SAN JUAN COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

2003 NEW MEXICO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION OFFICE OF NEW MEXICO VITAL RECORDS AND HEALTH STATISTICS

Welcome to the fifth update of the New Mexico County Health Profiles. This publication is dedicated to users of county-level data as well as to those who contributed data, suggestions, interpretations, and comments. Thanks to so many of you, there are many improvements in this year's version. Some of you work in the Department of Health, but a great many of you work in other agencies and it is gratifying to be able to have collaborated with you.

As in prior versions, the latest data available from each source is used. Questions about the data, their collection, limitations, or interpretation should be directed to the appropriate data source. To aid in this, a source is listed at the bottom of each table throughout the profile.

The compilation of the Profiles is possible because of assistance and contributions from many agencies and data providers: NM Department of Health, District Health Offices, Diabetes Prevention and Control Program, Family Food and Nutrition Services, Family Health Bureau, Infectious Disease Bureau, Injury Prevention and EMS Bureau, Long Term Services Division, Family Infant Toddler Program, Behavioral Health, and Office of Epidemiology; NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services; NM Commission on Higher Education; NM Department of Education; NM Department of Labor; NM Health Policy Commission; NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau; NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division, Medical Assistance Division; University of New Mexico's Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) and New Mexico Tumor Registry; Center for Disease Control's National Center for Health Statistics; US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis; and US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Without outstanding assistance from the entire staff at the Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics, these profiles would not have been produced and we especially wish to thank: Mary M. Gonzales, John Hedrick, Brad Whorton, Brian Woods, Radha S. Biswas, Tony Ortiz, Renee Valencia, Michael Patterson, Veronica Tapia, Pete Varela, Rebecca Rodriguez, and Melinda Roybal.

Your comments are welcome. You may call 827-0167 to provide comments or suggestions for future reports.

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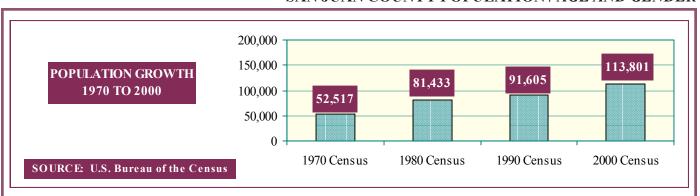
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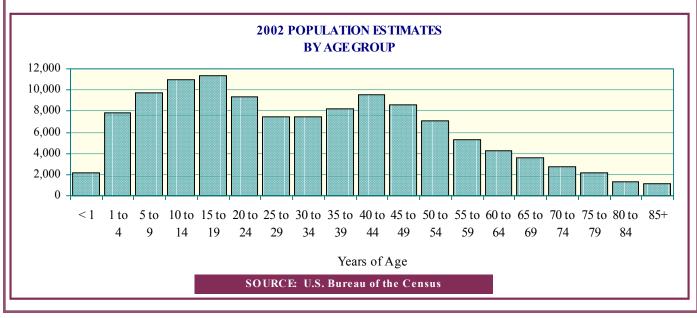
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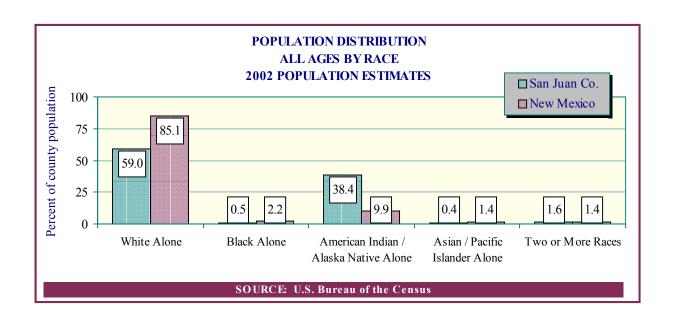
2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND GENDER													
Age Groups		ı Juan Cou	nty		New Mexico	ı							
rige Groups	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both							
Less than 1 yr	1,111	1,067	2,178	13,746	13,361	27,107							
1 to 4 years	3,961	3,842	7,803	53,236	51,780	105,016							
5 to 9 years	5,057	4,665	9,722	67,768	65,647	133,415							
10 to 14 years	5,628	5,355	10,983	74,247	71,746	145,993							
15 to 19 years	5,875	5,478	11,353	76,356	72,288	148,644							
20 to 24 years	4,723	4,619	9,342	67,182	64,847	132,029							
25 to 29 years	3,679	3,759	7,438	56,796	56,273	113,069							
30 to 34 years	3,675	3,807	7,482	59,596	59,961	119,557							
35 to 39 years	4,026	4,206	8,232	64,222	65,623	129,845							
40 to 44 years	4,683	4,837	9,520	70,951	73,496	144,447							
45 to 49 years	4,224	4,368	8,592	66,325	70,011	136,336							
50 to 54 years	3,503	3,602	7,105	60,317	63,383	123,700							
55 to 59 years	2,640	2,693	5,333	47,075	50,411	97,486							
60 to 64 years	1,961	2,299	4,260	36,530	40,431	76,961							
65 to 69 years	1,694	1,906	3,600	30,979	34,231	65,210							
70 to 74 years	1,338	1,428	2,766	26,175	29,427	55,602							
75 to 79 years	937	1,242	2,179	19,298	25,786	45,084							
80 to 84 years	557	760	1,317	12,434	17,304	29,738							
85 and over	383	779	1,162	8,926	16,894	25,820							
All Ages	59,655	60,712	120,367	912,159	942,900	1,855,059							
	Sour	ce: U.S. Bu	reau of the	Census									



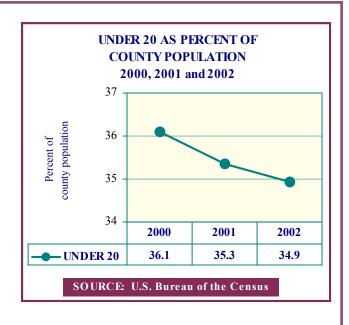
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY													
Age Groups	White	ONE Black	RACE American Indian / Alas ka Native	Asian / Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Total Population	His panic or Latino Ethnicity Any Race ^{/1}							
Under 5 years	5,226	45	4,465	35	210	9,981	1,876							
5 to 9 years	4,948	71	4,415	44	244	9,722	1,799							
10 to 14 years	5,453	78	5,162	43	247	10,983	1,834							
15 to 19 years	6,003	69	5,007	41	233	The second learning to	1,924							
20 to 24 years	5,012	62	4,085	38	145	9,342	1,666							
25 to 29 years	3,916	48	3,332	38	104	7,438	1,348							
30 to 34 years	4,218	48	3,056	56	104	7,482	1,204							
35 to 39 years	4,733	50	3,316	27	106	8,232	1,291							
40 to 44 years	5,985	43	3,335	37	120	9,520	1,400							
45 to 49 years	5,660	40	2,741	37	114	8,592	1,133							
50 to 54 years	4,948	33	2,001	27	96	7,105	855							
55 to 59 years	3,662	14	1,563	24	70	5,333	629							
60 to 64 years	3,058	13	1,130	8	51	4,260	447							
65 to 69 years	2,550	9	993	9	39	3,600	363							
70 to 74 years	2,074	9	654	3	26	2,766	264							
75 to 79 years	1,700	9	448	2	20	2,179	184							
80 to 84 years	1,011	4	285	4	13	1,317	115							
85 and over	899	4	246	3	10	1,162	103							
All Ages	71,056	649	46,234	476	1,952	120,367	18,435							

^{/1} Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Adding the Hispanic or Latino population to the racial categories will result in double counting.

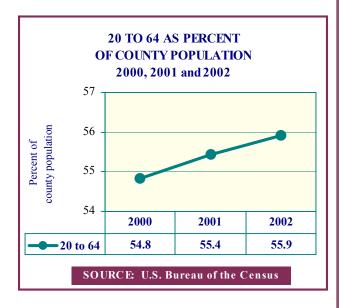
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census



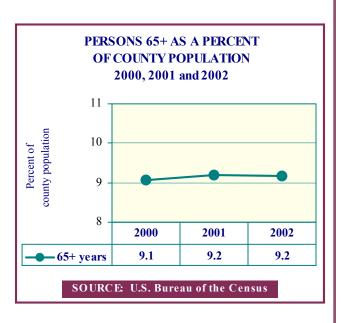
UNDER 20 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
Under 5 years	9,149	9,439	9,981								
5 to 9 years	10,178	9,711	9,722								
10 to 14 years	10,890	10,875	10,983								
15 to 19 years	10,854	11,126	11,353								
Under 20 years 41,071 41,151 42,03											
County Population 113,801 116,422 120,367											
Source: U	.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S								

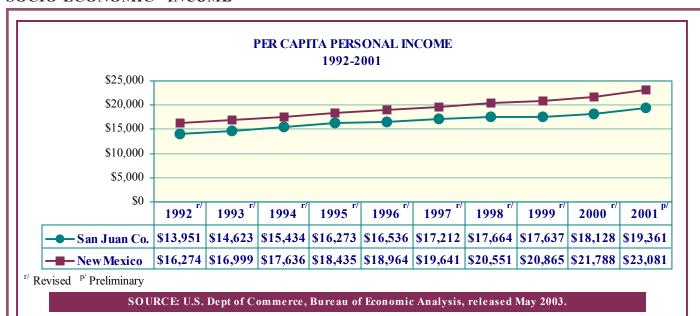


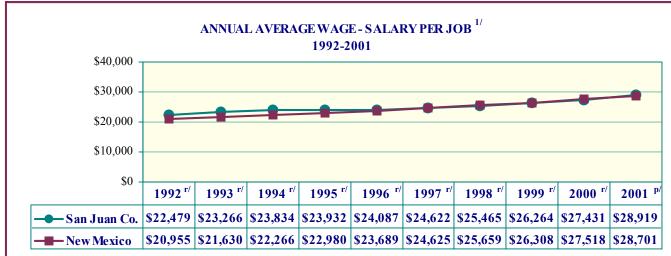
20 TO 64 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002								
20 to 24 years	7,427	8,257	9,342								
25 to 29 years	6,967	7,008	7,438								
30 to 34 years	7,073	7,337	7,482								
35 to 39 years	8,816	8,415	8,232								
40 to 44 years	9,147	9,442	9,520								
45 to 49 years	7,888	8,156	8,592								
50 to 54 years	6,379	6,822	7,105								
55 to 59 years	4,713	5,050	5,333								
60 to 64 years	3,994	4,067	4,260								
20 to 64 years	62,404	64,554	67,304								
County Population	113,801	116,422	120,367								



65 AND OLDER POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
65 to 69 years	3,369	3,530	3,600								
70 to 74 years	2,664	2,708	2,766								
75 to 79 years	2,067	2,140	2,179								
80 to 84 years	1,188	1,251	1,317								
85 and over	1,038	1,088	1,162								
65 years and older	10,326	10,717	11,024								
County Population 113,801 116,422 120,36											
Source: U	.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	s								







r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released December 2002.



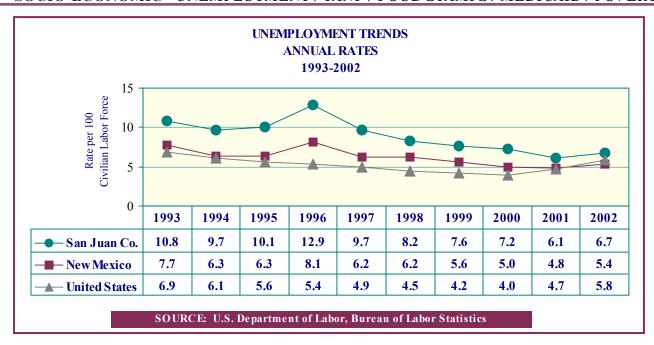
r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

See glossary for definition of Total Personal Income

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released May 2003.

¹/ The employment estimates used to compute the average wage are a job, not person, count.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC - UNEMPLOYMENT / TANF / FOOD STAMPS / MEDICAID / POVERTY



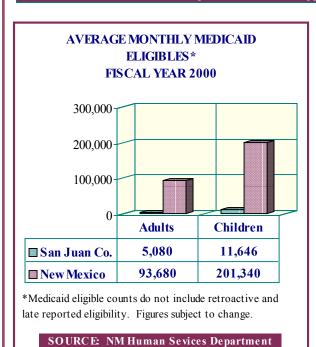
AVERAGE MONTHYLY TANF AND FOOD STAMPS CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 (7/02 - 6/03)

Supplement	San Ju	ıan Co.	New Mexico			
Supplement	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*		
TANF	187	0.2	16,382	0.9		
Food Stamps	2,597	2.2	72,411	3.9		

^{*}Percent of county's estimated 2002 population.

NOTE: Starting July 1, 1999, changes were made in the methodology for counting TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) caseloads. Caution should be used when comparing data to previous fiscal years.

SOURCE: NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division.



Income Support Division

AVERAGE MONTHLY PERCENT TANF AND FOOD STAMP CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 San Juan Co. New Mexico New Mexico TANF Food Stamps TANF = Temporary Assistance for Needy Families. SOURCE: NM Human Services Department Income Support Division.

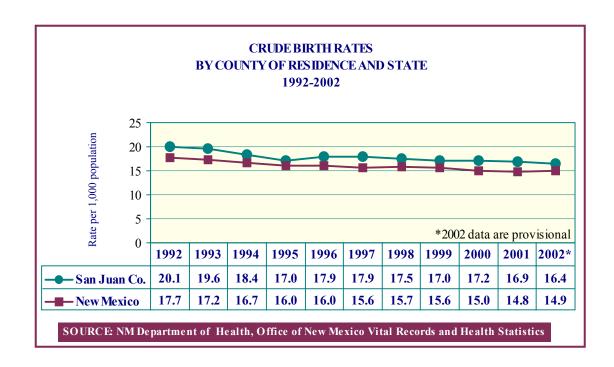
ESTIMATED NUMBER AND PERCENT OF PEOPLE IN POVERTY 1999

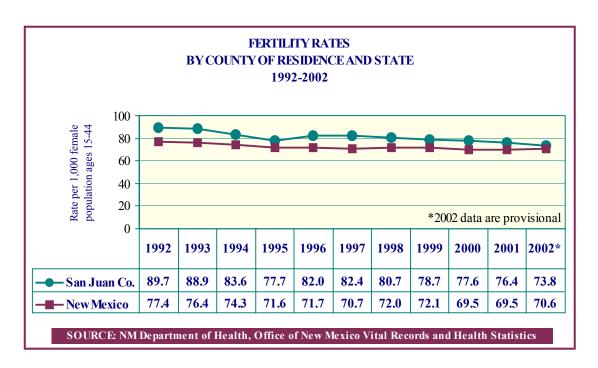
Ago	San Ju	ıan Co.	New Mexico		
Age	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*	
All Ages in Poverty	23,614	20.9	326,223	18.2	
Children age < 18 years	10,150	27.5	133,194	26.4	
Related children ages					
5-17 years	7,384	26.9	92,333	25.0	

See glossary for definition of poverty. *Percent of Specified Age Group.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, "Estimates Model 1999."

	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE AND STATE 1992-2002													
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002													
San Juan Co.	1,899	1,901	1,820	1,703	1,831	1,849	1,854	1,867	1,953	1,970	1,970			
New Mexico	27,910	27,831	27,585	26,914	27,216	26,844	27,294	27,133	27,206	27,101	27,708			
	*2002 data are provisional													
SOUR	CE: NM I	De partme	nt of Hea	lth, Offi	ce of Nev	v Me xico	Vital Re	cords and	Health S	tatistics				





SAN JUAN COUNTY RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
15-19	326	300	329	310	365	325	331	327	350	343	338		
20-24	553	602	561	484	523	587	578	625	652	682	673		
25-29	493	501	437	409	458	492	460	436	457	445	475		
30-34	347	312	311	327	310	272	305	276	304	312	297		
35-39	150	156	148	135	125	128	138	156	154	140	134		
40-44	26	22	23	31	47	40	30	43	29	41	45		
*2002 data	a are provis	ional											

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	SAN JUAN COUNTY RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002																			
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*									
15-19	86.4	77.7	82.4	75.3	84.4	72.9	70.7	66.9	66.8	63.5	61.7									
20-24	192.4	206.9	186.9	159.8	173.6	193.8	185.7	189.2	175.7	167.6	145.7									
25-29	147.8	155.8	139.9	132.9	145.9	156.5	142.2	129.9	131.0	126.8	126.4									
30-34	85.7	77.1	77.0	83.3	80.8	73.8	83.4	75.8	84.2	82.9	78.0									
35-39	38.4	38.8	36.0	32.3	29.3	30.1	32.1	35.7	34.2	32.6	31.9									
40-44	8.1	6.6	6.6	8.6	12.5	10.4	7.5	10.3	6.3	8.6	9.3									
*2002 data	a are provis	ional	**Rate pe	r 1,000 wor	nen in spe	cified group	p				*2002 data are provisional **Rate per 1,000 women in specified group									

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

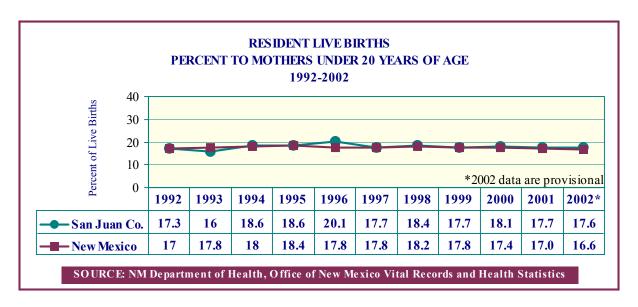
	NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	79.8	80.7	77.2	74.3	70.8	68.0	69.1	67.2	65.5	63.1	62.3			
20-24	153.9	150.4	142.2	134.0	135.0	133.6	135.8	137.6	136.1	134.2	132.1			
25-29	129.0	131.7	129.7	125.5	131.8	129.8	132.1	128.0	117.0	119.3	123.3			
30-34	75.8	74.7	76.5	77.2	76.6	79.1	79.6	82.7	77.2	77.2	79.1			
35-39	31.3	30.8	31.3	31.3	32.5	31.5	33.8	34.1	33.3	33.5	35.0			
40-44	40-44 6.9 5.9 7.0 6.6 7.4 7.0 6.8 7.1 7.6 7.5 7.1													
*2002 data	are provis	ional	**Rate ne	r 1.000 wor	nen in spec	cified group)							

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

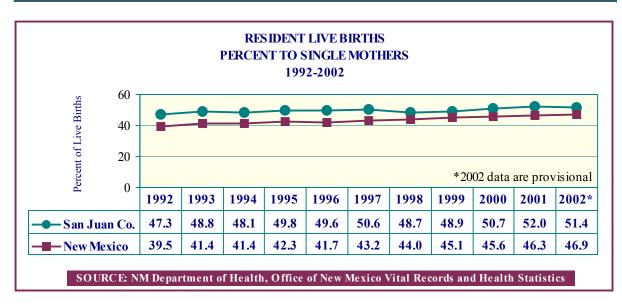
	UNITED STATES BIRTH RATES* BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002			
15-19	60.7	59.6	58.9	56.8	54.4	52.3	51.1	49.6	47.7	45.3	43.0			
20-24	114.6	112.6	111.1	109.8	110.4	110.4	111.2	111.0	109.7	106.2	103.6			
25-29	117.4	115.5	113.9	112.2	113.1	113.8	115.9	117.8	113.5	113.4	113.6			
30-34	80.2	80.8	81.5	82.5	83.9	85.3	87.4	89.6	91.2	91.9	91.5			
35-39	32.5	32.9	33.7	34.3	35.3	36.1	37.4	38.3	39.7	40.6	41.4			
40-44	40-44 5.9 6.1 6.4 6.6 6.8 7.1 7.3 7.4 8.0 8.1 8.													
* Rate per	1 000 wome	n in speci	ified group											

SOURCE: CDC's, National Center for Health Statistics: NVSR Volume 52, Number 10.

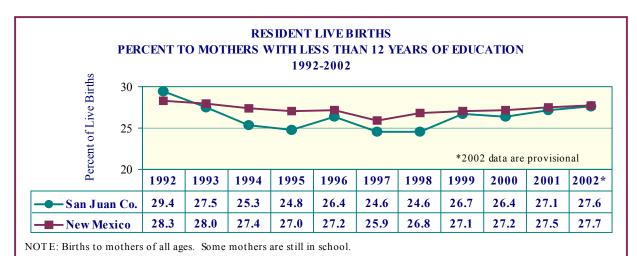
	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE 1992-2002												
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Juan Co.	329	305	338	316	368	328	341	330	354	348	346		
New Mexico	4,749	4,965	4,964	4,950	4,850	4,789	4,964	4,841	4,728	4,603	4,592		
*2002 data are	2002 data are provisional												
SOI	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics												



					ENT LIVI NGLE MO 1992-200	OTHERS						
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*	
San Juan Co.	899	928	876	848	908	936	903	913	991	1,024	1,013	
New Mexico	11,021	11,522	11,408	11,388	11,347	11,590	12,021	12,236	12,400	12,549	12,984	
*2002 data are	2002 data are provisional											
SOI	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics											

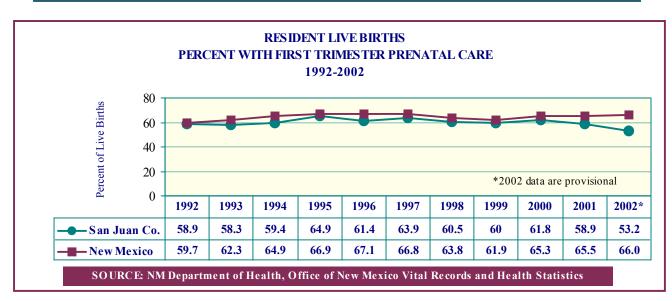


	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
San Juan Co.	559	523	461	423	483	454	457	498	515	534	544			
New Mexico	7,898	7,806	7,545	7,269	7,415	6,961	7,309	7,342	7,408	7,459	7,679			
*2002 data are	2002 data are provisional NOTE: Births to mothers of all ages. Some mothers are still in school.													
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics														



RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS WITH FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE 1992-2002 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002* San Juan Co. 1,119 1,108 1,081 1,105 1,125 1,181 1,121 1,120 1,207 1,161 1,048 17,932 16,656 17,344 17,893 18,011 18,264 17,411 16,790 17,757 17,741 18,293 New Mexico *2000 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

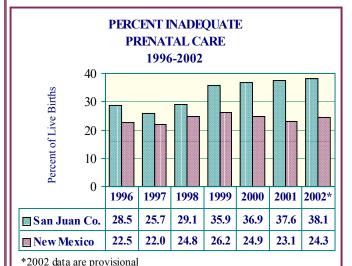


KESSNER INDEX VERSUS KOTELCHUCK INDEX

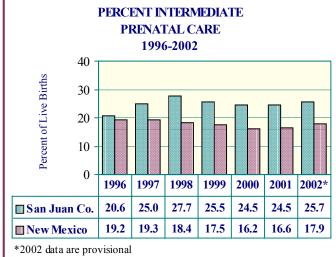
Both the Kessner Index and the Kotelchuck Index utilize the month of pregnancy in which prenatal care began and the number of prenatal visits. The Kessner Index relies very heavily on the timing of the initiation of prenatal care. For example, inadequate prenatal care is defined as no prenatal care or care beginning in the third trimester. The Kessner Index has been modified by most states to allow for insufficient visits even when care was initiated early. The exact combination varies from state to state so that there is no standard modified Kessner.

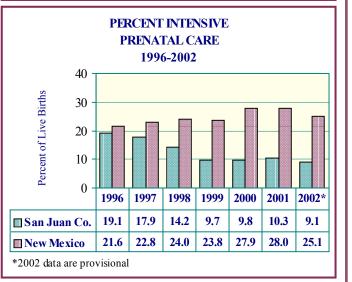
The Kotelchuck Index is more sophisticated and uses two dimensions, the timing of the initiation of care and the adequacy of services received (ratio of observed visits to expected visits), which are combined into a single summary index.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION (Kotelchuck Index) 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002* **Inadequate Care** San Juan Co. 512 466 516 646 708 728 734 New Mexico 5,811 5,541 6.284 6.499 6,333 5.854 6.321 Intermediate Care San Juan Co. 492 459 474 496 368 453 470 New Mexico 4.943 4,845 4,660 4,331 4,122 4.187 4,663 Adequate Care San Juan Co. 655 645 576 520 553 535 524 New Mexico 8.826 8.417 8.239 8.052 7.915 8.165 8.498 **Intensive Care** 254 175 San Juan Co. 246 191 174 188 199 6,182 6,341 6,109 5,885 New Mexico 7,097 7,090 6,526 * 2002 data are provisional SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

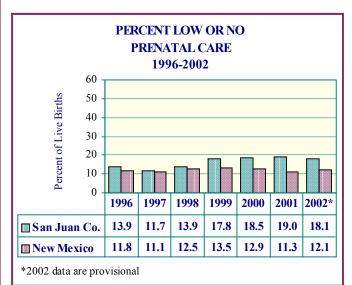


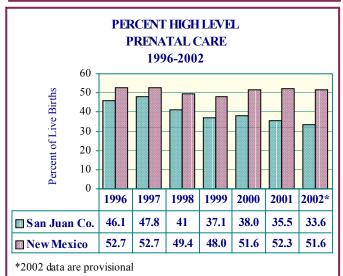


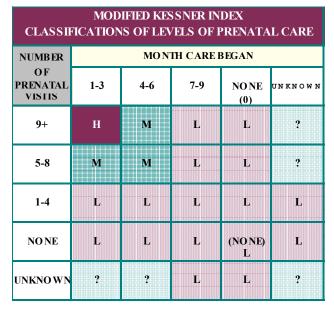




RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LEVEL OF PRENATAL CARE (Modified Kessner Index) 1996-2002 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002* Low or No Prenatal Care 216 San Juan Co. 254 258 332 362 374 356 3,203 2,973 3,413 3,523 New Mexico 3,665 3,065 3,356 Mid-Level Prenatal Care San Juan Co. 697 710 761 780 819 867 917 New Mexico 8,337 8,166 8,551 8,258 8,045 8,190 8,485 High Prenatal Care San Juan Co. 844 884 761 693 743 700 662 14,331 14,139 13,476 13,025 14,035 14,164 14,284 New Mexico **Unknown Prenatal Care** San Juan Co. 36 39 74 62 29 29 35 New Mexico 1,345 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 1,682 1,581 * 2002 data are provisional SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS





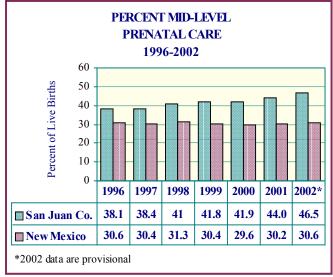


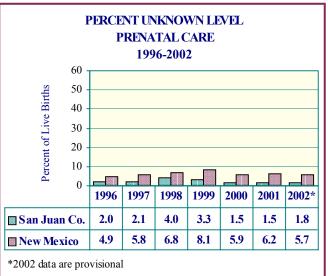
HIGH (OPTIMUM) LEVEL MID-LEVEL H LOW or NO LEVEL

UNKNOWN LEVEL

UNKNOWN LEVEL ?

L



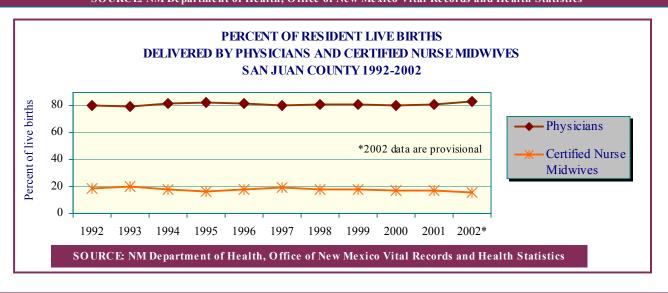


RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002													
Physician													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Juan Co.	1,532	1,512	1,491	1,403	1,497	1,479	1,505	1,520	1,573	1,600	1,639		
New Mexico	23,454	22,492	22,309	21,965	22,101	21,387	20,932	19,696	19,407	19,063	19,231		
	Certified Nurse Midwife												
San Juan Co.	351	379	318	285	324	363	332	335	337	334	301		
New Mexico	3,977	4,756	4,738	4,474	4,622	5,040	5,912	7,011	7,338	7,619	7,937		
	·		·		L	ay Midwife	2		·				
San Juan Co.	1	5	11	18	13	9	2	2	16	11	14		
New Mexico	286	293	292	272	254	240	248	269	290	268	336		
	Ť	•	•	•	•	Other	Ť	Ť	•	•			
San Juan Co.	10	6	3	3	2	4	8	7	27	25	16		
New Mexico	New Mexico 193 290 246 203 239 177 202 157 171 151 204												
*2002 data are	provisiona	al		, in the second	·		, in the second second						

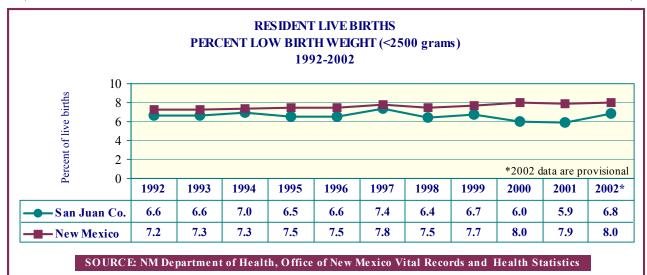
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

PERCENT OF RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002

]	Physician							
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Juan Co.	80.7	79.5	81.9	82.4	81.8	80.0	81.2	81.4	80.5	81.2	83.2		
New Mexico	84.0	80.8	80.9	81.6	81.2	79.7	76.7	72.6	71.3	70.3	69.4		
	Certified Nurse Midwife												
San Juan Co.	18.5	19.9	17.5	16.7	17.7	19.6	17.9	17.9	17.3	17.0	15.3		
New Mexico	14.2	17.1	17.2	16.6	17.0	18.8	21.7	25.8	27.0	28.1	28.6		
					L	ay Midwife	•	•		•			
San Juan Co.	0.1	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.6	0.7		
New Mexico	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2		
						Other							
San Juan Co.	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.4	1.3	0.8		
New Mexico	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7		
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional												



	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 2500 grams) 1992-2002												
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Juan Co.	125	126	127	111	120	137	119	125	118	116	134		
New Mexico	2,014	2,032	2,023	2,017	2,041	2,086	2,042	2,078	2,180	2,147	2,224		
*2002 data are	2002 data are provisional												
sou	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics												



Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight (LBW) is defined as an infant weight of less than 2,500 grams (5 1/2 lbs) at the time of delivery. Birth weight is one of the most important factors in determining the survival and health of an infant. Low birth weight is a public health problem since infants born LBW have increased infant mortality, morbidity, incidence of learning disabilities, and medical costs. Nationally, the risk factors for LBW include maternal age of less than seventeen and greater than 34 years, Black race/ethnicity, low socioeconomic status, single marital status, lower levels of maternal education, smoking, inadequate weight gain, low pre-pregnancy weight, and a variety of medical risk factors (Source: Data to Action).

Smoking, which retards fetal growth, is the single largest modifiable risk factor for LBW and infant mortality. It is estimated to account for 20 to 30% of all LBW births.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS HIGH BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (4090+ grams, 9 pounds) 1994-2002

	1994	-1996	1997-	1999	2000-2002*		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
San Juan Co.	294	5.5	329	5.9	337	5.7	
New Mexico	4,010	5.2	3,810	4.9	3,674	4.7	
		•	•		•	-	

*2002 Data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 1500 grams)

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 1500 grams) 1994-2002

	1994-	-1996	1997-	1999	2000-2002*		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
San Juan Co.	45	0.8	49	0.9	69	1.2	
New Mexico	894	1.1	880	1.1	1,005	1.2	

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

High Birth Weight

A woman with a history of gestational diabetes or delivery of a baby weighing >9 pounds is at risk of developing type 2 diabetes. In addition, if the baby has macrosomia (generally defined as a weight of 4000 g or more), he or she is at risk for obesity and also for developing type 2 diabetes later on in life. It should be noted that there is no widely agreed-upon weight definition. Any evaluation of fetal weight must be considered in the context of gestational age.

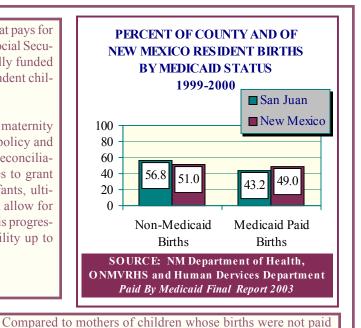
Sources: "Diabetes in the Life Cycle and Research," Vol. 4. 2003. Editor M. Franz. Published by the American Association of Diabetes Educators, Chicago Illinois. *Diabetes Care Journal*, Supplement 1, January 2003 Vol. (26).

MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH - MEDICAID BIRTHS / SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS / FEMALE POPULATION

Medicaid is a Federal-State matching entitlement program that pays for medical assistance. Originating in 1965 as Title XIX of the Social Security Act, it was created as a medical extension of the federally funded cash income assistance program emphasizing care for dependent children and their mothers, the disabled, and the elderly.

Federal and state initiatives intending to expand access to maternity and child health care have resulted in dramatic changes in policy and manner of health care delivery. Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Acts (OBRA) of 1986, 1987, and 1989 required states to grant Medicaid eligibility/coverage for pregnant woman and infants, ultimately, at or below the 133% of federal poverty levels, and allow for eligibility up to 185%. The State of New Mexico followed this progression and complimented the initiatives by extending eligibility up to 225% of federal poverty levels.

Statewide, Medicaid paid for 49% of births.



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTHS BY MEDICAID STATUS 1999-2000

Residence	Non- Medicaid Births	Medicaid Paid Births	Total Births
San Juan	2,170	1,650	3,820
New Mexico	27,710	26,600	54,310

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS and Human Services Department Paid By Medicaid Final Report 2003 by Medicaid, Medicaid mothers in New Mexico tended to:

- Be younger;
- Be White Hispanic;
- Have fewer years of education;
- Have lower levels of prenatal care;
- Be outside of the major metropolitan areas;
- Be more at risk for preterm and low weight births.

WOMEN, INFANT & CHILDREN (WIC) PROGRAM & COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM (CSFP) POTENTIAL ELIGIBLES FISCAL YEAR 2001 **Estimated** WIC **CSFP** Percent Potential Eligible Recipients Recipients Served San Juan Co. 4,492 529 1,725 50.2 New Mexico 96,571 55,934 4,889 63.0

> SOURCE: NM Department of Health Family Food & Nutrition Services, WIC Program

PERCENT OF ALL NEW MEXICO
WIC AND CSFP
ESTIMATED ELIGIBLES
FISCAL YEAR 2001

4.7
95.3

San Juan Co. All Other Counties

SOURCE: NM Department of Health
Family Food & Nutrition Sevices, WIC Program

SAN JUAN FEMALE POPULATION AGES 15-44 2000, 2001 and 2002													
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002	Age Groups	2000	2001	2002						
15 to 19 years	5,236	5,400	5,478	35 to 39 years	4,503	4,295	4,206						
20 to 24 years	3,711	4,070	4,619	40 to 44 years	4,613	4,750	4,837						
25 to 29 years	3,489	3,509	3,759	15 to 44 years	25,163	25,787	26,706						
30 to 34 years	30 to 34 years 3,611 3,763 3,807												
	Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census												

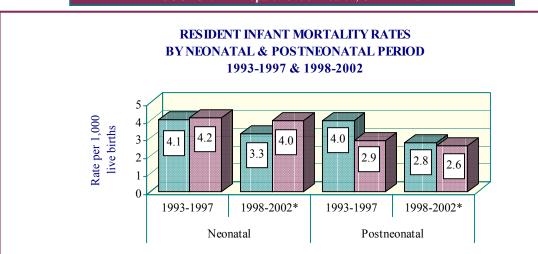
RESIDENT INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

	All Infant Deaths		Neo	natal	Postneonatal	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
San Juan Co.	8.1	6.0	4.1	3.3	4.0	2.8
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	4.2	4.0	2.9	2.6

^{* 2002} data are provisional.

Rate per 1,000 live births in mid year.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

San Juan Co. New Mexico



INFANT MORTALITY RATES BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE FOR SELECTED CAUSES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

	All Infant Deaths		Birth Defects		Short Gestation		SIDS	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
San Juan Co.	8.1	6.0	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	0.3
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.6

^{*2002} data are provisional

* 2002 data are provisional.

NOTE: Rate per 1,000 live births. Subcategory rates may not add up to all infant death rate due to rounding.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

SELECTED DIAGNOSES REPORTED TO CHILDRENS CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY 2000

Diagnasas	San Jua	ın Co.	New Mexico		
Diagnoses	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
Children in Registry	3,627	848.9	90,763	1534.5	
Congenital Anomalies - All	1,117	261.4	22,241	376.0	
Neural Tube Defects	34	8.0	870	14.7	
Cleft Lip/Cleft Palate	242	56.6	2,946	49.8	
Down Syndrome	66	15.4	997	16.9	
All Other Anomalies	775	181.4	17,428	294.6	
Asthma	721	168.7	20,904	353.4	

* = 1-3 **= 0

Rates per 10,000 population ages 20 years and younger

NOTE: Children in registry totals include all other conditions not listed above.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Children's Medical Services

CHILD ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATIONS 2002

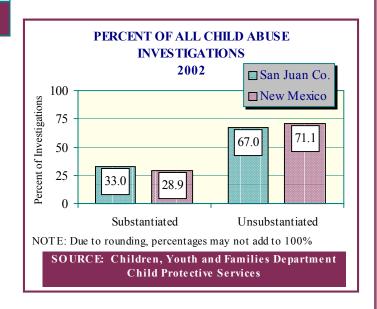
	Substantiated	Unsubstantiated	Total
San Juan Co.	225	456	681
New Mexico	4,089	10,067	14,156

Substantiated means that through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report has been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

An *unsubstantiated* investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) was, true.

SOURCE: NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services







Sometimes children have special developmental needs or health concerns that may put them at risk for or cause a developmental delay.

Through the Department of Health's Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program early intervention services are available to help families who have concerns about the development of their young child (birth to three).

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) ELIGIBILITY STATUS FOR FY03

ELIGIBILITY	San Juan	New Mexico
EAIGIDILI Y	NUMBER	NUMBER
At Risk, Environmental	9	665
At Risk, Medical/Biological	78	1,150
Developmental Delay	98	2,937
Established Condition	36	470

The eligibility category of children with an active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported. Children are eligible for FIT Program service through one of four eligibility categories: a developmental delay of 25% or more in one of five developmental areas, an established condition (such as Down's Syndrome) that usually leads to a development delay, or a medical / biological risk or an environmental risk for a developmental delay.

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY RACE/ETHNICITY FOR FY03 San Juan New Mexico RACE/ETHNICITY NUMBER **NUMBER** American Indian or Alaskan Native 95 779 Asian or Pacific Islander 0 43 5 Black or African American (not Hispanic) 130 Hispanic or Latino 48 2,696 White (not Hispanic) 75 1,574 The race / ethnicity of children with active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) **BY AGE OF CHILD** on 12/1/2002 San Juan New Mexico AGE OF CHILD NUMBER PERCENT NUMBER PERCENT 23.7 Less Than 1 year 28 458 17.9 1 to 2 years 32 27.1 707 27.6 2 to 3 years 41.0 44 37.3 1048 3 years and older 14 11.9 345 13.5 Total 118 100.0 2558 100.0 The age of child with an IFSP on December 1st as reported

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

Fiscal Year 2003 = July 01, 2002 to June 30, 2003

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 8TH GRADE 2002-2003

GRADE	San Ju	ıan Co.	New Mexico		
GRADE	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	
Kindergarten	260	1,613	3,525	22,638	
1st Grade	223	1,710	2,667	23,706	
2nd Grade	211	1,524	2,738	23,550	
3rd Grade	231	1,650	2,601	24,012	
4th Grade	202	1,778	2,553	24,995	
5th Grade	206	1,848	2,554	25,310	
6th Grade	137	1,946	2,666	25,702	
7th Grade	92	1,968	2,628	25,425	
8th Grade	92	1,957	2,555	25,630	
Total	1,654	15,994	24,487	220,968	

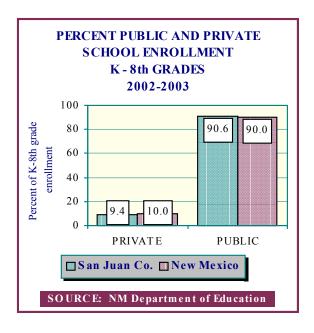
SOURCE: NM Department of Education

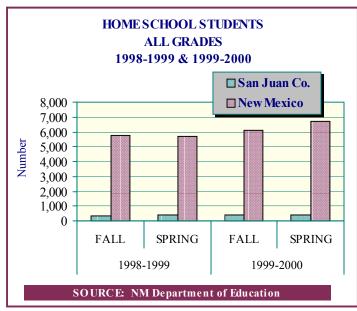
HOMESCHOOLSTUDENIS ALL GRADES 1998-1999 & 1999-2000								
	1998-1999 1999-2000							
	FALL	SPRING	FALL	SPRING				
San Juan Co.	372	428	381	439				
New Mexico	5,796	5,728	6.080	6.732				

NOTE: These are the number of home school students reporting to the New Mexico Department of Education.

SOURCE: NM Department of Education





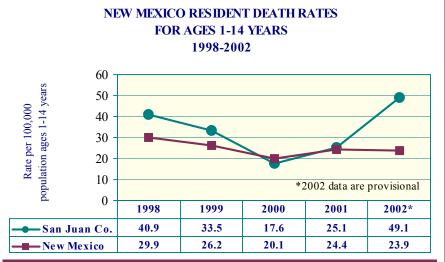


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 1-14 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico
1992	8	120
1993	19	133
1994	10	125
1995	13	123
1996	18	128
1997	11	106
1998	12	115
1999	10	100
2000	5	79
2001	7	94
2002*	14	92

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 1-14 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

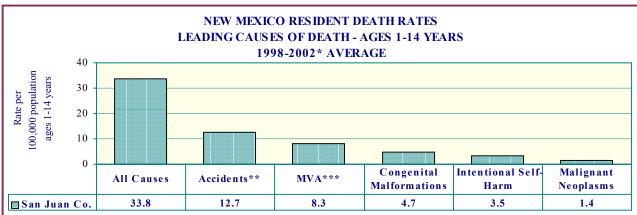
SAN JUAN COUNT	NEW MEXICO				
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	48	33.8	All Causes	480	24.4
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	18	12.7	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	190	9.7
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(12)	(8.3)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(128)	(6.5)
Congenital Malformations	7	4.7	Congenital Malformations	45	2.3
Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	5	3.5	Malignant Neoplasms	39	2.0
Malignant Neoplasms	2	1.4	Assault (Homicide)	37	1.9

* 2002 data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 1-14 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

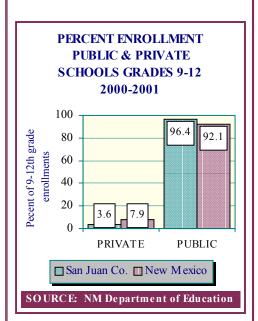


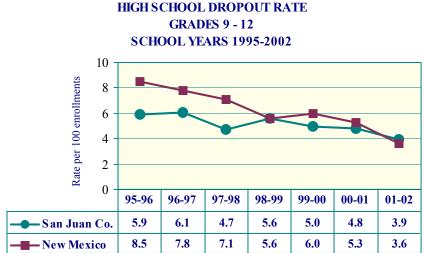
*2002 data are provisional. **Accidents are considered Unintentional Injuries. *** Motor Vehicle Accidents (MVA) are included in Accidents. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not be equal to those previously reported due to application of comparability ratios.

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9-12** SCHOOL YEARS 2000-2003 SCHOOL YEAR San Juan Co. New Mexico 2000-2001 7,696 95,427 2001-2002 7,551 95,224 2002-2003 7,395 95,767 SOURCE: NM Department of Education

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9 - 12 SCHOOL YEAR 2000-2001** San Juan Co. New Mexico **GRADE** PRIVATE PUBLIC PRIVATE PUBLIC 9th 2,295 2,454 28,944 10th 83 2,067 2,092 25,476 21,905 11th 76 1,809 1,901 12th 38 1,525 1,690 19,102 285 95,427 Total 7,696 8,137 SOURCE: NM Department of Education





Rate calculated by dividing the number of dropouts by the number of students enrolled in grades 9-12 on the 40th day of enrollment. A dropout is a student who was enrolled in school the previous year, but did not enroll the following year and did not graduate or meet certain approved exclusions (e.g., transfer, illness).

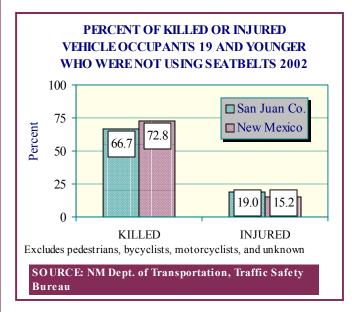
SOURCE: NM Department of Education

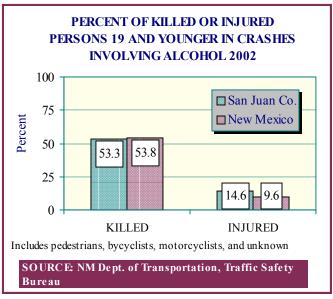
RESIDENT FALL ENROLLMENT TO NEW MEXICO HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS 2001-2002							
INSTITUTE	San.			New Mexico			
1.0111011	2001	2002	2001	2002			
UNM	574	525	19,751	20,497			
UNM Gallup	16	26	2,125	2,485			
UNM Los Alamos	1	2	824	918			
UNM Medical School	11	13	263	268			
UNM Taos	0	0	1,190	1,349			
UNM Valencia	0	0	1,563	1,717			
NMSU	391	412	10,897	11,330			
NMSU Alamogordo	1	0	1,300	1,380			
NMSU Carlsbad	1	2	1,028	1,108			
NMSU Dona Ana	44	44	4,342	4,744			
NMSU Grants	1	6	619	640			
ENMU	74	55	3,144	3,120			
ENMU Roswell	4	7	3,046	3,536			
ENMU Ruidoso	3	0	752	751			
NMHU	233	292	2,987	2,841			
WNMU	19	16	2,109	2,277			
Other NM Institutions*	6,609	7,383	38,739	41,773			
SOURC	E: NM Commiss	sion on Higher	Education				

NOTE: Not all resident students report their original county of origin. In addition, out of state students are not included. Resident students attending school out of state are also not included. Counts reflect all students at a specific site, including extended services enrollments.

*Includes all other institutions of higher education not listed above, including community and technical colleges.

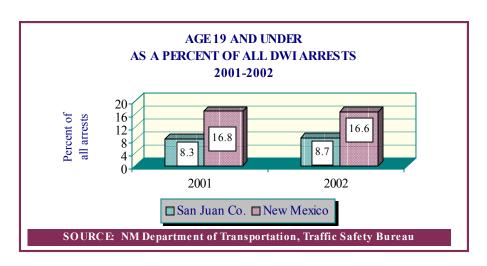
PERSONS 19 AND UNDER KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002							
		KILLED		INJURED			
	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT	
San Juan Co.	12	8	4	496	94	402	
New Mexico	81	59	22	6,407	974	5,433	
NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.							
SOURCE: New Mexico Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau							





NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED (DWI) 2001 & 2002							
	19 Years and Younger All Persons						
	2001	2002	2001	2002			
San Juan Co.	174	184	2,109	2,125			
New Mexico	3,617 3,593 21,576 21,603						
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau							





NEW MEXICO RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGE 15-17 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

	Number	Rate
San Juan Co.	576	34.5
New Mexico	8,687	40.0

*2002 data are provisional

Rate is per 1,000 female population ages 15-17 years. Rate numerator was births to mothers age 15-17 years for 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was 2000 female population age 15-17.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS

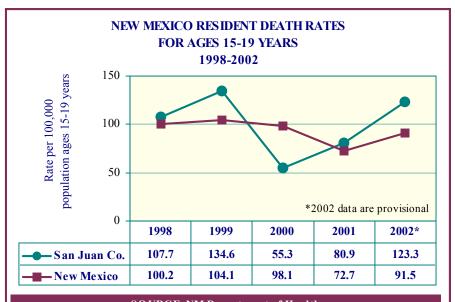
NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES FOR MOTHERS AGES 15-17 YEARS 1970, 1980, 1990, & 2000 Rate per 1,000 Female Population ages 15-17 100 50 0 1970 1980 1990 2000 33.4 57.8 45.2 35.6 -San Juan Co. 37.2 43.9 46.9 39.1 New Mexico **SOURCE: NM Department of Health**

SOURCE: NM Department of Health
Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 15-19 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico
1992	10	117
1993	12	132
1994	12	128
1995	9	150
1996	13	158
1997	7	118
1998	10	144
1999	13	150
2000	6	143
2001	9	107
2002*	14	136
*2002 data are provisional		

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 15-19 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

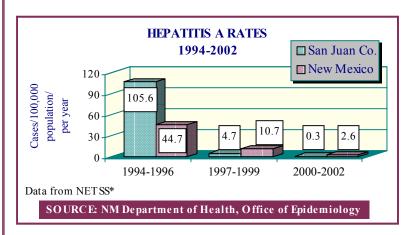
SAN JUAN COUNTY		NEW MEXICO			
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	52	95.8	All Causes	680	93.3
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	28	51.9	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	312	42.8
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(21)	(37.9)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(235)	(32.2)
Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	9	16.6	Assault (Homicide)	117	16.0
Assault (Homicide)	6	11.0	Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	117	16.0
Malignant Neoplasms	2	3.7	Malignant Neoplasms	35	4.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

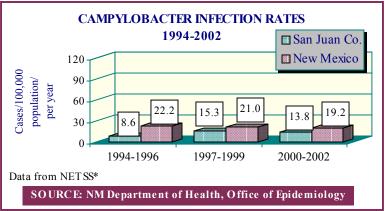
Rate per 100,000 population ages 15-19 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

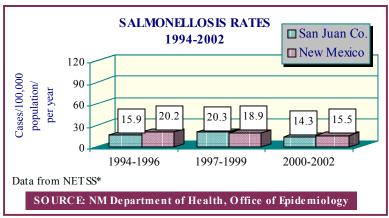
GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES



HEPATITIS A NUMBER OF CASES		
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico		
1994-1996	318	2,254
1997-1999	15	557
2000-2002	1	141
Data from NETSS*		
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology		



CAMPYLOBACTER INFECTION NUMBER OF CASES			
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico			
1994-1996	26	1,117	
1997-1999	49	1,093	
2000-2002	48	1,059	
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health			
Office of Epidemiology			
·			



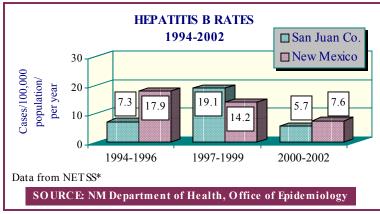
SALMONELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES			
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico			
1994-1996	48	1,016	
1997-1999	65	984	
2000-2002	50	856	
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health			
Office of Epidemiology			

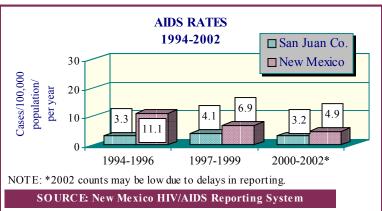
	SHIGELLOSIS RATES 1994-2002	☐ San Juan Co. ☐ New Mexico	
Cases/100,000 population/per year	90 60 31.9 37.7 9.4 15.1 1994-1996 1997-1999	4.3 10.2 2000-2002	
Data from NET SS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology			

SHIGELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES		
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico		
1994-1996	96	1,900
1997-1999	30	786
2000-2002	15	560
Data from NETSS*		
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology		

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

BLOODBORNE DISEASES



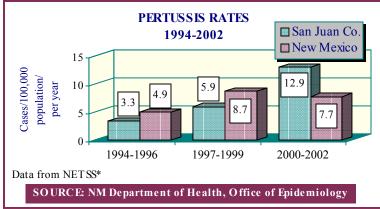


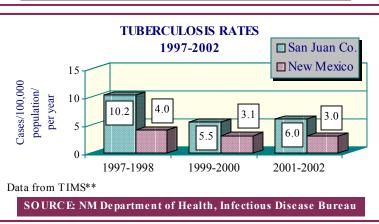
HEPATITIS B NUMBER OF CASES			
Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico	
1994-1996	22	905	
1997-1999	61	736	
2000-2002 20 419			
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology			

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

AIDS NUMBER OF CASES		
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico		
1994-1996	10	559
1997-1999	13	357
2000-2002*	11	270
NOTE: *2002 counts may be low due		
to delays in reporting.		
SOURCE: New Mexico HIV/AIDS		
Reporting System		

RESPIRATORY DISEASES



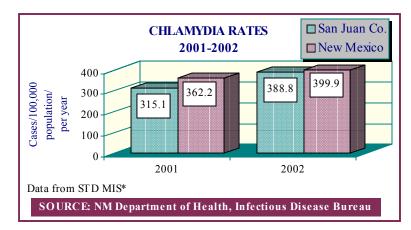


PERTUSSIS NUMBER OF CASES			
Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico	
1994-1996	10	247	
1997-1999	19	453	
2000-2002	45	426	
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology			

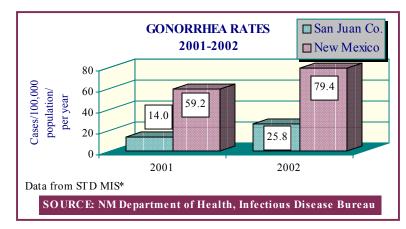
N	TUBERCULOSIS NUMBER OF CASES		
Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico	
1997-1998	21	139	
1999-2000	12	110	
2001-2002	14	111	
Data from T	Data from TIMS**		
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau			

**Tuberculosis Information Management System (TIMS)

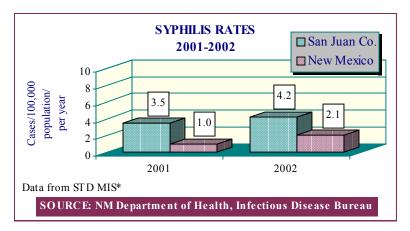
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES



CHLAMYDIA NUMBER OF CASES							
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico							
2001	361	6,669					
2002	468	7,419					
Data from S	Data from STD MIS*						
	SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau						



GONORRHEA NUMBER OF CASES						
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico						
2001	16	1,090				
2002	31	1,472				
Data from S	TD MIS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health						
Infectious Disease Bureau						



SYPHILIS NUMBER OF CASES						
Year San Juan Co. New Mexico						
2001	4	19				
2002	5	39				
Data from S	TD MIS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau						

NOTE: The scales on the above graphs are not comparable.

*Sexually Transmitted Diseases Management Information Systems (STD MIS)

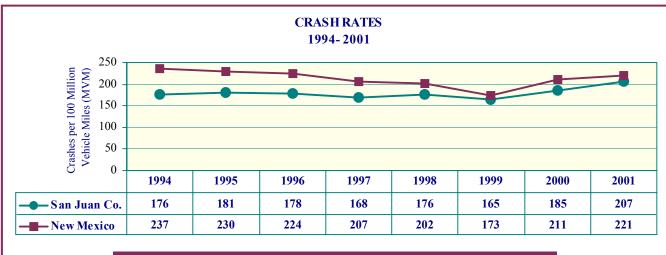
NUMBER OF FATAL AND INJURY CRASHES VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED, LICENSED DRIVERS AND ECONOMIC LOSS 2001



	NUMBER OF CR		ER OF CRASHES		Economic	100 MVM
	Total	Fatal	Injury	Drivers	Loss *1000	Traveled
San Juan Co.	2,952	30	1,118	71,735	\$224,807	14.3
New Mexico	50,236	415	17,879	1,225,793	\$3,537,921	227.1

NOTE: MVM = Million Vehicle Miles

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "New Mexico Traffic Crash Information", 2001 Report.



SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

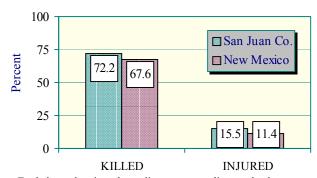
ALL PERSONS KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002

	KILLED			KILLED INJURED		
	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT
San Juan Co.	36	26	10	1,690	262	1,428
New Mexico	349	236	113	24,771	2,818	21,953

NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: New Mexico Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

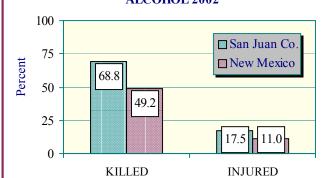
PERCENT OF KILLED OR INJURED VEHICLE OCCUPANTS WHO WERE NOT USING SEATBELTS 2002



Excludes pedestrians, bycyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

PERCENT OF KILLED OR INJURED PERSONS IN CRASHES INVOLVING ALCOHOL 2002



Includes pedestrians, bycyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.



ALCOHOL RELATED CRASHES NEW MEXICO - 2001

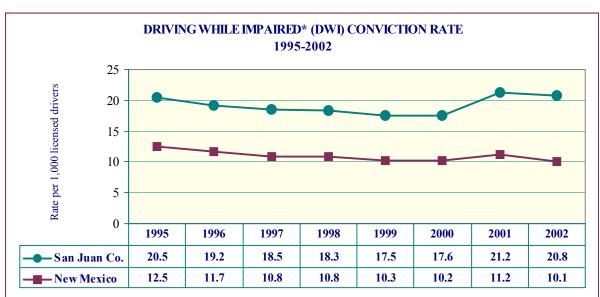
- 43 percent of all fatal crashes involved alcohol.
- A person died in an alcohol-involved crash every 44 hours.
- A person was injured in an alcohol-involved crash every 174 minutes.
- An alcohol-involved crash occurred every 147 minutes.

ALCOHOL INVOLVED CRASHES PERSONS INVOLVED AND DWI CONVICTIONS 2002

	CRAS	SHES	PERSONS INVOLVED)
	Fatal	Injury	DWI Killed Injured Conviction* DWI I			
San Juan Co.	28	164	33	311	1,504	20.8
New Mexico	198	1,774	221	2,921	12,544	10.1

*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", 2002 Report.



^{*}DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

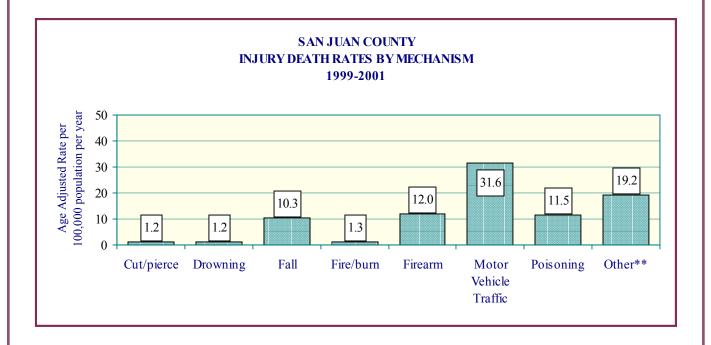
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", various years.

SAN JUAN COUNTY INJURY DEATHS BY MECHANISM 1999-2001							
Mechanism of Injury Number of Deaths in 3 Years New Mexico Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year New Mexico Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year							
Cut/pierce	4	1.2	1.8				
Drowning	4	1.2	1.4				
Fall	24	10.3	10.2				
Fire/burn	4	1.3	1.0				
Firearm	37	12.0	15.7				
Motor Vehicle Traffic	104	31.6	22.1				
Poisoning	37	11.5	17.0				
Other**	62	19.2	14.0				
All Injury	276	88.3	83.2				

NON-FATAL INJURY 1998-	HOSPITALIZ -2000	ZATIONS
Number/Rate	San Juan County	New Mexico
Total Number of		
Hospital Discharges in		
3 Years	2,056	30,596
Age Adjusted Rate per		
100,000* Population per		
Year	664.2	585.2

NOTE: Injury as the principal diagnosis of discharge. * Rates are adjusted to the 2000 U. S. Standard Population.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



Note: Injury categories are from the "Preliminary External Cause of Injury Mortality Matrix for ICD-10," June 12, 2001 by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control.

New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology, Injury Epidemiology Unit Source: Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

^{*}Age-adjusted death rate adjusted to the 2000 U.S standard population. Age adjusted death rates weight the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

^{**} Other includes machinery, cyclist, pedestrian, natural /environmental, struck by/against, suffocation, other specified and unspecified categories.

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG MALES NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE

SITE	San .	Juan	New Mexico		
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	
All Cancers	1,097	435.8	23,565	468.7	
Stomach	30	12.3	515	10.6	
Colon and Rectum	128	51.1	2,482	50.4	
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	20	7.2	412	8.2	
Gallbladder	^	^	52	1.1	
Pancreas	35	14.5	570	11.7	
Lung and Bronchus	155	64.0	3,053	62.2	
Melanomas of the Skin	52	18.7	974	18.7	
Breast	^	^	51	1.0	
Prostate	256	106.0	7,320	145.5	
Urinary Bladder	60	24.9	1,324	27.4	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	40	16.0	741	14.3	
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	55	22.0	912	17.8	
Leukemias	49	18.3	727	14.2	
All Other Cancers	210	77.9	4,432	85.3	

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Colorectal Cancer Screening and Early Detection

Screening tests can reduce deaths from colorectal cancer by identifying polyps, which are tiny growths inside the colon, before they become cancerous. Screening also detects early cancers when treatment is most effective and survival rates are high.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

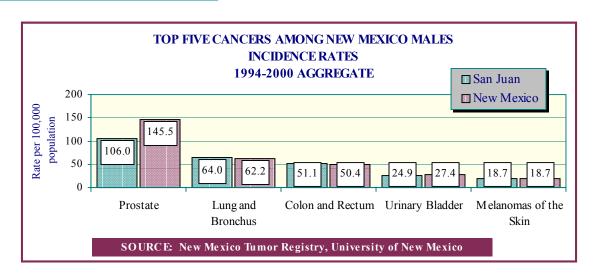
Prostate Cancer Fact

The American Cancer Society estimates that in 2003, 220,900 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed and that 28,900 men will die of the disease in the United States.

Two methods for detecting prostate cancer are commonly used by clinicians:

- 1) Digital rectal examination (DRE)
- 2) Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



[~] Statistic could not be calculated.

[^] Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG FEMALES NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE							
SITE	San J	luan 💮	New Mexico				
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE			
All Cancers	1,074	348.0	21,575	353.8			
Stomach	17	5.8	333	5.5			
Colon and Rectum	107	35.8	2,173	35.6			
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	12	3.9	211	3.4			
Gallbladder	6	2.0	113	1.8			
Pancreas	27	9.1	543	8.9			
Lung and Bronchus	111	37.3	2,208	36.0			
Melanomas of the Skin	34	10.1	745	12.2			
Breast	306	97.6	7,067	116.5			
Cervix	29	9.0	566	9.3			
Corpus and Uterus, NOS	79	25.4	1,116	18.3			
Urinary Bladder	15	4.8	484	7.9			
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	30	9.6	472	7.7			
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	27	8.8	759	12.5			
Leukemias	24	7.5	532	8.6			
All Other Cancers	250	81.2	4,253	69.5			

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Breast Cancer Screening

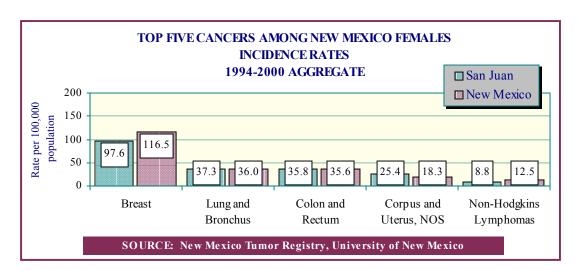
According to the American Cancer Society, an estimated 211,300 new invasive cases of breast cancer are expected to occur among women in the United States during 2003. Mammography is the best way to detect breast cancer in its earliest, most treatable stage, an average of 1.7 years before a woman can feel the lump. Mammography also locates cancers too small to be felt during a clinical breast examination.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

Cervical Cancer Screening

Cervical cancer is nearly 100 percent preventable, yet according to the American Cancer Society, in 2003, an estimated 12,200 new cases of invasive cervical cancer will be diagnosed and about 4,100 women will die of the disease. The occurrence of deaths from cervical cancer has declined significantly over the past 40 years. This decline is largely attributed to the effectiveness of Pap test screening in detecting precancerous lesions and early stage cervical cancer.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)

➤ Hospitals use a classification scheme, called Major Diagnostic Categories (MDC), to group the diagnoses of patients upon their discharge from the hospital. Data shown in the following pages are based on a modification of the Major Diagnostic Categories. The Modified Major Diagnostic Categories (MMDCs) separates injuries and neoplasms into their own unique groupings while conventional MDCs distribute these diagnoses across other categories, which obscures their impact.

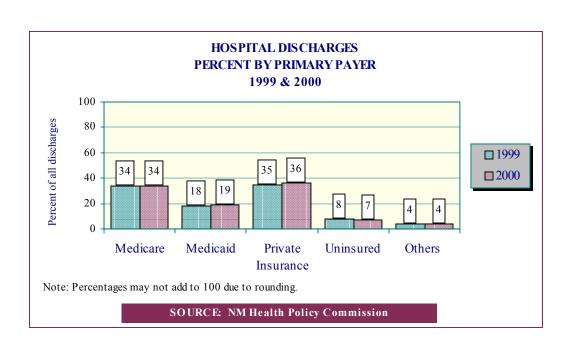
METHODOLOGY NOTES:

- The size of the county's population and the population demographics, such as average age of residents, should be taken into account in interpreting reported data.
- Indian Health Service facilities do not report discharge data to the New Mexico Health Policy Commission, the state agency that maintains the hospital discharge database. As such, counties with large Native American populations may have artificially lower rates.
- Only hospitalization to New Mexico hospitals are included. Counties bordering other states may have a significant number of hospitalization in other states.

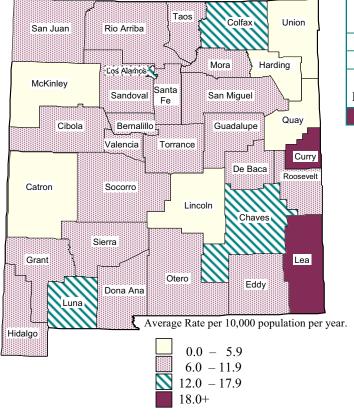
HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA - ALL AGES				
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES	(MMDCs)			
1999-2001				

01: Nervous System 02: Eye Diseases	San Juan Co. 359 40	New Mexico 6,319	San Juan Co.	New Mexico	San Juan Co.	New Mexico
02: Eye Diseases	40		402			THE WINICATED
			403	6,416	399	6,799
		639	24	386	19	205
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	128	1,879	100	1,612	91	1,702
04: Respiratory System	1,186	17,875	1,094	15,151	1,007	15,329
05: Circulatory System	1,433	20,349	1,576	20,923	1,566	20,629
06: Digestive System	791	12,425	797	13,099	810	12,921
07: Hepatobiliary System	328	5,084	305	5,306	312	5,343
08: Musculoskeletal System	491	7,400	478	7,206	438	7,293
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	117	2,272	132	2,392	144	2,583
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	291	4,658	302	4,726	310	5,103
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	349	4,789	350	4,787	379	5,186
12: Male Reproductive System	20	772	23	662	18	767
13: Female Reproductive System	184	3,330	188	3,496	149	3,542
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	1,265	26,121	1,276	26,521	1,338	26,606
15: Newborns, Neonates	1,198	23,859	1,244	24,401	1,294	24,567
16: Blood & Blood Forming-Organs	48	1,052	59	1,170	46	1,253
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	477	8,616	409	8,345	433	8,118
18: Infectious Diseases	150	2,128	121	1,795	161	1,915
19: Mental Diseases	458	8,878	504	9,064	564	9,485
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	181	3,295	162	2,957	210	2,909
21: Injuries & Poisonings	1,090	14,682	1,081	14,193	1,161	14,113
22: Burns	44	270	29	233	18	229
23: Factors Influencing Health	454	4,148	335	4,274	278	4,387
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0	0	0	0	0
25: HIV	1	148	0	96	0	86

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



NEW MEXICO ASTHMA DISCHARGE DATA BY COUNTY 1998-2000



SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

HOS PITAL DIS CHARGES BY PRIMARY PAYER 1999 & 2000

Daves	San .	Juan	New Mexico			
Payee	1999	2000	1999	2000		
Medicare	3,746	3,753	47,144	47,959		
Medicaid	2,046	2,087	39,147	39,468		
Private						
Insurance	3,912	3,926	71,401	74,271		
Uninsured	926	784	12,354	13,859		
Others	479	487	5,431	4,738		
Total						
Discharges	11,109	11,037	175,477	180,295		

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

NEW MEXICO ASTHMA HOSPITAL DISCHARGES* BY COUNTY 1998-2000

	Number	Rate
San Juan Co.	322	9.8
New Mexico	4,936	9.4

^{*}Primary discharges from non-Federal Hospitals Average rates per 10,000 population per year.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

ESTIMATED DIABETES PREVALENCE AMONG NEW MEXICO ADULTS 2002*

County	2002 Adult Population	Number of Adults with	Percentage of Adults with
		Diabetes	Diabetes
Bernalillo	430,698	38,586	9.0%
Catron	2,844	228	8.0%
Chaves	43,413	3,806	8.8%
Cibola	18,460	1,960	10.6%
Colfax	10,765	951	8.8%
Curry	31,536	2,672	8.5%
De Baca	1,666	142	8.5%
Dona Ana	127,663	12,049	9.4%
Eddy	37,146	3,195	8.6%
Grant	22,677	2,022	8.9%
Guadalupe	3,513	352	10.0%
Harding	616	55	8.9%
Hidalgo	3,801	344	9.1%
Lea	39,662	3,451	8.7%
Lincoln	15,533	1,269	8.2%
Los Alamos	13,763	1,075	7.8%
Luna	18,007	1,639	9.1%
McKinley	47,057	5,630	12.0%
Mora	3,960	398	10.0%
Otero	43,945	3,827	8.7%
Quay	7,524	646	8.6%
Rio Arriba	29,687	3,093	10.4%
Roosevelt	13,160	1,109	8.4%
Sandoval	68,949	6,313	9.2%
San Juan	82,679	8,169	9.9%
San Miguel	22,029	2,197	10.0%
Santa Fe	103,491	9,359	9.0%
Sierra	10,497	859	8.2%
Socorro	13,177	1,246	9.5%
Taos	23,651	2,246	9.5%
Torrance	11,901	1,030	8.7%
Union	2,962	251	8.5%
Valencia	48,121	4,450	9.2%
New Mexico**	1,354,553	120,555	8.9%

^{*}County estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002), a telephone survey of adults' (age 18 and over) health in New Mexico, was utilized to generate the racial/ethnic-specific diagnosed diabetes prevalence rates for the entire state. County populations were then obtained from the US Census Bureau (2002) by racial/ethnic group. The BRFSS rates were applied to these groups, generating an estimate of the number of American Indians, non-Hispanic Whites, Hispanics and Others (Asian/Pacific Islanders, non-Hispanic Blacks, and other) with diagnosed diabetes. The numbers were then combined to yield a total estimate of adults in each county with diagnosed diabetes. For those with undiagnosed diabetes, estimates by racial/ethnic group from NHANES III (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey) were obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate.

Source: Department of Health, Diabetes Prevention & Control Program

^{**}State estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002) was utilized to generate an overall estimate of diagnosed diabetes among New Mexican adults. That is, in 2002, an estimated 6.2% of New Mexican adults indicated they had been diagnosed with diabetes. An estimate for undiagnosed diabetes (from NHANES III data) was obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate. Note: adding up the county estimates will not result in the state estimate. For the state estimate, there was no initial stratification by race/ethnicity, it was simply a calculation of those with diabetes (all races) divided by those responding to the question.

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA					
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)					
SAN JUAN COUNTY 1999-2001					

		1999			2000			2001	
MMDC		All	% All		All	% All		All	% All
	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages
01: Nervous System	169	359	47.1	184	403	45.7	197	399	49.4
02: Eye Diseases	12	40	30.0	7	24	29.2	7	19	36.8
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	22	128	17.2	13	100	13.0	13	91	14.3
04: Respiratory System	585	1,186	49.3	513	1,094	46.9	484	1,007	48.1
05: Circulatory System	767	1,433	53.5	853	1,576	54.1	831	1,566	53.1
06: Digestive System	270	791	34.1	273	797	34.3	263	810	32.5
07: Hepatobiliary System	86	328	26.2	86	305	28.2	96	312	30.8
08: Musculoskeletal System	166	491	33.8	164	478	34.3	158	438	36.1
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	46	117	39.3	50	132	37.9	46	144	31.9
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	102	291	35.1	98	302	32.5	116	310	37.4
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	134	349	38.4	141	350	40.3	136	379	35.9
12: Male Reproductive System	13	20	65.0	11	23	47.8	9	18	50.0
13: Female Reproductive System	19	184	10.3	22	188	11.7	11	149	7.4
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	0	1,265	0.0	0	1,276	0.0	0	1,338	0.0
15: Newborns, Neonates	0	1,198	0.0	0	1,244	0.0	0	1,294	0.0
16: Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	19	48	39.6	22	59	37.3	17	46	37.0
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	166	477	34.8	141	409	34.5	165	433	38.1
18: Infectious Diseases	49	150	32.7	48	121	39.7	56	161	34.8
19: Mental Diseases	21	458	4.6	30	504	6.0	32	564	5.7
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	8	181	4.4	5	162	3.1	8	210	3.8
21: Injuries & Poisonings	358	1,090	32.8	329	1,081	30.4	378	1,161	32.6
22: Burns	5	44	11.4	1	29	3.4	1	18	5.6
23: Factors Influencing Health	310	454	68.3	235	335	70.1	174	278	62.6
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0		0	0		0	0	
25: HIV	0	1	0.0	0	0		0	0	
	SOURCE:	New Mex	ico Healtl	h Policy C	ommissio	n			

SAN JUAN COUNTY HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE STATUS FOR AGE 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1999-2001

	1999	2000	2001				
Routine Discharge	1,831	1,841	1,883				
Transfer-Hospital	118	121	103				
Transfer-Skilled Nursing Facility	320	233	200				
Transfer-Intermediate Care Facility	217	171	202				
Transfer-Other	178	204	213				
Transfer-Home Care	475	493	429				
Left Against Medical Advice	10	5	7				
Died	180	156	169				
Other	2	7	4				
TOTAL DISCHARGED	3,331	3,231	3,210				
SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission							



TOP FIVE CATEGORIES OF HOSPITALIZATION FOR AGES 65+ 1999-2001 30 25 hospital discharges Percent of 65+ 20 15 10 5 0 1999 2000 2001 → 05: Circulatory System 04: Respiratory System -21: Injuries & Poisonings → 06: Digestive System → 01: Nervous System SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

ADULT ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATION Annual 2002

Residence		ntiated gations	Unsubst Investi	antiated gations	Total Investigations
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number
San Juan Co.	49	27.4	130	72.6	179
New Mexico	1475	29.2	3569	70.8	5,044

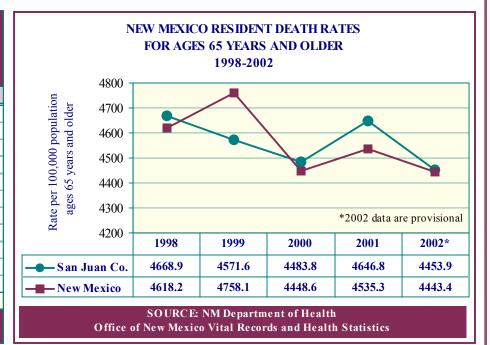
Source: NM Children, Youth and Families Department Protective Services Division Fact Book, Fourth Quarter & Annual 2002



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1992-2002

Year	San Juan Co.	New Mexico				
1992	295	7,600				
1993	346	7,971				
1994	308	8,368				
1995	376	8,628				
1996	393	8,663				
1997	378	8,772				
1998	447	9,100				
1999	453	9,515				
2000	463	9,441				
2001	498	9,864				
2002*	491	9,840				
*2002 data are provisional						

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1998-2002* AVERAGE

SAN JUAN COUNTY			NEW MEXICO			
Causes		Rate	Causes	Number	Rate	
All Causes	2,351	4553.6	All Causes	47,760	4500.9	
Diseases of Heart	617	1195.6	Diseases of Heart	13,459	1268.4	
Malignant Neoplasms	517	1000.8	Malignant Neoplasms	10,313	971.9	
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	198	383.5	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	3,630	342.1	
Cerebrovascular Diseases	143	276.1	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,407	321.1	
Diabetes Mellitus	110	213.2	Diabetes Mellitus	1,969	185.5	

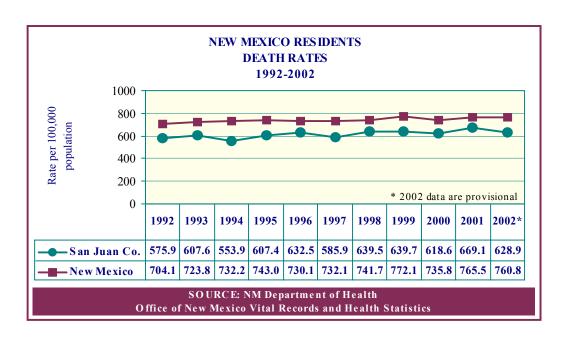
^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 65 years and older. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS COUNTY AND STATE TOTALS 1992-2002											
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
San Juan Co.	545	589	548	607	646	606	679	703	704	779	757
New Mexico	11,130	11,689	12,106	12,500	12,456	12,613	12,858	13,433	13,384	14,016	14,114
* 2002 data ar	* 2002 data are provisional										

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH 1998-2002* AVERAGE

SAN JUAN COUNT	Y	NEW MEXICO			
All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate	All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate
All Causes	3,620	636.2	All Causes	67,805	745.5
Diseases of Heart	776	136.3	Diseases of Heart	16,186	178.0
Malignant Neoplasms	775	136.2	Malignant Neoplasms	14,440	158.8
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	343	60.3	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	4,759	52.3
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(186)	(32.6)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1,904)	(20.9)
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	241	42.4	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	4,125	45.3
Cerebrovascular Diseases	165	28.9	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,890	42.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

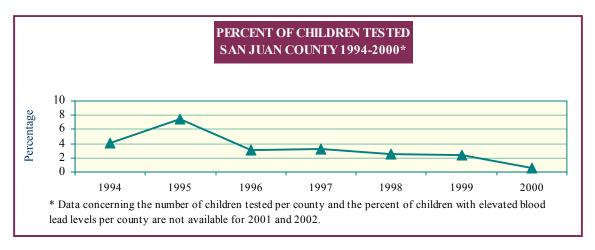
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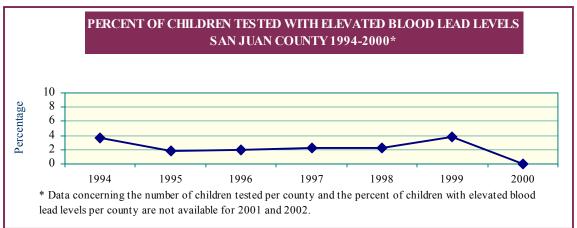
CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS OF THOSE CHILDREN SCREENED, 2001-2002							
	2001	2002					
San Juan Co.							
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	3	2					
New Mexico							
Number of Children Screened	2,691	2,876					
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	37	35					
Percent of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels 1.4 1							
NOTE: Elevated Blood Lead Levels is defined as ≥ 10 µg/dl of blood.							

In San Juan County, 6.8% of the houses were built prior to 1950. More than 27% pre-1950 housing in an area is considered a greater than average risk for lead poisoning in children.

- · Lead poisoning is the number one preventable environmental health problem for children under 6 years.
- · Risk factors for lead poisoning include older housing, poverty, and adult occupational exposure to lead.
- The only way to determine a child's lead level is with a blood lead test.
- The national estimate (1997) of children with an elevated blood lead level is 4.4%.

It is estimated that 60% to 80% of children with elevated blood lead levels are in the Medicaid population.² Note: Screening rates have declined significantly in New Mexico (NM) since the mid 1990's.





 $^{^{1} \}ge 10 \,\mu\text{g/dl}$ of blood (greater than or equal to 10 micrograms per deciliter of blood), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) identified level of concern.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology

² General Accounting Office (GAO) Report, 1999.



HOSPITALS AND PRIMARY CARE FACILITIES					
HOSPITAL / PRIMARY CARE FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
Lifecourse Center For Rehabilitation Services	(505)327-3422	525 South Schwartz Avenue	Farmington	NM	87401
San Juan Regional Medical Center	(505)325-5011	801 West Maple Street	Farmington	NM	87401
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I Health Office					

HEALTH CARE CLINICS					
FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
Aztec Wellness	(505)334-4147	410 S Park Ave	Aztec	NM	87410
Chaco Medical Clinic	(505)326-2173		Farmington	NM	87401
Dzilith-Na-O-Dith-Hle Health Center	(505)632-1801	6, CR 7568	Bloomfield	NM	87413
Farmington Community Health center	(505)327-4796	1001 - DW Broadway	Farmington	NM	87401
Immediate Care Center	(505)326-0459	4820 E Main	Farmington	NM	87401
Navajo Medical Clinc	(505)325-8234	4820 E Main	Farmington	NM	87401
Presbyterian Medical Services	(505)327-4796	1001 - D W Broadway	Farmington	NM	87401
VA Community Medical Clinic	(505)326-4383	4251 E Main	Farmington	NM	87401
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I Health Office					

LICENSED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS BY COUNTY OF LICENSE 2002			
	San Juan Co.	New Mexico	
Medical Doctor	137	5,809	
Medical Doctor Resident	0	1,144	
Physician Assistant	24	287	
Nurse (RN & LPN)	835	19,575	
Certified Nurse Midwives	2	148	
Licensed Midwives	1	79	
SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission			

SAN JUAN COUNTY SELECTED COMMUNITY PARTNERS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH				
COMMUNITY PARTNER	PHONE#			
Aztec Health and Wellness Center	(505)334-4147			
Big Brothers & Big Sisters of San Juan County	(505)326-1508			
Boys and Girls Clubs of America (B&GCOA) Aztec	(505)334-8861			
Boys and Girls Clubs of America (B&GCOA) Bloomfield	(505)632-0123			
Boys and Girls Clubs of America (B&GCOA) Farmington	(505)327-6396			
Boys and Girls Clubs of America (B&GCOA) Shiprock	(505)368-5044			
Daybreak Center	(505)334-3444			
Drug Free San Juan County	(505)327-2716			
Family Crisis Center	(505)325-3549			
Family Resource Center	(505)566-3825			
Four Corners Adolescent Treatment	(505)368-4712			
Four Winds Addiction Recovery Center	(505)327-7218			
Halverson House	(505)236-2736			
Helpline	(505)326-4357			
HIV/ AIDS Prevention Program	(505)325-8022			
Juvenile Grade Court/Juvenile Drug Court	(505)599-9112			
Local Emergency Planning Council	(505)334-1180			
Maternal Child Health Council	(505)599-0530			
Navajo Area Indian Health Services	(505)368-6308			
Planned Parenthood of the Rocky Mountains	(505)327-0451			
PMS Community Counseling Center	(505)326-0238			
Round Tree Developmental Programs	(505)327-7720			
San Juan Partnership Coalition or San Juan County Partnership	(505)599-0530			
Totah Behavioral Health Authority	(505)564-4804			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District I Health Office				

ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY LEVEL AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Level	San Juan Co.	New Mexico
First Responder	86	760
Dispatcher	31	398
Dispatcher-Instructor	0	16
EMT-Basic	181	3,321
EMT-Intermediate	44	1,190
EMT-Paramedic	28	955
Total	370	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than one level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health



ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY GENDER AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Gender	San Juan Co.	New Mexico
Male	211	4,574
Female	156	1,995
Unknown	3	72
Total	370	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than on level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health

GLOSSARY

AGE-ADJUSTED—Weights the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

CHILDREN'S CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY—A registry of data on children with special needs; data are from programs and physicians who provide services to these children. Maintained by the New Mexico Department of Health.

COMPARABILITY RATIOS—With each revision of the *International Classification of Diseases (ICD)*, discontinuities are created in cause-of-death trend data. The classification and rule changes have a substantial impact as deaths that may have been coded to one category in the previous revision are coded to another category in the new revision. To compensate for these shifts, comparability (also called bridge-coding) studies are undertaken to determine the extent of comparability between the two revisions. As a result of these studies, comparability ratios are developed that reflect the degree of comparability between the two revisions.

CRUDE BIRTH RATE—Number of live births per 1, 000 population.

CRUDE DEATH RATE—Number of deaths per 1,000 or 100,000 population.

D.W.I.—Driving While Impaired; the current legal limit for blood alcohol concentration is .08 for 21 and older, and .02 for younger than 21.

FERTILITY RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 women 15-44 years of age.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM (FSP)—The FSP is an entitlement program based on Federal rules and mandates. The purpose of the FSP is to increase food purchasing power and to supplement the nutrition level of eligible households. In addition, the FSP provides a nutrition education program to eligible households. Eligibility for participation in the FSP is based on a gross income test at 130% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of the household. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the household's liquid and nonliquid resources cannot exceed \$2000.00. Food stamp benefits are issued on a monthly basis through an electronic benefit transfer (EBT) system. The FSP has a change reporting and work requirement for adults in the household. Failure to report changes or comply with work requirements results in a reduction or closure of Food Stamp benefits. Under contract with another agency, the Department provides a free nutrition education program for Food Stamp applicants and recipients.

HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA—Data, such as diagnosis, gender, age, residence, on hospital inpatient discharges; collected by the NM Health Policy Commission from licensed, non-federal general and specialty hospitals.

INCIDENCE—Measure of the frequency at which new events/cases of a disease or condition occur in a specified population over a given time period.

INCIDENCE RATE—Number of new cases of disease/condition over a given time period (often, a year) that occur in a population at risk for that disease/condition (ergo number of new lung cancer cases per 100,000 persons in a year). An estimate of the risk of developing a disease/condition during a specified time period.

INFANT DEATH—Death of an infant under one year of age (neonatal + postneonatal).

INFANT MORTALITY RATE—Number of infant deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

LIVE BIRTH—A birth that shows any sign of life after delivery.

LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 2500 grams (5-1/2 pounds).

MEDICAID—A federally and state-funded program to pay for medical and other services to eligible New Mexico citizens.

NEONATAL DEATH—Death of newborn under 28 days of age.

NEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS—Malformations of the spine and brain that arise in the first 29 days of pregnancy.

OCCURRENCE DATA—Data allocated by place where event occurred, regardless of the person's place of residence.

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

POPULATION ESTIMATE—Estimate of the number of persons for either a past or current time period.

POSTNEONATAL DEATH—Death of an infant of at least 28 days, but less than one year of age.

POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of postneonatal deaths per 1,000 or (100,000) live births.

POVERTY—Poverty status is based on the 1964 Social Security Administration definition (modified in 1969 and 1980). At the core of this definition was the 1961 Department of Agriculture economy food plan, which arose from findings of a 1955 Department of Agriculture survey of food consumption. The 1955 findings showed that families of three or more spent about 1/3 of their income on food. Poverty status/level is tied to the cost of the economy food plan that is revised annually for cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index.

PRENATAL CARE—1) Level of Prenatal Care – categorization of prenatal care services into no/low, middle and high levels of care based on the number of visits and month care began (modified Kessner index). 2) Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index – an alternative measure of prenatal care utilization that adjusts for some of the weaknesses of the trimester care began and the Kessner index (Kotelchuck index).

RESIDENCE DATA—Data allocated by place of residence of the decedent (deaths) or by place of residence of the child's mother (births).

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT—The count of high school students on the current roll on the 40th official school day, by school district.

SUBSTANTIATED—Through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report have been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF)—TANF is the State-administered, county-operated, monthly cash assistance program funded by a Federal block grant under Title IV-A of the Social Security Act. In July 1997, TANF replaced the previous entitlement program known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). The TANF program is not an entitlement program and has a 60-month term limit in New Mexico, which means that adults receiving assistance from the TANF block grant program can receive assistance for a 60 month maximum limit. TANF is available to both single and two-parent families. To receive TANF, there must be at least one dependent child (under age 18) in the home. TANF eligibility is based on a gross income test at 85% of the Federal Poverty Guideline for the size of the family. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the family's liquid resources must be less than \$1500.00 and non liquid resources must be less than \$2000.00. Cash assistance is issued through an electronic benefit transfer system, similar to an ATM debit card. The TANF program has a mandatory change reporting and work requirement for adults and a mandatory school attendance requirement for dependent children. The adults in the family must cooperate with child support enforcement efforts on behalf of the dependent children. There are cash payment reductions for failure to comply with change reporting, work requirements, child support enforcement and school attendance.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI)—Includes the earnings (wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income), dividends, interest, and rent, and transfer payments received by the residents of county. Data shown in thousands.

UNEMPLOYED—Based on monthly surveys, persons who did not work during a specified week but made specific efforts to find a job in the previous 4 weeks and were available for work. Also, persons who did not work, were available for work but were not actively seeking work because they (a) had been laid off and were waiting to be called back; or (b) were waiting to report to a job within 30 days. Does not include those no longer seeking work other than in situations (a) and (b).

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

UNSUBSTANTIATED—Investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) were true.

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 1500 grams (about 2 lbs. 5 oz.) at birth.

W.I.C.—Women, Infants and Children; a federally-funded, special supplemental nutrition program administered by the New Mexico Department of Health and tribal agencies. Its purpose is to provide high-nutrient density food to promote optimal health outcome during the perinatal period. Services include food assistance, nutrition education and referral to health services.