physician Assistant	122	287
Nurse (RN & LPN)	6,408	19,575
Certified Nurse Midwives	60	148
Licensed Midwives	10	79

SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission

HOSPITALS AND PRIMARY CARE FACILITIES							
HOSPITAL / PRIMARY CARE FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP		
Carrie Tingley Hospital	(505)272-5200	1127 University Boulevard N.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		
Desert Hills Center For Youth & Families Of							
New Mexico	(505)836-7330	5310 Sequoia N.W.	Albq.	NM	87120		
Health South Rehabilitation Hospital	(505)344-9478	7000 Jefferson N.E.	Albq.	NM	87109		
Heart Hospital Of New Mexico	(505)242-5600	504 Elm Street	Albq.	NM	87102		
Integrated Specialty Hospital Of Albuquerque	(505)842-5550	235 Elm Street N.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		
Lovelace Health Systems, Inc.	(505)262-7000	5402 Gibson Boulevard S.E.	Albq.	NM	87108		
Memorial Hospital	(505)247-0220	806 Central S.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		
Presbyterian Hospital	(505)841-1443	1100 Central S.E.	Albq.	NM	87106		
Presbyterian Kaseman Hospital	(505)291-2114	8300 Constitution Avenue N.E.	Albq.	NM	87110		
St. Joseph Medical Center	(505)727-8000	601 Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Ave. N.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		
St. Joseph Northeast Heights Hospital	(505)727-7800	4701 Montgomery Boulevard N.E.	Albq.	NM	87109		
St. Joseph Rehabilitation Hospital And							
Outpatient Center	(505)727-4722	505 Elm Street N.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		
St. Joseph West Mesa Hospital	(505)727-2001	10501 Golf Course Road N.W.	Albq.	NM	87114		
Turquoise Lodge (Chemical Dependency							
Treatment Hospital)	(505)841-8978	6000 Isleta Boulevard S.W.	Albq.	NM	87105		
University Of New Mexico Hospital	(505)272-2121	2211 Lomas Boulevard N.E.	Albq.	NM	87106		
UNM-Children's Psychiatric Hospital	(505)272-2890	2211 Lomas Boulevard N.E.	Albq.	NM	87131		
UNM-Mental Health Center	(505)272-2800	2211 Lomas Boulevard N.E.	Albq.	NM	87106		
Vencor/THC Hospital Albuquerque	(505)242-4444	700 High Street N.E.	Albq.	NM	87102		

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I Health Office

HEALTH CARE CLINICS							
FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP		
Albuquerque Health Care for the Homeless	(505)766-5197	1217 1st St. NW	Albuquerque	NM	87102		
Bear Canyon Therapy Associates	(505)823-2411	7007 Wyoming NE, Suite A-1	Albuquerque	NM	87109		
First Choice Community Health Care	(505)890-1458	7702 Second St NW	Albuquerque	NM	87107		
First Choice Community Health Care	(505)345-3244	1231 Candelaria NW	Albuquerque	NM	87107		
First Choice Community Health Care	(505)768-5450	1316 Broadway SE	Albuquerque	NM	87102		
First Choice Community Health Care	(505)873-7400	2001 N Centro Familiar SW	Albuquerque	NM	87105		
First Nations Community Health	(505)262-2481	5608 Zuni SE	Albuquerque	NM	87108		
La Familia Inc.	(505)766-9361	707 Broadway NE, Suite 103	Albuquerque	NM	87102		
Maternity & Infant Care Program	closing	7525 Zuni SE	Albuquerque	NM	87108		
Planned Parenthood of New Mexico	(505)265-9511	701 San Mateo NE	Albuquerque	NM	87108		
Planned Parenthood of New Mexico	(505)294-1577	9809 Candelaria NE	Albuquerque	NM	87112		
Planned Parenthood of New Mexico	(505)265-3722	3625 Central NE	Albuquerque	NM	87108		
UNM-Young Children's Health Center	(505)272-2283	306 San Pablo Sreet S.E.	Albuquerque	NM	87108		
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I Health Office							

BERNALILLO COUNTY SELECTED COMMUNITY PARTNERS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH				
COMMUNITY PARTNER	PHONE#			
Albuquerque Rape Crisis Center	266-7711			
Albuquerque Public Schools				
Bernalillo County DWI Planning Council				
Bernalillo County Maternal & Child Health Council	314-0319			
Community Coalition for Healthcare Access	266-0396			
Community Health Partnership	266-0396			
CYFD Early Headstart Program				
District 7 Neighborhood Associations	291-8663			
District 8 Neighborhood Associations	821-2421			
DWI Resource Center	881-1084			
Greater Albuquerque Immunization Coalition - GAIN				
Health Care for the Homeless	766-5197			
Kids Cook	897-5700 ext 132			
Medical Interpreters Project	867-2291 ext 6			
Metropolitan Detention Center				
New Mexico Immunization Coalition	272-5796			
NM Alcohol Issues Consortium				
NM Conference of Churches (Project Change)	255-1509			
NM Teen Pregnancy Coalition	254-8737			
Parents of Behaviorally Different Children	265-0430			
Rio Grande Community Development Corporation	452-8525			
South San Pedro Community Association	268-1418			
Southeast Community Alliance	268-8310			
Southwest Alliance of Neighborhoods (SWAN)	831-5406			
Southwest Creations Collaborative	247-8559			
Strengthening New Mexico Families				
Substance Abuse Harm Reduction Program (SHARP)				
UNM Masters of Public Health Program	272-4173			
UNM School Based Health Centers	272-0457			
Weed and Seed (East Side and West Side)	256-2035 (East)			
YMCA	265-6971			
Youth Build NM	765-5517			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I He	ealth Office			

ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY LEVEL AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Level	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico
First Responder	51	760
Dispatcher	78	398
Dispatcher-Instructor	2	16
EMT-Basic	1,078	3,321
EMT-Intermediate	206	1,190
EMT-Paramedic	367	955
Total	1,782	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than one level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 5,889.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health



ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY GENDER AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Gender	Bernalillo Co.	New Mexico
Male	1,359	4,574
Female	399	1,995
Unknown	24	72
Total	1,782	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than on level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 5,889.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Injury Prevention and EMS Bureau

GLOSSARY

AGE-ADJUSTED—Weights the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

CHILDREN'S CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY—A registry of data on children with special needs; data are from programs and physicians who provide services to these children. Maintained by the New Mexico Department of Health.

COMPARABILITY RATIOS—With each revision of the *International Classification of Diseases (ICD)*, discontinuities are created in cause-of-death trend data. The classification and rule changes have a substantial impact as deaths that may have been coded to one category in the previous revision are coded to another category in the new revision. To compensate for these shifts, comparability (also called bridge-coding) studies are undertaken to determine the extent of comparability between the two revisions. As a result of these studies, comparability ratios are developed that reflect the degree of comparability between the two revisions.

CRUDE BIRTH RATE—Number of live births per 1, 000 population.

CRUDE DEATH RATE—Number of deaths per 1,000 or 100,000 population.

D.W.I.—Driving While Impaired; the current legal limit for blood alcohol concentration is .08 for 21 and older, and .02 for younger than 21.

FERTILITY RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 women 15-44 years of age.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM (FSP)—The FSP is an entitlement program based on Federal rules and mandates. The purpose of the FSP is to increase food purchasing power and to supplement the nutrition level of eligible households. In addition, the FSP provides a nutrition education program to eligible households. Eligibility for participation in the FSP is based on a gross income test at 130% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of the household. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the household's liquid and nonliquid resources cannot exceed \$2000.00. Food stamp benefits are issued on a monthly basis through an electronic benefit transfer (EBT) system. The FSP has a change reporting and work requirement for adults in the household. Failure to report changes or comply with work requirements results in a reduction or closure of Food Stamp benefits. Under contract with another agency, the Department provides a free nutrition education program for Food Stamp applicants and recipients

HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA—Data, such as diagnosis, gender, age, residence, on hospital inpatient discharges; collected by the NM Health Policy Commission from licensed, non-federal general and specialty hospitals.

INCIDENCE—Measure of the frequency at which new events/cases of a disease or condition occur in a specified population over a given time period.

INCIDENCE RATE—Number of new cases of disease/condition over a given time period (often, a year) that occur in a population at risk for that disease/condition (ergo number of new lung cancer cases per 100,000 persons in a year). An estimate of the risk of developing a disease/condition during a specified time period.

INFANT DEATH—Death of an infant under one year of age (neonatal + postneonatal).

INFANT MORTALITY RATE—Number of infant deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

LIVE BIRTH—A birth that shows any sign of life after delivery.

LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 2500 grams (5-1/2 pounds).

MEDICAID—A federally and state-funded program to pay for medical and other services to eligible New Mexico citizens.

NEONATAL DEATH—Death of newborn under 28 days of age.

NEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS—Malformations of the spine and brain that arise in the first 29 days of pregnancy.

OCCURRENCE DATA—Data allocated by place where event occurred, regardless of the person's place of residence.

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

POPULATION ESTIMATE—Estimate of the number of persons for either a past or current time period.

POSTNEONATAL DEATH—Death of an infant of at least 28 days, but less than one year of age.

POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of postneonatal deaths per 1,000 or (100,000) live births.

POVERTY—Poverty status is based on the 1964 Social Security Administration definition (modified in 1969 and 1980). At the core of this definition was the 1961 Department of Agriculture economy food plan, which arose from findings of a 1955 Department of Agriculture survey of food consumption. The 1955 findings showed that families of three or more spent about 1/3 of their income on food. Poverty status/level is tied to the cost of the economy food plan that is revised annually for cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index.

PRENATAL CARE—1) Level of Prenatal Care – categorization of prenatal care services into no/low, middle and high levels of care based on the number of visits and month care began (modified Kessner index). 2) Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index – an alternative measure of prenatal care utilization that adjusts for some of the weaknesses of the trimester care began and the Kessner index (Kotelchuck index).

RESIDENCE DATA—Data allocated by place of residence of the decedent (deaths) or by place of residence of the child's mother (births).

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT—The count of high school students on the current roll on the 40th official school day, by school district.

SUBSTANTIATED—Through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report have been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF)—TANF is the State-administered, county-operated, monthly cash assistance program funded by a Federal block grant under Title IV-A of the Social Security Act. In July 1997, TANF replaced the previous entitlement program known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). The TANF program is not an entitlement program and has a 60-month term limit in New Mexico, which means that adults receiving assistance from the TANF block grant program can receive assistance for a 60 month maximum limit. TANF is available to both single and two-parent families. To receive TANF, there must be at least one dependent child (under age 18) in the home. TANF eligibility is based on a gross income test at 85% of the Federal Poverty Guideline for the size of the family. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the family's liquid resources must be less than \$1500.00 and non liquid resources must be less than \$2000.00. Cash assistance is issued through an electronic benefit transfer system, similar to an ATM debit card. The TANF program has a mandatory change reporting and work requirement for adults and a mandatory school attendance requirement for dependent children. The adults in the family must cooperate with child support enforcement efforts on behalf of the dependent children. There are cash payment reductions for failure to comply with change reporting, work requirements, child support enforcement and school attendance.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI)—Includes the earnings (wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income), dividends, interest, and rent, and transfer payments received by the residents of county. Data shown in thousands.

UNEMPLOYED—Based on monthly surveys, persons who did not work during a specified week but made specific efforts to find a job in the previous 4 weeks and were available for work. Also, persons who did not work, were available for work but were not actively seeking work because they (a) had been laid off and were waiting to be called back; or (b) were waiting to report to a job within 30 days. Does not include those no longer seeking work other than in situations (a) and (b).

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

UNSUBSTANTIATED—Investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) were true.

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 1500 grams (about 2 lbs. 5 oz.) at birth.

W.I.C.—Women, Infants and Children; a federally-funded, special supplemental nutrition program administered by the New Mexico Department of Health and tribal agencies. Its purpose is to provide high-nutrient density food to promote optimal health outcome during the perinatal period. Services include food assistance, nutrition education and referral to health services.